

Auto Frequency: Decreasing, Increasing, Or Leveling Off?

Discussion Document

2008 CAS Annual Meeting

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Disclaimer

The views expressed in this presentation are solely those of the author, and do not necessarily reflect the views of Allstate Insurance Company or any of its affiliates, subsidiaries, or employees.

Pre-Work

What is your position on the following...

Is auto frequency about to:
Increase?
Level off?
Decrease?

Why?

What's this?



What's this? And, how much are you looking at?



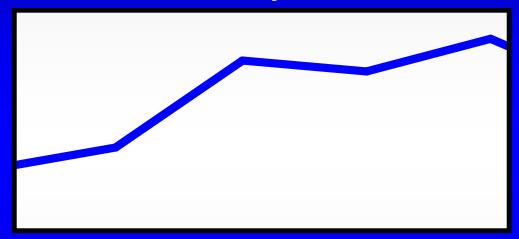
What's this? And, how much are you looking at?



We can't tell unless we "zoom out"... Context provides a better answer

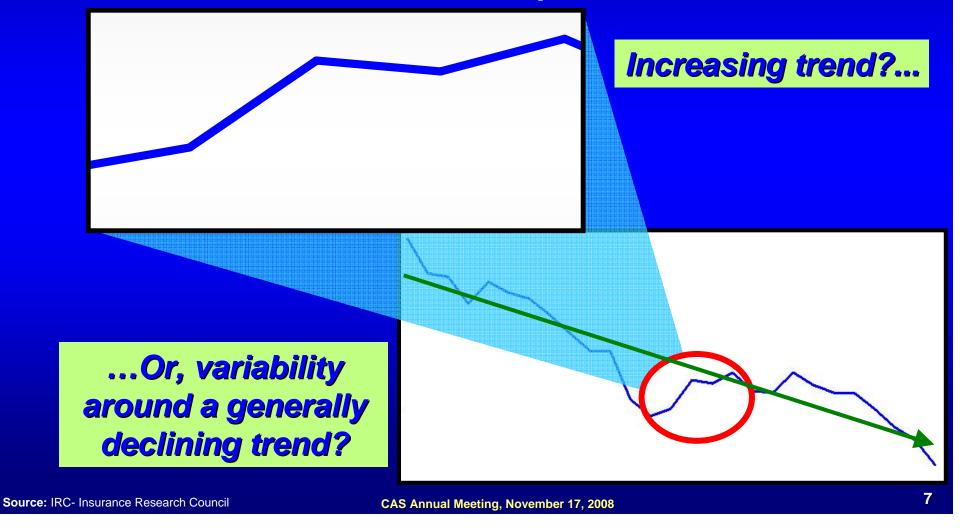
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What trend do you see?



How do you know?

What if we "zoom out" and provide more context?



Past Influences On Frequency

Context: Consider drivers of claim frequency that create variability over time

External vs. Internal

Short-term vs. Long-term

Positive vs. Negative

Past Influences On Frequency (Sample)

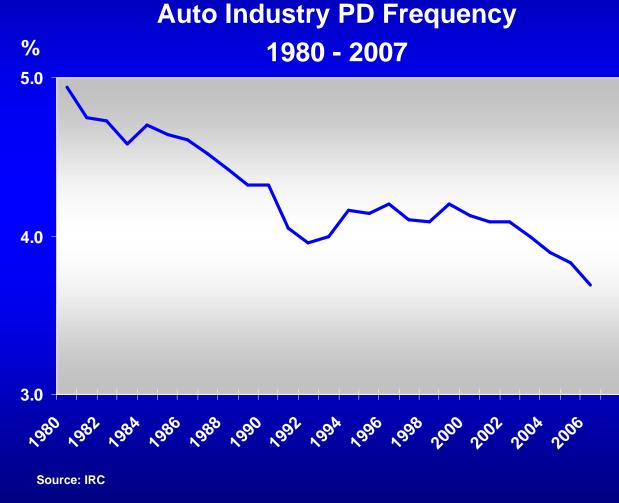
1970's	1980's	1990's	2000's
<u>Recession</u> • ~8%-10% drop in PD and Collision Frequency	Anti-Lock Brakes • NHTSA study stated ABS "appears to be beneficial in preventing pedestrian crashes, rollovers, run-off-road crashes and frontal crashes with another moving vehicle."	National Speed Limit • Repealed 1974 national speed limit	 Cell Phone Laws Automated Enforcement Laws Graduated Drivers
Energy Crisis • PD & Collision frequency drops sharply, then rebounds after			License Laws Electronic Stability Control Event Data Recorders (Black Box)
embargo ended <u>National Speed Limit</u> • 1974 - Congress passed speed limit @ 55mph			

Source: Time- The profits of recession, IIHS- Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, Anti-Lock Brakes MSN Auto, Fox News

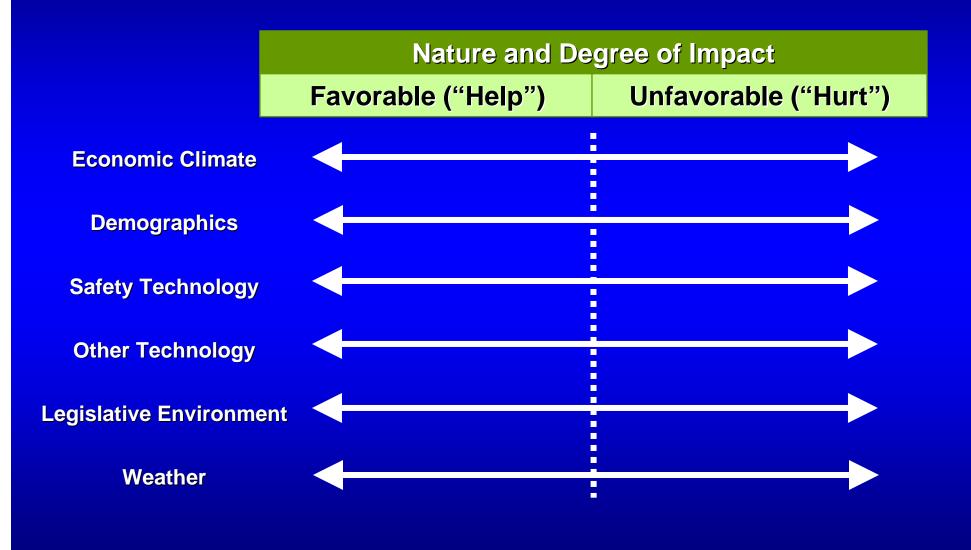
Past Influences On Frequency

External factors contributing to overall frequency decline over time:

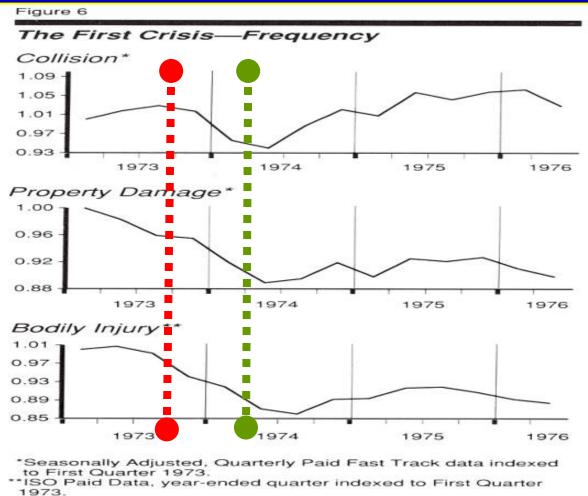
- Economy
- Demographics
- Legislation
- Technology
- Driving behavior
- Weather
- Other



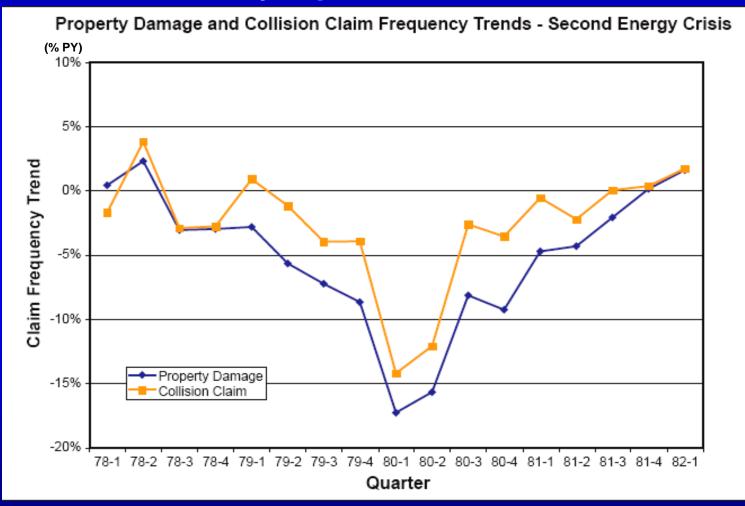
Example: External Frequency Drivers



We can learn from history...



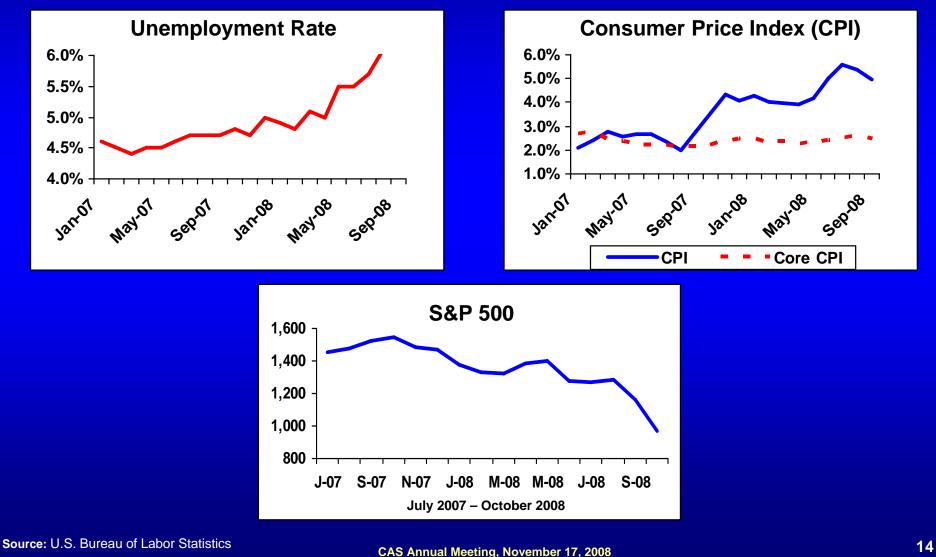
But, does history repeat itself?



Source: Pinnacle Actuarial Resources, Inc.

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What might result from today's economic situation?





Favorable ("Help")

- Increasing unemployment
- Generally increasing CPI, PPI
- Fewer new car sales

• Fewer miles driven (short-term)

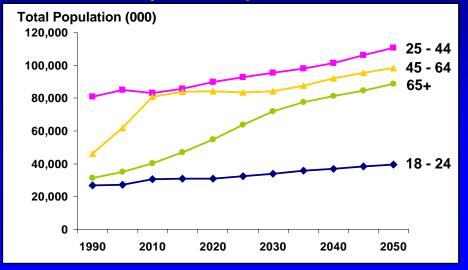
- Potential change in claiming behavior (collision)
- Greater familiarity with existing vehicles

Unfavorable ("Hurt")

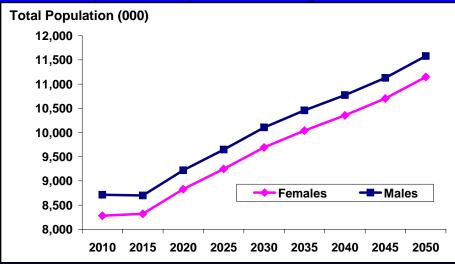
- Increased speeds (fewer cars, less congestion)
- Increased incidence of theft
- Less spend on auto maintenance
- More stranded vehicles
- Less expensive vehicles = fewer safety features
- Bounce-back effect
- Smaller cars = higher BI
- Severity increases as petroleum costs increase
- Potential change in claiming behavior (fraud, medical)

Demographics: Help or Hurt?

Projected Population



Projected Population - Ages 14-17



Source: US Census Bureau, U.S. Department of Homeland Security

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Demographics: Help or Hurt?



Favorable ("Help")

- Boomers as high % of driving population (safest driving years)
- Boomers more restrictive of teen drivers

Unfavorable ("Hurt")

- Future aging of population
- Shift in mix of safest drivers as % of total
- Urbanization

Safety Technology: Help or Hurt?



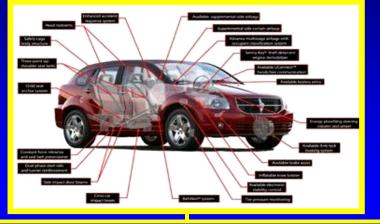
Greater Visibility



Smart Intersections



Safety Technology: Help or Hurt?



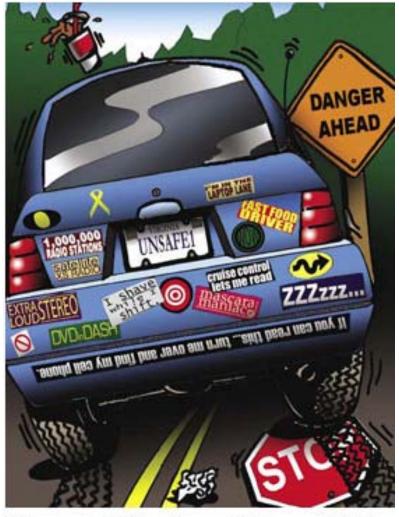
Favorable ("Help")

- Increased Protection:
 - Airbags/Curtains
 - Head restraints
 - Seatbelts
- Increased Prevention:
 - Anti-lock brakes
 - Blind spot reducers
 - Electronic stability control
 - Eye scan (Sleep alert)
 - Forward looking radar
 - Traction control
 - Vehicle Infrastructure Integration (VII)

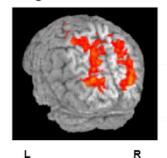
Unfavorable ("Hurt")

- May give "permission" to drive less carefully
- Increased cost to repair

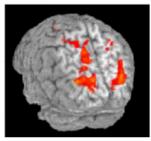
Other Technology: Help or Hurt?



80 percent of all crashes and 65 percent of all near-crashes involved the driver looking away from the forward roadway, researchers found. **Driving Without Distractions**



Driving While Gabbing







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Source: Virginia Tech; Carnegie Mellon University

Other Technology: Help or Hurt?



Favorable ("Help")

- Increased Prevention:
 - Alcohol detection linked to ignition
 - Brain training Insight
 - Driving feedback Telematics
 - Global Positioning Systems

Unfavorable ("Hurt")

- Increased distractions, even from "helpful" technology
- Multitasking

Source: Allstate News Release, Progressive News Release, APA Online

Legislative Environment: Help or Hurt?

Cell Phone Laws

- Driving ban for hand-held cellular phones (6 states)
- Cell phone restrictions for novice drivers (17 states)
- Text messaging banned for all drivers (7 states)

Maximum Posted Speed Limits

 Since 1995 repeal of National Maximum Speed Limit, 32 states have raised limits to 70mph+ on some roads

Automated Enforcement Laws

- Use of technology to enforce traffic safety laws
- 40%-50% reduction in running red lights
 - Reduce injury crashes by 25%-30%
 - Reduce front-to-side impact crashes up to 68%
- 14% decline in average speed within 6 months of implementation
 - 82% decrease in vehicles exceeding speed limit by 10mph+

Licensing Restriction/Provisions

- Graduated drivers licensing
 - Some or all elements enacted in most states
- Renewal provisions for older drivers (26 states & D.C.)

Legislative Environment: Help or Hurt?



Favorable ("Help")

- Increased Protection:
 - Bumper safety
 - Mandatory seatbelt use
- Increased Prevention:
 - Graduated drivers licensing
 - Minimum drinking age
 - Automated enforcement laws
 - Licensing renewal provisions for older drivers
 - Cell phone/texting laws

Unfavorable ("Hurt")

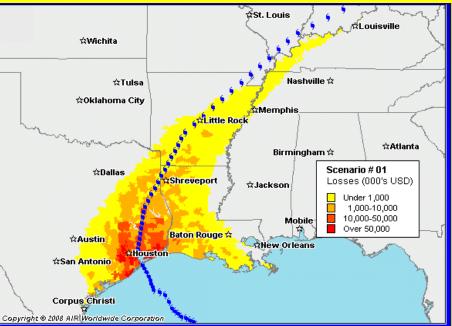
- Length of time to pass laws
- Hands Free laws inadequate
- 55mph national speed limit repealed
- Automated enforcement is passive, not active, in stopping dangerous driving behavior

Weather: Help or Hurt?

Increasing frequency and severity of storms

U.S. Annual Tornado Trends 2008 preliminary count includes duplicate reports for some tornadoes. Actual counts (thru July and prior years) have duplicate reports removed Updated: 08-Nov-08 2000 2000 1800 1800 1600 1600 1400 1400 Running Total Actual Count 1200 1200 Jan-Jul, 2008 1390 1000 1000 800 800 2003 (1376) 2004 (1817) 600 600 10-YR AVG 2005 (1264) 400 400 (1270)2006 (1106) 2007 (1085) 200 200 (2008 Est.*) ٥ Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

- 36% more tornadoes through August than in all of 2007
- 28% more tornado activity vs. 3-year average



- "Ike showed no coastal favoritism when it trekked into Ohio..."
- "[Ohio] Vehicle owners filed... 9,200 claims, totaling \$22.7 million in damages."
- Seven out of the top 20 most costly insurance losses of 2006 were hail related
- In 2007 alone, there were over 12,000 hail storms in the United States

Source: NOAA National Weather Service; ireport.com; Ohio Insurance Institute; CDSys; SwissRe.

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Weather: Help or Hurt?



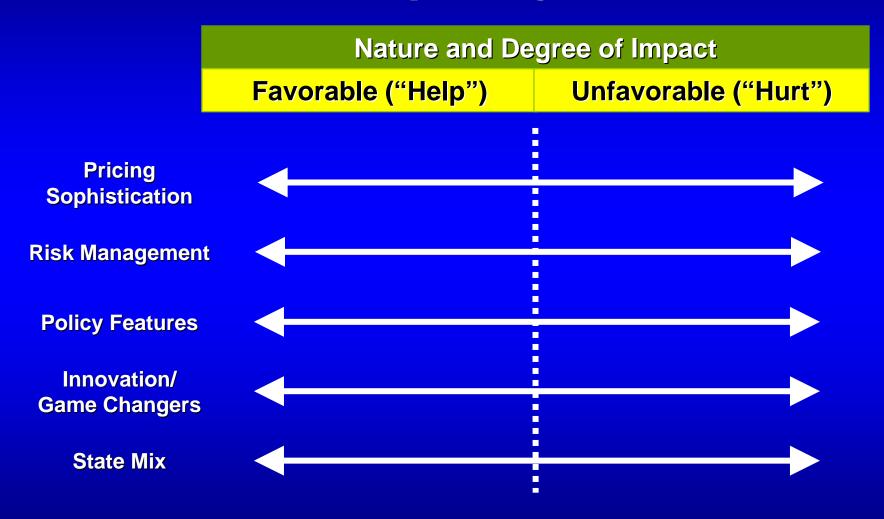
Favorable ("Help")

- Increased Prevention:
 - Advanced warning systems
 - People may be more likely to stay indoors/ off roads

Unfavorable ("Hurt")

- More Prevalent:
 - Warmer Ocean Temperatures
 - Stronger storms moving farther inland
 - Increased tornado activity

Another Example: Internal Frequency Drivers



Internal Drivers: Help or Hurt?



Favorable ("Help")

- Pricing segmentation/ sophistication
- Underwriting guides
- Innovation:
 - Policy features
 - Claims processing

Unfavorable ("Hurt")

- Pricing segmentation/ sophistication
- Underwriting guides
- Innovation:
 - Policy features
 - Claims processing

Internal drivers that help us the most can also hurt us the most

Context: Bringing It All Together

What's the net impact of internal, external, shortterm, long-term, favorable and unfavorable frequency drivers?

Drivers	Help	Hurt
Economy	•Miles driven •Familiarity w/ car	Increased speedsLess maintenance
Demographics	% middle-age driving population	Aging of population
Safety Technology	ProtectionPrevention	Permission to drive less carefully
Other Technology	Driving skillsPrevention	•Multi-tasking •Distractions
Legislative Environment	ProtectionPrevention	•Time to pass laws •Passive vs. active
Weather	Discourages road travel	Storm frequency and severity
Internal	•Pricing •Underwriting •Policy features	•Pricing •Underwriting •Policy features





- How might we apply contextual thinking to:
 - Improve product pricing?
 - Improve rate filings?
 - Improve interaction with key stakeholders?
 - Improve planning, analysis, and understanding of frequency trends?
 Other?

Pulse Survey

What is your position on the following...

Is auto frequency about to:
Increase?
Level off?
Decrease?

- Why?
- Did anyone change their answer?

Thank You!