

# ERM & The Corporate Actuary

## Do All Roads Lead To Rome?

(One Man's Journey to Sleep At Night)

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2007 CAS Ratemaking Seminar

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Grange Mutual Insurance

Companies

# My apologies in advance:

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- Formulas will be few
- Approaches do not require excessive computations or mind numbing reasoning
- You may find some assumptions less than “precise” – please feel free to quietly debate among yourselves
- I will focus on what we’ve done, not underlying theory

# My Job:

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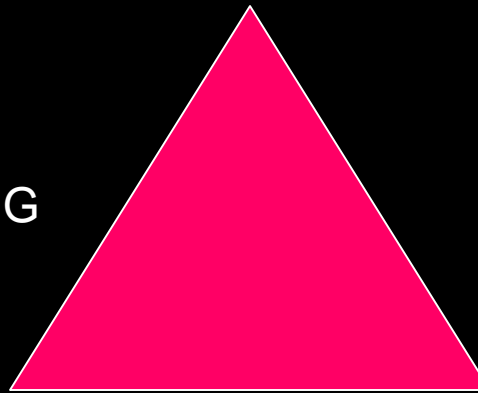
- Planning
- Pricing Oversight
- Reserving
- Strategic Planning/Evaluations
- Reinsurance
- Incentive Compensation (Management/Agents)

# The ERM Connection:

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RESERVING

PRICING



PLANNING

# Corporate Actuarial Objectives:

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- Develop sound economic risk-based analytics supporting operational and strategic planning
- Actionable Analysis is our mantra with KISS sprinkled in for good measure
- We want all management to understand the value added from insights provided

# A Little Background:

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- Joined a \$750 million company growing DWP at 15%, with an Operating Ratio over 100% the prior year, a P/S ratio over 2.25 heading toward 2.5
- Did not need to go looking for Enterprise Risk, it was pretty much on the horizon
- The Good News: Changes in organization, pricing, underwriting and other risk reduction measures were already in the works (or I would not have joined the party)

# An Observation:

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- Pricing Oversight ...in an organization of Product Managers who are pretty sure the company in Mayfield, Ohio still does not have actuaries and if they do, they are locked up in a basement somewhere to prevent harm to otherwise great plans and programs...IS DIFFICULT!

# My Boss the CFO:

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- More practical knowledge in his pinky than many have above their shoulders
- When I walked in the door, he knew we could operate as high as 104 to 105 and not lose money
- His concern: How do we support desired growth?



# My Boss the CFO:

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- He does not really like to talk about surplus allocation in mixed company...it precludes him from being able to tell you what he really thinks about it
- He likes us to book more than the actuarial point estimate for reserves...and so do I based on statistical analysis completed...as opposed to an inherent distrust of actuaries in general

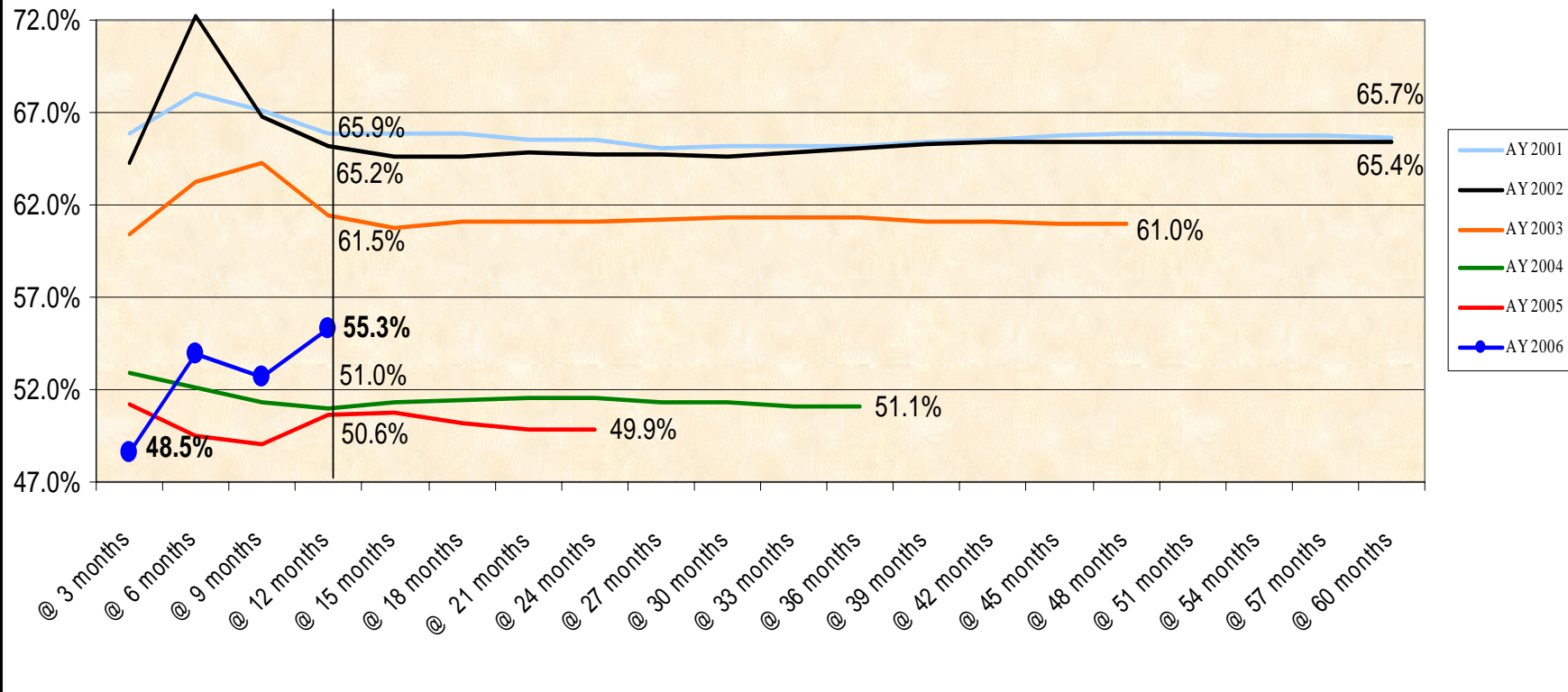
# A Reserving Aside:

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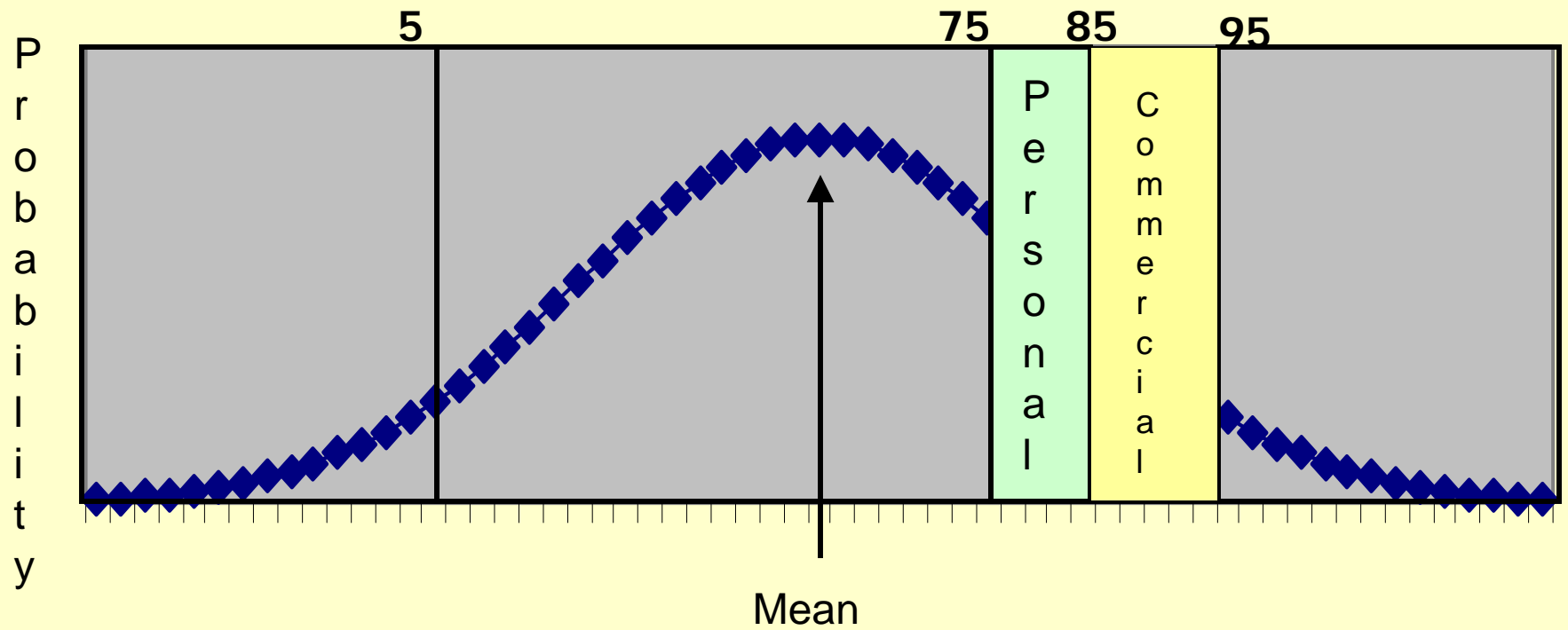
- Just how good are point estimates?
- When do we have a pretty good estimate of ultimate loss and loss expense?
- Can we help others “sleep at night”?

# All Lines Graph

All Lines Total

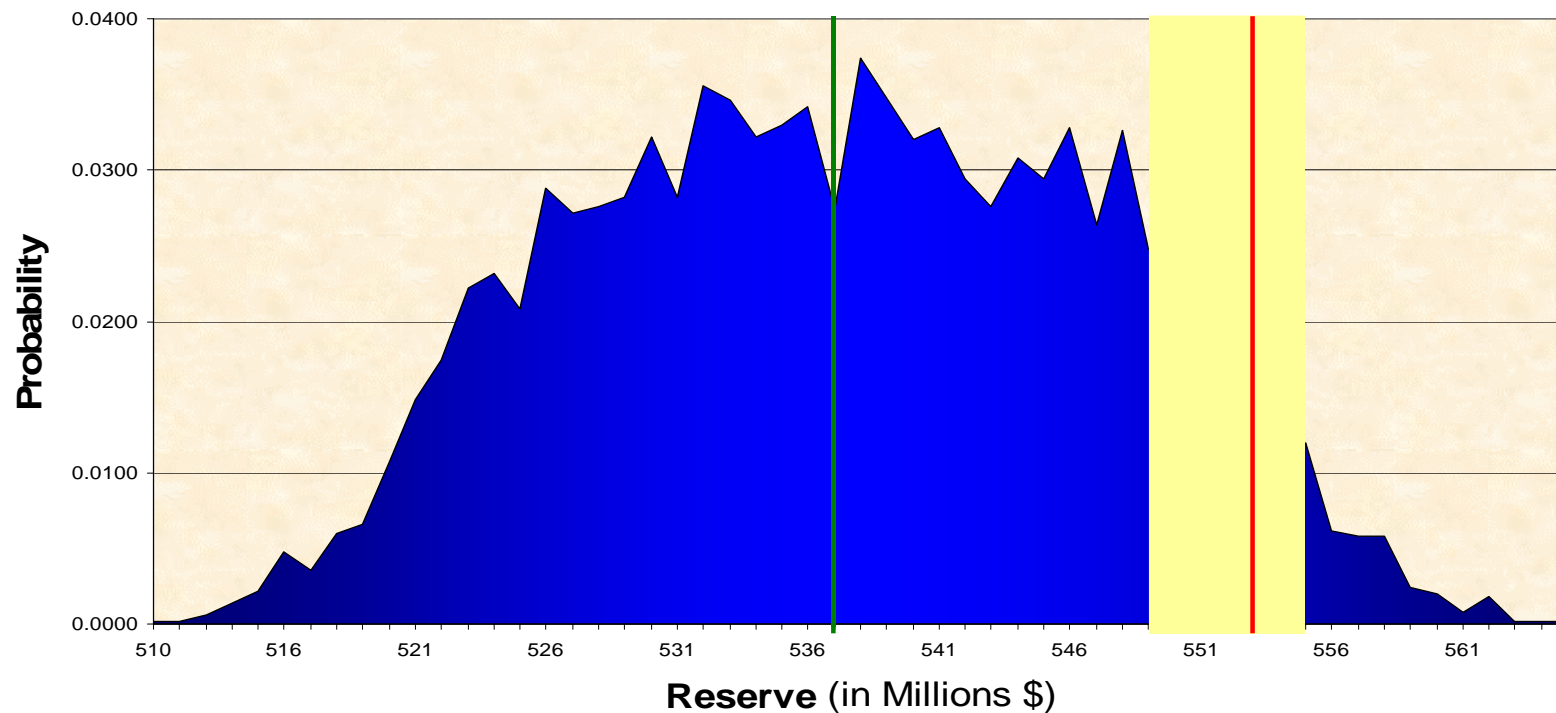


# Recommended Range



# Curt's World of Reserving

Enterprise Total Loss & LAE PDF - 12/05 Targets & 12/06 Data

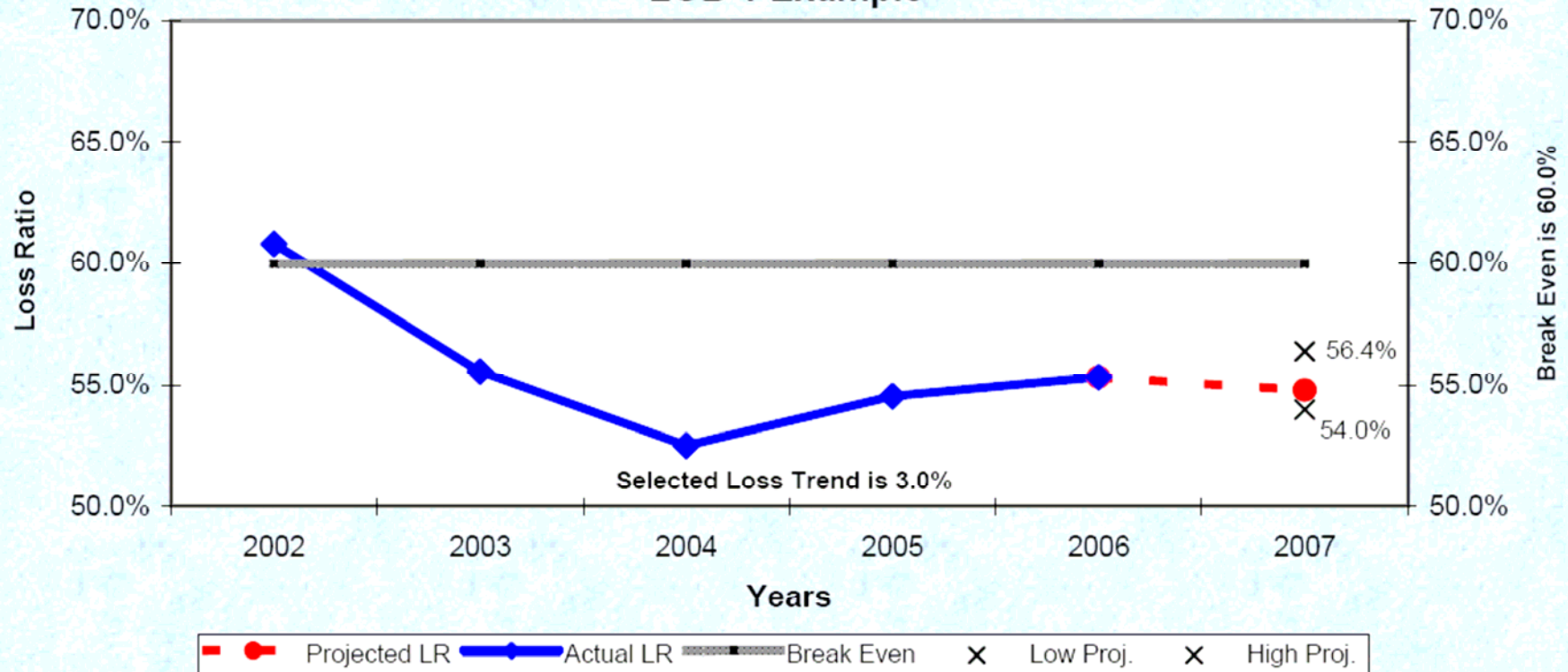


# Reserving/Planning/Pricing:

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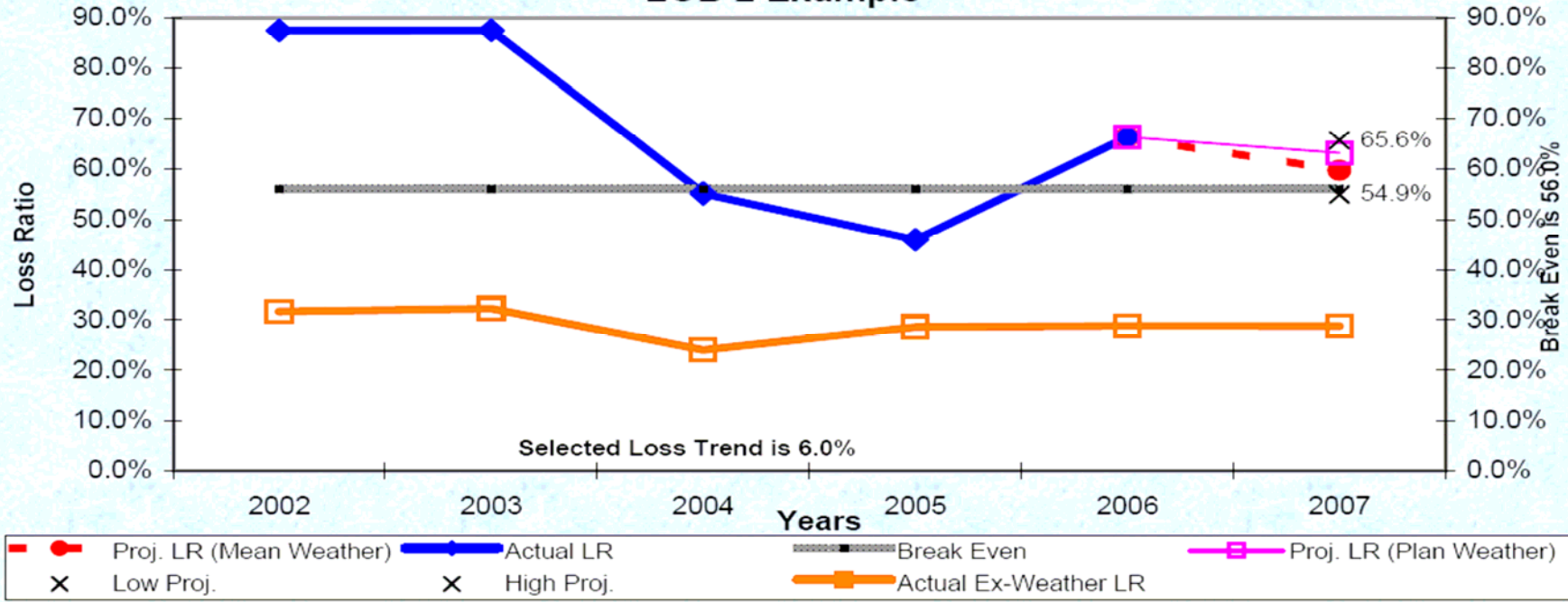
- Reserves Evaluated Quarterly – results shared with CEO, CAO, CFO, Presidents and Product Managers of Personal and Commercial Lines and Claims and Board of Directors
- Face-to-face meetings to discuss reserve adequacy, trends and implications to calendar year results and pricing margins
- Indications done for major lines (PPA, HO)

### LOB 1 Example



	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 - ytd	2007 Proj
Avg. EP	598	641	651	649	650	681
Chg. In Avg. EP	8.9%	7.1%	1.6%	-0.3%	0.1%	4.8%
Pure Prem.	364	356	342	354	360	373
Chg. In PP	4.8%	-2.1%	-4.0%	3.6%	1.5%	3.7%
Chg. In Avg. ERL	-15.0%	7.4%	4.2%	1.4%	0.9%	2.6%
Loss Ratio	60.8%	55.6%	52.5%	54.5%	55.3%	54.8%
Comb. Ratio	100.8%	95.6%	92.5%	94.5%	95.3%	94.8%

### LOB 2 Example

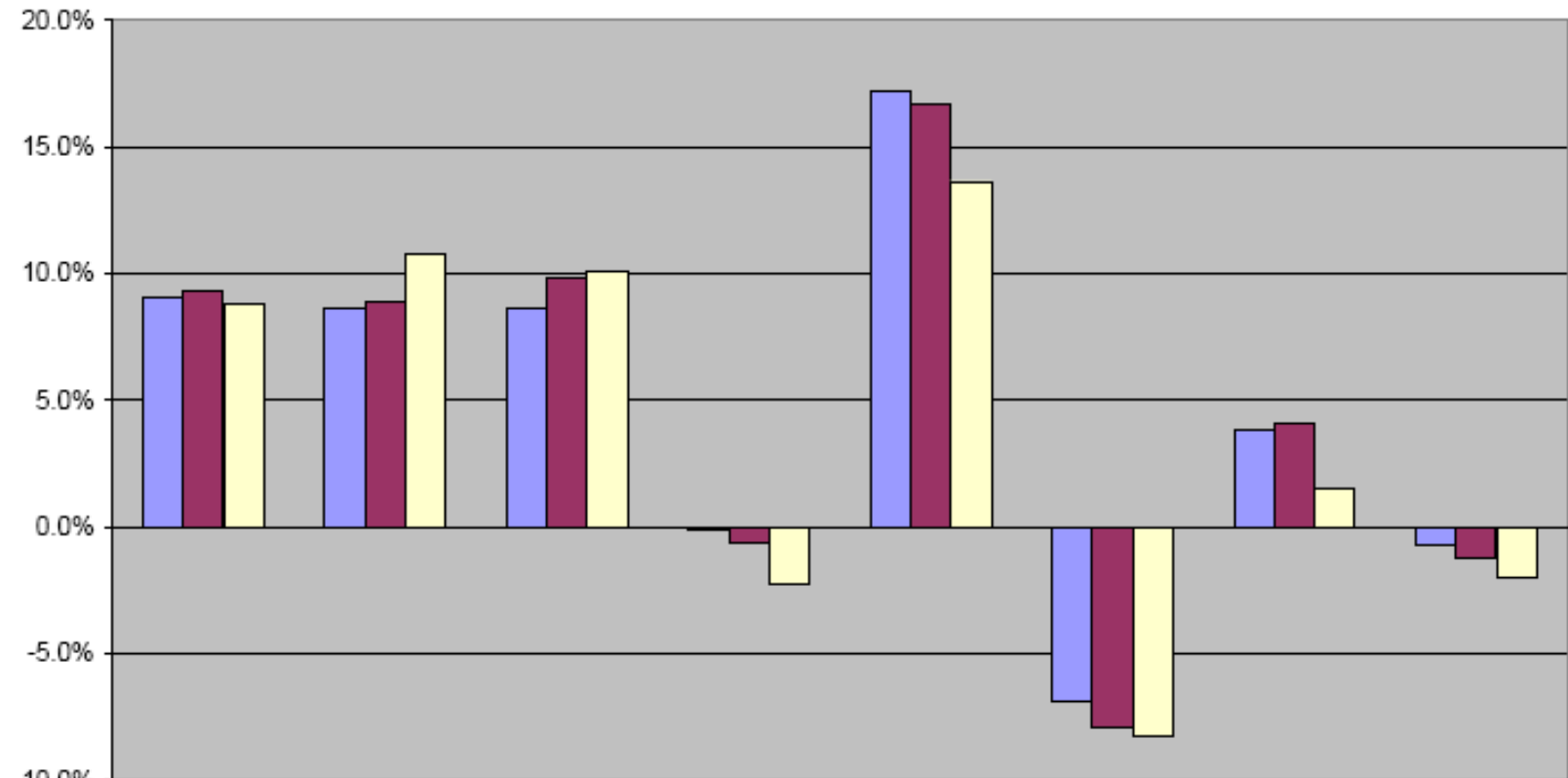


	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 - ytd	2007 Proj
Avg. EP	418	491	560	598	598	634
Chg. In Avg EP	9.8%	17.3%	14.1%	6.8%	0.0%	6.1%
Pure Prem.	366	429	309	275	396	378
Chg. In PP	23.2%	17.3%	-28.1%	-11.0%	44.1%	-4.5%
Chg. In Avg. ERL	-27.2%	13.7%	16.3%	10.7%	-0.4%	2.5%
Loss Ratio (A)	87.5%	87.5%	55.1%	46.0%	66.3%	59.6%
Comb. Ratio (A)	131.5%	131.5%	99.1%	90.0%	110.3%	103.6%
Loss Ratio (B)						63.1%
Comb. Ratio (B)						107.1%

(A) Uses MEAN Weather. (B) Uses PLAN Weather.

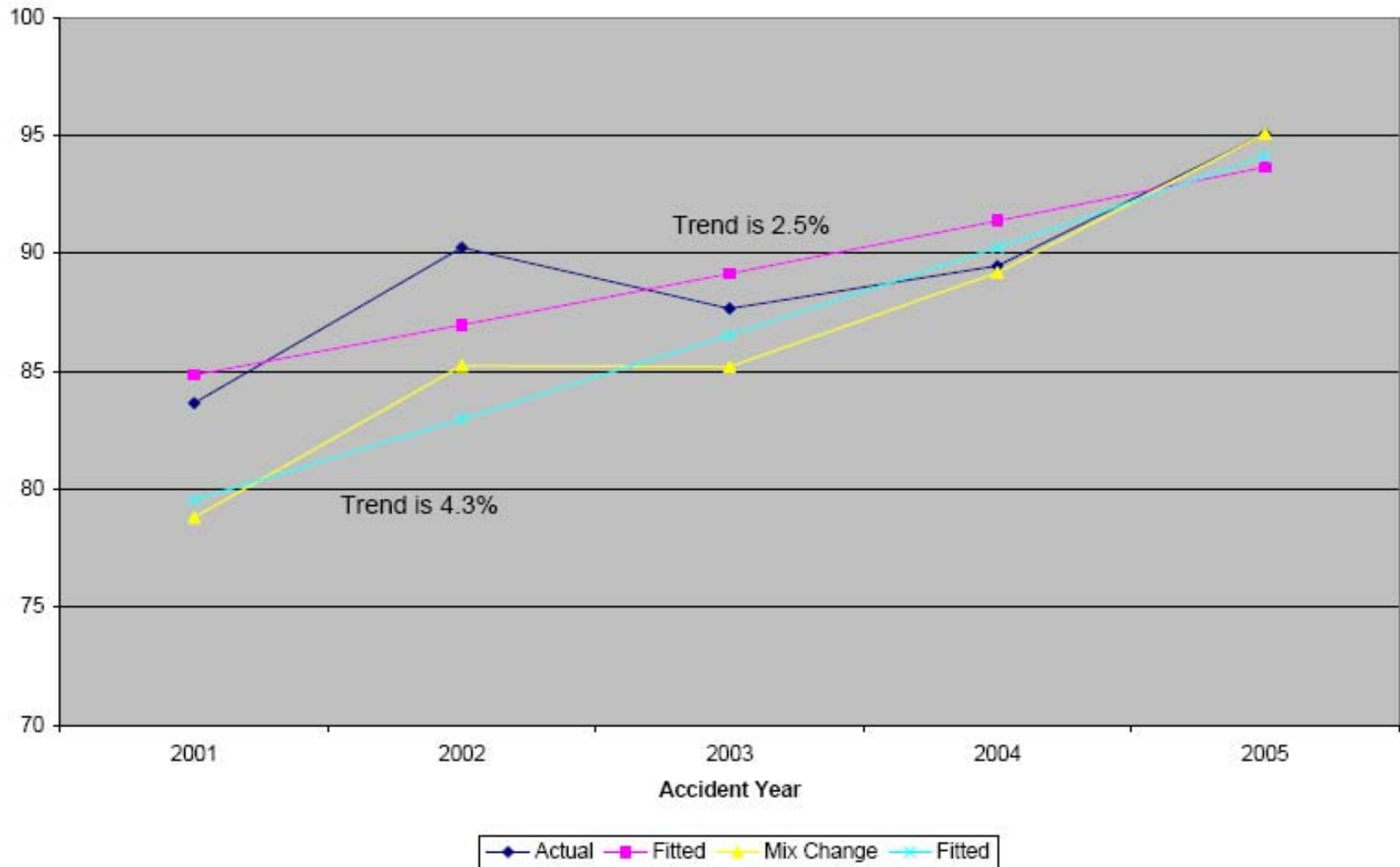


## LOB Indication Example

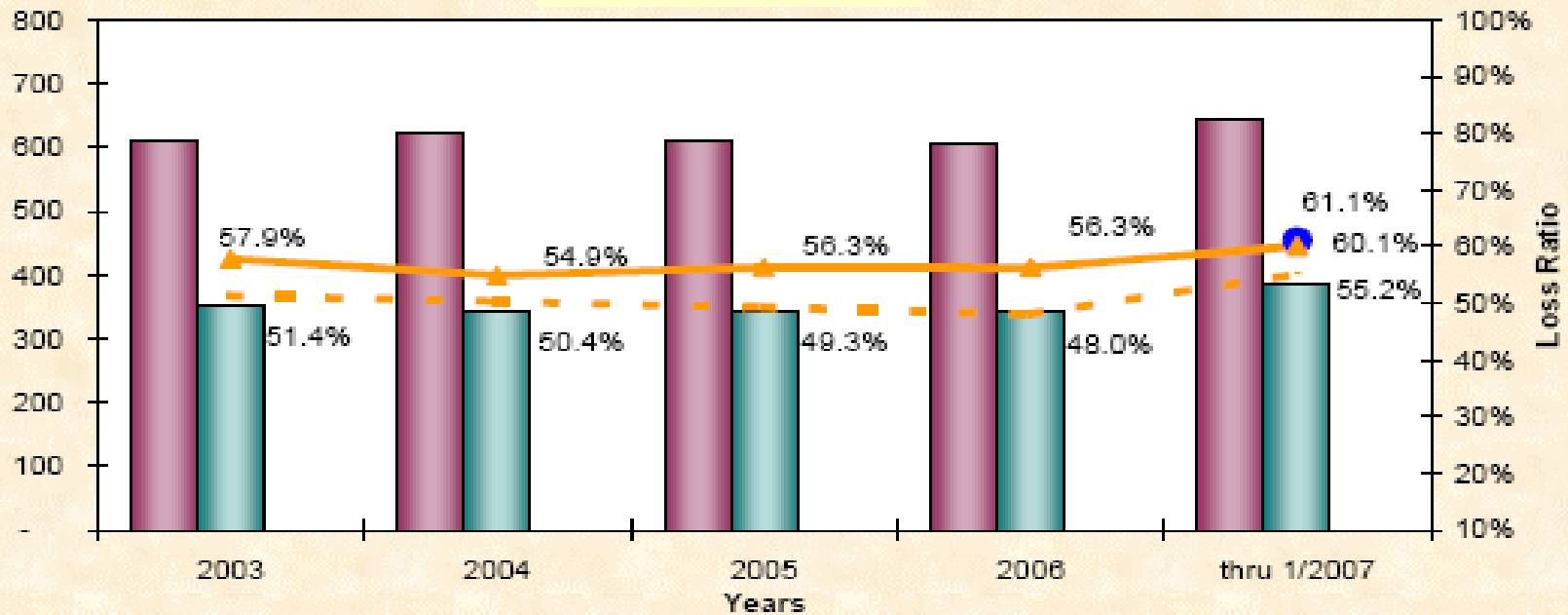


	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	Total
3-Year Indication	9.1%	8.6%	8.6%	-0.1%	17.2%	-6.9%	3.8%	-0.7%
3-Year 20-30-50	9.3%	8.9%	9.8%	-0.6%	16.7%	-7.9%	4.1%	-1.2%
2-Year Indication	8.8%	10.7%	10.1%	-2.3%	13.7%	-8.2%	1.5%	-2.0%

# Mix Adjustment Example



## LOB Example



	2003	2004	2005	2006	thru 1/2007	Plan thru 1/2007
Avg. EP	611	622	611	606	645	631
Chg. In Avg. EP		1.7%	-1.7%	-0.9%	6.4%	4.1%
Pure Prem.	354	341	344	341	388	386
Chg. In PP		-3.4%	0.8%	-1.0%	13.7%	13.1%
Loss Ratio	57.9%	54.9%	56.3%	56.3%	60.1%	61.1%
* Basic LR	51.4%	50.4%	49.3%	48.0%	55.2%	
Basic PP	314	313	301	291	356	
Chg. In Basic PP		-0.2%	-3.7%	-3.4%	22.4%	

\* Actual weather and large losses are removed

# Targeted Combined Ratios:

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- A mutual company is limited in ways we can “acquire” capital...pretty much grow it internally
- At the end of the day, we use a RAROC approach...we just do not use the words every day
- We have validated our approach by using the ISO URM model...RORAC...

# Targeted Combined Ratios:

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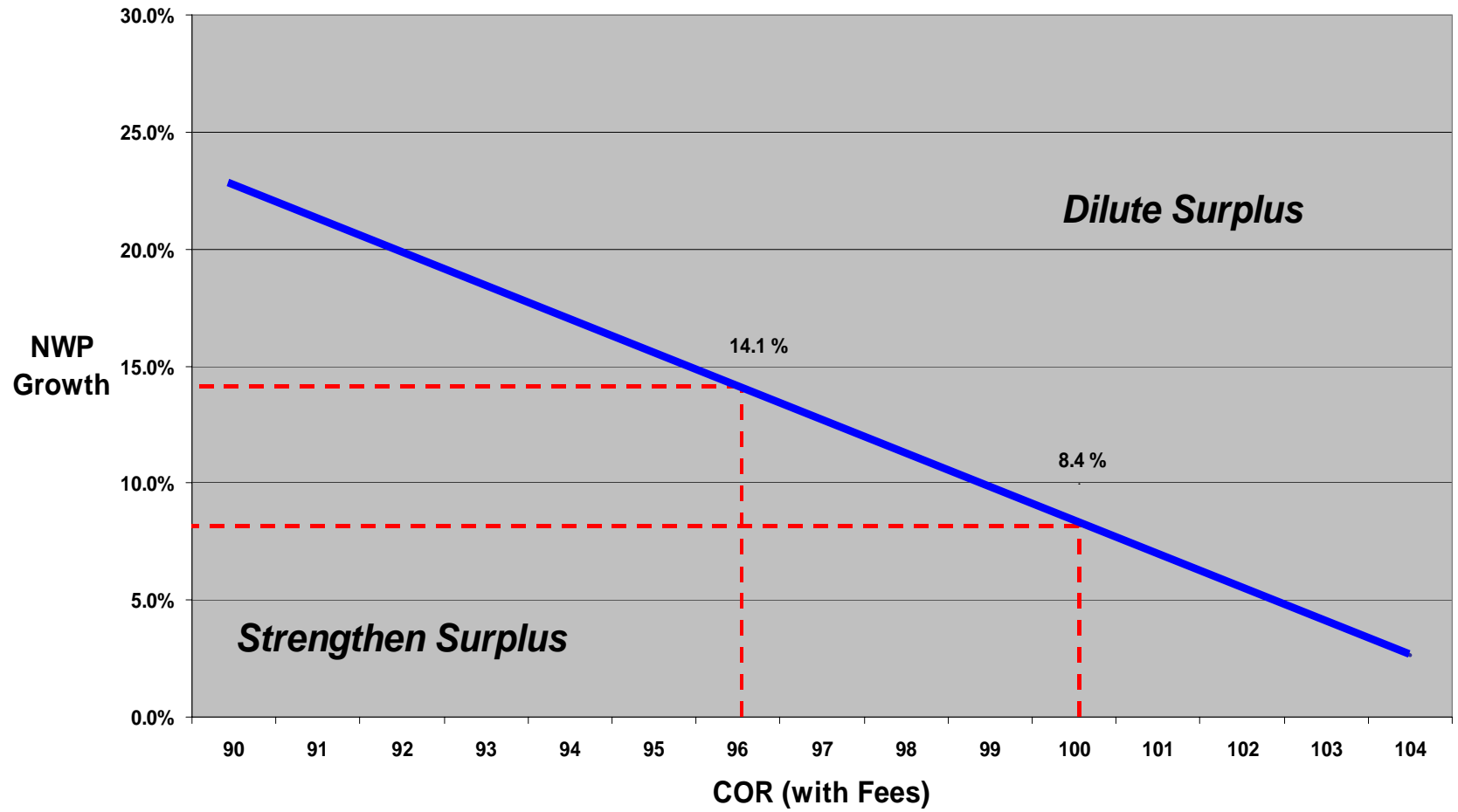
- Simple DCF model
- A formula of sorts:

Targeted ROE = Long Term Growth Rate

- Must be true to maintain the P/S ratio



***THE BLUE LINE***



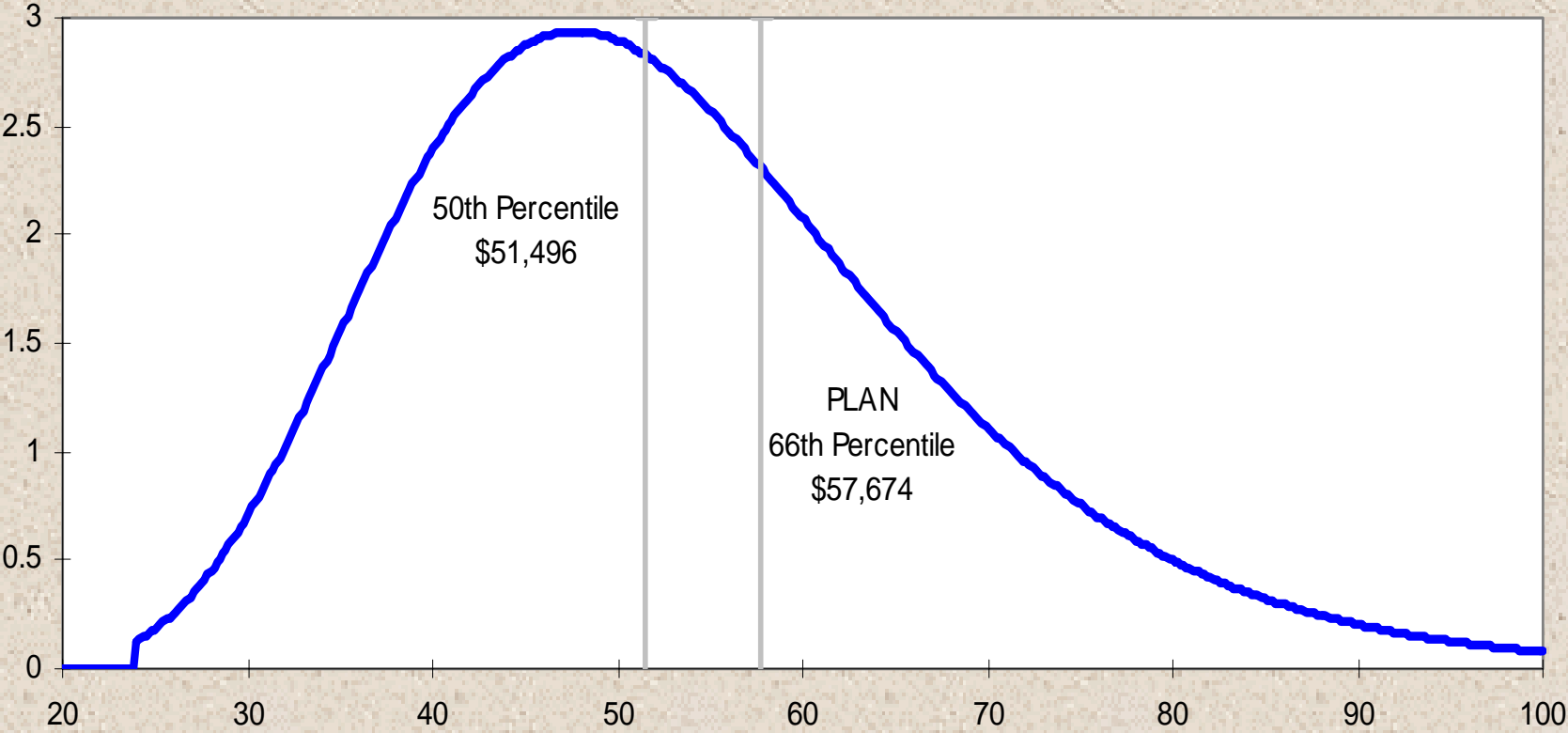
# Pricing Risk Adjustments:

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- We focus on the “sweet spot”
- We make adjustments based on selected risk components to increase our probability of hitting it



# Distribution of Weather Losses



Values in Millions

## Targeted Combined Ratio Before Adjustment

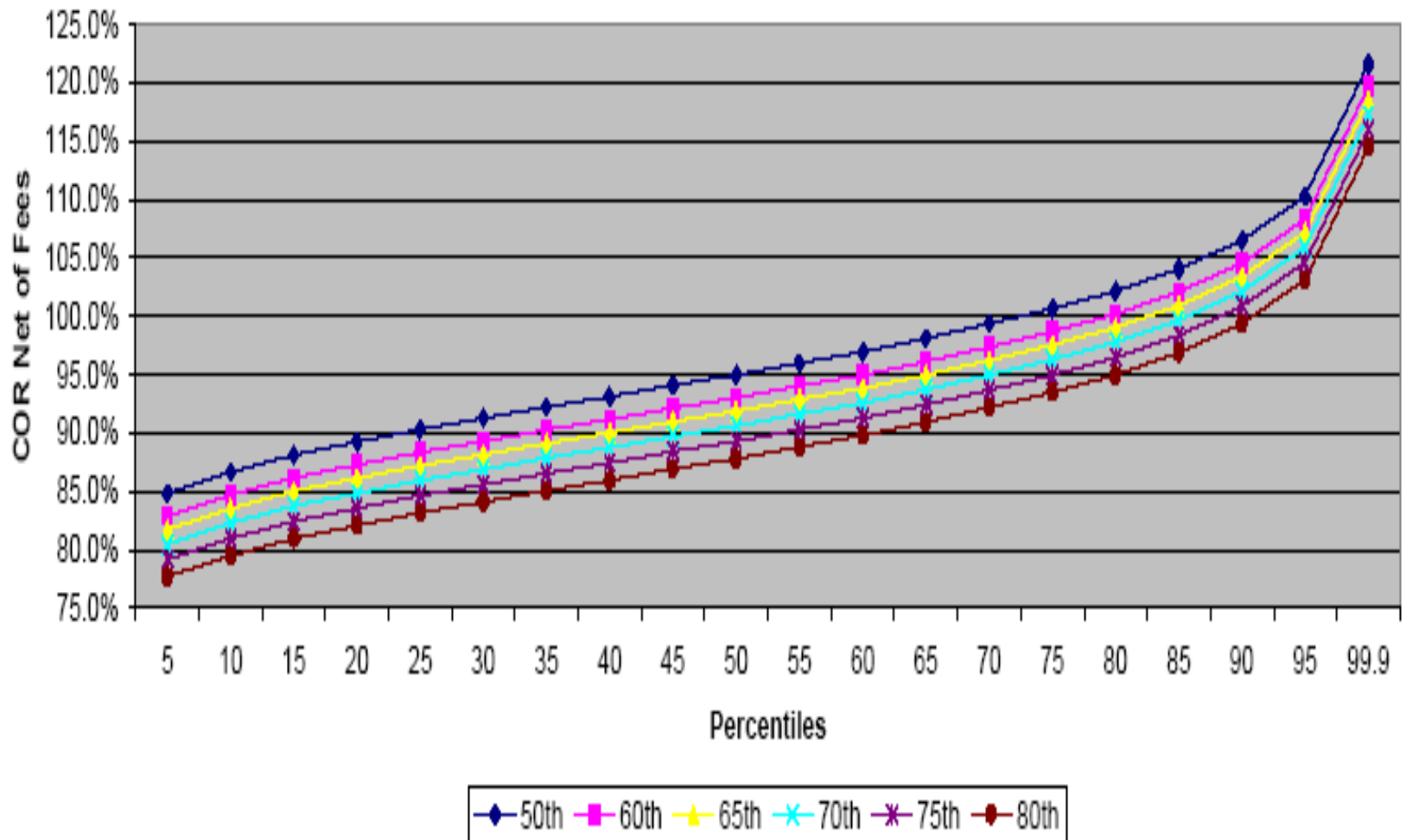
<b>Combined Ratio</b>	<b>Weather Ratio</b>	<b>Percentile Distribution</b>	<b>Underwriting Return</b>
94.0%	27.8%	49%	8.5%
95.0%	28.9%	54%	7.5%
96.0%	29.9%	59%	6.5%
97.0%	30.9%	64%	5.5%
100.0%	33.9%	76%	2.5%
103.0%	36.9%	85%	-0.5%
106.0%	39.9%	91%	-3.5%
110.5%	44.4%	96%	-8.0%
113.5%	47.4%	98%	-11.0%
116.5%	50.4%	99%	-14.0%
		-T	0.81%
		O	7.4%
		RCR	9

## Risk Adjusted Targeted Combined Ratio

Combined Ratio	Weather Ratio	Percentile Distribution	Underwriting Return
89.0%	27.8%	49%	13.5%
92.0%	30.9%	64%	10.5%
95.0%	33.9%	76%	7.5%
98.0%	36.9%	85%	4.5%
101.0%	39.9%	91%	1.5%
102.5%	41.4%	93%	0.0%
105.5%	44.4%	96%	-3.0%
108.5%	47.4%	98%	-6.0%
111.5%	50.4%	99%	-9.0%
114.4%	53.3%	100%	-11.9%
		-T	0.29%
		O	12.4%
		RCR	43

Selected Weather Percentile	95 COR Percentile					
	50th	60th	65th	70th	75th	80th
5	84.9%	82.9%	81.8%	80.5%	79.2%	77.7%
10	86.7%	84.7%	83.6%	82.3%	81.0%	79.5%
15	88.2%	86.2%	85.0%	83.8%	82.5%	81.0%
20	89.3%	87.3%	86.1%	84.9%	83.6%	82.1%
25	90.4%	88.4%	87.2%	86.0%	84.7%	83.2%
30	91.3%	89.3%	88.2%	86.9%	85.6%	84.1%
35	92.3%	90.3%	89.1%	87.9%	86.6%	85.1%
40	93.1%	91.2%	90.0%	88.8%	87.5%	86.0%
45	94.1%	92.2%	91.0%	89.8%	88.4%	87.0%
50	95.0%	93.0%	91.9%	90.6%	89.3%	87.8%
55	96.0%	94.1%	92.9%	91.7%	90.4%	88.9%
60	97.0%	95.0%	93.9%	92.6%	91.3%	89.8%
65	98.1%	96.1%	95.0%	93.7%	92.4%	91.0%
70	99.4%	97.4%	96.3%	95.0%	93.7%	92.2%
75	100.7%	98.7%	97.6%	96.3%	95.0%	93.5%
80	102.2%	100.2%	99.0%	97.8%	96.5%	95.0%
85	104.1%	102.1%	101.0%	99.7%	98.4%	96.9%
90	106.5%	104.6%	103.4%	102.2%	100.9%	99.4%
95	110.3%	108.3%	107.2%	105.9%	104.6%	103.1%
99.9	121.6%	119.7%	118.5%	117.3%	115.9%	114.5%

95th COR Distributions



### Example of Risk Adjusted Pricing (RAROC)

	CW	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6
Mean (allocated)	\$ 53,428	\$ 5,752	\$ 2,402	\$ 3,181	\$ 5,521	\$ 28,303	\$ 3,605
Stdev	\$ 14,961	\$ 1,797	\$ 742	\$ 1,107	\$ 3,142	\$ 8,481	\$ 1,827
Minimum	\$ 23,917	\$ 2,534	\$ 1,048	\$ 1,149	\$ 1,431	\$ 14,692	\$ 1,264
Coef. Of Variation	28.0%	31.2%	30.9%	34.8%	56.9%	30.0%	50.7%
50th percentile	\$ 51,496	\$ 5,488	\$ 2,321	\$ 2,927	\$ 4,675	\$ 27,310	\$ 3,180
75th percentile	\$ 61,960	\$ 6,740	\$ 2,839	\$ 3,695	\$ 6,718	\$ 33,198	\$ 4,390
2006 EP	\$ 182,887	\$ 18,024	\$ 7,376	\$ 12,968	\$ 17,322	\$ 97,396	\$ 14,527
50th Perc Weather LR	28.2%	30.4%	31.5%	22.6%	27.0%	28.0%	21.9%
75th Perc Weather LR	33.9%	37.4%	38.5%	28.5%	38.8%	34.1%	30.2%
Difference	5.7%	6.9%	7.0%	5.9%	11.8%	6.0%	8.3%
Implied Average COR	91.3%	90.1%	90.0%	91.1%	85.2%	91.0%	88.7%

# Model Income Statements:

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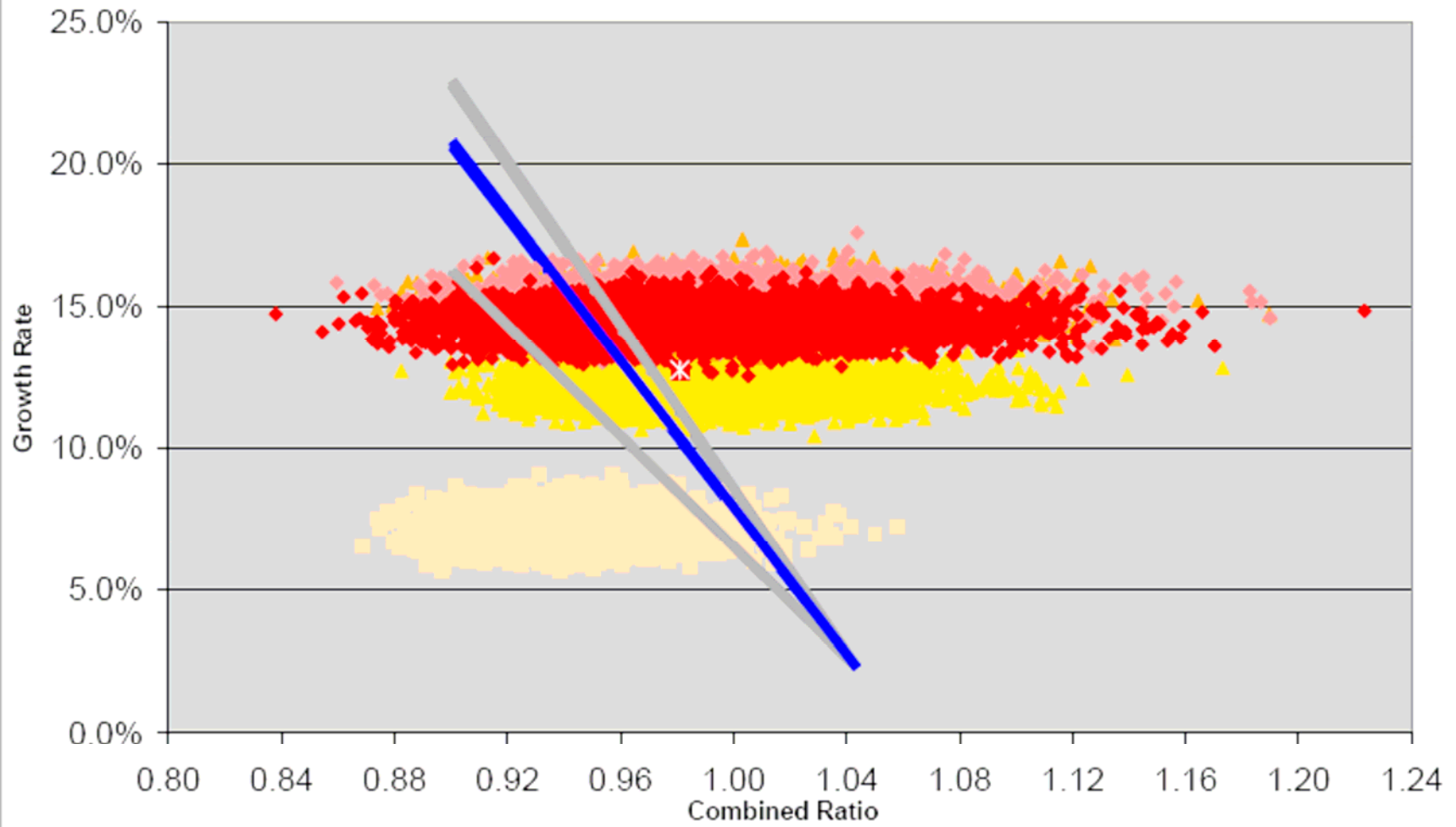
- Perform sensitivity analysis based on possible scenarios
- Model investments separately from P&C
- Use results to gauge where we want to place our “bets”

**ILLUSTRATION ONLY**

	<b>2004</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>5 Yr Ave</b>
<b>Premiums Written Direct</b>	<b>1,054,209</b>	<b>1,117,068</b>	<b>1,220,312</b>	<b>1,355,235</b>	<b>1,507,695</b>	<b>1,682,398</b>	
<b>DWP Growth Rate</b>	<b>3.7%</b>	<b>6.0%</b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>11.1%</b>	<b>11.2%</b>	<b>11.6%</b>	<b>9.8%</b>
<b>Premiums Earned</b>	<b>1,005,472</b>	<b>1,058,870</b>	<b>1,145,286</b>	<b>1,263,909</b>	<b>1,410,170</b>	<b>1,573,571</b>	
<b>Losses Incurred</b>	<b>521,065</b>	<b>585,503</b>	<b>683,806</b>	<b>759,830</b>	<b>849,789</b>	<b>950,335</b>	
<b>Loss Adjustment Expense</b>	<b>99,362</b>	<b>102,769</b>	<b>110,295</b>	<b>121,684</b>	<b>135,724</b>	<b>151,418</b>	
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>403,907</b>	<b>425,359</b>	<b>457,578</b>	<b>501,748</b>	<b>551,781</b>	<b>608,541</b>	
<b>Gain from Underwriting</b>	<b>80,500</b>	<b>48,007</b>	<b>3,902</b>	<b>2,331</b>	<b>8,600</b>	<b>14,695</b>	
<b>Net Investment Income</b>	<b>48,308</b>	<b>52,988</b>	<b>59,152</b>	<b>65,189</b>	<b>71,252</b>	<b>78,035</b>	
<b>Gain Transferred to Surplus</b>	<b>92,075</b>	<b>75,626</b>	<b>49,912</b>	<b>52,564</b>	<b>61,526</b>	<b>71,139</b>	
<b>Beginning Surplus</b>	<b>443,553</b>	<b>544,854</b>	<b>629,539</b>	<b>689,497</b>	<b>753,064</b>	<b>826,529</b>	
<b>Ending Surplus</b>	<b>544,854</b>	<b>629,539</b>	<b>689,497</b>	<b>753,064</b>	<b>826,529</b>	<b>910,646</b>	
<b>NPW/SURPLUS RATIO</b>	<b>1.87</b>	<b>1.72</b>	<b>1.71</b>	<b>1.74</b>	<b>1.77</b>	<b>1.79</b>	<b>1.75</b>
<b>ROS</b>	<b>22.8%</b>	<b>15.5%</b>	<b>9.5%</b>	<b>9.2%</b>	<b>9.8%</b>	<b>10.2%</b>	<b>10.8%</b>
<b>COR With Fee Income</b>	<b>90.4%</b>	<b>93.4%</b>	<b>97.2%</b>	<b>97.4%</b>	<b>97.0%</b>	<b>96.7%</b>	<b>96.3%</b>

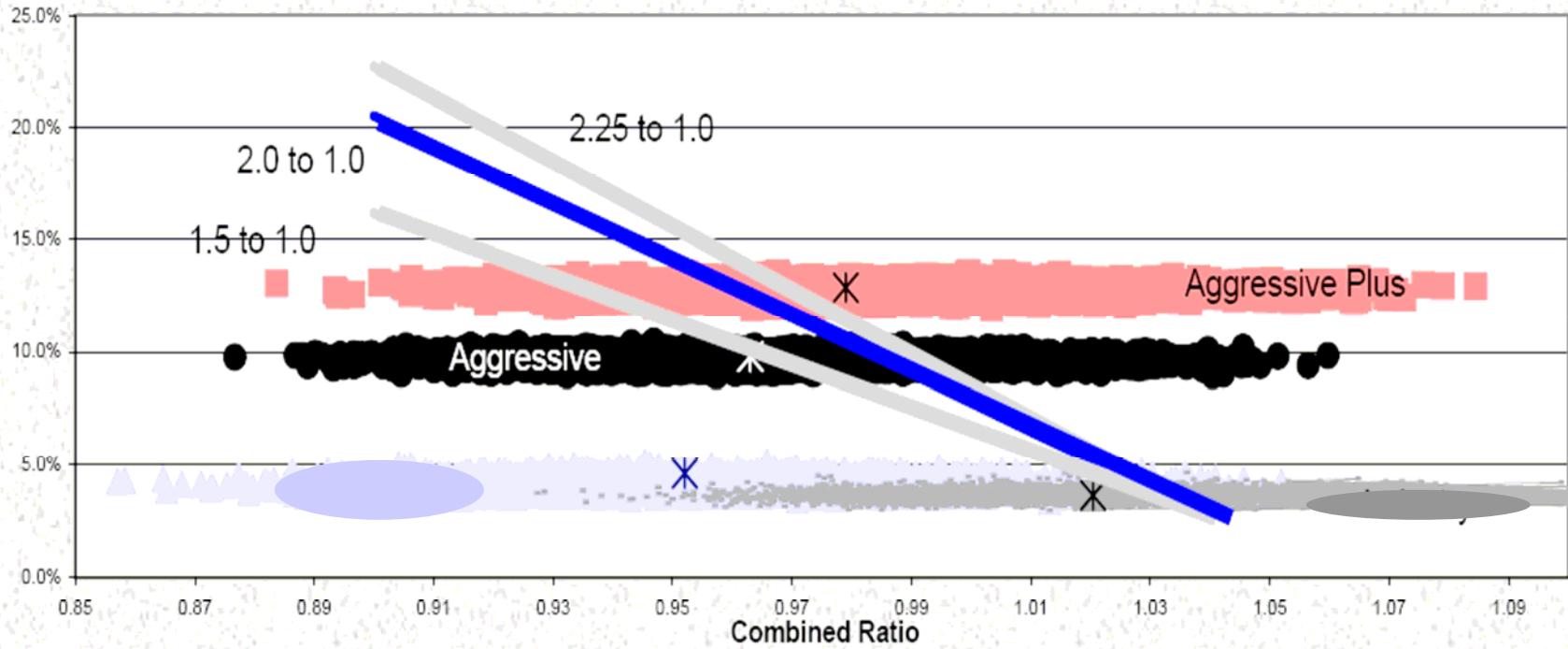


### Aggressive Risk Simulations



- |                           |                           |                           |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Blue Line (P/S=2.0)       | Aggressive Risk Sims 2005 | Aggressive Risk Sims 2008 |
| Aggressive Risk Sims 2007 | Aggressive Risk Sims 2008 | Aggressive Risk Sims 2009 |
| Aggressive Risk Mean      | Blue Line (P/S=1.5)       | Blue Line (P/S=2.3)       |

# 5 Year Average



# At The End Of The Day:

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- Modeling is great fun and a significant part of what we do...
- Presentation of results/concepts impact how the message is received
- “The proof is in the pudding...”

## Performance Summary

	DWP		Combined Ratio		Surplus	P/S Ratio
		% Chg		Pt Chg		
1998	\$ 621		103.1%		\$ 314	1.98
1999	\$ 624	0.5%	101.0%	-2.1	\$ 367	1.70
2000	\$ 660	5.8%	109.6%	8.6	\$ 334	1.98
2001	\$ 757	14.7%	104.1%	-5.5	\$ 361	2.10
2002	\$ 900	18.9%	102.1%	-2.0	\$ 367	2.45
2003	\$ 1,016	12.9%	98.1%	-4.0	\$ 443	2.29
2004	\$ 1,040	2.4%	92.1%	-6.0	\$ 529	1.97
2005	\$ 1,056	1.5%	92.6%	0.5	\$ 615	1.72
2006	\$ 1,113	5.4%	95.8%	3.2	\$ 697	1.60

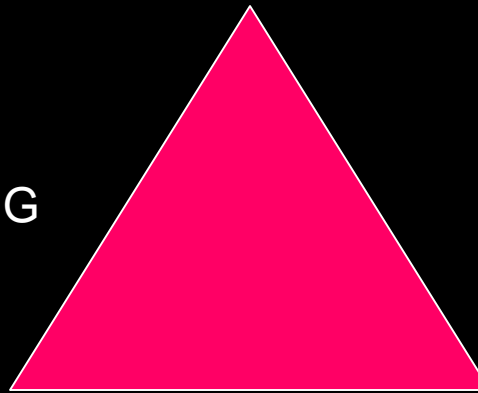
Six Year Average:                      9.3%                      97.5%

# The ERM Connection:

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RESERVING

PRICING



PLANNING