

C-15:

# First Steps With Integrating R & RStudio Into Actuarial Workflow

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# First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

## Learning Goals

- Understanding what components are necessary to run (and edit) R scripts.
- Executing an R script interactively from within RStudio.
- Exchanging data with R by reading from, and writing to \*.csv files.
- Understanding how print ready pdf exhibits can automatically be generated using R Markdown.
- Understanding how integrating simulation and exhibit generation can enhance our quality control workflow.

# **Components Needed**

... and what they do

# Open Source Galore!



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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Components Needed – R Interpreter

- Core engine for executing programs written in the R language (aka R scripts).
- Long-standing Open Source project.
- Commercial versions available for taking advantage of parallel computation and cloud hosting.
- Very popular in academia for implementing cutting edge statistical methods.
- Interpreted language, ideal for interactively analyzing data and developing models.
- Relies on functional programming. So, if your prior programming experience is with VBA, some things may take some getting used to.



# First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

## Components Needed – R Packages

- Avoid reinventing the wheel: “There’s a package for that!”
- Packages are libraries, often designed to implement a specific technique, or to provide tools that facilitate efficiently working with data.
- Pick and choose: you get to select which packages to download to your computer, and which packages to activate for a particular R session.
- R can be very flexible, even to the extent that the basic syntax and evaluation rules can be changed. Learning how to get the most out of a package can therefore take some time.





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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Components Needed – RStudio

- You can run R scripts without RStudio ...
- ... but working with a proper integrated development environment (IDE) makes things a lot easier.
- Provides debugging facilities.
- Integrates with extensions such as R Markdown, or Shiny.
- ... de facto standard for now; Microsoft started offering Visual Studio Tools for R, but this is not as mature an IDE as RStudio is at this point.



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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Components Needed – R Markdown / LaTeX

- R Markdown is an extension that allows mixing R calculations with formatting instructions for various target output media, notably HTML and pdf.
- Actually, R Markdown can also incorporate output from other languages (and was inspired by Python notebooks).
- To generate multi-page pdf documents such as slide presentations or reports, R Markdown uses LaTeX as the typesetting engine.
- LaTeX is a typesetting language that has been around for decades. For the longest time, it was the only game in town for print quality mathematical formulas.
- TeX Live is a TeX/LaTeX implementation maintained by the TeX User Group.



# Hands-On Demo

... slides for reference after session

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# First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

## Getting Started

- Make sure you have installed R, RStudio, R Packages, and TeX Live (see separate instructions for installation).
- Make sure that the following files end up in C:\AnnualMeetingC15:
  - Simulation Model.R
  - Report Exhibits.rmd
  - Property Mixed Exponential.csv, GL Mixed Exponential.csv, Recall Mixed Exponential.csv

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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Running R Script Interactively

- Start RStudio and use File -> Open File ... to open C:\AnnualMeetingC15\Simulation Model.R
- The “Run” icon allows you to run specific lines (based on your selection in the script pane; top left).
- The “Source” icon will run the entire active script (you may have multiple open scripts).
- The console pane (bottom left) shows you what is going on in R proper.
- The environment pane (top right) shows you the state of the R interpreter.
- The auxiliary pane (bottom right) has other useful info, such as help.

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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Reading and Writing Data

- Fine to use `read.csv` and `write.csv` for small data sets.
- For larger data sets use `fread` and `fsave` from the `data.table` package.
- Data from `*.csv` file is stored in a structure called “data frame” (columns of data vectors; each column can be a different data type, but all elements within one column must have the same data type).
- Separate file for each `data.frame`.
- There is also a package (look for “xlsx”) for creating `*.xlsx` files (or adding tabs to a `*.xlsx` file); this can be used to create a “link-able” interface to Excel.
- Other file formats are available, but may be harder to interpret. If you want to save a large data set of simulation results, you may have to look into this.

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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Generating PDF Exhibits

- It is possible to maintain all R code and formatting instructions in one R Markdown template, but ...
- ... nicely formatted tables and consistent headers are trickier than one might think. Hence, we opted to separate the logic of the R code for the simulation from what we need to do to format the output.
- Our “Simulation Model.R” script performs the simulation and then calls the “Report Exhibits.rmd” template to generate the report.
- The \*.rmd template “inherits” the environment from the calling R script. So, the exhibits are generated by directly querying both the results and the internal structure of the simulation model.

# **Review / Conclusion**

... What have we learned?



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## Name the component! Why do we need it?



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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Tasks Performed

- Read in data for model specification from \*.csv files.
- Ran simulation.
- Summarized simulation results.
- Saved results (separately for detail and summary) to \*.csv files.
- Created pdf exhibits that summarize both the simulation results and the model assumptions that went into the simulation.
- Performance compares favorably with @Risk: simulation with 100,000 iterations takes about 20 seconds (@Risk will take 5 to 8 minutes + the time you need to manually cut and paste the results and print the exhibits); a simulation with 1,000,000 iterations takes less than 3 minutes.

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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

### Potential Enhancements to Workflow

- Once an R script and R Markup template have been set up, the cycle of changing model parameters and re-running the simulation is highly efficient.
- Since the same script does the simulation, summarizes the results, and generates the exhibits, the risk of failing to keep results and documentation in sync is largely eliminated.
- Since the exhibit updating process is automated, it becomes feasible to create exhibits that aid both peer-review and checking of the simulation model by colleagues who are not familiar with R programming.

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## First Steps with Integrating R into Actuarial Workflow

What comes next?

- There are many “Getting started with R” tutorials available. A nice offering comes from [datacamp.com](https://datacamp.com): “Introduction to R” (this course is free, but they charge for other content).
- Can you see yourself using an R based simulation model like the one presented today for your work?
- What are the obstacles you perceive to using something like the demonstrated set-up for your work?
- Feel free to reach out to the presenters if you have further questions:
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