Intermediate Track III WC Case Study

2011 CLRS September 15-16, 2011 Las Vegas, Ne

WC Insurance Company is a small, stock insurance company that has been insuring businesses against Workers' Compensation exposures for over 15 years. Management of the company has been relatively stable over the years and the company has seen moderate, prudent growth.

The insurance department of the company's state of domicile arrived at the company in June 2011 in order to perform its review of statutory financial condition as of December 31, 2010. Its financial examiners began their review of loss reserves by requesting actuarial data triangles of incurred and paid losses as of December 31, 2010. These were provided by the Chief Financial Officer, after being prepared by the company's financial reporting department.

You are a recent Associate in the Casualty Actuarial Society and were hired by the Chief Financial Officer in late July to create a small actuarial department at WCIC. The company has been using actuarial consultants for the past few years to fulfill reserve certification requirements; but the CFO has decided that this approach has become too expensive.

Your first assignment at WCIC is to follow the progress of the insurance department's review, answer questions and provide any additional data they request, as well as compile additional data and information you think will be necessary to your department in order to estimate reserves in the future.

The insurance department examiners presented you with the results of their review in early August. Their analysis indicated that the company booked a rather large reserve deficiency (15%) in this coverage.

Workers Compensation - Loss Data (\$000)

					Paid L	osses.				
				Е	valuation A	ge in Month	ns			
	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	580	1,423	1,635	1,764	1,813	1,873	1,908	1,937	1,969	1,991
2002	743	1,656	1,907	2,045	2,100	2,171	2,214	2,246	2,279	
2003	967	2,087	2,398	2,610	2,680	2,756	2,816	2,854		
2004	1,121	2,600	3,041	3,299	3,398	3,506	3,575			
2005	1,531	3,306	3,892	4,197	4,337	4,456				
2006	1,958	4,200	4,892	5,325	5,499					
2007	2,266	4,872	5,697	6,171						
2008	2,608	5,618	6,604							
2009	3,270	7,238								
2010	4,001									

		Incurred Losses										
Accident				E	valuation A	ge in Month	าร					
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120		
2001	1,222	1,847	1,959	2,023	2,061	2,081	2,097	2,112	2,167	2,174		
2002	1,278	2,128	2,263	2,331	2,378	2,403	2,423	2,497	2,504			
2003	1,682	2,709	2,879	2,961	3,022	3,054	3,158	3,175				
2004	2,213	3,484	3,669	3,767	3,843	3,999	4,017					
2005	2,859	4,390	4,645	4,799	5,060	5,083						
2006	3,524	5,591	5,912	6,316	6,430							
2007	4,232	6,497	7,197	7,305								
2008	4,529	8,023	8,293									
2009	6,794	10,151										
2010	8,590											

Workers Compensation - Loss Development Method Insurance Department Analysis

					Paid Loss D	evelopment				
Accident				E	valuation Inte	erval in Month	าร			
Year	12-24	24-36	36-48	48-60	60-72	72-84	84-96	96-108	108-120	120+
2001	2.453	1.149	1.079	1.028	1.033	1.019	1.015	1.017	1.011	
2002	2.229	1.152	1.072	1.027	1.034	1.020	1.014	1.015		
2003	2.158	1.149	1.088	1.027	1.028	1.022	1.013			
2004	2.319	1.170	1.085	1.030	1.032	1.020				
2005	2.159	1.177	1.078	1.033	1.027					
2006	2.145	1.165	1.089	1.033						
2007	2.150	1.169	1.083							
2008	2.154	1.176								
2009	2.213									
2010										
3 Yr Avg	2.173	1.170	1.083	1.032	1.029	1.020	1.014	1.016	1.011	
3 Yr Wtd	2.177	1.170	1.084	1.032	1.029	1.020	1.014	1.016	1.011	
Average	2.220	1.163	1.082	1.030	1.031	1.020	1.014	1.016	1.011	
Wtd Avg	2.194	1.167	1.083	1.031	1.030	1.020	1.014	1.016	1.011	
Select	2.195	1.170	1.085	1.033	1.030	1.020	1.015	1.015	1.010	1.12
Cumulative	3.540	1.613	1.378	1.270	1.230	1.194	1.171	1.153	1.136	1.12

Workers Compensation - Loss Development Method Insurance Department Analysis

				lr	curred Loss	Developmen	ıt			
Accident				Εν	aluation Inte	rval in Month	ıs			
Year	12-24	24-36	36-48	48-60	60-72	72-84	84-96	96-108	108-120	120+
2001	1.511	1.061	1.033	1.019	1.010	1.008	1.007	1.026	1.003	
2002	1.665	1.063	1.030	1.020	1.011	1.008	1.031	1.003		
2003	1.611	1.063	1.028	1.021	1.011	1.034	1.005			
2004	1.574	1.053	1.027	1.020	1.041	1.005				
2005	1.536	1.058	1.033	1.054	1.005					
2006	1.587	1.057	1.068	1.018						
2007	1.535	1.108	1.015							
2008	1.771	1.034								
2009	1.494									
2010										
3 Yr Avg	1.600	1.066	1.039	1.031	1.019	1.016	1.014	1.014	1.003	
3 Yr Wtd	1.586	1.064	1.038	1.030	1.018	1.015	1.014	1.013	1.003	
Average	1.587	1.062	1.033	1.025	1.015	1.014	1.014	1.014	1.003	
Wtd Avg	1.582	1.062	1.034	1.027	1.016	1.014	1.014	1.013	1.003	
Select	1.600	1.065	1.035	1.030	1.015	1.015	1.015	1.010	1.005	1.030
Cumulative	1.986	1.241	1.165	1.126	1.093	1.077	1.061	1.046	1.035	1.030

Workers Compensation - Ultimate Losses Results of Insurance Department Analysis

		Paid	Incurred	Cumulat	ive LDF's	Est. Ultima	ate Losses	Ultimate	Loss Ratio
Accident	Earned	Losses	Losses	Paid	Incurred	Paid	Incurred	Paid	Incurred
Year	Premium	@ 12/31/10	@ 12/31/10	LDM	LDM	LDM	LDM	LDM	LDM
(1)	(2)	(3) slide 6	(4) slide 6	(5) slide 7	(6) slide 8	(7)=(3)x(5)	(8)=(4)x(6)	(9)=(7)/(2)	(10)=(8)/(2)
2001	2,698	1,991	2,174	1.125	1.030	2,240	2,239	83.0%	83.0%
2002	3,029	2,279	2,504	1.136	1.035	2,590	2,592	85.5%	85.6%
2003	3,821	2,854	3,175	1.153	1.046	3,292	3,319	86.1%	86.9%
2004	4,883	3,575	4,017	1.171	1.061	4,185	4,263	85.7%	87.3%
2005	5,981	4,456	5,083	1.194	1.077	5,320	5,475	89.0%	91.5%
2006	7,588	5,499	6,430	1.230	1.093	6,763	7,030	89.1%	92.6%
2007	8,981	6,171	7,305	1.270	1.126	7,840	8,226	87.3%	91.6%
2008	10,725	6,604	8,293	1.378	1.165	9,103	9,665	84.9%	90.1%
2009	14,171	7,238	10,151	1.613	1.241	11,673	12,600	82.4%	88.9%
2010	17,881	4,001	8,590	3.540	1.986	14,163	17,059	79.2%	95.4%
Total	79,758	44,668	57,722			67,168	72,468	84.2%	90.9%

(11)	Insurance Department Selected Ultimate Losses (average of (7)&(8))	69,818	
(12)	Indicated Loss Reserve Need at 12/31/10 ((11) - (3))	25,150	
(13)	Company Booked Reserves at 12/31/10	21,389	
(14)	Insurance Department Indicated Redundancy/(Deficiency) ((13) - (12))	-3,761	-15.0%

You know that this large difference will necessitate that you do your own actuarial review, so you begin immediately. You decide to meet with the actuarial consulting firm which signed the current Statement of Actuarial Opinion and then immediately follow up with some interviews of key people in the underwriting and claims departments. Finally, you decide to take a look at the data yourself. You hope that the data processing department will be able to quickly compile some additional information on claim counts and exposures that you think will be helpful....

Actuarial Consultants

- 1. The company has very qualified management and has been fairly stable over time.
- 2. Except for the last couple of years, estimating reserves has always been relatively straightforward. Recently, the incurred and paid loss development methods have begun to diverge.
- 3. The consultants have moved more toward believing the paid loss development estimates, because they suspect a change in case reserve adequacy. The company's booked reserves at year-end were based on the consultant's recommendations.

Claims Vice President

- 1. Claims management has been relatively stable over the past several years. Staffing has been able to keep up with claim volumes.
- 2. No specific problems come to mind in the handling of claims. Claim sizes continue to go "through the roof," especially in medical coverages. Historically, it has been difficult to keep up with the increasing claim sizes.
- 3. The VP implemented a claim training program in late 2008. It focuses on pension-type (long-term) cases. The main thrust of training was to be better able to take inflation into account when setting case reserves for long-term cases. Both indemnity, but especially medical, reserves have been chronically under-reserved in the past.

Underwriting Vice President

- 1. The volume of the company's business has grown, but nothing too dramatic. It made a "mild" marketing push in the late 1990's, and started another one about 18 months ago. Most of the effort was geared toward referrals from existing customers, so she finds it unlikely that the character of the overall business has changed very much.
- 2. Underwriting guidelines and training have remained relatively stable over the last several years. She would characterize the underwriting philosophy as "conservative".
- 3. Rates have been changed every year to keep up with inflation. Inflation in medical coverage has been atrocious, however, and sometimes hard to keep up with. The company generally follows the rating bureau's rating plan, but has actuarial consultants look over the plan changes every year to make sure the company is following a reasonable path.

Workers Compensation - Claim Count Data

					Reported C	laim Counts	5						
Accident		Evaluation Age in Months											
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120			
2001	4,233	4,874	4,940	4,979	5,002	5,017	5,026	5,035	5,044	5,050			
2002	4,208	4,880	4,958	4,995	5,023	5,039	5,049	5,059	5,070				
2003	4,728	5,405	5,487	5,530	5,554	5,570	5,581	5,593					
2004	5,223	5,983	6,063	6,109	6,138	6,158	6,171						
2005	5,777	6,604	6,696	6,751	6,787	6,809							
2006	6,249	7,282	7,402	7,463	7,505								
2007	6,378	7,324	7,447	7,505									
2008	6,358	7,364	7,482										
2009	7,067	8,149											
2010	7,834												

					Closed Cla	aim Counts				
				E	valuation A	ge in Month	ns			
	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	2,623	4,126	4,467	4,665	4,742	4,818	4,864	4,906	4,942	4,965
2002	2,646	4,195	4,531	4,701	4,768	4,843	4,888	4,927	4,965	
2003	2,866	4,640	4,993	5,191	5,264	5,352	5,404	5,445		
2004	3,219	5,147	5,522	5,757	5,836	5,917	5,972			
2005	3,447	5,644	6,113	6,337	6,439	6,537				
2006	3,901	6,229	6,752	7,023	7,119					
2007	3,943	6,342	6,807	7,049						
2008	3,714	6,355	6,812							
2009	4,087	6,973								
2010	4,672									

Workers Compensation - Reported Claim Counts Your Analysis

				Repo	rted Claim C	ount Develor	oment			
Accident				E	valuation Inte	erval in Mont	hs			
Year	12-24	24-36	36-48	48-60	60-72	72-84	84-96	96-108	108-120	120+
2001	1.151	1.014	1.008	1.005	1.003	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.001	
2002	1.160	1.016	1.007	1.006	1.003	1.002	1.002	1.002		
2003	1.143	1.015	1.008	1.004	1.003	1.002	1.002			
2004	1.146	1.013	1.008	1.005	1.003	1.002				
2005	1.143	1.014	1.008	1.005	1.003					
2006	1.165	1.016	1.008	1.006						
2007	1.148	1.017	1.008							
2008	1.158	1.016								
2009	1.153									
2010										
3 Yr Avg	1.153	1.016	1.008	1.005	1.003	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.001	
3 Yr Wtd	1.153	1.016	1.008	1.005	1.003	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.001	
Average	1.152	1.015	1.008	1.005	1.003	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.001	
Wtd Avg	1.152	1.015	1.008	1.005	1.003	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.001	
Select	1.153	1.015	1.008	1.005	1.003	1.002	1.002	1.002	1.001	1.00
Cumulative	1.203	1.044	1.028	1.020	1.015	1.012	1.010	1.008	1.006	1.00

Workers Compensation - Ultimate Claims Your Analysis

	Reported	Cumulative	Claims	Estimated	Est. Ult.
Accident	Claims	Reported	Developed	Exposures	Claim
Year	@ 12/31/10	Dev. Factor	to Ultimate	(\$100 Payroll)	Frequency
(1)	(2) slide 14	(3) slide 15	(4)=(2)x(3)	(5)	(6)=(4)/(5)
2001	5,050	1.005	5,075	1,859,000	0.273%
2002	5,070	1.006	5,100	1,865,000	0.273%
2003	5,593	1.008	5,638	2,046,000	0.276%
2004	6,171	1.010	6,233	2,232,000	0.279%
2005	6,809	1.012	6,891	2,436,000	0.283%
2006	7,505	1.015	7,618	2,667,000	0.286%
2007	7,505	1.020	7,656	2,647,000	0.289%
2008	7,482	1.028	7,694	2,648,000	0.291%
2009	8,149	1.044	8,506	2,912,000	0.292%
2010	7,834	1.203	9,428	3,220,000	0.293%

Note: Column (5) may be adjusted for wage trend to the current level.

Workers Compensation - Diagnostics Claim Closing Pattern

Accident				Ev	aluation A	ge in Mont	ths			
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	51.7%	81.3%	88.0%	91.9%	93.4%	94.9%	95.8%	96.7%	97.4%	97.8%
2002	51.9%	82.2%	88.8%	92.2%	93.5%	95.0%	95.8%	96.6%	97.3%	
2003	50.8%	82.3%	88.6%	92.1%	93.4%	94.9%	95.9%	96.6%		
2004	51.6%	82.6%	88.6%	92.4%	93.6%	94.9%	95.8%			
2005	50.0%	81.9%	88.7%	92.0%	93.4%	94.9%				
2006	51.2%	81.8%	88.6%	92.2%	93.4%					
2007	51.5%	82.8%	88.9%	92.1%						
2008	48.3%	82.6%	88.5%							
2009	48.1%	82.0%								
2010	49.6%									
Average	50.5%	82.2%	88.6%	92.1%	93.5%	94.9%	95.8%	96.6%	97.4%	97.8%

Closed Claims (slide 14) / Ultimate Claims (slide 16)

Workers Compensation - Diagnostics Paid Loss to Incurred Loss Ratio

Accident				Ev	aluation A	ge in Mont	ths			
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	47.5%	77.0%	83.5%	87.2%	88.0%	90.0%	91.0%	91.7%	90.9%	91.6%
2002	58.1%	77.8%	84.3%	87.7%	88.3%	90.3%	91.4%	89.9%	91.0%	
2003	57.5%	77.0%	83.3%	88.1%	88.7%	90.2%	89.2%	89.9%		
2004	50.7%	74.6%	82.9%	87.6%	88.4%	87.7%	89.0%			
2005	53.6%	75.3%	83.8%	87.5%	85.7%	87.7%				
2006	55.6%	75.1%	82.7%	84.3%	85.5%					
2007	53.5%	75.0%	79.2%	84.5%						
2008	57.6%	70.0%	79.6%							
2009	48.1%	71.3%								
2010	46.6%									

Paid Loss (slide 6) / Incurred Loss (slide 6)

Workers Compensation - Diagnostics Average Claim Size

		Average Inc	curred Claim	n Size [Inc	urred Loss	(slide 6) / R	Reported Cla	aims (slide	14) * 1000]	
Accident				E	valuation A	ge in Month	าร			
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	289	379	397	406	412	415	417	419	430	430
2002	304	436	456	467	473	477	480	494	494	
2003	356	501	525	535	544	548	566	568		
2004	424	582	605	617	626	649	651			
2005	495	665	694	711	746	747				
2006	564	768	799	846	857					
2007	664	887	966	973						
2008	712	1,089	1,108							
2009	961	1,246								
2010	1,097									

		Averag	e Paid Cla	im Size [Pa	aid Loss (sl	ide 6) / Clos	sed Claims	(slide 14) *	1000]	
				E	valuation A	ge in Month	ns			
	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	221	345	366	378	382	389	392	395	398	401
2002	281	395	421	435	440	448	453	456	459	
2003	337	450	480	503	509	515	521	524		
2004	348	505	551	573	582	593	599			
2005	444	586	637	662	674	682				
2006	502	674	725	758	772					
2007	575	768	837	875						
2008	702	884	969							
2009	800	1,038								
2010	856									

Workers Compensation - Diagnostics Average Claim Size

			Avera	age Case R	eserve (Cas	se Reserves	/ Open Cl	aims)		
Accident				Е	valuation A	ge in Month	IS			
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	399	567	685	825	954	1,045	1,167	1,357	1,941	2,153
2002	343	689	834	973	1,090	1,184	1,298	1,902	2,143	
2003	384	813	974	1,035	1,179	1,367	1,932	2,169		
2004	545	1,057	1,161	1,330	1,474	2,046	2,221			
2005	570	1,129	1,292	1,454	2,078	2,305				
2006	667	1,321	1,569	2,252	2,412					
2007	807	1,655	2,344	2,487						
2008	727	2,384	2,521							
2009	1,183	2,477								
2010	1,451									

Average Case Reserve = (Incurred Loss - Paid Loss) / (Reported Claims - Closed Claims)

(slide 6) (slide 14)

Workers Compensation - Your Analysis Berquist/Sherman Adjustment for Case Reserve Strengthening

			Aver	age Case F	Reserve Tre	nd (slide 20) year over y	year)					
Change over		Evaluation Age in Months											
prior AY	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120			
2002	-14%	22%	22%	18%	14%	13%	11%	40%	10%				
2003	12%	18%	17%	6%	8%	15%	49%	14%					
2004	42%	30%	19%	28%	25%	50%	15%						
2005	5%	7%	11%	9%	41%	13%							
2006	17%	17%	21%	55%	16%								
2007	21%	25%	49%	10%									
2008	-10%	44%	8%										
2009	63%	4%											
2010	23%												
Selected	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%				

	Adju	sted Averaç	e Case Re	serve (2000	Actual Ave	erage Case	Reserve (s	lide 20) Det	rended by	15%)
Accident				E	valuation A	ge in Month	ns			
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	413	810	948	1,075	1,199	1,318	1,460	1,640	1,863	2,153
2002	474	931	1,090	1,236	1,379	1,516	1,679	1,886	2,143	
2003	546	1,071	1,253	1,422	1,586	1,743	1,931	2,169		
2004	627	1,232	1,441	1,635	1,824	2,004	2,221			
2005	722	1,416	1,658	1,880	2,097	2,305				
2006	830	1,629	1,906	2,162	2,412					
2007	954	1,873	2,192	2,487						
2008	1,097	2,154	2,521							
2009	1,262	2,477			- 1873 =					
2010	1,451				2,477 x	$(1.15)^{-2}$				

Workers Compensation - Your Analysis
Berquist/Sherman Adjustment for Case Reserve Strengthening

	Adjust	ed Case Re	serves [Adj	usted Avera	age Case F	Reserve (sli	de 21) * Op	en Claims ((slide 14)]	(000's)
Accident				E۱	aluation A	ge in Month	าร			
Year	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	664	606	448	338	312	262	237	212	190	183
2002	741	638	465	364	352	297	270	249	225	
2003	1,016	819	619	482	460	380	342	321		
2004	1,257	1,030	780	576	551	483	442			
2005	1,681	1,360	966	778	730	627				
2006	1,948	1,715	1,239	951	931					
2007	2,324	1,839	1.403	1,134						
2008	2,901	2,173	1,689			Example:	1,839 = 1,8	73 x (7,324	- 6,342) /	1,000
2009	3,761	2,913								
2010	4,589									

	Д	djusted Inc	urred Losse	es [Actual F	Paid Losses	s (slide 6) +	Adjusted	Case Reser	ves] (000's	s)
				E	valuation A	ge in Month	ns			
	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120
2001	1,244	2,029	2,083	2,102	2,125	2,135	2,145	2,149	2,159	2,174
2002	1,484	2,294	2,372	2,409	2,452	2,468	2,484	2,495	2,504	
2003	1,983	2,906	3,017	3,092	3,140	3,136	3,158	3,175		
2004	2,378	3,630	3,821	3,875	3,949	3,989	4,017			
2005	3,212	4,666	4,858	4,975	5,067	5,083				
2006	3,906	5,915	6,131	6,276	6,430					
2007	4,590	6,711	7,100	7,305						
2008	5,509	7,791	8,293			Example:	6,711 = 4,	872 + 1,839		
2009	7,031	10,151								
2010	8,590									

Workers Compensation - Your Analysis Adjusted Incurred Loss Development

				Adjusted In	ncurred Loss	Developmer	nt (slide 22)			
Accident				Е	valuation Inte	erval in Mont	ns			
Year	12-24	24-36	36-48	48-60	60-72	72-84	84-96	96-108	108-120	120+
2001	1.631	1.027	1.009	1.011	1.005	1.004	1.002	1.005	1.007	
2002	1.546	1.034	1.015	1.018	1.007	1.007	1.004	1.004		
2003	1.466	1.038	1.025	1.015	0.999	1.007	1.005			
2004	1.526	1.053	1.014	1.019	1.010	1.007				
2005	1.452	1.041	1.024	1.018	1.003					
2006	1.514	1.037	1.024	1.024						
2007	1.462	1.058	1.029							
2008	1.414	1.064								
2009	1.444									
2010										
3 Yr Avg	1.440	1.053	1.026	1.021	1.004	1.007	1.004	1.004	1.007	
3 Yr Wtd	1.439	1.054	1.026	1.021	1.004	1.007	1.004	1.004	1.007	
Average	1.495	1.044	1.020	1.018	1.005	1.006	1.004	1.004	1.007	
Wtd Avg	1.471	1.048	1.022	1.019	1.005	1.006	1.004	1.004	1.007	
Select	1.455	1.050	1.025	1.020	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.005	1.012
Cumulative	1.657	1.139	1.085	1.058	1.038	1.032	1.027	1.022	1.017	1.012

Workers Compensation - Ultimate Losses Results of Your Analysis

(Dollars in Thousands)

		Paid	Incurred	Cumulat	ive LDF's	Est. Ultima	ate Losses	Ultimate	Loss Ratio
Accident	Earned	Losses	Losses	Paid	Incurred	Paid	Incurred	Paid	Incurred
Year	Premium	@ 12/31/10	@ 12/31/10	LDM	LDM	LDM	LDM	LDM	LDM
(1)	(2)	(3) slide 6	(4) slide 6	(5) slide 7	(6) slide 23	(7)=(3)x(5)	(8)=(4)x(6)	(9)=(7)/(2)	(10)=(8)/(2)
2001	2,698	1,991	2,174	1.125	1.012	2,240	2,200	83.0%	81.5%
2002	3,029	2,279	2,504	1.136	1.017	2,590	2,547	85.5%	84.1%
2003	3,821	2,854	3,175	1.153	1.022	3,292	3,245	86.1%	84.9%
2004	4,883	3,575	4,017	1.171	1.027	4,185	4,126	85.7%	84.5%
2005	5,981	4,456	5,083	1.194	1.032	5,320	5,248	89.0%	87.7%
2006	7,588	5,499	6,430	1.230	1.038	6,763	6,671	89.1%	87.9%
2007	8,981	6,171	7,305	1.270	1.058	7,840	7,731	87.3%	86.1%
2008	10,725	6,604	8,293	1.378	1.085	9,103	8,996	84.9%	83.9%
2009	14,171	7,238	10,151	1.613	1.139	11,673	11,562	82.4%	81.6%
2010	17,881	4,001	8,590	3.540	1.657	14,163	14,236	79.2%	79.6%
Total	79,758	44,668	57,722			67,168	66,562	84.2%	83.5%

The totals of columns (7) and (8) are much closer now

You decide to try the Bornhuetter-Ferguson Technique on all accident years as an alternative projection method.

Workers Compensation - Ultimate Losses Results of Your Analysis - Paid Bornhuetter-Ferguson

		Initial		Cumulative			Actual	Estimated	Ultimate
Accident	Earned	Expected	Expected	Paid	%	\$	Paid	Ultimate	Losses
Year	Premium	Loss Ratio	Losses	LDF	Unpaid	Unpaid	@ 12/31/10	Losses	Ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)=(2)x(3)	(5) slide 7	(6)=1-1/(5)	(7)=(4)x(6)	(8) slide 6	(9)=(7)+(8)	(10)=(9)/(2)
2001	2,698	84.0%	2,266	1.125	11.1%	252	1,991	2,243	83.1%
2002	3,029	84.0%	2,544	1.136	12.0%	305	2,279	2,584	85.3%
2003	3,821	84.0%	3,210	1.153	13.3%	427	2,854	3,281	85.9%
2004	4,883	84.0%	4,102	1.171	14.6%	598	3,575	4,173	85.5%
2005	5,981	84.0%	5,024	1.194	16.2%	816	4,456	5,272	88.2%
2006	7,588	84.0%	6,374	1.230	18.7%	1,191	5,499	6,690	88.2%
2007	8,981	84.0%	7,544	1.270	21.3%	1,606	6,171	7,777	86.6%
2008	10,725	84.0%	9,009	1.378	27.5%	2,473	6,604	9,077	84.6%
2009	14,171	84.0%	11,904	1.613	38.0%	4,523	7,238	11,761	83.0%
2010	17,881	84.0%	15,020	3.540	71.8%	10,777	4,001	14,778	82.6%
Total	79,758		66,997			22,967	44,668	67,635	

Workers Compensation - Ultimate Losses Results of Your Analysis - Incurred Bornhuetter-Ferguson

		Initial		Cumulative			Actual	Estimated	Ultimate
Accident	Earned	Expected	Expected	Incurred	%	\$	Incurred	Ultimate	Losses
Year	Premium	Loss Ratio	Losses	LDF	Unreported	Unreported	@ 12/31/10	Losses	Ratio
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)=(2)x(3)	(5) slide 23	(6)=1-1/(5)	$(7)=(4)\times(6)$	(8) slide 6	(9)=(7)+(8)	(10)=(9)/(2)
2001	2,698	84.0%	2,266	1.012	1.2%	27	2,174	2,201	81.6%
2002	3,029	84.0%	2,544	1.017	1.7%	43	2,504	2,547	84.1%
2003	3,821	84.0%	3,210	1.022	2.2%	70	3,175	3,245	84.9%
2004	4,883	84.0%	4,102	1.027	2.7%	109	4,017	4,126	84.5%
2005	5,981	84.0%	5,024	1.032	3.1%	158	5,083	5,241	87.6%
2006	7,588	84.0%	6,374	1.038	3.6%	231	6,430	6,661	87.8%
2007	8,981	84.0%	7,544	1.058	5.5%	416	7,305	7,721	86.0%
2008	10,725	84.0%	9,009	1.085	7.8%	704	8,293	8,997	83.9%
2009	14,171	84.0%	11,904	1.139	12.2%	1,453	10,151	11,604	81.9%
2010	17,881	84.0%	15,020	1.657	39.7%	5,957	8,590	14,547	81.4%
Total	79,758		66,997			9,165	57,722	66,887	

Workers Compensation - Ultimate Losses Results of Your Analysis

		Paid	Incurred	Paid	Incurred	Paid	Incurred	
Accident	Earned	Losses	Losses	Loss Dev.	Berquist-	Bornhuetter-	Bornhuetter-	Selected
Year	Premium	@ 12/31/10	@ 12/31/10	Method	Sherman	Ferguson	Ferguson	Ultimate
(1)	(2)	(3) slide 6	(4) slide 6	(5) slide 24	(6) slide 24	(7) slide 25	(8) slide 26	(9)=average
2001	2,698	1,991	2,174	2,240	2,200	2,243	2,201	2,221
2002	3,029	2,279	2,504	2,590	2,547	2,584	2,547	2,567
2003	3,821	2,854	3,175	3,292	3,245	3,281	3,245	3,265
2004	4,883	3,575	4,017	4,185	4,126	4,173	4,126	4,152
2005	5,981	4,456	5,083	5,320	5,248	5,272	5,241	5,270
2006	7,588	5,499	6,430	6,763	6,671	6,690	6,661	6,696
2007	8,981	6,171	7,305	7,840	7,731	7,777	7,721	7,767
2008	10,725	6,604	8,293	9,103	8,996	9,077	8,997	9,043
2009	14,171	7,238	10,151	11,673	11,562	11,761	11,604	11,650
2010	17,881	4,001	8,590	14,163	14,236	14,778	14,547	14,431
Total	79,758	44,668	57,722	67,168	66,562	67,635	66,887	67,063

(10)	Your Selected Ultimate Loss Amount	67,063	
(11)	Indicated Loss Reserve Need ((10) - (3))	22,395	
(12)	Company Booked Reserves	21,389	
(13)	Your Indicated Redundancy/(Deficiency) ((12) - (11))	(1,006)	-4.5%

Summary

Don't just do it - think about it!

• Don't just crank out the numbers - talk to the people who are involved in producing the numbers.

 Better analysis is the product of communication among multiple operating units.