

WHAT YOU ARE MISSING

Vehicle History in Auto Insurance Rating and Underwriting

Matt Moore

Senior Vice President Highway Loss Data Institute Don Hendriks Acas Asa FCA MAAA Actuary and Data Scientist CARFAX Banking & Insurance Group

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The power of segmentation

Insurers discriminate between risks to determine the costs associated



Effective segmentation

Lift

- Members of segments must be effectively identified.
- There must significant differences between the segments

Performance

- Between Average frequency or severity must be different for different segments
- Among Variance between members of the same segment should be random and low.





Increasing Segmentation

LESS SEGMENTED

Driver Classification

- Age, gender, marital status
- Driving records

Territory Classification

- Urbanity
- Population density

Vehicle Classification

- Year, make and model
- Cost new (Symbol)

MORE SEGMENTED

Driver-Specific Data

- Credit history
- Driving behavior (UBI)

Location-Specific Data

- Weather models
- Commute and traffic data

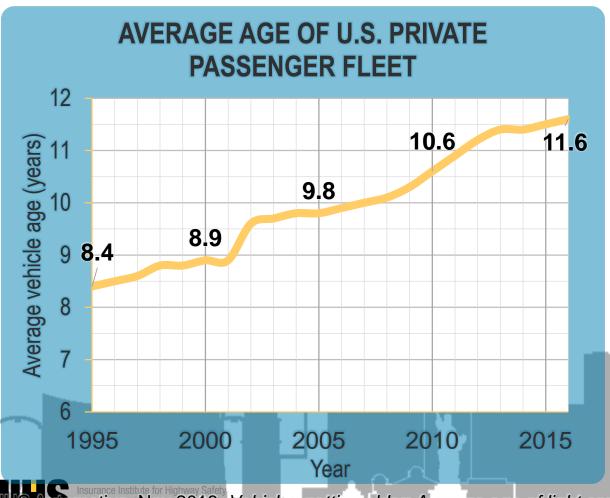
Vehicle-Specific Data

- Advanced safety features
- Vehicle history

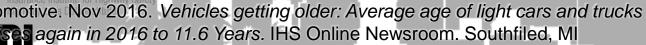




Vehicle-based underwriting matters more than ever



- Vehicles are lasting longer
 - Average age in 2016: 11.6 years
 - More differences as new technologies come to the road
 - More variance in drivability among vehicles of similar ages
 - More history per vehicle
- Age and symbol don't describe older vehicles well







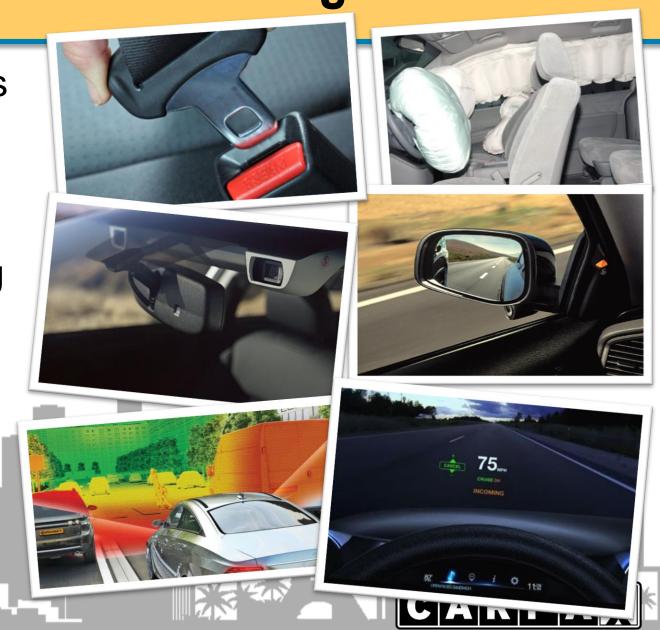
MANUFACTURED ATTRIBUTES

The low-hanging fruit of auto segmentation

Manufactured Attributes in Underwriting

- Companies are offering discounts on safety features that provide very little effective segmentation.
- Many advancements in vehicle safety are ignored in underwriting and rating.
- Safety features are evolving at a breakneck pace.





Vehicle-level discounts

MORE COMMON

- Passive Restraint Systems
 - Automatic seat belts.
 - Driver-side and passenger-side airbags.
- Anti-Lock Brakes
- Daytime Running Lights
- Anti-Theft Systems
- Stolen Vehicle Recovery Systems

LESS COMMON

- Rearview Cameras
- Front Collision Avoidance
- Blind Spot Detection
- Lane-Departure Warning Systems
- Tire-Pressure Monitoring Systems
- Emergency Response Systems





Automatic Seat Belts

Raise your hand if you have ever ridden in a car with one of these:



Automatic Seat Belts

Raise your hand if you have ever ridden in a car with one of these:

Now put it down if you have ever watched a broadcast of this show:







Vehicle Safety Features



2016 Buick Envision MSRP \$42,380

Forward-Collision Warning Low Speed Auto-braking High Speed Auto-braking Lane Departure Warning Lane Keeping Assist Blind-Spot Warning Rear Cross Traffic Warning Rearview Camera



2016 BMW X3 MSRP \$39,650

Forward-Collision Warning Low Speed Auto-braking High Speed Auto-braking

Blind-Spot Warning

Rearview Camera



2016 Ford Escape MSRP \$31,745



2016 VW Tiguan MSRP \$30,645

Blind-Spot Warning Rear Cross Traffic Warning Rearview Camera

Rearview Camera





Vehicle Safety Features – Prior to 2006

- All-wheel drive systems
- Safety belt pretensioners
- Safety belt load limiters
- Active head restraints
- Advanced airbag deployment systems
- Tire pressure monitoring systems
- Side-impact airbags

- Electronic brake assist
- Electronic stability control
- Traction control
- Sturdy Body Cell
- Crumple zones
- Cargo barriers
- LATCH





Vehicle Safety Features – Since 2006

- Visualization and augmented reality
 - Rear-view camera
 - Heads-up display
 - Infrared night vision
 - 360° Overhead View
 - Adaptive headlamps
 - Automatic high beams
 - HID, LED and matrix headlights
 - Traffic monitoring and warning
 - Congestion avoidance GPS
- Adaptive cruise control

- Collision avoidance and mitigation systems
 - Forward automatic emergency braking
 - Rear automatic emergency braking
 - Lane-keeping assist
 - Lane-centering assist
 - Automatic parking
- Collision warning systems
 - Forward-collision warning
 - Blind-spot warning
 - Rear cross-traffic warning
 - Lane-departure warning
 - Driver alertness detection





Safety Equipment Fitment



Insurance Institute for Highway Safety
Highway Loss Data Institute

HLD

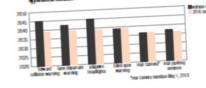
Bulletin | Vol. 32, No. 16 : September 2015

Predicted availability of safety features on registered vehicles — a 2015 undate

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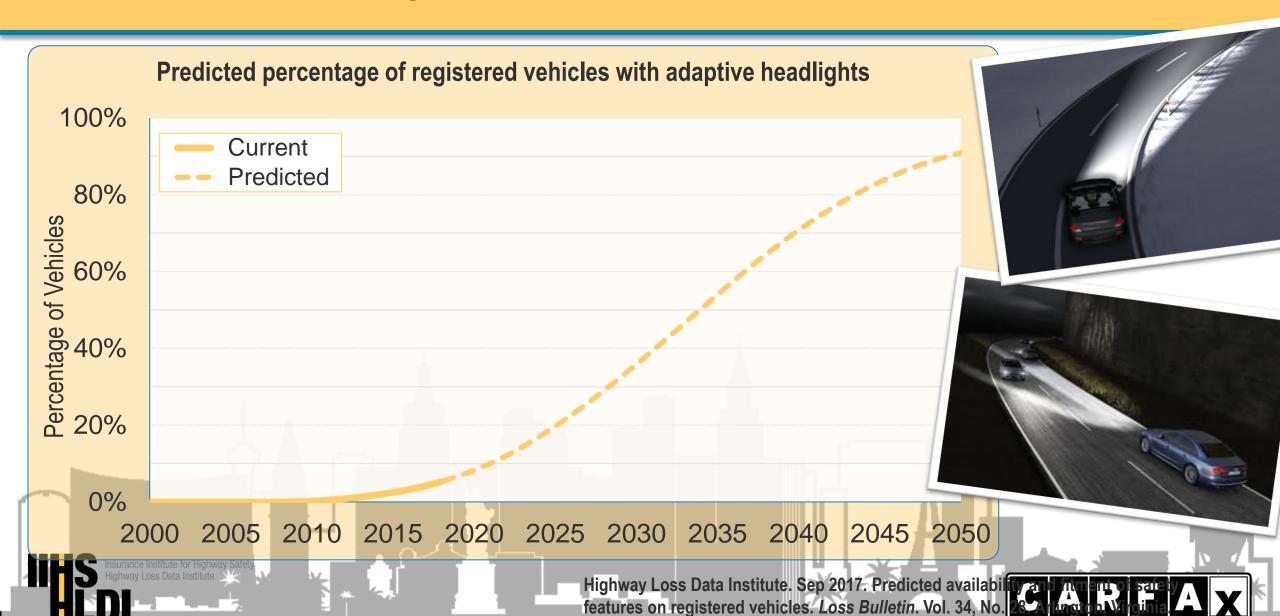
Bulletin | Vol. 34, No. 28 : September 2017

Predicted availability and fitment of safety features on registered vehicles

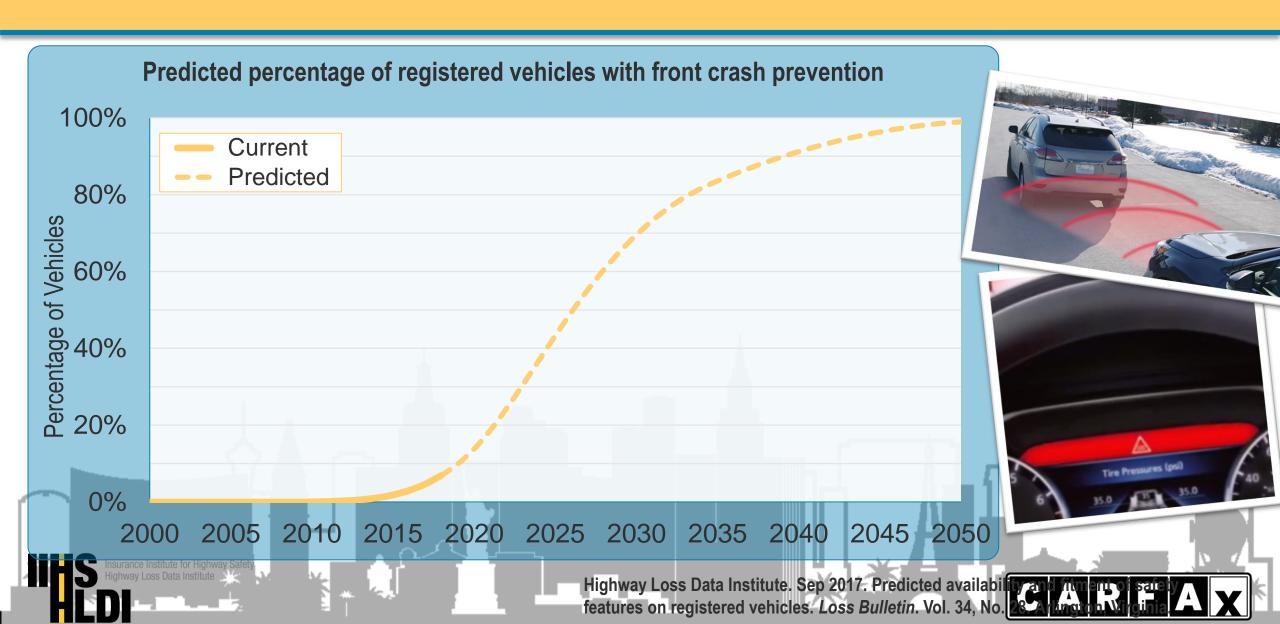
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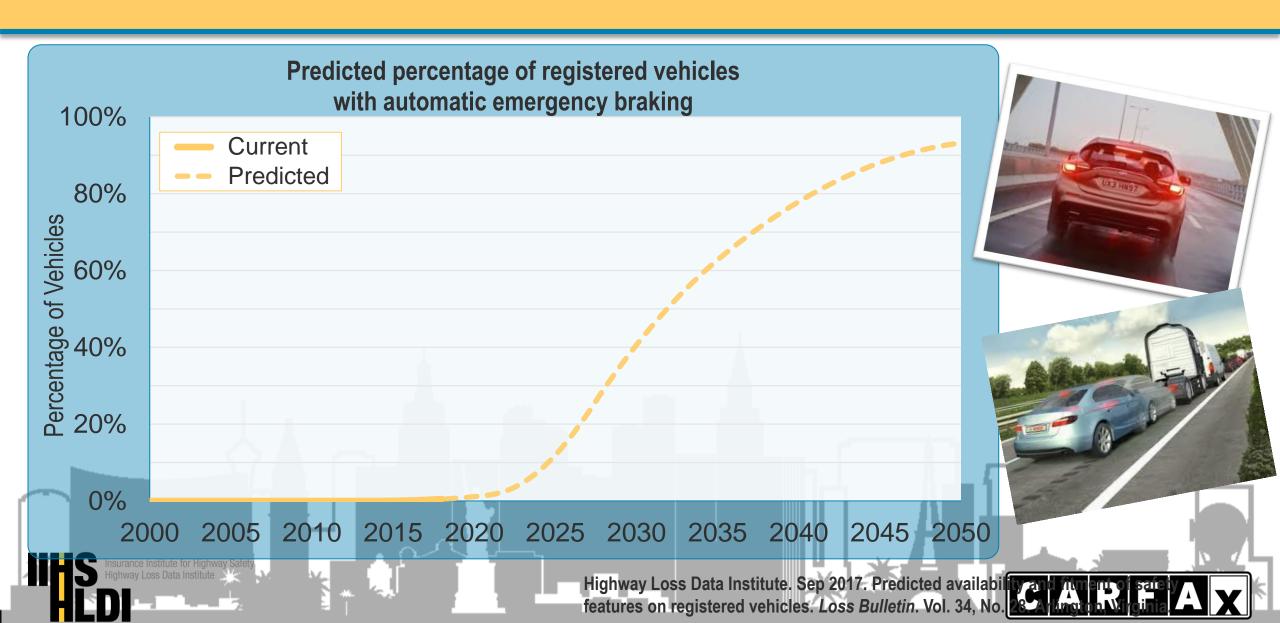
Adaptive Headlights



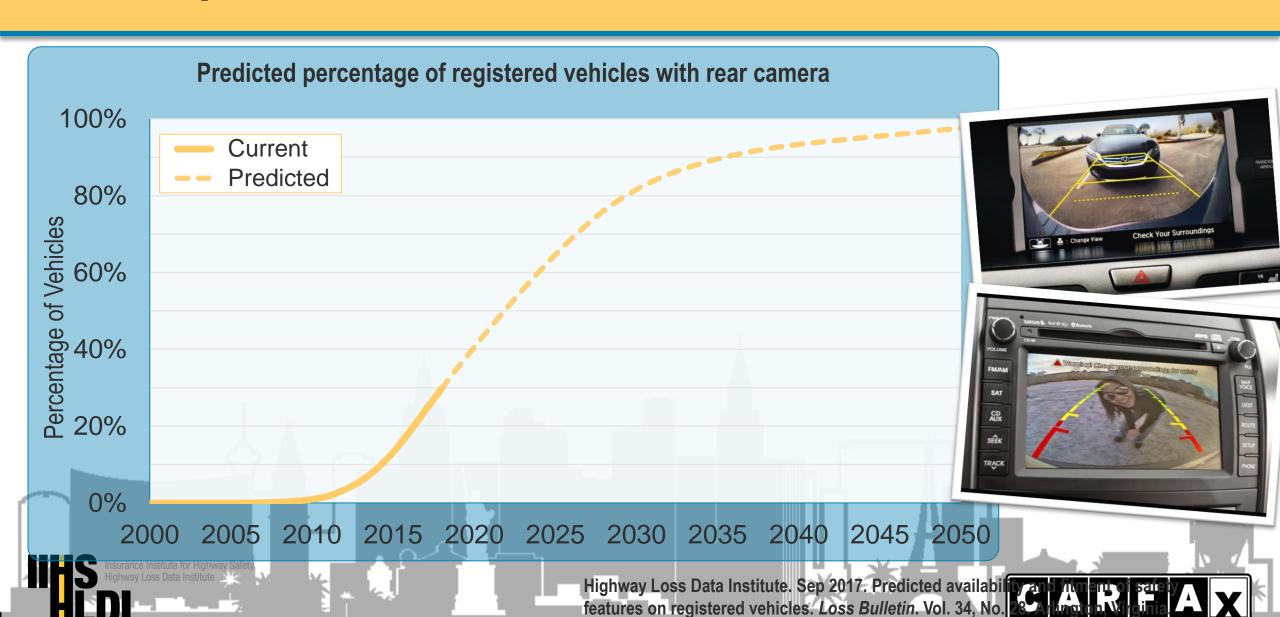
Front Crash Prevention



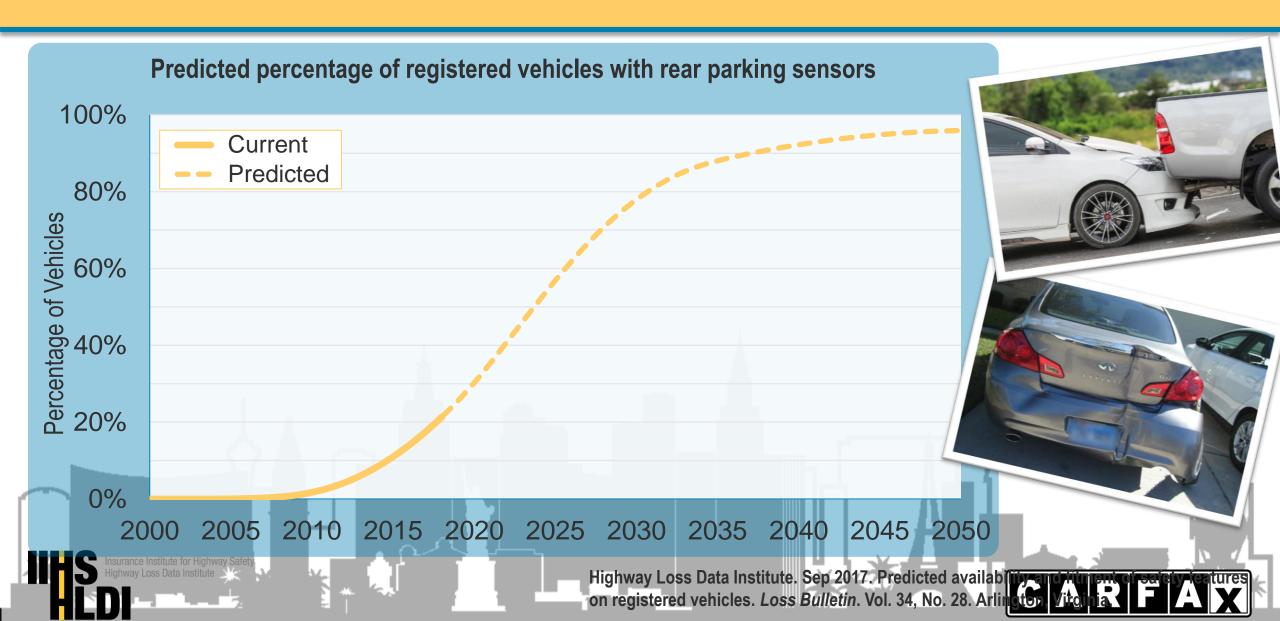
Auto Emergency Braking



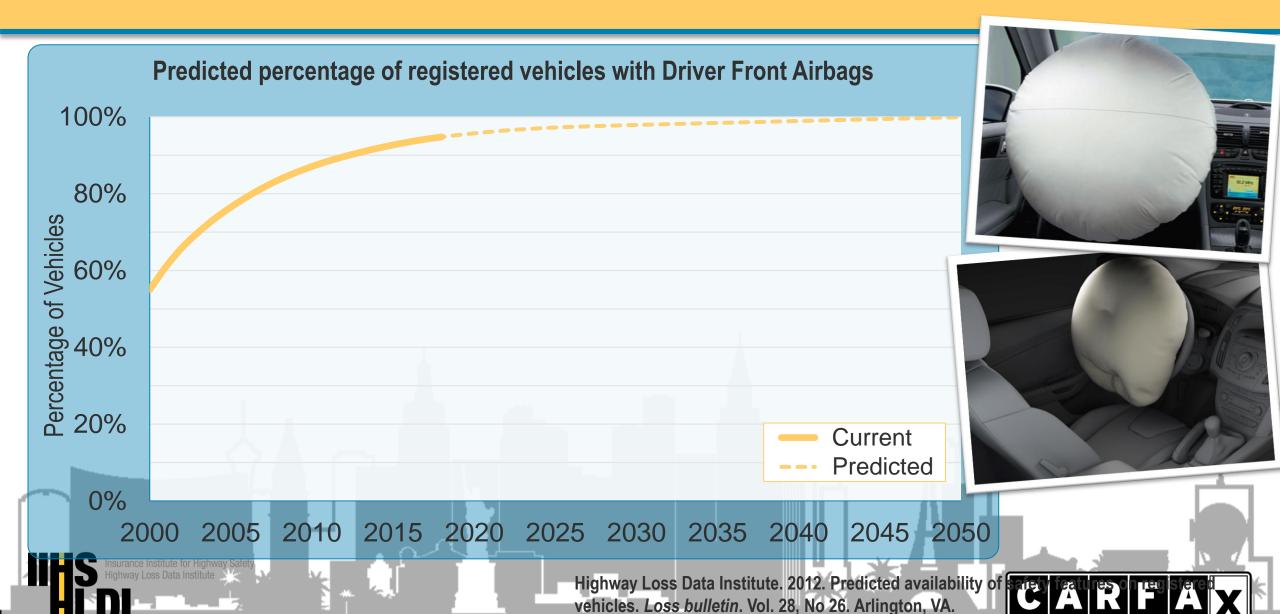
Back-up Camera



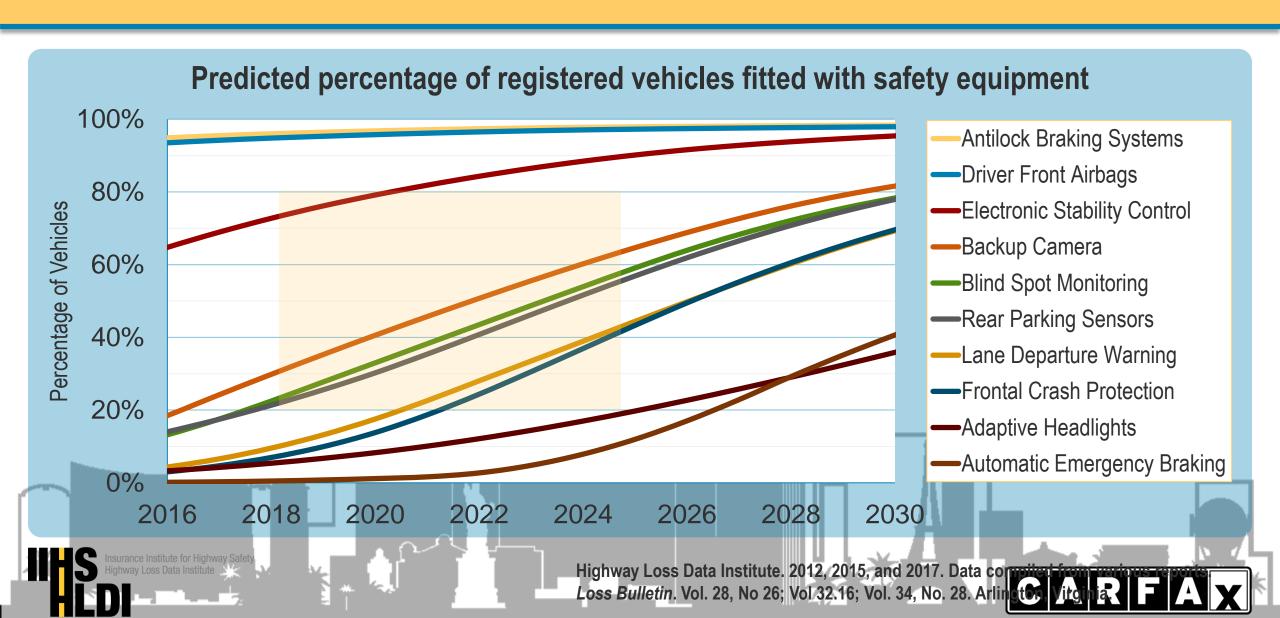
Rear Parking Sensors



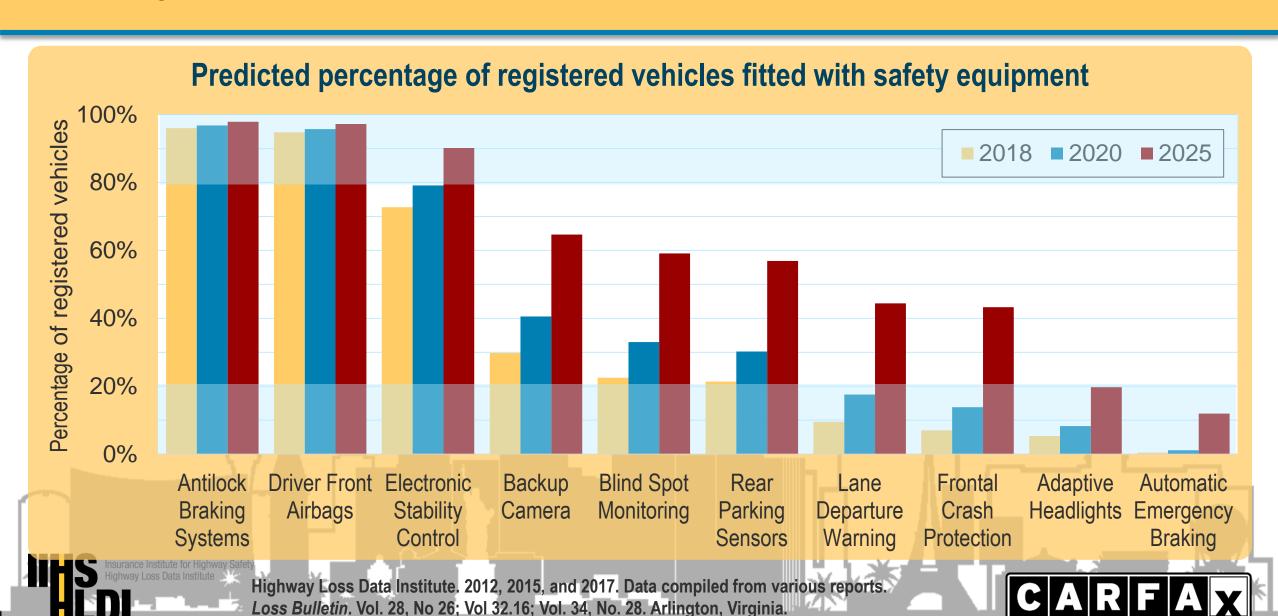
Driver Front Airbags



Safety Equipment - Looking into the Future



Safety Equipment – Next 5 Years



Vehicle-Level Rating and Underwriting

- More revolution than evolution
- Low-hanging fruit for auto risk segmentation
 - Information is relatively easy to get and verify
 - Offers segmentation for the short term
 - May be difficult to keep ahead of in highly competitive auto market
- Value will increase over time
 - Safety
 - Theft deterrence and recovery
 - Connectivity
 - Autonomy





VEHICLE HISTORY

Insurance scoring for your car

Quiz Question:

Which of the following vehicles would you rather insure?



B

C

D

2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD 2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD 2012 Ford Explorer 280HP V-6 FWD

2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD

Symbol 18 Value: \$15,592

Symbol 18 Value: \$14,951

Symbol 18 Value: \$7,247

Symbol 18 Value: \$5,190



It doesn't matter - they are all the same from an underwriting standpoint.





Which of the following vehicles would you rather insure?

A picture is worth a thousand rating variables!









2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD

2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD 2012 Ford Explorer 280HP V-6 FWD

2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD

Symbol 18 Value: \$15,592

Symbol 18 Value: \$14, 951 Symbol 18 Value: \$7,247

Symbol 18 Value: \$5,190





Which of the following vehicles would you rather insure?



2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD

Symbol 18 Value: \$15,592

- Odometer: 75,284
- 1 owner
- Personal Use
- Complete service history
- Clean CARFAX report



2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD

Symbol 18 Value: \$14, 951

- Odometer: 62,863
- 2 owners
- Registered for commercial use
- Some service records
- 1 minor accident



2012 Ford Explorer 280HP V-6 FWD

Symbol 18 Value: \$7,247

- Odometer: 192,926
- 2 owners
- Formerly registered for police use
- No service records
- Body damage reported



2012 Ford Explorer XLT 290HP V-6 FWD

Symbol 18 Value: \$5,190

- Odometer: 261,336
- 4 owners
- 2 severe accidents
- Frame damage reported
- Stolen
- Salvage title





What is vehicle history?



CARFAX Ownership History The number of owners is estimated	B Owners 1-2	Supplies 2	💄 Owner 4
Year purchased	2011	2013	2014
Type of owner	See Details	Taxi	Taxi
Estimated length of ownership	1 yr. 9 mo.	1 year	2 yrs. 4 mo.
Owned in the following states/provinces	See Details	New Jersey, New York	New York
Estimated miles driven per year	See Details		49,011/yr
Last reported odometer reading	8,615	22,377	140,732



Alert! Severe problems were reported by a state Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV). This vehicle does not qualify for the CARFAX Buyback Guarantee.

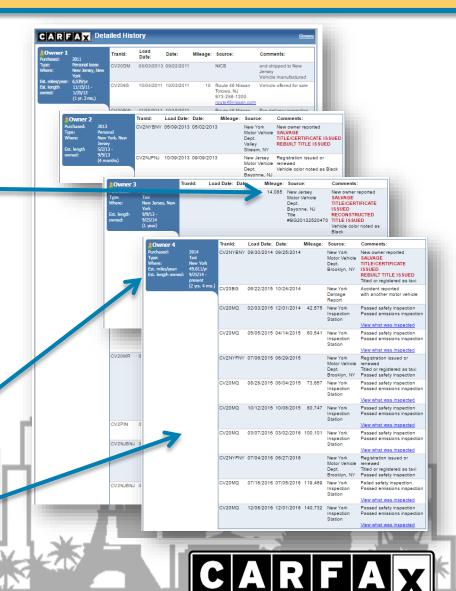
Damage information

Mileage data

Ownership data

Title information

Detailed service history



What is vehicle history?

OWNERSHIP

- Number of owners
- Current length of ownership
- Average length of ownership
- Leased vs. owned
- Lien
- Repossession

USE

- Total miles
- Average annual miles
- Registration type
- Historical use
- Gaps in Coverage

CONDITION

- Maintenance
 - Scheduled
 - Unscheduled repairs
- Damage
 - Accidents
 - Minor damage
 - Flood, Fire
 - Thefts
- Open recalls





Ownership History Components

CURRENT OWNER

- Original Owner
- Certified Pre-owned
- Length of Ownership
- Current Registration Type
- Leased, Financed or Owned

PRIOR OWNERS

- Number of Owners
- Average Length of Ownership
- Historical Registration Type
- Repossession
- Grey Market Vehicles



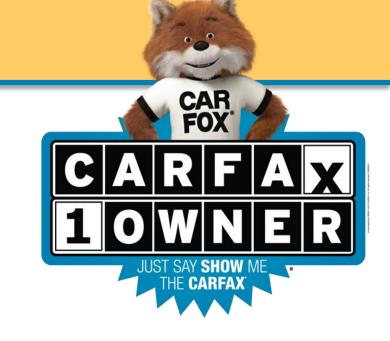


Ownership History Number of Owners

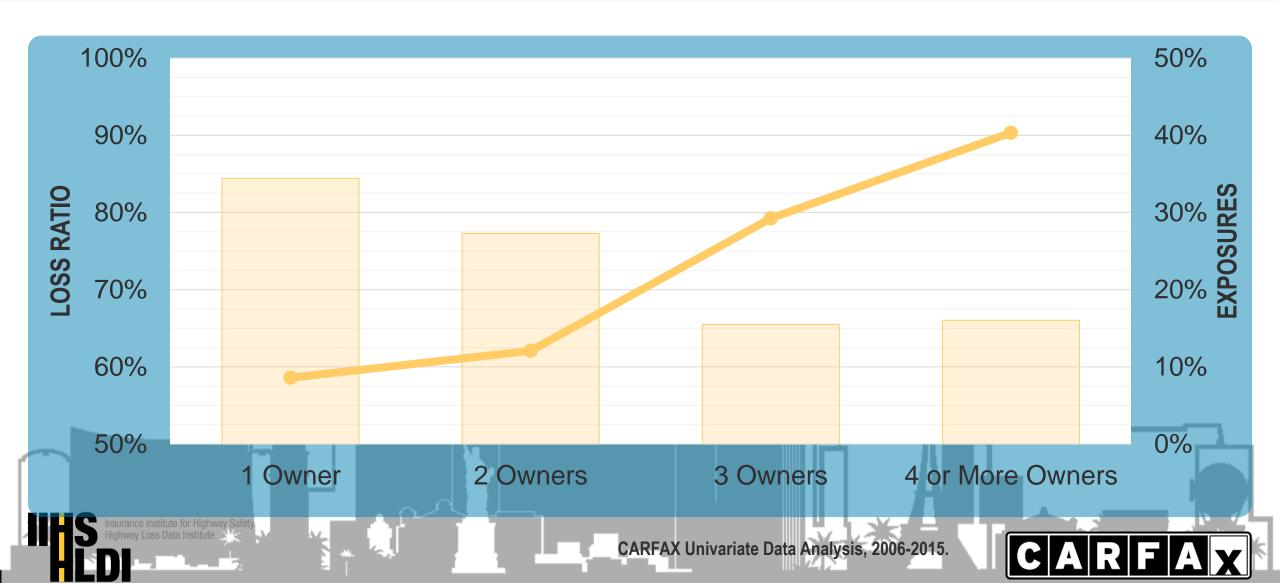
- One-owner cars are more valuable in the used-car marketplace.
- Fewer owners means fewer opportunities for neglect.
- Earlier owners tend to have to follow maintenance schedules more closely.
- Cars needing frequent or major repairs may be replaced rather than repaired
- Lemons tend to change hands more often.







Lift from Number of Owners Univariate Analysis



Ownership History Certified Pre-Owned Vehicles

- Tend to be newer, lower-mileage, second-owner vehicles
- Undergo thorough inspection from manufacturer
 - Meet strict criteria for condition
 - Consistent maintenance history
- Vehicles reconditioned by factory-trained technicians
- Covered under extended warranties
 - Minor repairs are not skipped
 - Repairs done at dealerships

















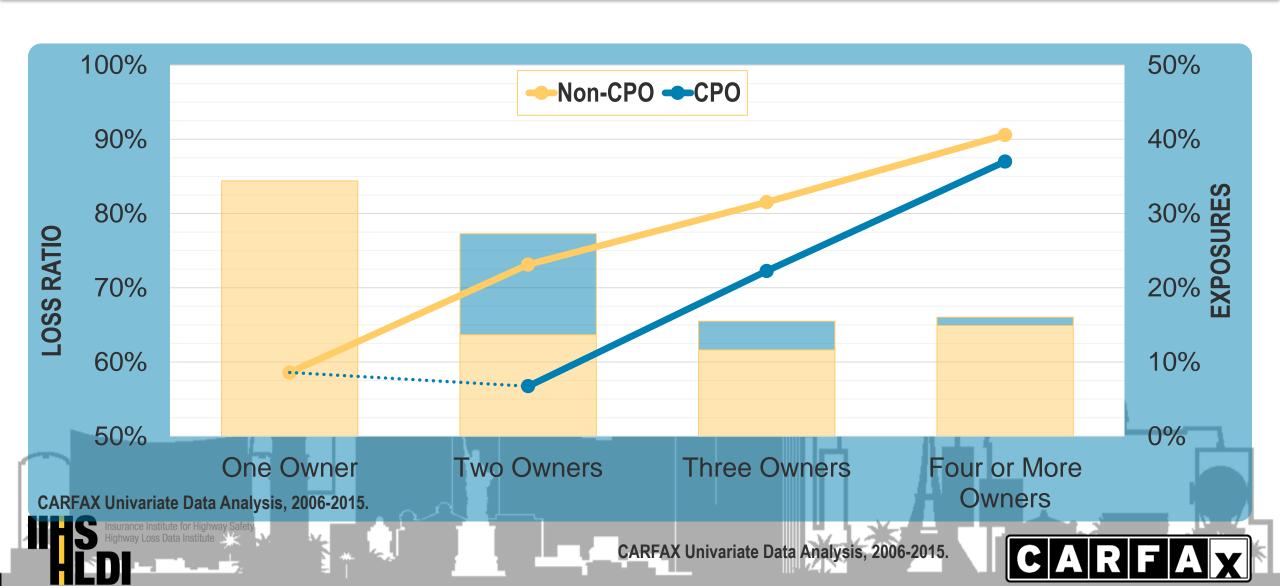








Lift from Number of Owners with CPO Univariate Analysis



Ownership History

Current Owner Length of Ownership

CARFAX studies show that the longer a car is owned, the better the risk becomes.

Newer cars are less familiar.

Newer cars are used on longer drives.

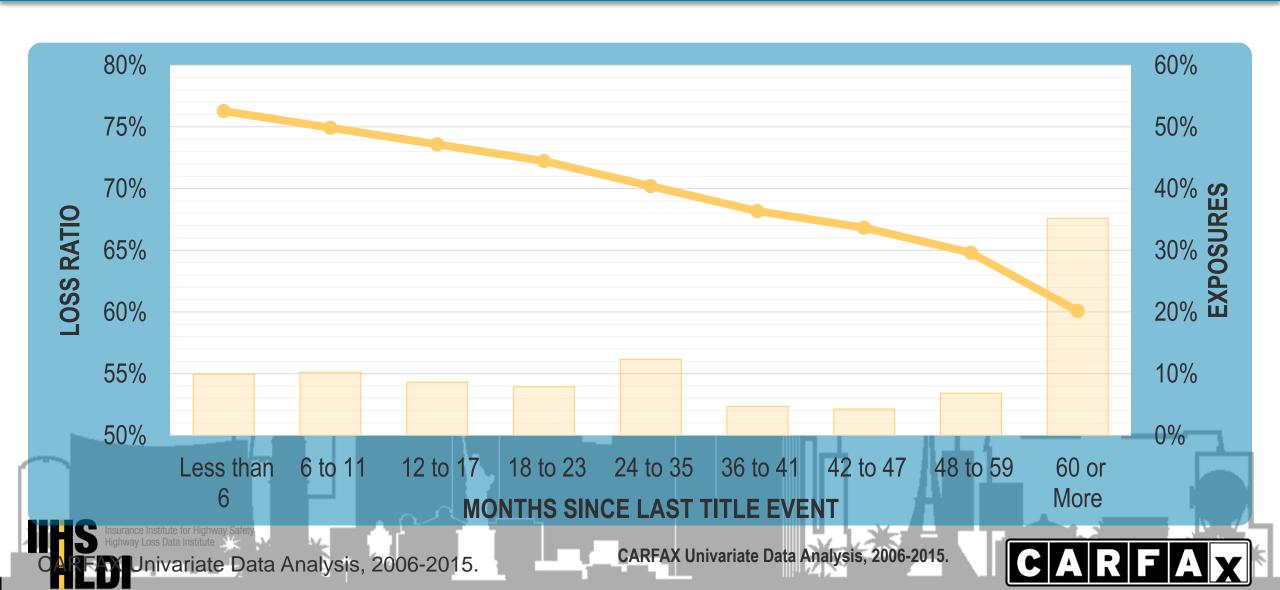
 Minor damage is more likely to be reported on newer cars.

Lemons get moved on to new owners.



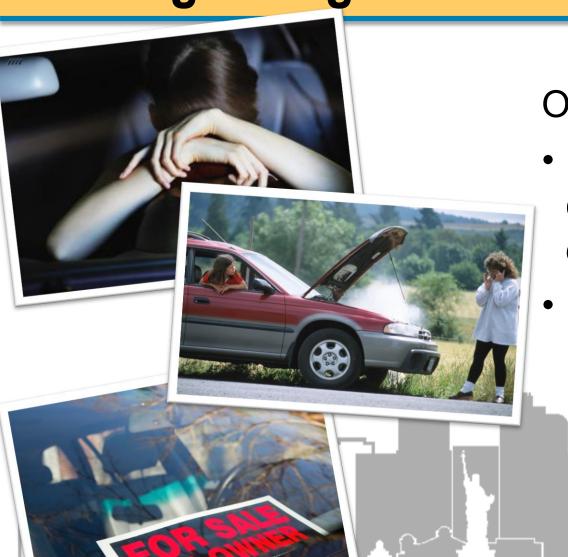


Lift from Length of Ownership Univariate Analysis



Ownership History

Average Length of Ownership



Owners tend to hold on to "good" vehicles

 Repair savings outweigh replacement costs, even when opportunity cost of driving older vehicle is considered

Problem vehicles change hands often

PROBLEM VEHICLES ARE MORE LIKELY TO HAVE SAFETY ISSUES



Vehicle Use Components

TYPE OF USE

- Personal
- Commercial
- Government
- Police
- Farm
- Seasonal
- Show cars

FREQUENCY AND AREA OF USE

- Mileage
- Registration vs garage ZIP
- Out-of-area service



Vehicle Use

Current Registration Type

 Less likely to be fraudulently reported than self-reported use

Tax incentives for commercial registrations

 Significant penalties for misreporting

 Used in underwriting to match customers to most appropriate coverage





Vehicle Use

Coverage Gaps

Insurers already have this data

- Comprehensive Only for part of year
 - Tend to be well-maintained
 - Usually lower mileage
 - Check driver-to-vehicle ratio
- Gaps in Liability coverage
 - Liability only coverage
 - Low liability limits





Vehicle Use **Grey Market Vehicles**

Manufactured for sale outside U.S.

 Less rigorous safety and emissions standards.

Subject to jerry-rigged repairs

May be illegal to possess

Must meet certain guidelines

 Modified to meet U.S. safety and emissions standards, or

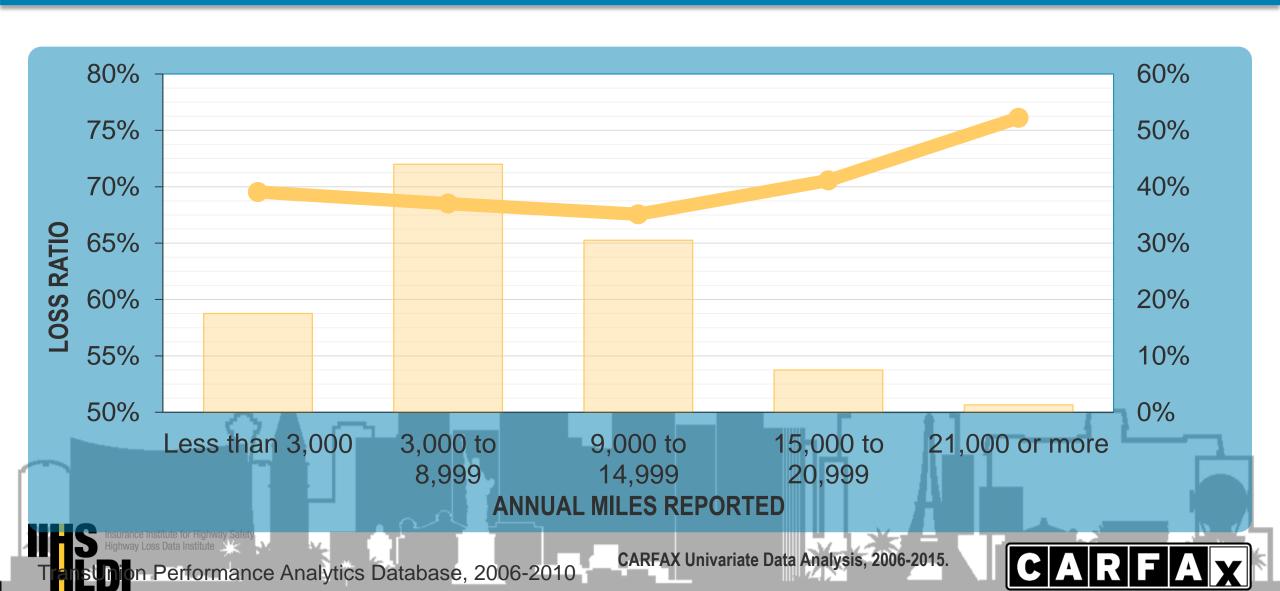
Only used for show and display





Vehicle Use

Lift from Self-Reported Mileage



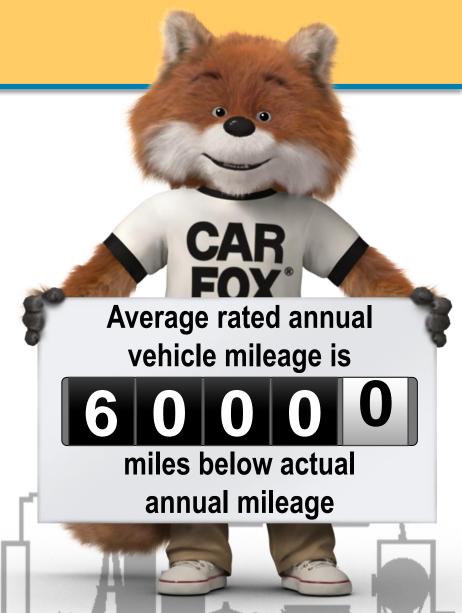
Quiz Question:

What is the average difference between rated and actual miles?



Self-Reported Mileage

- Often Inaccurate
 - Customers may not know how much they drive
 - Significant cost incentive to underreport
 - Agents underreport to save time
- Can change over time
- Difficult for insurers to verify







Vehicle Use Verified Average Mileage

 Can be calculated easily from vehicle odometer readings.

 Direct measure of exposure to loss.

Extremely predictive

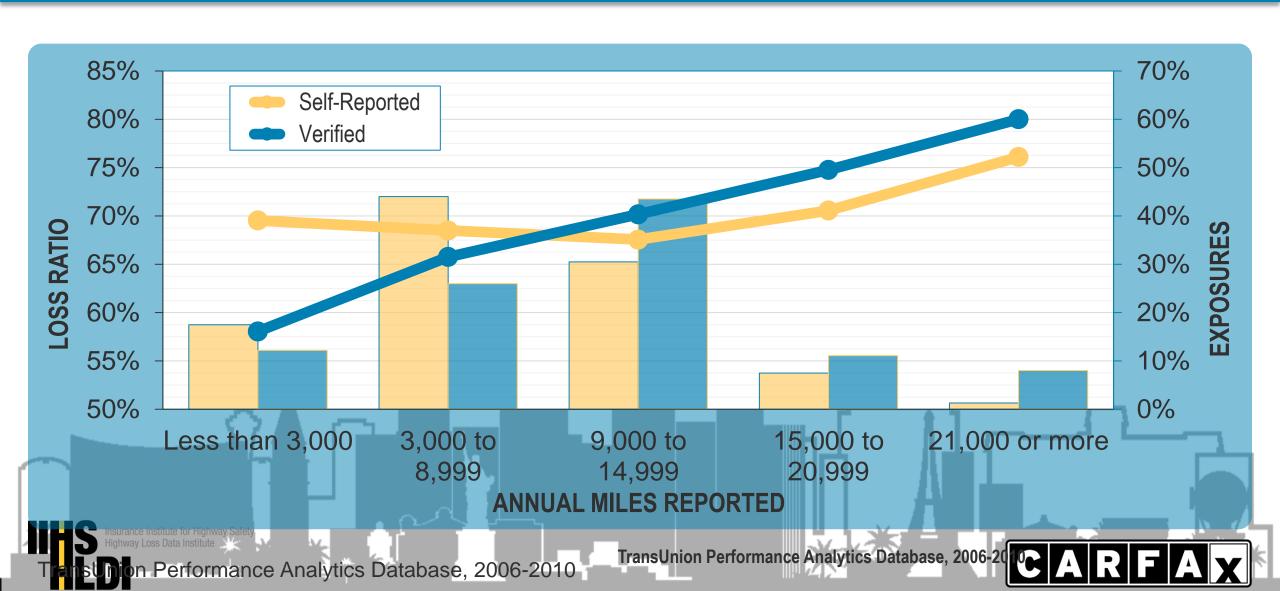
 May be the most powerful rating variable for liability and collision.

Can account for performance differences in gender.





Lift from Annual Mileage Univariate Analysis



Vehicle Condition Components

KNOWN DAMAGE

- Severe accidents
- Minor accidents
- Title brands
- Flood and water damage
- Fire damage

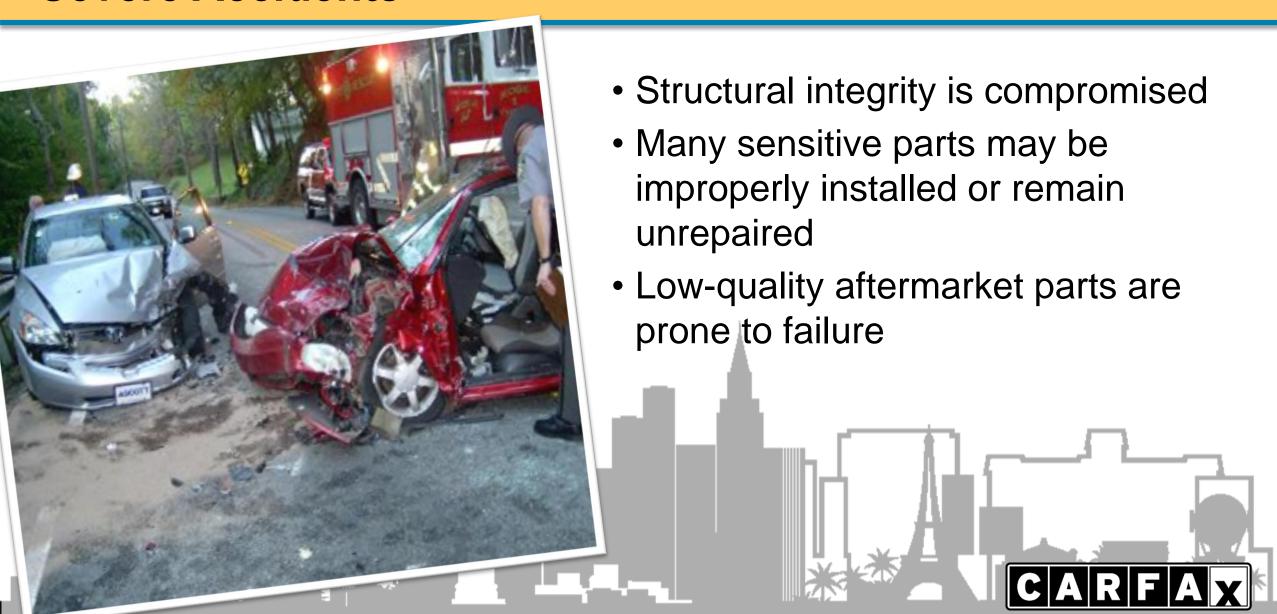
PROBLEM CONDITIONS

- Service history
- Claims history
- Open recall
- Stolen and recovered
- Repossessed vehicles



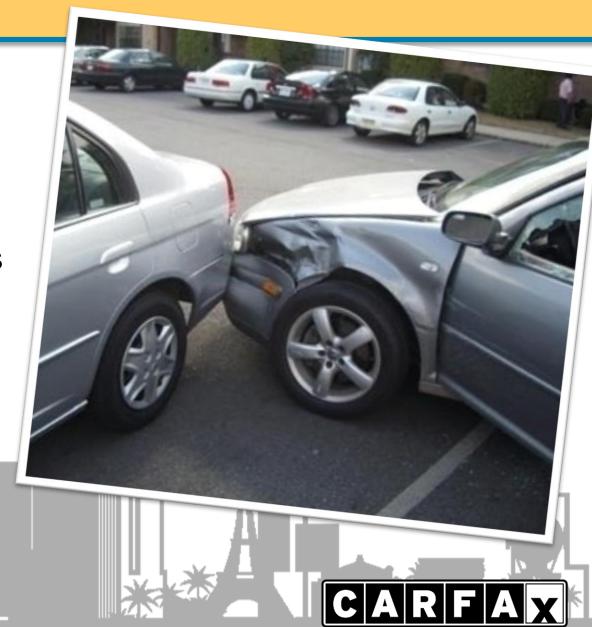


Vehicle Condition Severe Accidents



Vehicle Condition Minor Accidents

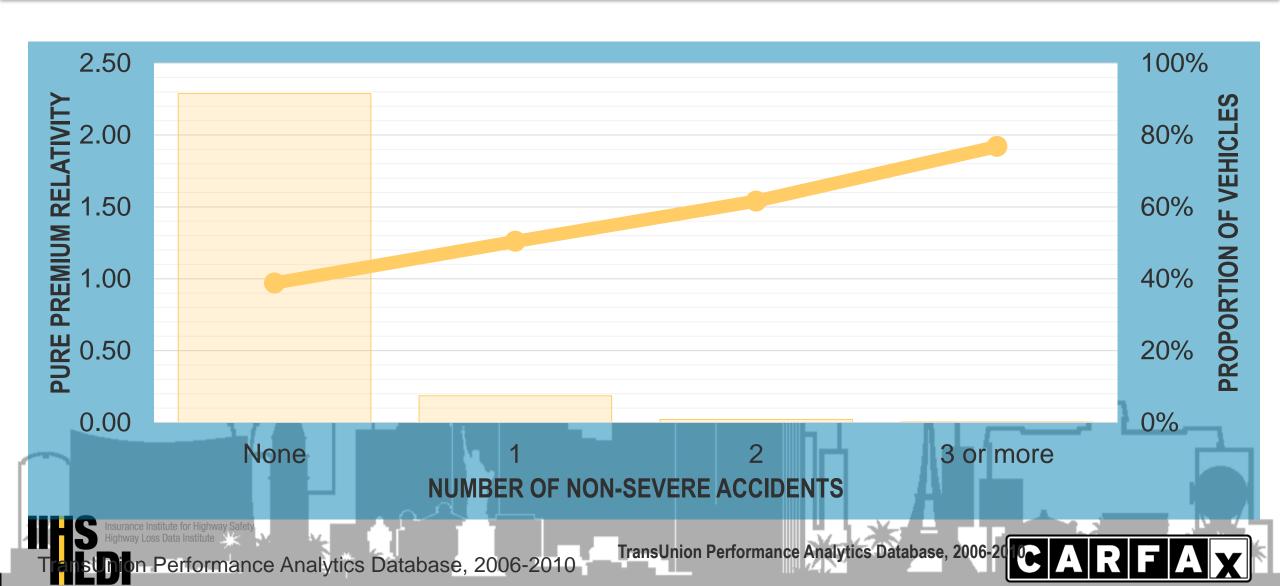
- Repairs may be improperly or incompletely done
 - May cause sensitive electronics to fail
 - Damage to critical structural components may be missed
- Low-quality aftermarket safety components may fail





Lift from Non-Severe Accidents

Univariate Analysis



Vehicle Condition Flood Vehicles

Flood water can damage several components of vehicle

- Antilock braking systems.
- Electronic safety system sensors.
- Passive and active restraint systems.
- Rusted structural components.
- Water damage inside engine, transmission and other components.

"When a car's electrical systems have been compromised, it may no longer be safe or roadworthy."

- U.S. Department of Justice





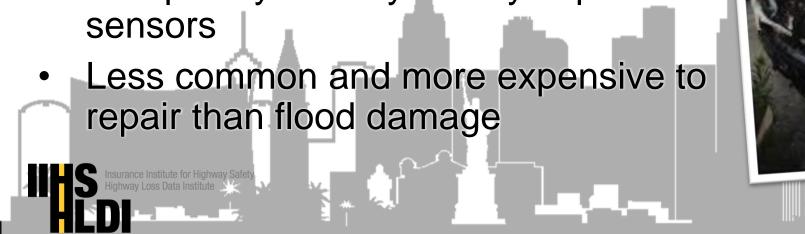


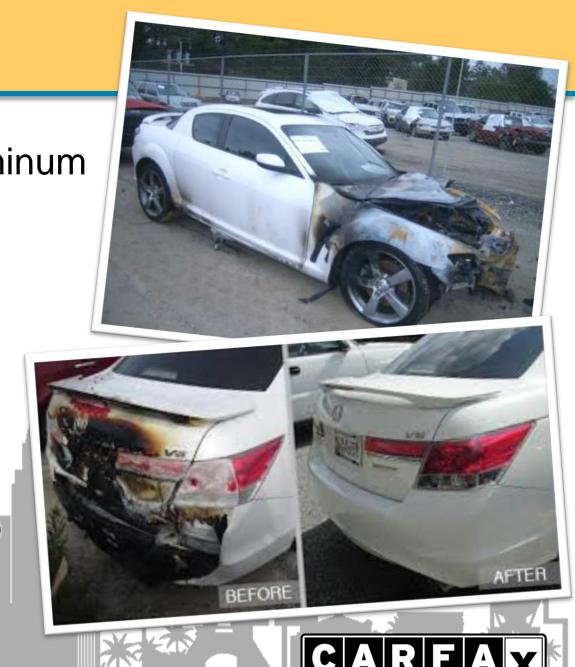
Vehicle Condition

Fire Damage

Changes brittleness of steel and aluminum structural components

- Heat expansion causes problems in hydraulic systems, especially braking systems
- Damages wiring and electronics
- Completely destroys many important sensors





Vehicle Condition Branded Titles

Salvage Titles

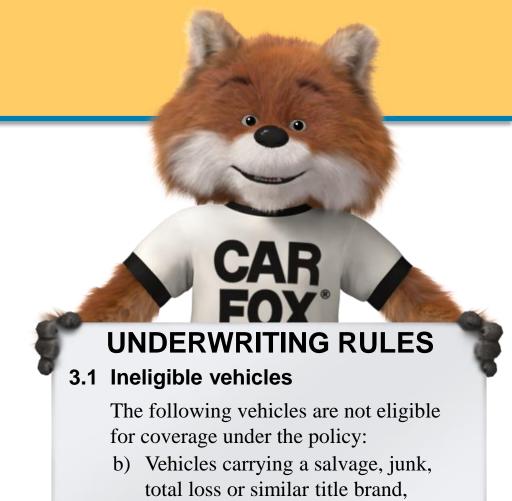
- Precluded by many underwriting plans
- Need copy of title

Rebuilt Titles

- Repairs may not meet standards
- Often incomplete or improper repair

Fire and Flood Titles

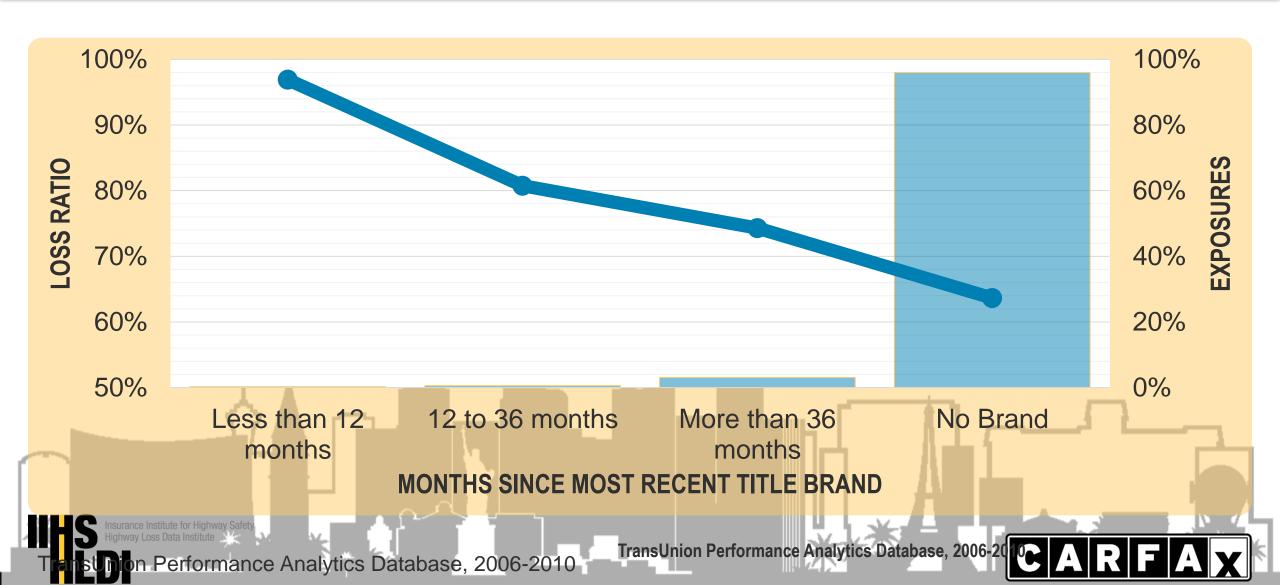
 Possible damage to sensitive electronic or critical structural components



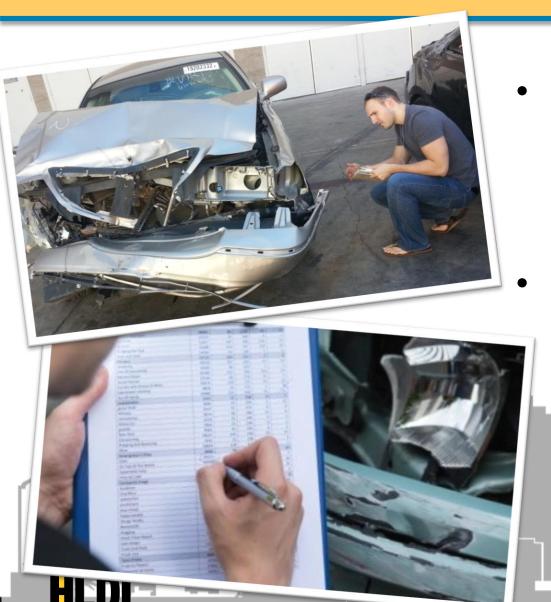
whether repaired or certified for use

on public roads or not.

Lift from Branded Titles over Time Univariate Analysis



Vehicle Condition Insurance Total Loss



- May or may not have branded title
 - Requirements vary by state
 - Reporting to national databases is inconsistent
 - Damage is severe enough that the insurer doesn't think the vehicle is worth repairing
 - Cost of repairs is too high
 - Vehicle is not safe for use



Vehicle Condition Potential Damage

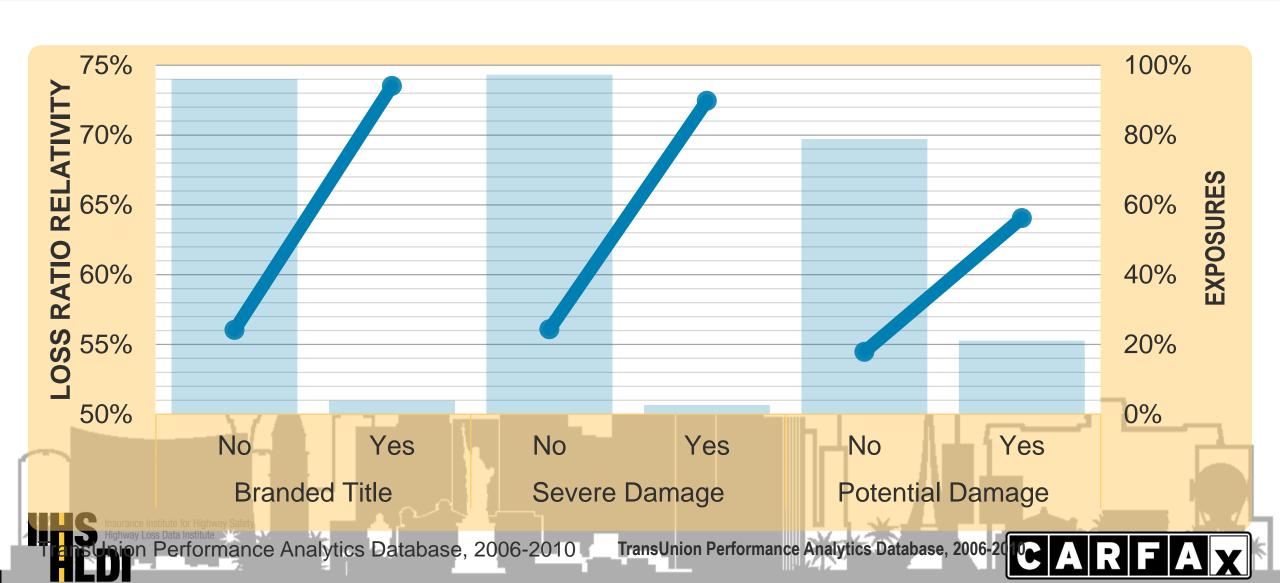
Indications of damage that is likely to affect insurability

- Frame inspected
- Police accident report
- Collision repair facility records
- Failed inspections
- Auction damage disclosure





Lift from Vehicle Damage Univariate Analysis



Vehicle Condition Service History

Well maintained vehicles tend to be safer on the road

- Lack of service records
 - Could indicate service performed by owner
 - Doesn't necessarily indicate a problem
- Service record patterns
 - Changes in patterns can signal larger problems
 - Look for increase in service records after damage events
 - Look for major service events immediately before title events

Good source to identify odometer fraud



Vehicle Condition Claims History



Look at your existing claims data

- Analyze performance of your book after claims
- After a claim, frequency and severity tend to increase
- Watch out for correlation with other variables
- Analyze liability as well as physical damage



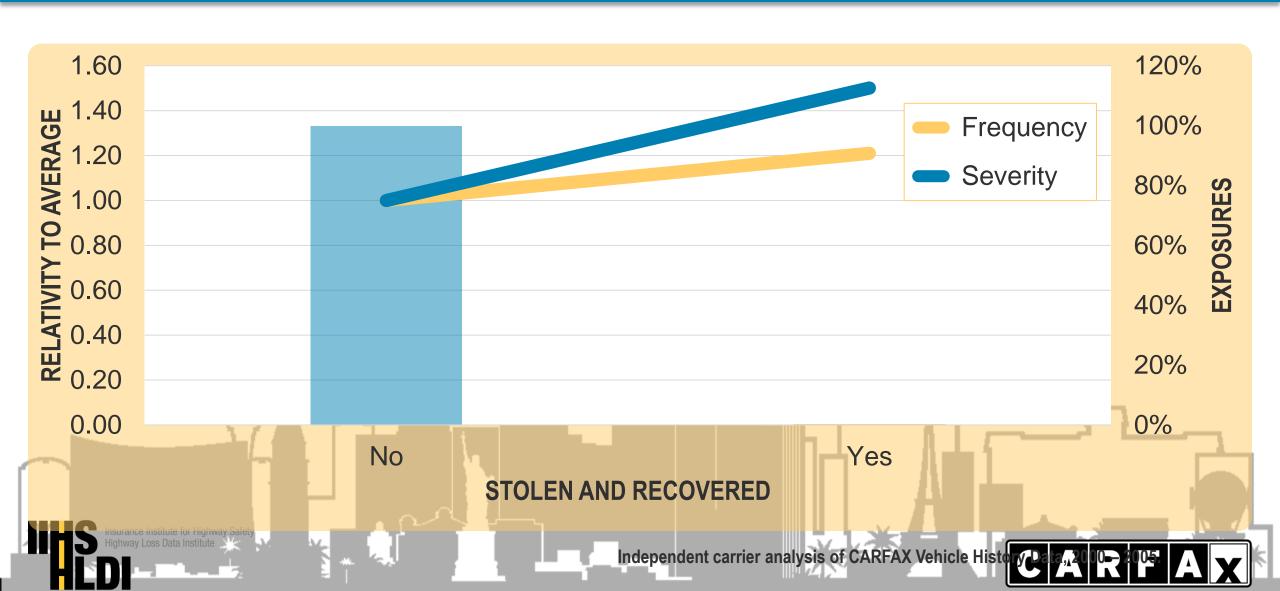
Vehicle Condition Stolen and Recovered

- Insured has no idea what happened to the vehicle while in possession of thieves
- Often dismantled for parts
 - May not be reassembled to original standards
 - Repairs may have used lower-quality parts
- Airbags and electronic sensors
 - High-value items
 - Difficult to get in the current market





Lift from Stolen and Recovered Indicator Univariate Results



Low-Frequency Events

Prior Prior Non-Severe Frame Damage **Accidents** Salvage or Repossession **Junk Title LOW FREQUENCY** Stolen and Salvage **EVENTS** Auction Recovered **Prior Use: Prior Use: Police Car Taxicab**

- Occur on low percentage of vehicles
- Difficult to identify in small books of business
- Remarkably consistent across carriers
 - Consistency indicates a lower acceptable threshold for statistical credibility
 - Should be considered in model



Fraud Detection

- VIN cloning
 - Vehicle has a VIN plate identifying it as a different vehicle
 - Used to hide title problems
- Title washing
 - Vehicle with branded title is re-titled in state with different branding requirements
 - Common after floods, hurricanes, and other natural disasters
 - Exposure varied by state
- Odometer rollbacks
- Double-dipping first party repairs





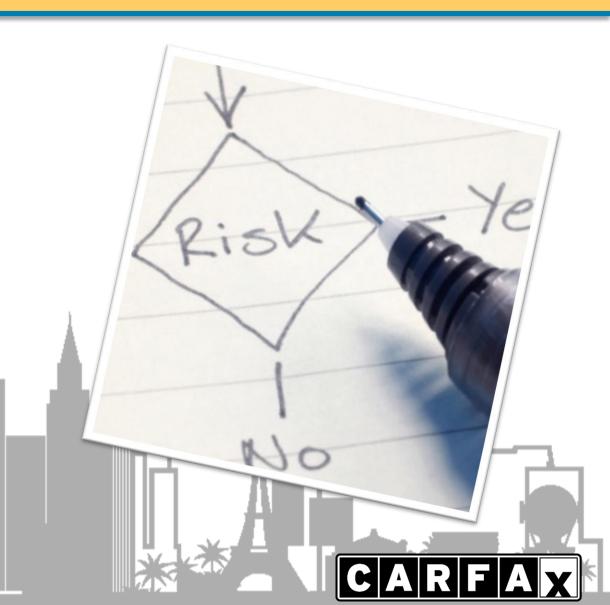
IMPLEMENTATION

Pulling it all together

Use in Underwriting

- Some attributes are already in use
 - Salvage titles not eligible for coverage
 - Mileage
 - Commercial Use
 - Government or Non-Profit Use
- Customer service
 - Establishes a touch-point
 - Helps find the best coverage for hardto-cover risks
- Front-end flags for fraud detection





Use in Rating



- Many interactions between variables
 - Carefully consider impact on other variables
 - Multivariate analysis is needed to get the most out of the data
 - May result in replacement of some proxy variables
- Good candidate for a scoring or tiering model
- Fits well as a modification to symbols
- Can be "averaged" across the policy



Use in Product Development

Opportunities for new product innovation

Advanced safety feature discounts

 Product enhancements for older one-owner cars or CPO cars

 Can be used as a lead-in for usage based insurance

Identify low mileage personal use vehicles

Combine with policy information to 'slot' customers into appropriate UBI tiers

Product differentiator in a commodity market







QUESTIONS

Vehicle History in Auto Insurance Rating and Underwriting