Brian Webb

NAIC

NAIC

Z CENTER FINSURANCE POLICY RESEARCH

RESEARCH

National Association of Insurance Commissioners

Medical Loss Ratio

PPACA Requires:

- Beginning January 1, 2011, issuers shall, each plan year, pay rebates to enrollees if the Medical Loss is lower than:
 - 80% in the non-group market
 - · 80% in the small group market
 - 85% in the large group market
 - NOTE: A state may set a higher percentage The Secretary may set a lower percentage in a state if the non-group market is destabilized or adjust the rates due to volatility caused by the Exchanges.
- By December 31, 2010, the NAIC shall establish uniform definitions and standardized methodologies for calculating the components included in the Medical Loss Ratio. This is subject to Secretary certification.



Medical Loss Ratio

NAIC RISEARCH

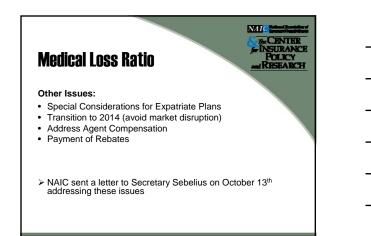
NAIC Considerations:

- The NAIC Health Reform Solvency Impact (E) Subgroup developed a "blank" to capture the information required to be reported to the Secretary and to calculate the MLR. The Subgroup also developed instructions that will include the definition of "activities that improve health care quality." •
- The "blank" and instructions were adopted by the NAIC in Seattle (Aug 2010) .
- The NAIC PPACA Actuarial Subgroup developed the final model that includes the methodologies for calculating the MLR and the definitions, many of which were taken from the "blank" instructions.
- The final regulations was adopted by the NAIC in Orlando (October 2010) and was submitted to HHS on October 27th.



- Definition of "Small Group" and "Large Group" (state law)
- Definition of "quality improvement activities"
 - improve health outcomes
 - prevent hospital readmissions
 - improve safety and reduce medical errors, lower infection and mortality rates - increase wellness and promote health activities
 - enhance the use of health care data to improve quality, transparency, and outcomes -

 - Definition of taxes (all except for income tax on investment income)
- Aggregation (calculated at state level, by market, by legal entity)
- Credibility (confidence level of 50%)



Rate Review

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- "Unreasonable" rate increases must be filed with Secretary and state, and posted for public review
- Plans with "excessive" rate increases may be excluded from the Exchange
 - HHS working on regulation that will define "unreasonable" and "excessive"
 - NAIC working on uniform disclosure form for filing with feds and state, and posting for the public

