

Mortgage Insurance Loss Reserving 101

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Overview

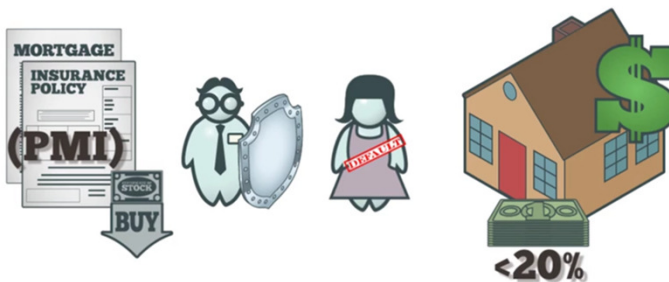
- ▶ What is Mortgage Insurance (MI)?
- ▶ MI Loss Reserving



What Is Mortgage Insurance?



What is Mortgage Insurance?

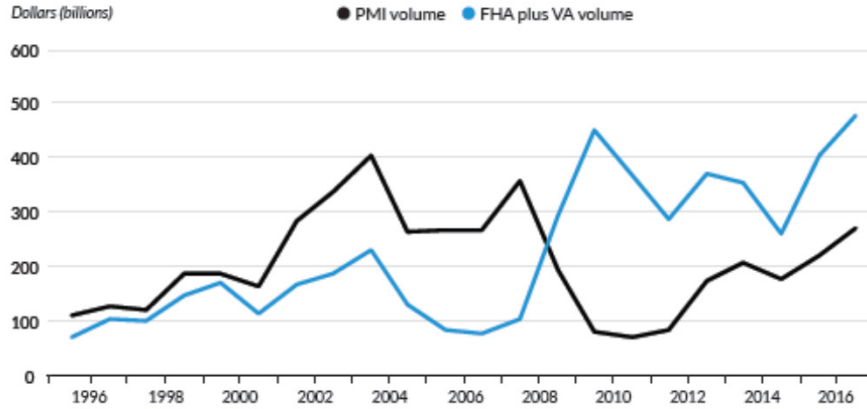


Source: www.usmi.org

What is Mortgage Insurance? (cont.)

▶ Government v Private

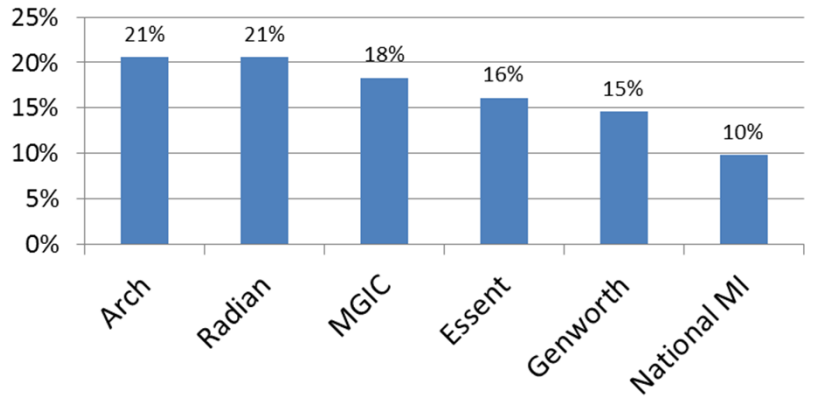
Annual Mortgage Insurance Volume: PMI versus FHA/VA



Source: Urban Institute

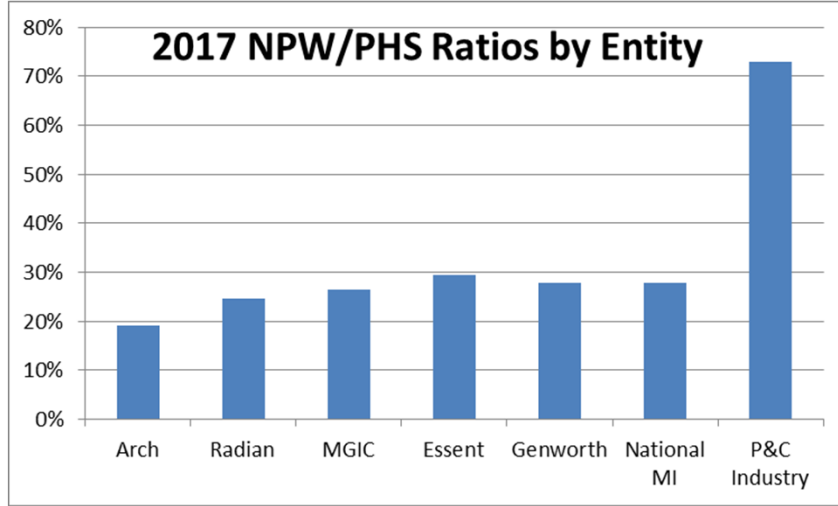
What is Mortgage Insurance? (cont.)

2017 PMI Market Share



Source: National Mortgage News

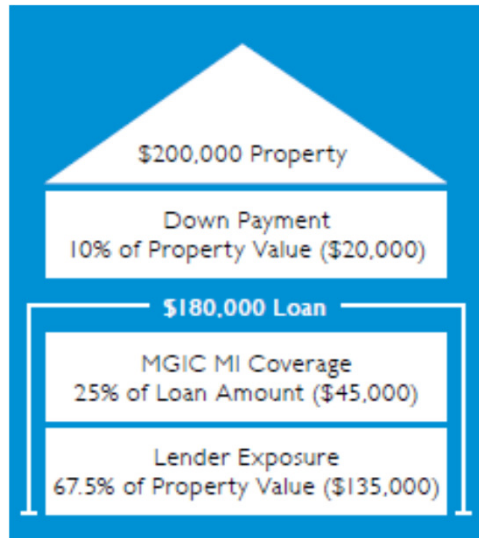
What is Mortgage Insurance? (cont.)



The Actuarial Advantage, Inc.
TAA

What is Mortgage Insurance? (cont.)

► Coverage



The Actuarial Advantage, Inc.
TAA

Source: MGIC

What is Mortgage Insurance? (cont.)

▶ Premium

- ▶ Premium plan, mortgage program, loan term, loan to value, coverage, loan amount, borrower credit score, risk adjustments
- ▶ $BPMI \text{ Premium} = \text{Rate} / 12 * \text{Original Loan Amount}$
Amortization term > 20years | Non-refundable

Fixed (FIXED PAYMENTS FOR ≥ 5 YEARS)*									
LTV	Coverage	760+	740-759	720-739	700-719	680-699	660-679	640-659	620-639
97% -95.01%	35%	.58%	.70%	.87%	.99%	1.21%	1.54%	1.65%	1.86%
	25	.46	.58	.70	.79	.98	1.23	1.31	1.50
	18	.39	.51	.61	.68	.85	1.05	1.17	1.27
95% -90.01%	30	.38	.53	.66	.78	.96	1.28	1.33	1.42
	25	.34	.48	.59	.68	.87	1.11	1.19	1.25
	16	.30	.40	.48	.58	.72	.95	1.04	1.13
90% -85.01%	25	.28	.38	.46	.55	.65	.90	.91	.94
	12	.22	.27	.32	.39	.46	.62	.65	.73
	85% & Below	6	.17	.19	.22	.24	.27	.37	.39



What is Mortgage Insurance? (cont.)

▶ Claim Settlement

- ▶ Two basic options
 - ▶ $\text{Payment} = \text{Calculated Loss} * \text{Coverage}$, or
 - ▶ $\text{Payment} = \text{Calculated Loss} - \text{Net Proceeds}$
- ▶ $\text{Calculated Loss} = \text{unpaid balance} + \text{unpaid interest} + \text{expenses}$

▶ Cancellation

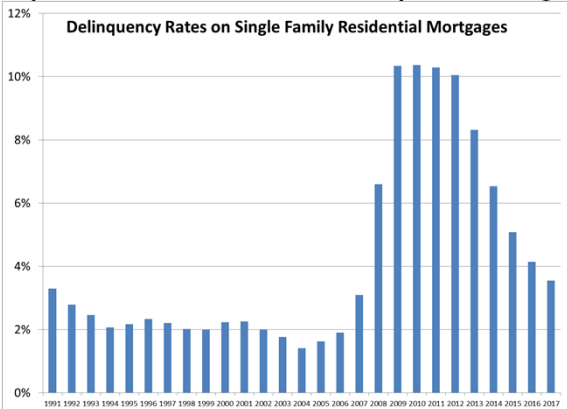


MI Loss Reserving




MI Loss Reserving

- ▶ Loss reserve – expected loss for only **delinquent** loans
- ▶ MI loss reserves do not reflect expected losses on currently insured loans which are performing

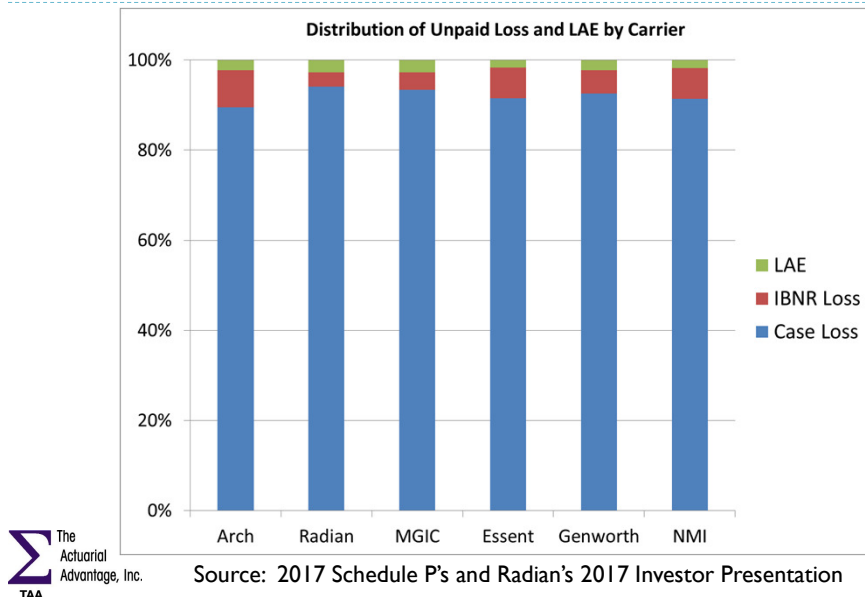


Year	Delinquency Rate (%)
1991	3.2
1992	2.8
1993	2.5
1994	2.2
1995	2.1
1996	2.3
1997	2.1
1998	2.0
1999	2.0
2000	2.2
2001	2.3
2002	2.0
2003	1.8
2004	1.5
2005	1.8
2006	3.0
2007	6.5
2008	10.2
2009	10.5
2010	10.3
2011	10.1
2012	10.0
2013	8.5
2014	6.5
2015	5.0
2016	4.0
2017	3.5

Source: Fed Reserve Bank of St Louis



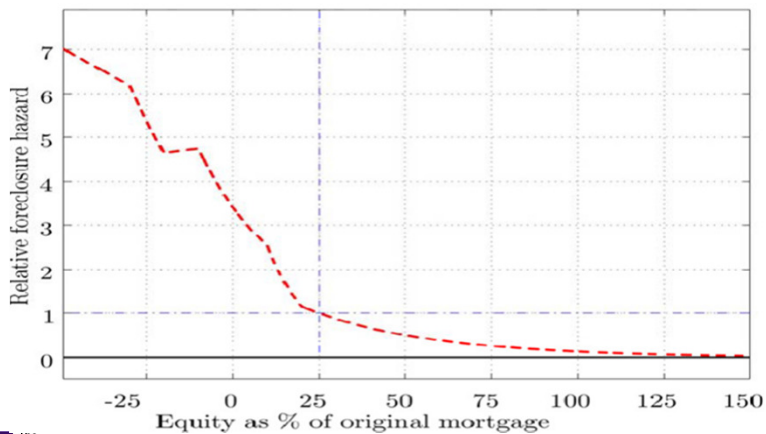
MI Loss Reserving (cont.)



MI Loss Reserving (cont.)

- ▶ Not ideally suited to traditional reserving methods

Estimated Effect of Equity on Default



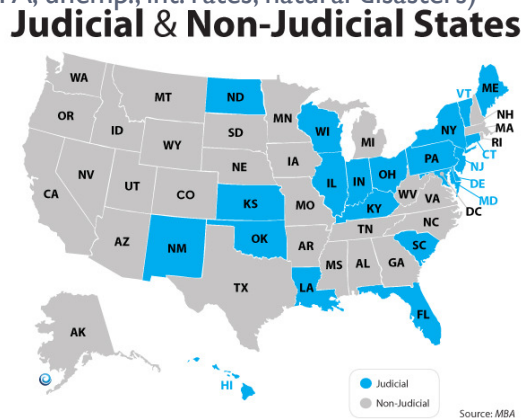
MI Loss Reserving (cont.)

- ▶ **Case Loss Reserve Approach**
 - ▶ $\text{Freq/Sev } E(L) = \text{Pr}(\text{Claim} | \text{Delinquent}) * E(\text{Loss} | \text{Claim})$
 - ▶ Aggregate development methods(?)
- ▶ **IBNR Loss Reserve Approach**
 - ▶ Freq/Sev
 - ▶ IBNR/Case
- ▶ **LAE Reserve Approach**
 - ▶ Similar to case loss
 - ▶ LAE/Loss



MI Loss Reserving (cont.)

- ▶ **Reserving Risk Factors**
 - ▶ Number of missed payments (Delinquency Status)
 - ▶ Current Loan to Value (CLTV)
 - ▶ Economic conditions (HPA, unemp., int. rates, natural disasters)
 - ▶ Borrower ability to pay
 - ▶ State laws



MI Loss Reserving (cont.)

- ▶ **Model parameterization**
 - ▶ Frequency
 - ▶ Incremental roll rate
 - ▶ Ultimate claim resolution
 - ▶ Severity
- ▶ **Data**
 - ▶ PMI
 - ▶ External data
 - ▶ Underwriting data
 - ▶ Economic data
- ▶ **Don't forget PDR**