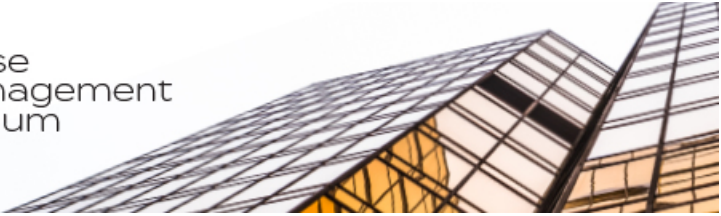




Enterprise
Risk Management
Symposium



Session 2A: Risk Management Perspective in Predictive Modeling

Moderator:

Mark W. Griffin, FSA, CERA

Presenters:

Lloyd D. Milani, FSA, MAAA, FCIA

Serhat Guven, MAAA, FCAS



Risk Management and Predictive Analytics

April 2017
Lloyd Milani

Agenda

- Overview of predictive analytics activity
- Risk Management Framework
- Risks and considerations

Overview of Predictive Analytics Activity

Predictive underwriting

- Protective value of UW tactics
- Predictive models for risk class assignment
- Smoker identification
- Cost/benefit & program monitoring

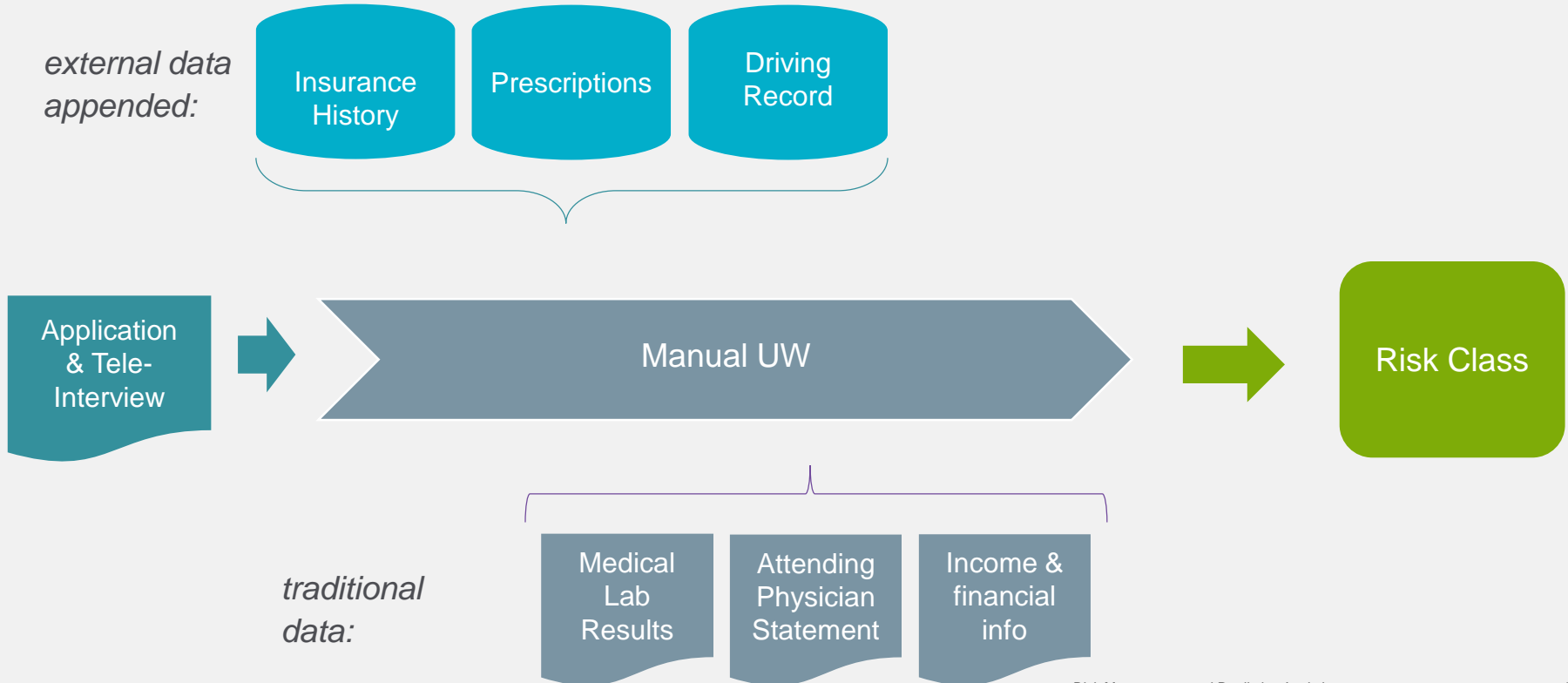
Cross-selling

- Use of customer data for segmentation & targeting of insurance
- Selling insurance through multi-channel distribution
- Alignment of target marketing with risk selection

Claims management

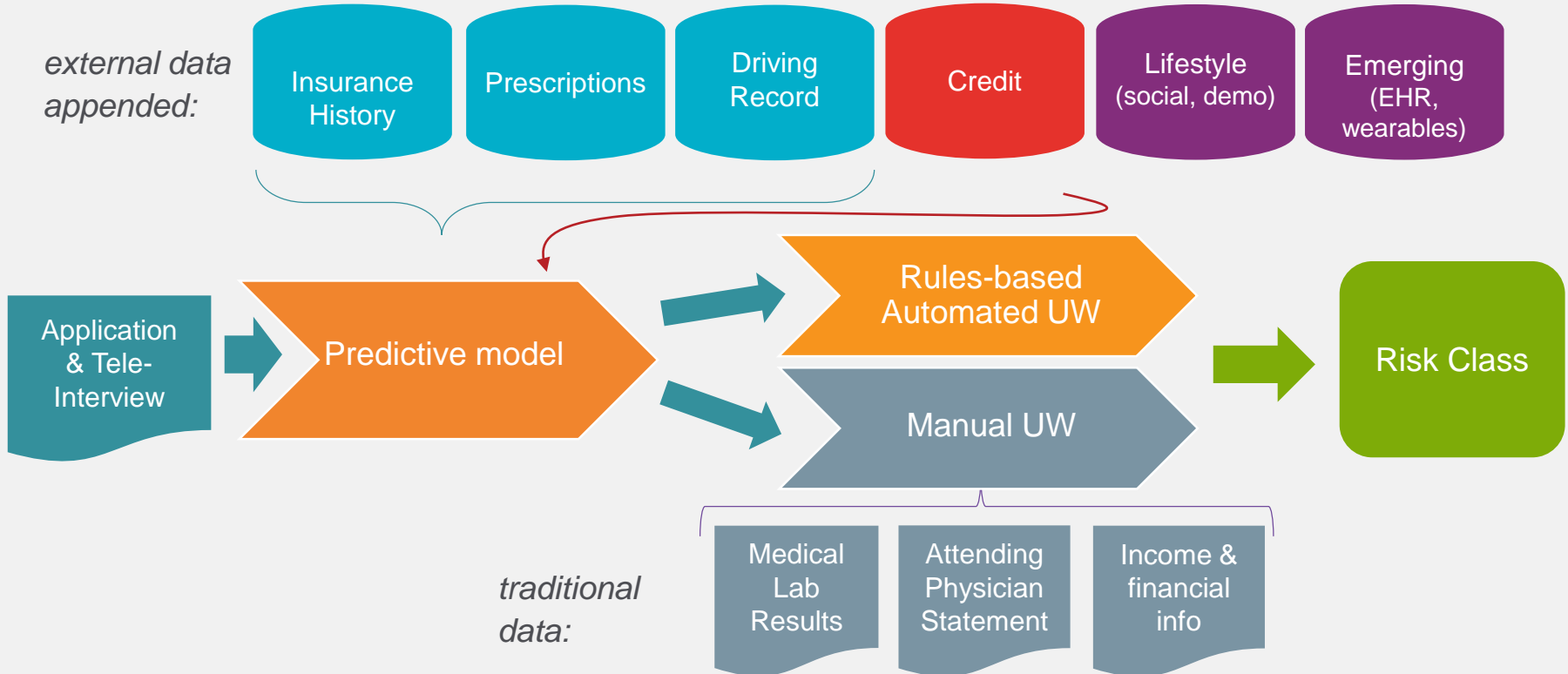
- Predictive models for triage
- Fraud Detection
- Program improvement

Traditional Underwriting

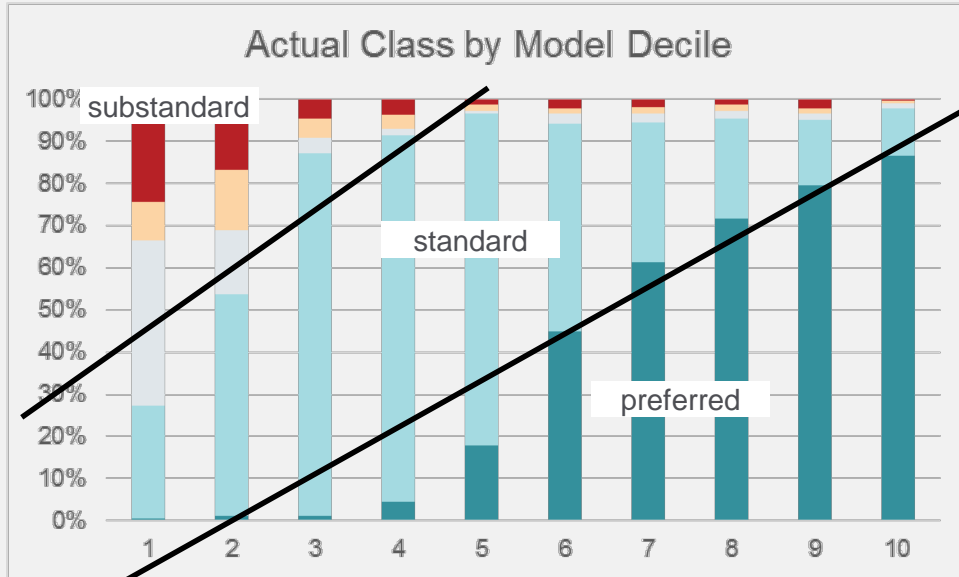


Predictive underwriting

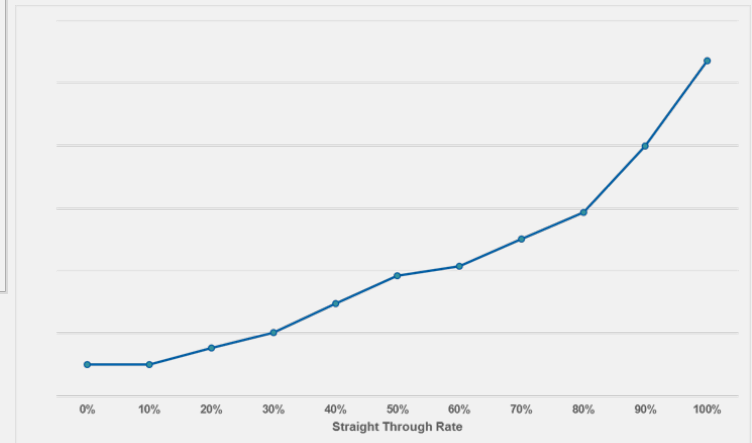
Optimizing accelerated underwriting



Quantifying impact



Tradeoff: Mortality cost vs. automation rate



Risk Management Framework

Management 1st line of defense

Defines business strategy and risk appetite

Accepts new risks in accordance with the strategy

Monitors and reports on key risk positions

Designs and effectively performs internal controls

Promotes risk awareness

Risk Management 2nd line of defense

Independent review of strategy and material risk taking activities

Reviews and consolidates management reports

Ensures that key controls are up-to-date and documented

Risk education

Promotes Risk Culture

Audit 3rd line of defense

Provides independent assurance that control objectives are met



High Performing Teams

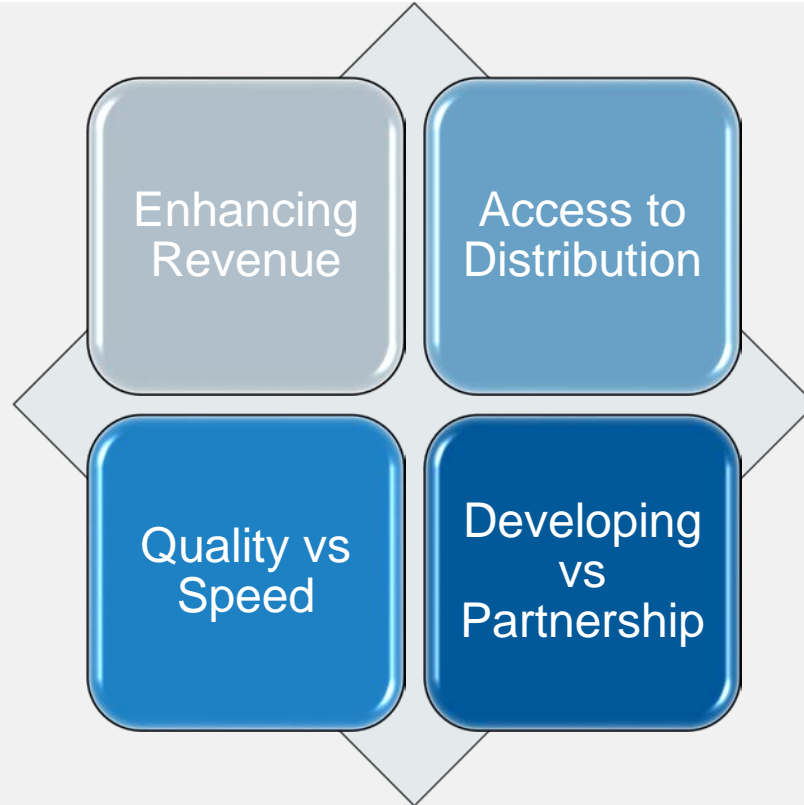
Self
Critical

Knows
Limitations

Business
Acumen

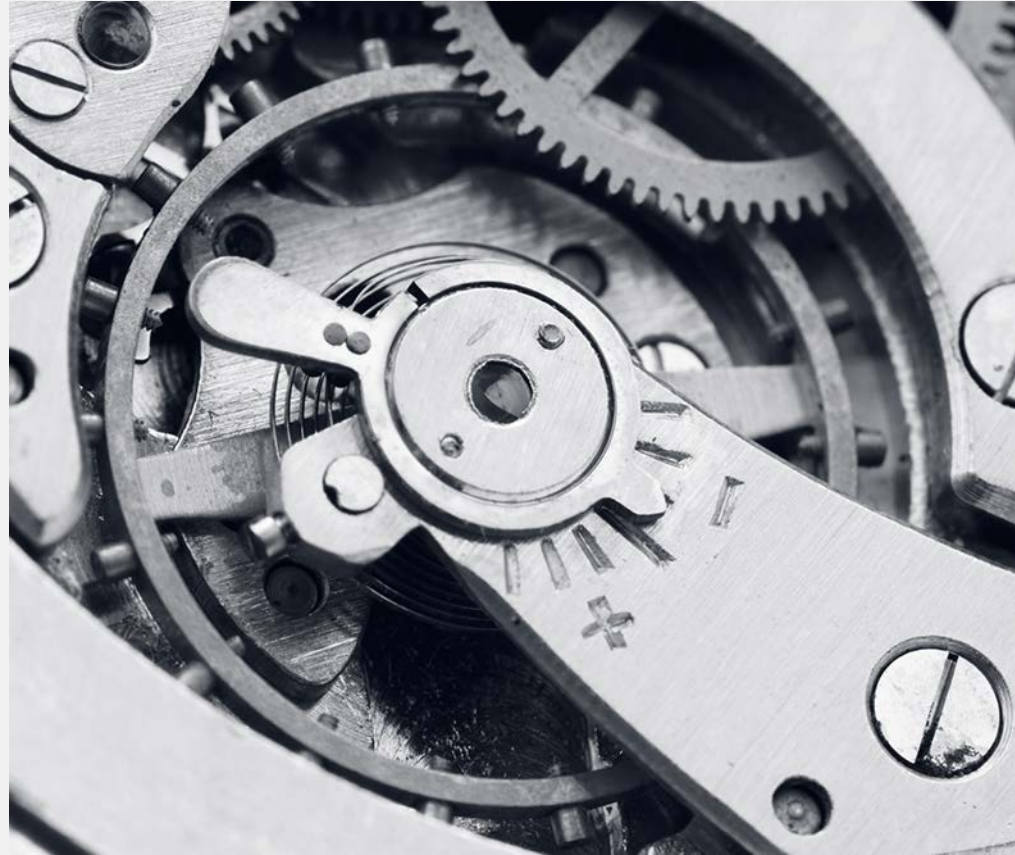
Ownership

Risk Aware



Data and Modeling

- Data not directly linked to result
- Use of own underwriting result to infer expected mortality
- Linking of unrelated data to infer mortality outcome
- Reliance on data quality from third party providers/client
- Projecting of results where there is a lack of data
- Limited ability to verify results
- Development models vs production models



Underwriting

- Fluids vs Rx vs Credit Scores vs MVRs vs Hx
- Use of Social Media, wearables, purchase data
- Sentinel effects
- On-line sales vs Face to Face
- Misrepresentation and Fraud
- Benchmarking
- Expert Opinion
- Beta Testing
- Random Testing
- Monitor and Adjust



Implementation

- Poor service levels and turn around times
- Poor implementation of new underwriting model resulting in incorrect underwriting decisions
- Operationally need to make sure that systems are updated, people are trained
- Determine type of information that you want to collect for future use
- Risk controls reassessed and potentially re-designed



Reputational and Legal

Privacy

Data Protection

Cyber

Talent

Actuaries

Data Scientists

Underwriters

Questions