CLRS 2013 CLFM Estimates

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Agenda

- CLFM and the R ChainLadder package
 - Finding the selection-consistent model
 - Graphing the link ratio function
 - A look at two diagnostic plots
 Calculating IBNR and standard errors
 - Visualizing the estimated distribution of the predicted IBNR outcomes
- California Workers Comp data
- Questions for discussion

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- ChainLadder (https://code.google.com/p/chainladder/)
 - A library of functions (a "package") for the R statistical environment (www.r-project.org) Primarily targeted toward stochastic reserving
 - Originated and maintained by Markus Gesmann of Lloyds
 - Other contributing authors: Wayne Zhang and yours truly
 Distributed under the GPL (General Public License)
 - Therefore, open-source, free to download, use, copy, modify, etc.
 - Markus programmed the Mack method using linear regression models on the development periods
 - He used Barnett & Zehnwirth's ("Best Estimates for Reserves") delta (δ) notation for weighting the observations • So CLFM's α = Barnett & Zehnwirth's δ
 - He used Mack's recursive formula (1999 paper) to chain the standard error statistics together
 Mack's formulas use alpha (2-8) for weighting the observations

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Possible questions for discussion

- Under what circumstances might it be reasonable to expect the standard error of cumulative developed losses to be inversely proportional to the beginning value of loss (α<0)?
- 2. What is the difference between the Chain Ladder method and the Loss Development method?
- 3. [per 2nd post on slide 1] Is it appropriate to carry out the England and Verrall bootstrap method given a triangle and an arbitrary set of selected link ratios? Why or why not?

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