

Update on P/C RBC Research Findings


Presented by: Lauren Cavanaugh

Background



General Information

- The analyses shown in these slides are solely the responsibility of the CAS DCWP and AAA RBC P/C Committee and not that of any committee member's employers, the Casualty Actuarial Society or the American Academy of Actuaries
- Some slides describe preliminary work, which may change materially as research progresses



RBC Formula

Underwriting (U/W) Risk Charges

- R4 - Reserve Risk and R5 – Premium Risk
- Factors applied to premium or reserves by LOB
 - Premium Risk Factors (PRFs)
 - Reserve Risk Factors (RRFs)
 - The resulting charges are adjusted for:
 - Investment income (IIO)
 - Own-company experience
 - Loss sensitive contracts
 - Own-company expenses (for PRFs).
- Diversification reflected through “MaxLine” approach



Questions on RBC U/W Risk Charges

■ *How well does the RBC formula work?*

Questions on Premium/Reserve Risk Factors:

- Is the data used to calibrate these factors appropriate?
 - Should more data be used?
 - How should intercompany pools be reflected?
- Are there biases to the current calibration?
 - Premium Volume in LOB?
 - Type of company?
- What safety level is implied by 87.5% VaR?



P&C Actuaries Role in RBC Formula

- To answer these questions and others, the CAS established the Risk Based Capital Dependency and Calibration Working Party (DCWP).
- AAA Property and Casualty Risk-Based Capital Committee
 - Provides actuarial input on all RBC and solvency issues and ensures its communication to all relevant audiences.¹

¹ American Academy of Actuaries website

DCWP Findings/AAA Initiatives

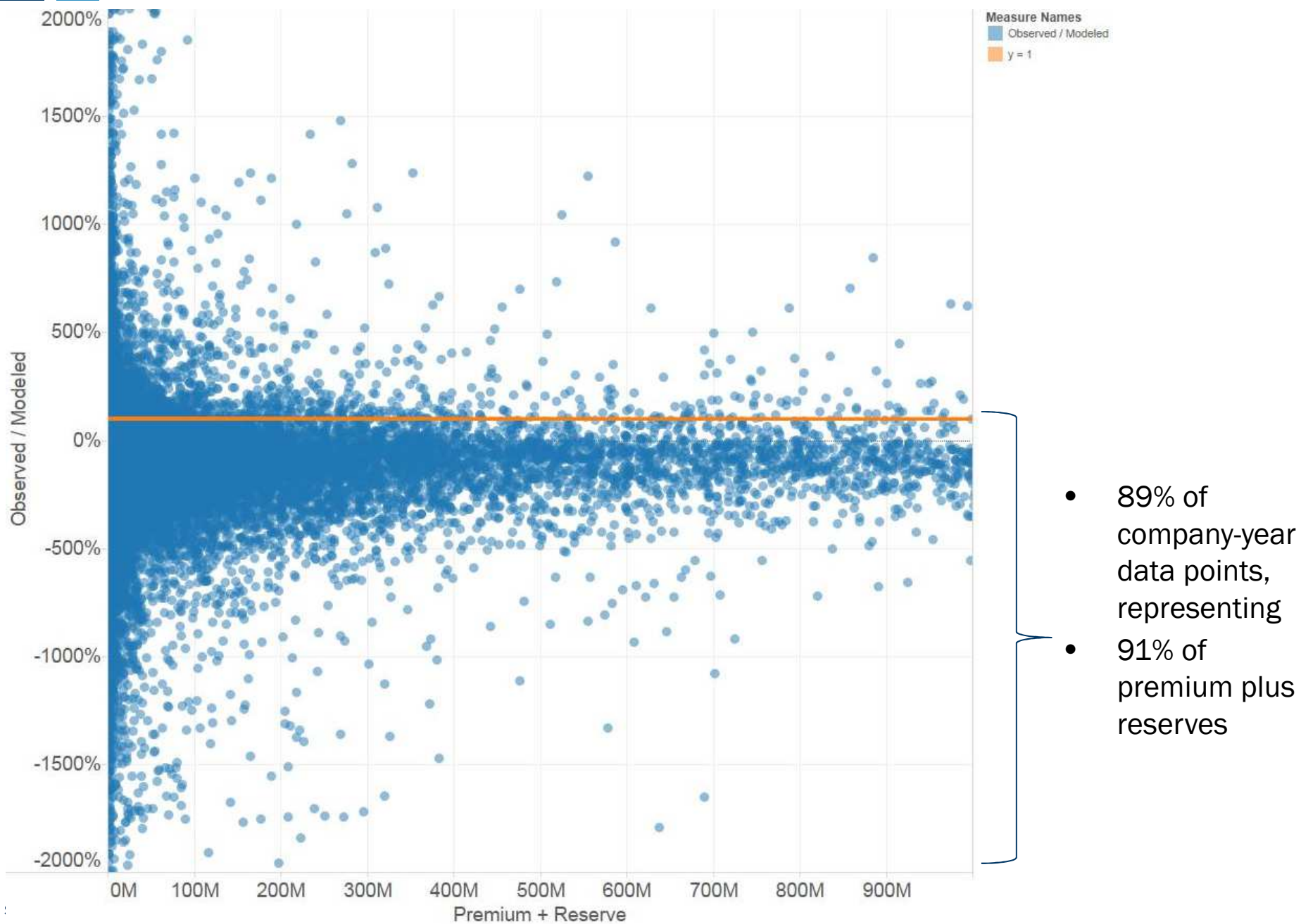


DCWP Research: Back-Testing

How well does the RBC formula work?

- DCWP research has back-tested the formula by comparing:
 - Modeled Underwriting Risk – incorporating PRF, RRF, IIO, Loss Concentration Factor, and Premium Concentration Factor, Company Expense Ratio, NEP, and Initial Reserve
- With
- Observed Underwriting Risk - subsequent year discounted operating loss plus discounted runoff on prior years
- These tests observed variability in underwriting risk against “expected” variability.

Observed % Difference from Modeled

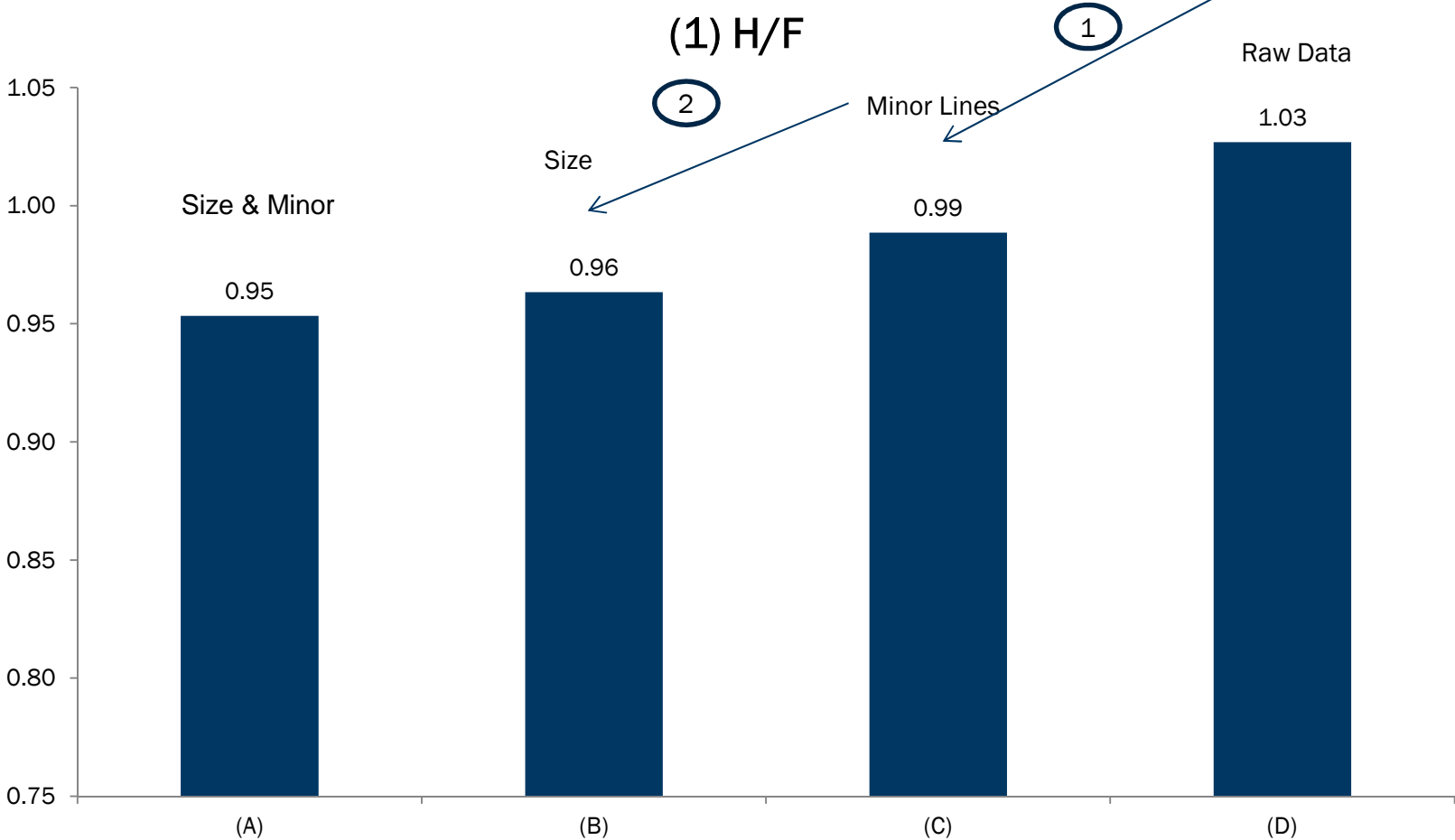


Failure Rates by Size Band

Size Band	Upper Size (\$millions)	Dollars/Counts of Observed Value Higher Than RBC CAL "Failure Rate"	
		By dollars	By Counts
0-20%	4	14.3%	16.5%
20-40%	15	12.4%	12.6%
40-60%	50	9.6%	9.7%
60-80%	203	8.4%	8.5%
80-100%	80,000	8.8%	8.5%
All		8.8%	11.1%

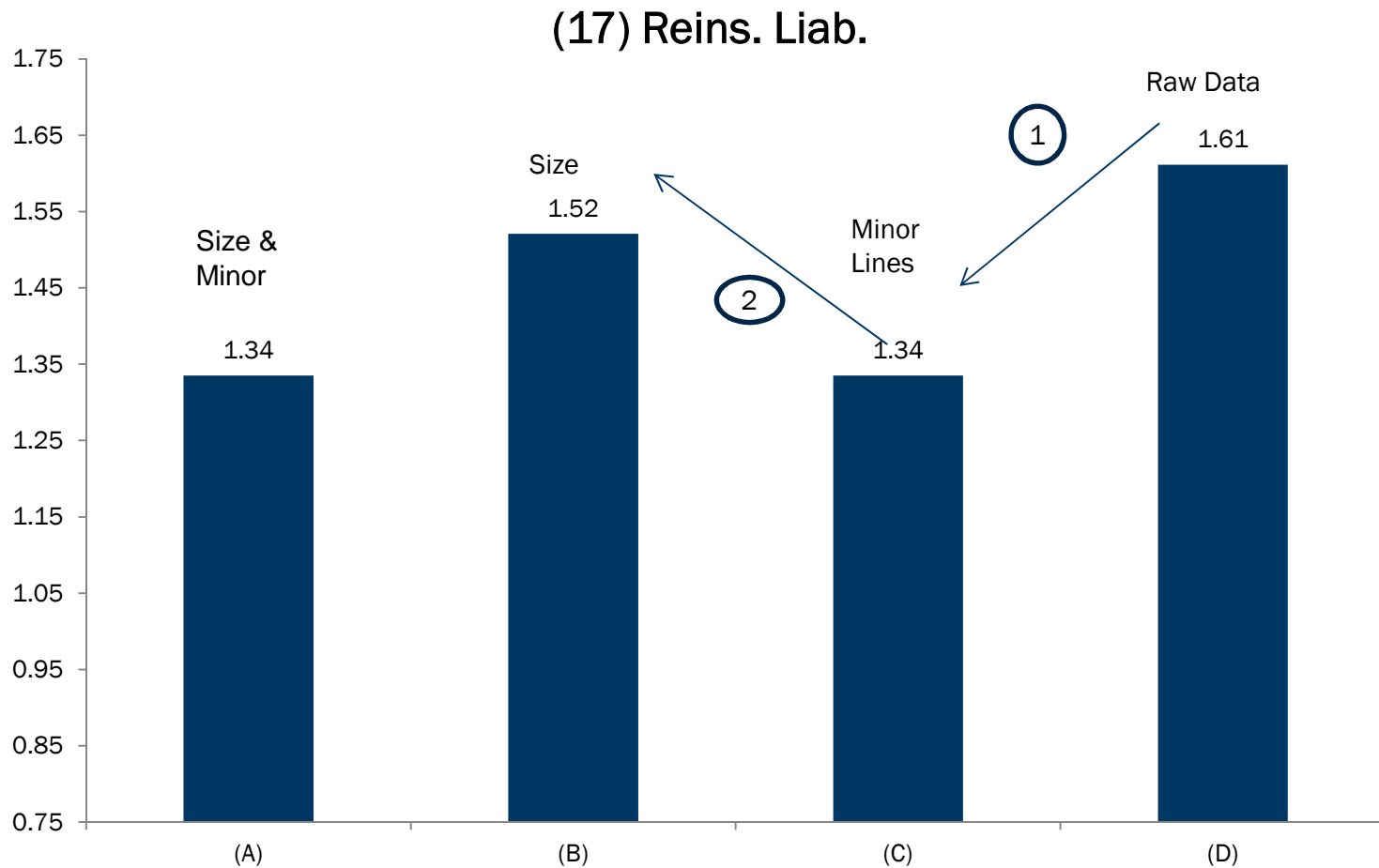
DCWP Research: Size, Minor Lines

HO Indicated PRFs- Effect of Pooling, Minor Lines and LOB-Size



DCWP Research: Size, Minor Lines

Reins Liab. – Indicated PRFs- Effect of Pooling, Minor Lines and LOB-Size



What to do with these findings?

DCWP Findings	P/C RBC Committee Approach ¹
Size	Remove data points with small LOB – sizes.
Type of Company	Remove minor lines
Time Frame	Use all available annual statement data
Pooling	Combine pooled companies into one data point.
Maturity	Exclude data points which are not sufficiently mature
Company Age	Exclude data points which have low # years with premium
Survivorship	Include data points for companies that ceased writing in that LOB.

¹ Proposed factors pending. Approach is described AAA P/C RBC committee's letter to NAIC dated March 13, 2015.

Appendix



Data used by DCWP

14 Annual Statements (1997-2010)

- 24 accident years
- 23 years of reserve runoff, up to age 10 years
- By company (3700 in total across years)

■ Premium risk

- Premium and L&LAE ratios by company and year
 - 20,000 data points for PPA
 - 4,500 for med mal occurrence

■ Reserve risk

- Incurred & paid by company, AY, age
 - 20,000 data points for PPA
 - 6,000 for med mal occurrence



DCWP Publications To Date

Overview of Dependencies and Calibration in the RBC Formula (Report 1)

www.casact.org/pubs/forum/12wforum/DCWP_Report.pdf

2011 Research – Short Term Project (Report 2)

www.casact.org/pubs/forum/12wforum/RBC_URWP_Report.pdf

Solvency II Standard Formula and NAIC RBC (Report 3)

<http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/12fforumpt2/RBC-DCWPRpt3.pdf>

A Review of Historical Insurance Company Impairments (Report 4)

<http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/12fforumpt2/RBC-DCWPRpt4.pdf>

An Economic Basis for P/C Insurance RBC Measures (Report 5)

<http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/13sumforum/01RBC-econ-report.pdf>



DCWP Publications To Date

Premium Risk Charges – Improvements to Current Calibration Method (Report 6)

<http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/13fforum/01-Report-6-RBC.pdf>

Reserve Risk Charges – Improvements to Current Calibration Method (Report 7)

<http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/14wforum/Report-7-RBC.pdf>

Differences in Premium Risk Factors by Type of Company (Report 8)

<http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/14spforum/01-RBC-Dependencies-Calibration-Working-Party.pdf>

Differences in Premium and Reserve Risk Charges by Ceded Reinsurance Usage (Report 9)

http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/14fforumv2/DCWP_Report.pdf

Reserve Risk Charges – Standard Formula vs. Individual Company Assessments (Report 10)

<http://www.casact.org/pubs/forum/15wforum/DCWP-Report.pdf>



Academy Letter to NAIC

Letter to NAIC regarding Underwriting Risk Factors in the NAIC Property/Casualty (P/C) Risk-Based Capital Formula

https://www.actuary.org/files/Academy_Letter_PC_Underwriting_Factors_031315.pdf

Critical Thinking at the Critical Time TM