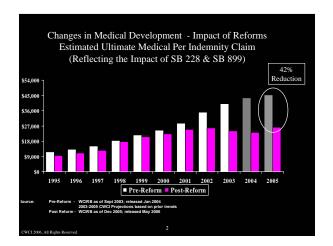
California Workers' Comp Reform & Access to Medical Care

A Research Update On California Workers' Compensation Reform

August 16, 2006

Alex Swedlow
Executive Vice President, Research
California Workers' Compensation Institute
www.cwci.org

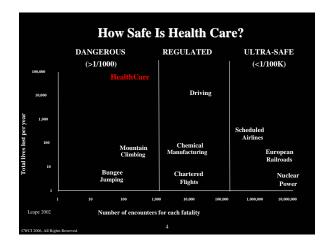
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Why was medical reform important?

- Unprecedented adverse development
- Inconsistent/irrational volume and selection of medical services
- Excessive treatment & delayed RTW
- Medical errors

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Summary of Medical Reforms

- LC 4600: reasonable & necessary care redefined
- UR & evidence-based medicine (ACOEM)
- Revised & expanded fee schedules
- Medical provider networks

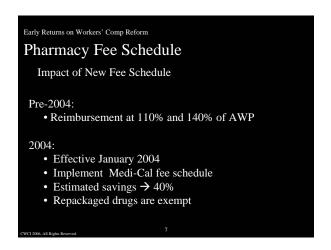
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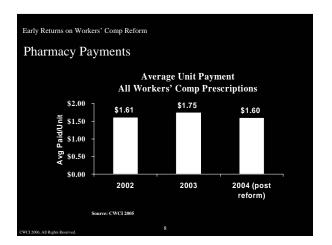
Early Returns on Workers' Comp Reform

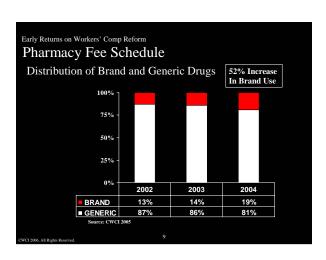
A six-part CWCI research series:

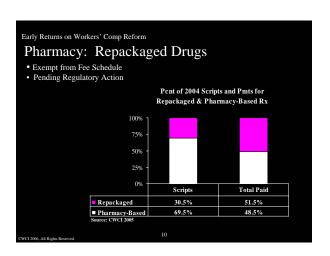
- Outpatient Surgery Facility Costs
- Utilization and Cost of PT and Chiropractic
- Reimbursements for Physician Services
- Prescription Drug Utilization & Cost
- Medical Utilization
- Inpatient Hospital Cost

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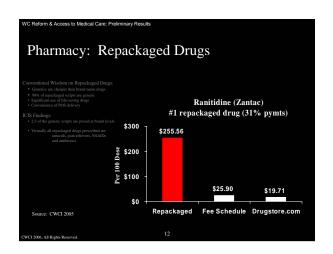






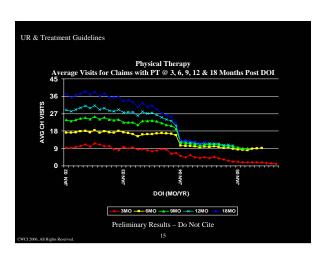


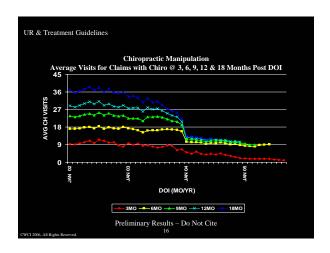




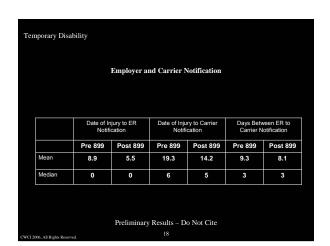
Early Returns on Workers' Comp Reform Utilization Review Schedule • Utilization schedule (LC § 5307.27) will be "presumptively correct" • Emphasis on evidence-based medicine - ACOEM guidelines - DWC to consider other guidelines • Chiro & PT Caps: 24 visits per injury (LC § 4604.5)

UR & Treatment Guidelines Percentage of Claims with Medical Encounters by Fee Schedule					
Fee Schedule Section	2002 DOI Claims	2005 DOI Claims	Pcnt Change		
Physical Therapy	40.4%	29.9%	-26.0%		
Chiropractic	10.2%	3.7%	-63.9%		
Evaluation and Management	94.1%	97.4%	3.5%		
Medicine	25.2%	25.4%	0.6%		
Surgery	37.7%	34.1%	-9.5%		
Radiology	58.5%	54.2%	-7.3%		
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Summary of TD Reforms • For injuries beginning April 19, 2004 • Limit of 104 weeks of paid temporary disability • Exception for specified injuries: - acute and chronic hepatitis B, - acute and chronic hepatitis C, - amputations, - severe burns, - HIV, - high-velocity eye injuries, - chemical burns to the eyes, - pulmonary fibrosis and - chronic lung disease



Temporary Disability TD Paid within One Year of First TD Payment TD Paid (1 Year Post 1st TD Payment) Post 899 Pre 899 Pre 899 Diff (Adj to 899) (Actual) Mean \$5,813 \$6,446 \$5,679 -11.9% Median \$2,400 \$2,665 \$2,184 -18.1% Preliminary Results - Do Not Cite

Summary of Medical Provider Network Reforms

- Lifetime control of claim
- Access to care requirements
- Choice of 3 Primary Care Providers w/in 15 miles
- Choice of 3 Specialty Providers w/in 30 miles

Preliminary Results – Do Not Cite

Network Visits by Fee Schedule Section

Percentage of Total Visits to PPO/MPN Provider

	2002	2003	2004	2005
PPO Visits <= 30 Days	62.6%	63.9%	65.7%	72.5%
PPO Visits > 30 Days	21.9%	22.4%	33.8%	52.6%
PPO Visits Total	32.1%	32.6%	47.6%	63.2%

Preliminary Results - Do Not Cite

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Network Visits by Fee Schedule Section Percentage of Total Visits to PPO/MPN Provider **Evaluation and Management Visits** 2003 2002 2004 PPO Visits <= 30 Days 72.3% 73.7% 72.9% PPO Visits > 30 Days 42.7% 41.6% 48.0% PPO Visits Total 55.9% 56.7% 61.6% Preliminary Results - Do Not Cite

Network Visits by Fee Schedule Section

Percentage of Total Visits to PPO/MPN Provider

Surgery Visits

	2002	2003	2004	2005
PPO Visits <= 30 Days	67.3%	68.8%	65.8%	73.9%
PPO Visits > 30 Days	36.2%	36.5%	39.4%	58.4%
PPO Visits Total	51.7%	52.6%	55.7%	69.5%

Preliminary Results - Do Not Cite

Network Visits by Fee Schedule Section

Percentage of Total Visits to PPO/MPN Provider

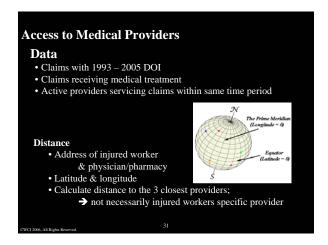
Physical Therapy

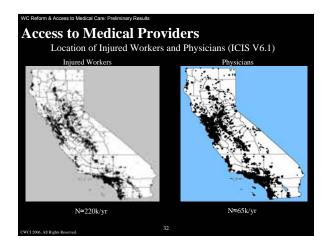
	2002	2003	2004	2005
PPO Visits <= 30 Days	51.9%	52.7%	57.7%	65.9%
PPO Visits > 30 Days	19.2%	19.4%	29.0%	43.1%
PPO Visits Total	23.3%	23.5%	36.7%	50.3%

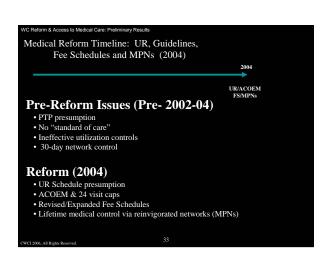
Preliminary Results - Do Not Cite

Network Visits by Fee Schedu	le Section			
Percentage of Total V	isits to			
PPO/MPN Provider				
Chir	opracti	c Manip	ulation	
	2002	2003	2004	2005
PPO Visits <= 30	14.6%	15.2%	16.6%	32.7%
Days PPO Visits > 30 Days	7.5%	7.3%	9.0%	31.7%
PPO Visits Total	8.1%	7.9%	11.2%	31.9%
	Preliminary R	esults – Do No	t Cite	
Cl 2006, All Rights Reserved.				
Early Returns or	n Worke	rs' Com	Reform	n
0.4	10.6			
 Outcomes on Medica Noted changes 				
 Noted changes Changes in rep 			t for TD cl	aims
More pending of				
			T	
Debate: Are the Ref	forms Wor	king or Ha	ive They (one Too
Conflicting and care and declin	ecdotes of p	ohysician di to medical	ssatisfactio care	on, denial o
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Public Policy	Questio	n:		
Is there an asso				
California wor				
and changes in	access to	medical (care?	

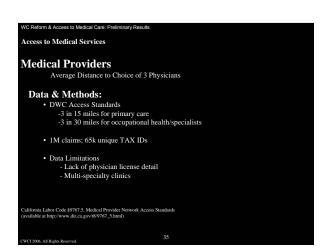
Access to Medical Providers Relevant Issues in Public Policy Research: • California Medical Association 2002/2005 surveys • DWC access study (UCLA) • Provider dissatisfaction, intention & actual exit from system · Access issues beyond workers' compensation Access to Medical Providers Provider dissatisfaction, intention to leave & actual exit from system High correlation: - Provider dissatisfaction and intention to exit - Intention & actual exit (older physicians only) No correlation between - Intention and actual exit (all other providers) Source: No Exit, An Evaluation of Measures of Physician Attrition, Rittenhouse 2004 Access to Medical Providers CWCI Study: **Dimensions of Access** 1. Proximity • Large database of injured workers (ICIS V6) · Providers accepting and servicing injured workers Before and after reform comparison 2. Experience (Volume-based outcomes)Experience level of providers

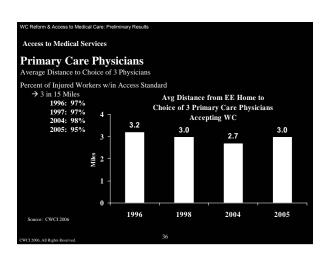


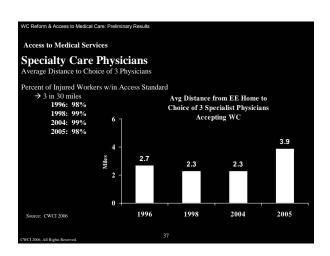


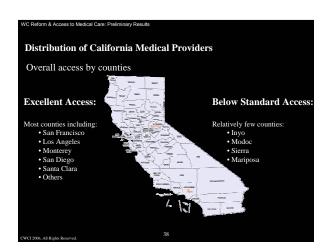




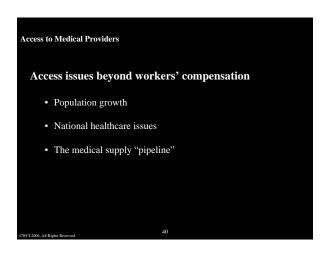


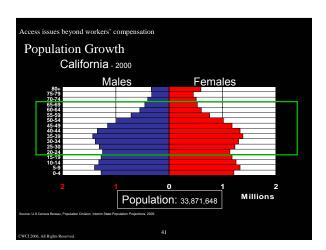


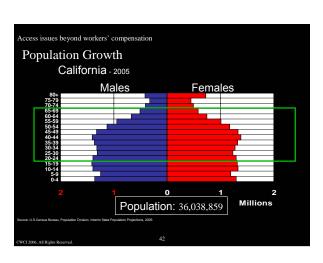


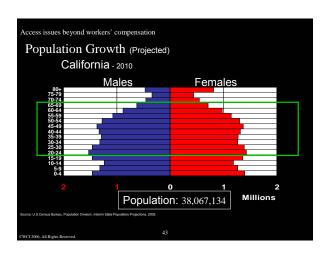


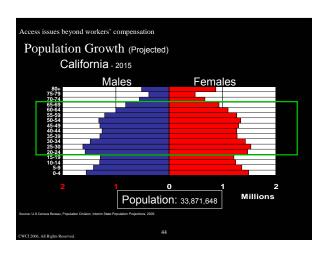
WC Reform & Access to Medical Ca Medical Reform Ti	ne: Preliminary Results meline: UR, Guidelines,			
Fee Schedu	les and MPNs (2004)			
	UR/ACOEM FN/AIPNS			
Access "Crisis"	& Market Forces			
• 1,100 MPN app	plications approved (DWC, March 2006)			
Sizes range from boutique (<1k providers) to large (>70k providers)				
All meet DWC access standards				
Professional fee often below fee schedule				
Litigation by physicians to join networks				
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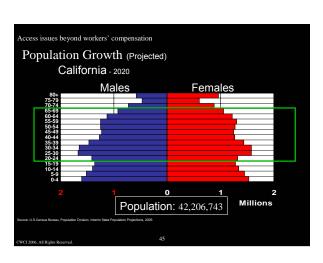


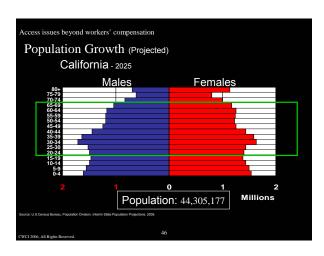


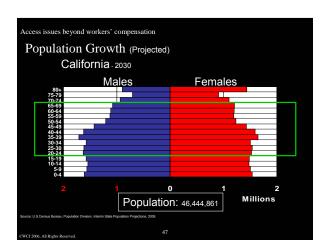


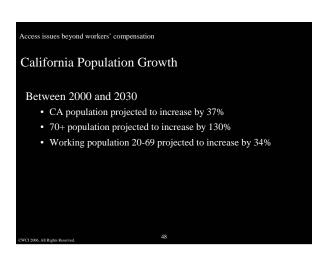












Access issues beyond workers' compensation Supply of Medical Services	
National health issues	
Increasing number of uninsured	-
Strategic planning in era of uncertain funding	
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Access issues beyond workers' compensation	
Supply of Medical Services	
National leads issues • Increasing member of uninsured • Strategic planning in our of uncertain funding	
Medical Supply "Pipeline" (Coffman, et al., 2004)	
• 92% increase in physicians inventory between 1978 and 2002	
• Rapidly increasing 65+ yr old MDs; declining <40 yr old MDs	
• Inadequate distribution of MDs throughout state	
Static medical school graduates	
No correlation between HMO/MC plans & MDs leaving system	
Decreasing inventory of specialists	
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California Workers' Compensation Reform & Access to Medical Care	
Conclusion	
Limitations of access studies	
 Anecdotes 	
SurveysData	
2. Future national and statewide access issues	
3. Common unilateral proposals to "fix" workers' comp access:	
 Raise reimbursement levels Reduce UR/administrative requirements 	
"Mandatory" availability	
4. No clear evidence of access crisis to date	
More study is needed	
CWC12006 All Pichte Paramed 51	

California Workers' Comp Reform & Access to Medical Care A Research Update On California Workers' Compensation Reform August 16, 2006 Alex Swedlow Executive Vice President, Research California Workers' Compensation Institute www.cwci.org