









CAGNY Spring Meeting

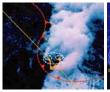
Crop Insurance

Not your grandfather's Crop/Hail anymore

15 May 2006

Overview

- Definition, History
- Types of Insurance
- > MPCI
- Current Developments
- Future Developments











Definition

AgriBusiness incorporates insurance and reinsurance services for all renewable organic resource production, including food crops, feed crops, fiber crops, timber, livestock, and aquaculture.

Not:

Livestock mortality

Property Covers (FarmOwners, etc.)

Third Party Liability







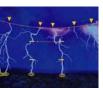




History

- 1880s to 1930s Crash and Burn attempts
- 1938 Agricultural Adjustment Act
- > 1980 Federal Crop Insurance Act
- 1994 Federal Crop Insurance Reform Act
- > 1996 Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform Act
- 2000 Agriculture Risk Protection Act
- 2002 Farm Security and Rural Investment Act











Types of Insurance

- Multi-Peril Crop Insurance (MPCI)
- Crop / Hail
- Named Peril
 - Rain on Raisins
 - Citrus Freeze
 - Tobacco Barn Fire
- Miscellaneous
 - New Zealand KiwiFruit
 - Korean Fish Farms
 - Algerian Potatoes
 - Ukrainian Wheat
 - Pasture / Rangeland











MPCI

- Multi-Peril Crop Insurance
 - Hail, wind, fire, rain, drought, disease, insects, cold
 - Prevented Planting
- Catastrophe Coverage (50% @ 55%)
- Buy-Up (Standard MPCI)
 - 50% to 85% coverage
 - 55% to 100% price election
 - APH, GRP
- Revenue
 - additional protection for market fluctuation
 - CRC, RA, IP, GRIP, AGR







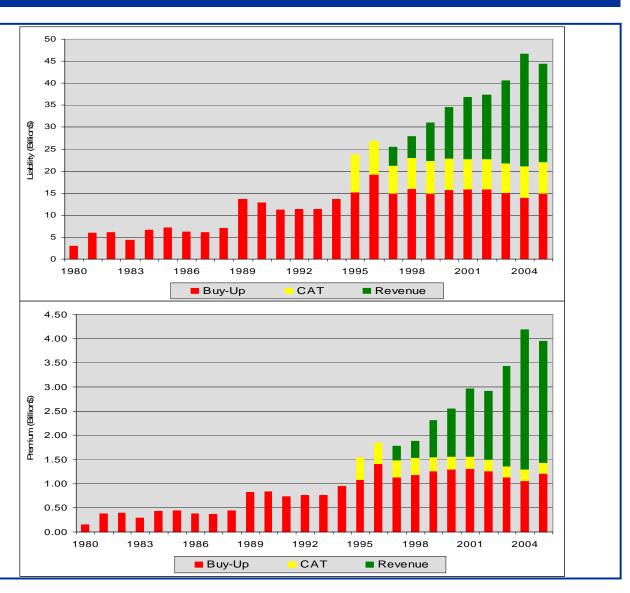


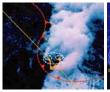


MPCI Growth 1980 - 2005

Liability

Premium













Unique Aspects of MPCI

- Standard Reinsurance Agreement (SRA)
 - Policy forms, rates, underwriting procedures, claims adjustment, reporting same for all carriers
- "Social Welfare"
 - Must accept all approved applications from all qualified producers
 - "all eligible acreage"
- Federal Authority
- Premium Subsidization
- Administrative & Operating Expense
- Timing of Premium / Loss Payments



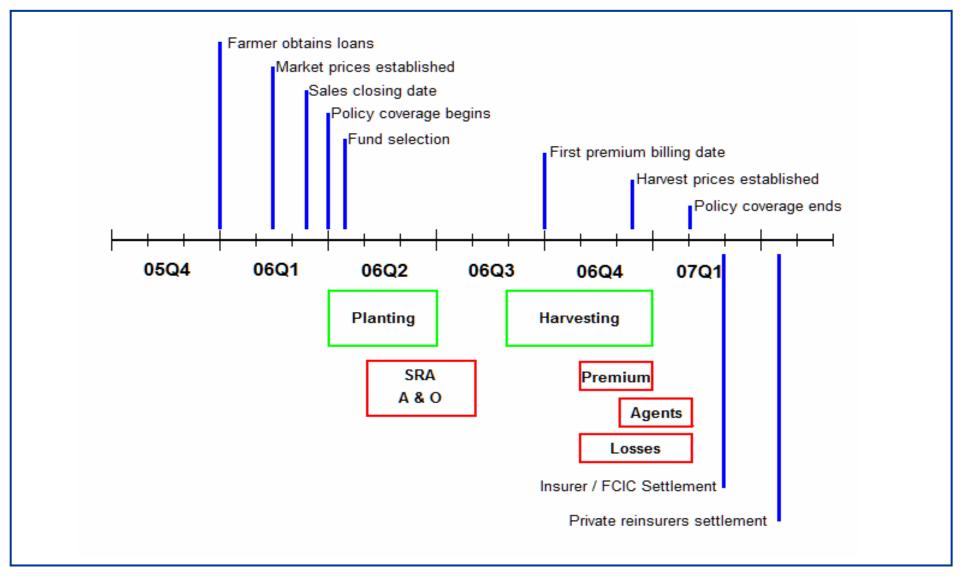


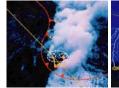






Spring Planting Cycle













Underwriting of MPCI

- SRA holder underwriting
 - State
 - Cessions
 - Fund Designation
- SRA holders can allocate to three designated reinsurance "funds" on a per policy basis
 - Assigned Risk low upside, low downside
 - Developmental moderate upside, moderate downside
 - Commercial highest upside, highest downside
- Maximum net loss ratio is 207.6%
 - Even if all policies were Revenue and 100% retained in Commercial



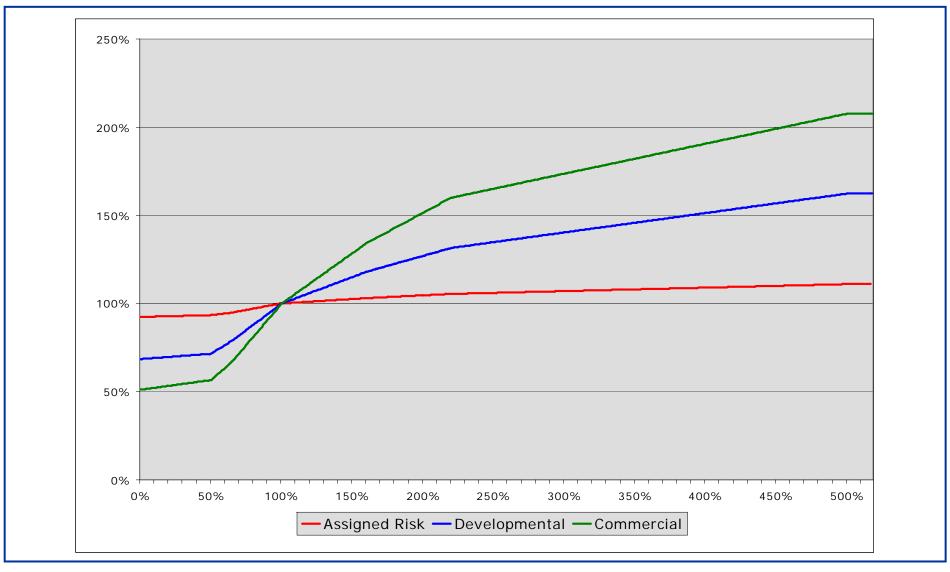








SRA Gross versus Net





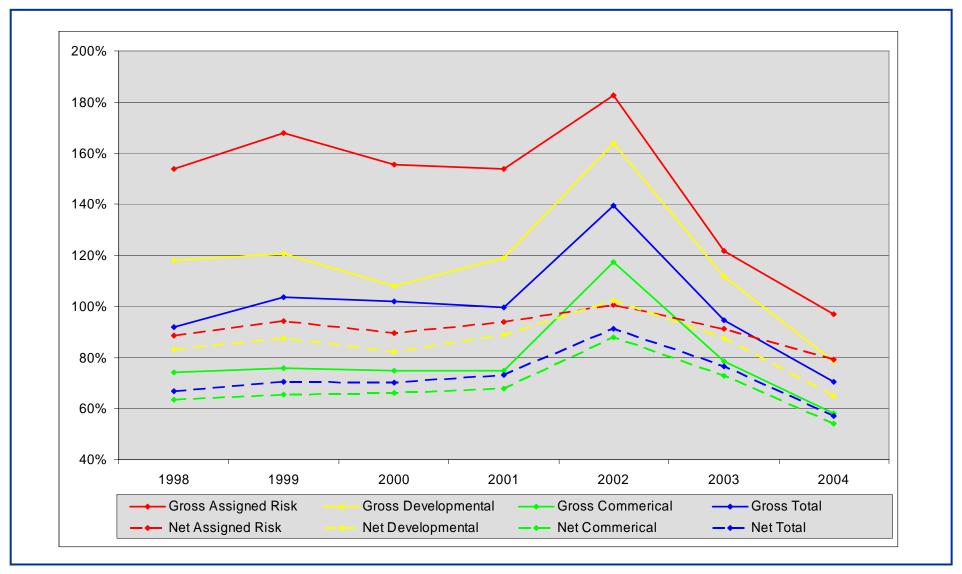








FCIC Historical Experience by Fund





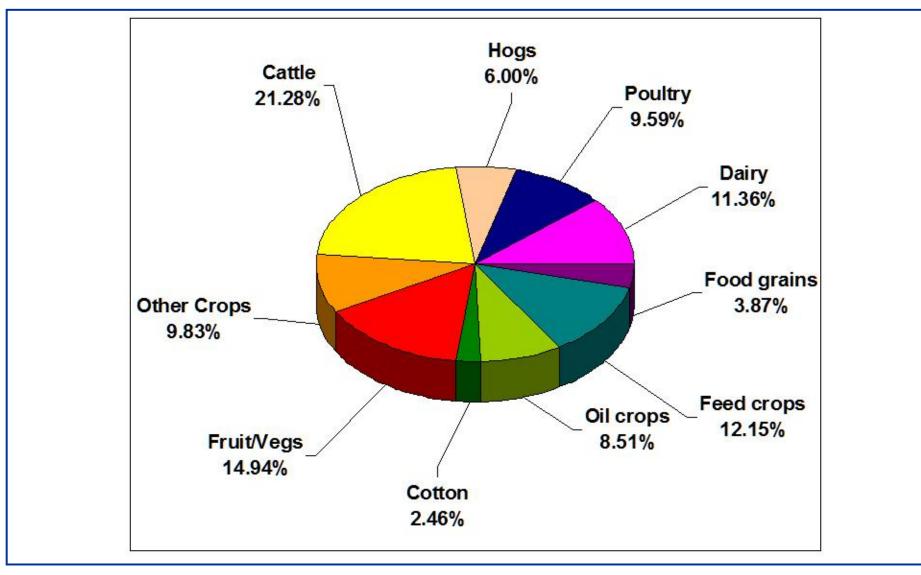








Average 2002-2005 Farm Cash Receipts





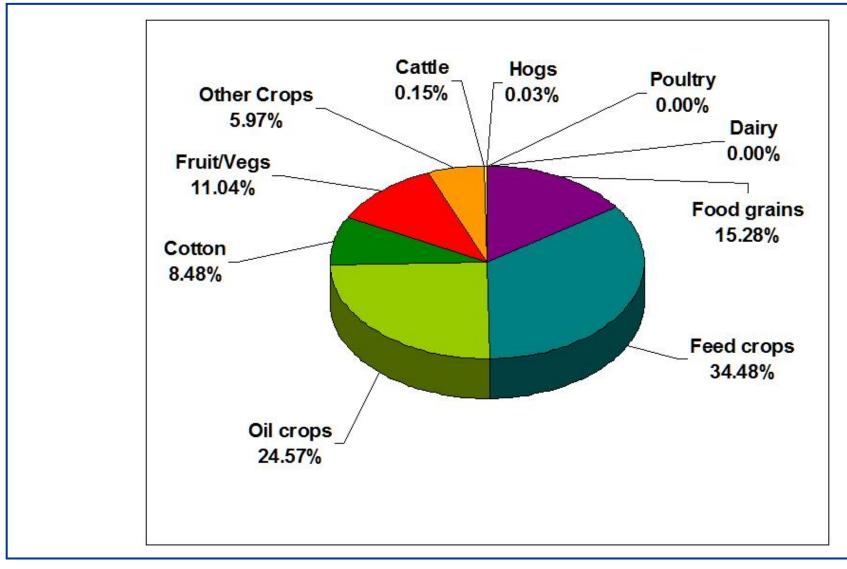








2005 FCIC Gross Premium













Livestock Programs

- Livestock Risk Protection (LRP)
 - Protects against adverse development in commodity price
 - 90-, 120-, 150-, 180-day policies (swine)
 - 21-, 26-, 30-, 34-, 39-, 43-, 47-, 52-week policies (cattle)
 - Prices and coverages change daily
- Livestock Gross Margin (LGM)
 - Protects against adverse development in producers' margin
 - Six month policies incepting every calendar month
- Not policies of "indemnity"
 - Producers can receive payment even if they do not have a "loss"
- Livestock policies subject to LPRA (analogous to SRA)









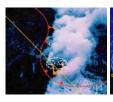


Genetically Modified (Transgenic) Crops

- Can generally be split into two categories
 - Genes affecting "input" traits
 - Genes affecting "output" traits
- Inputs
 - Pesticides (StarLink[®] Corn, Bollgard[®] Cotton)
 - Herbicides (RoundUp Ready[®] Soybeans, Liberty Link[®] Corn)
 - Viruses (UW Rainbow[®] Papaya)
- Outputs
 - FlavrSavr® Tomatoes
 - High Protein, High Oleic Soybeans
 - Golden Rice
 - Pharmaceutical Crops









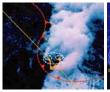






Private Supplemental Programs

- Insurance Products
 - Embedded Products
 - YieldBand[®]
 - VIP®
- Derivative Products
 - RailGuard[®]
 - MilkMoney[®]
 - Weather-related triggers
- Satellite Imagery



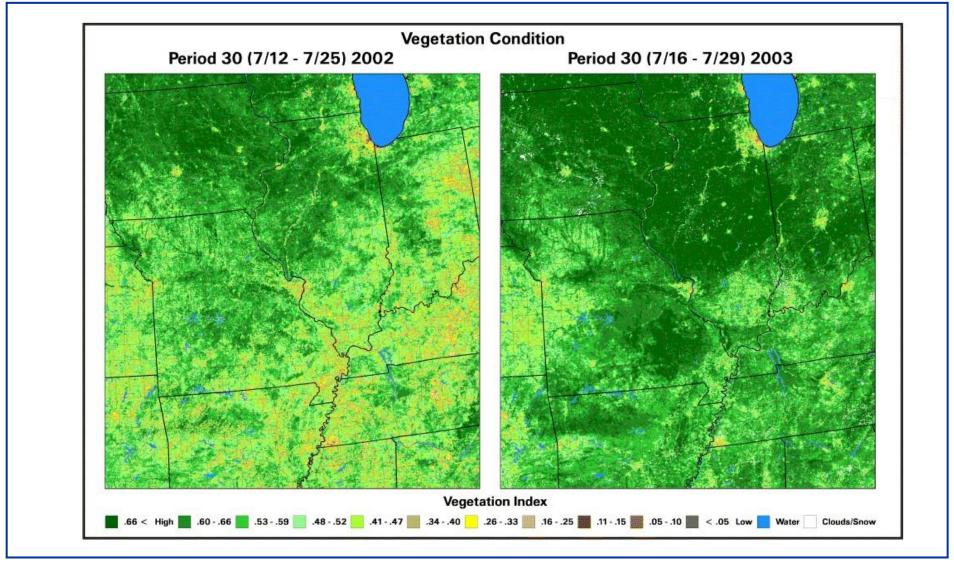








Estimated Yield Forecast













Estimated Acreage Forecast

