



# **Additional Exposure Data and its Impact on Loss Expectations**

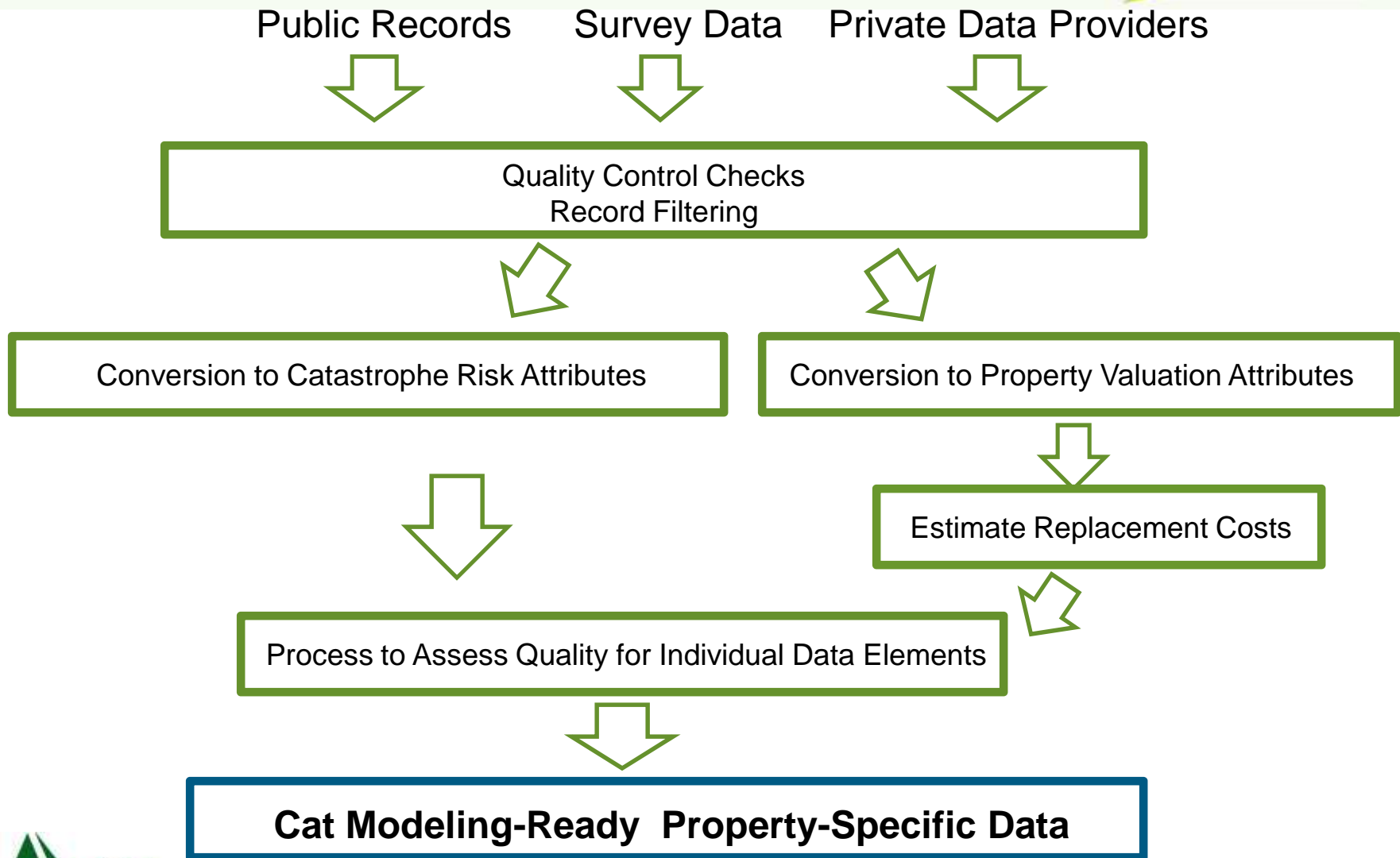
George Davis, FCAS, MAAA  
Vice President, AIR Worldwide



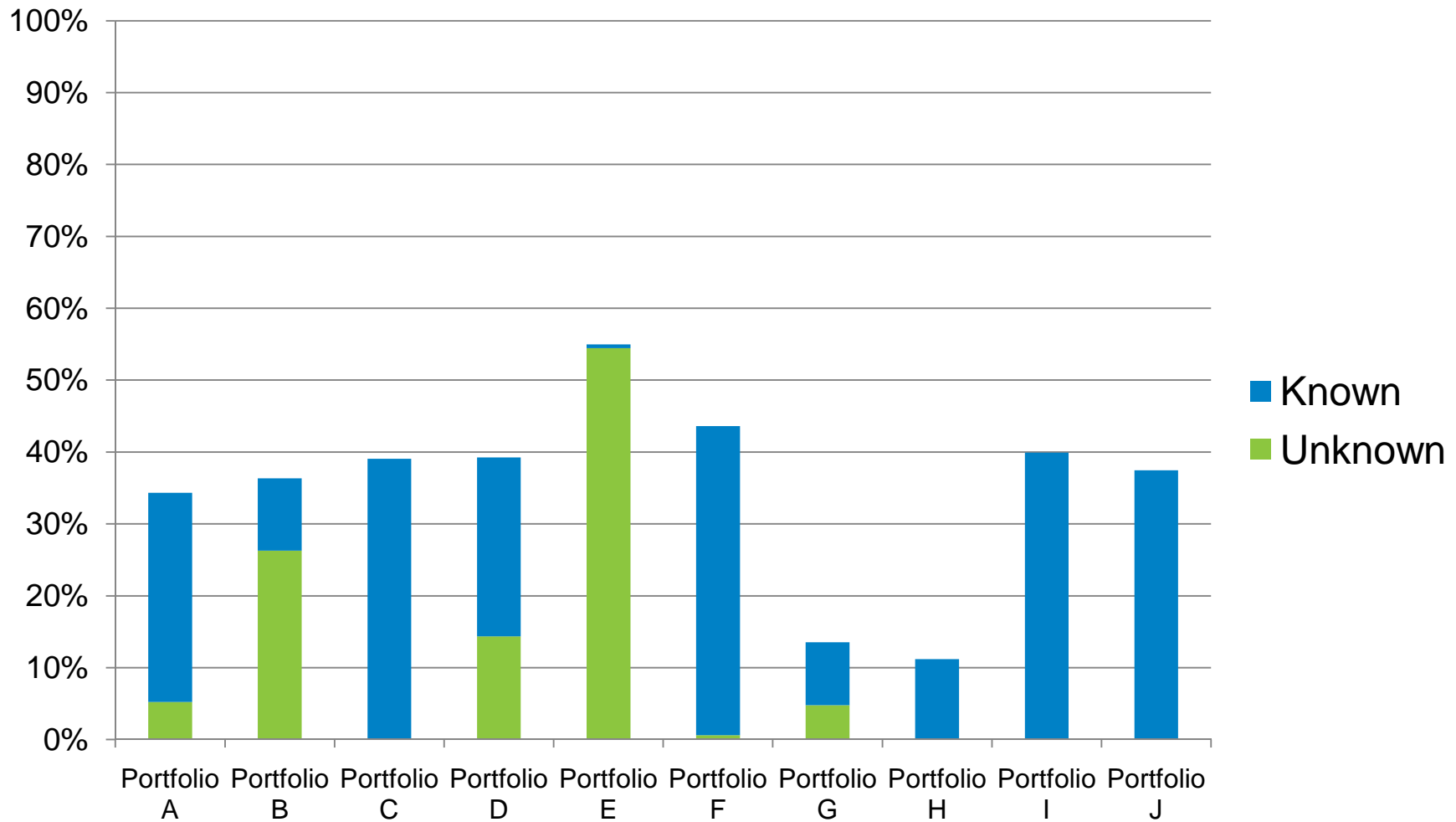
# Many Sources of Third Party Property-Specific Data and Analytical Tools

- Public records
  - Based primarily on county tax records
  - Data quality is inconsistent across jurisdictions
- Survey-based data
  - Based on site inspection
  - Most reliable data source
- Private data providers
  - Proprietary data collection methodologies
- Replacement cost estimators
  - Maintaining ITV over time is essential for portfolio cat analyses
  - Several methodologies to assess replacement cost estimates

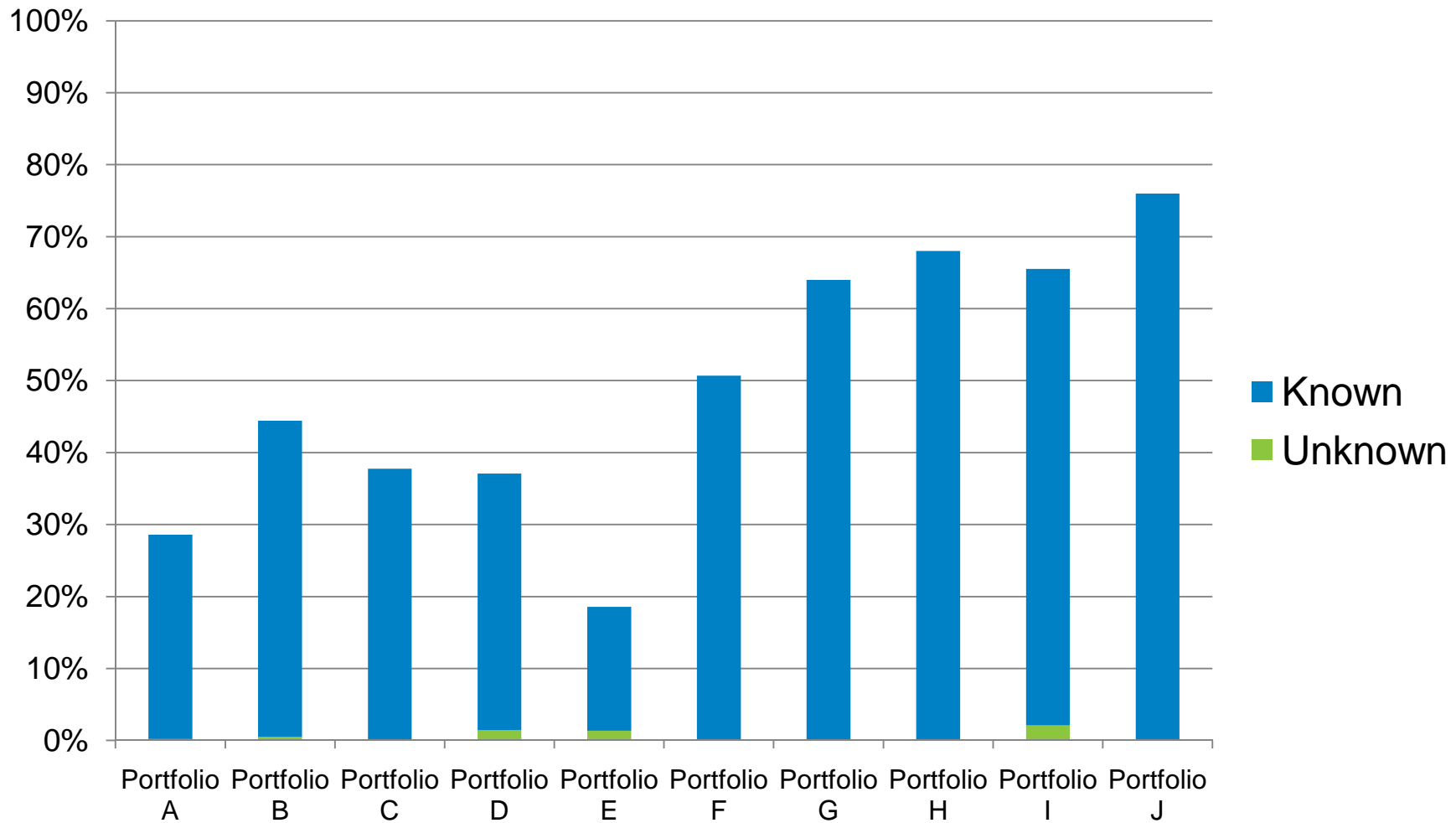
# Original Source Data Needs to be Vetted and Converted Before Use in Modeling



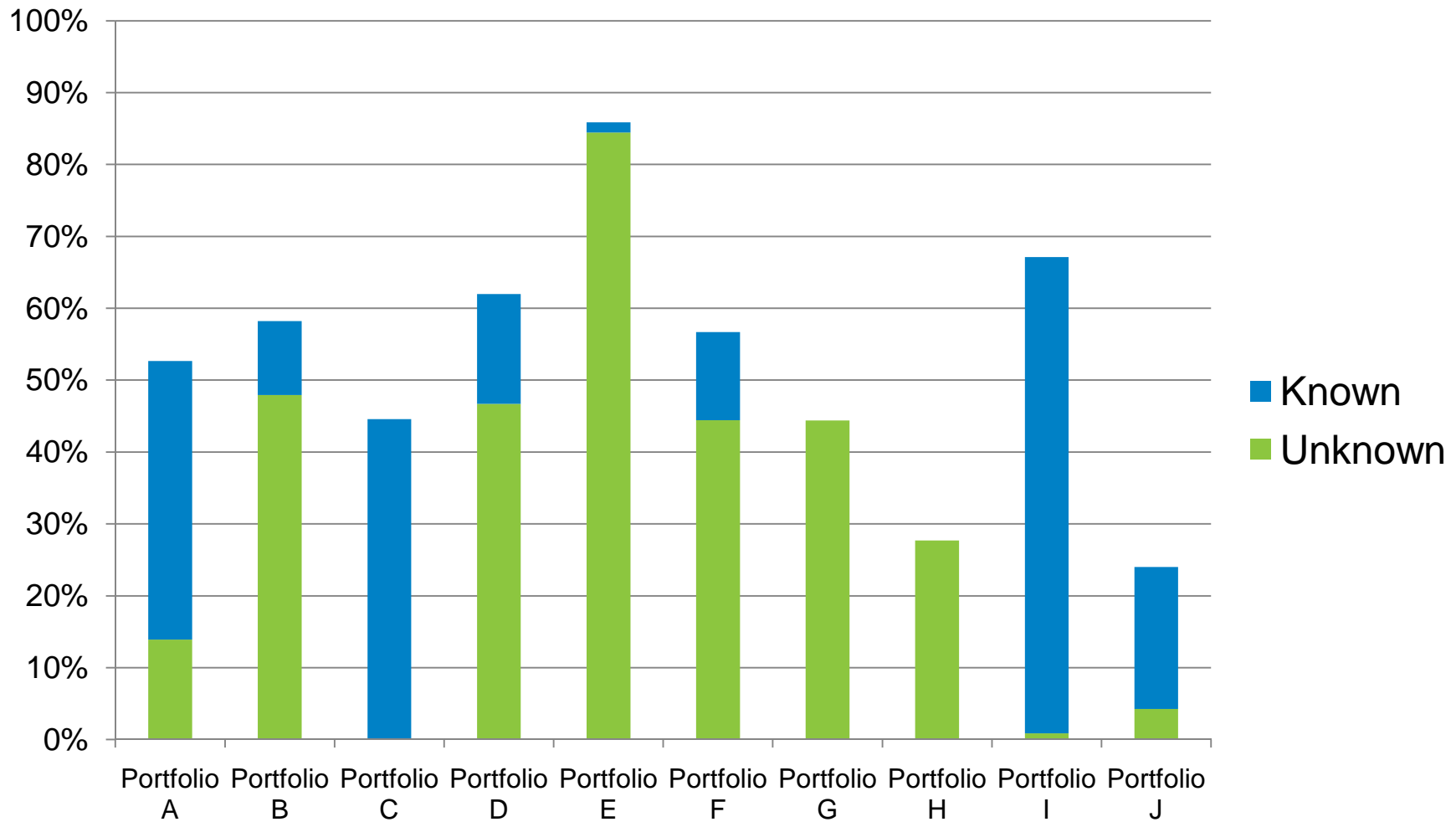
# Percentage of Locations Where Construction was Augmented by the Property-Specific Data Source



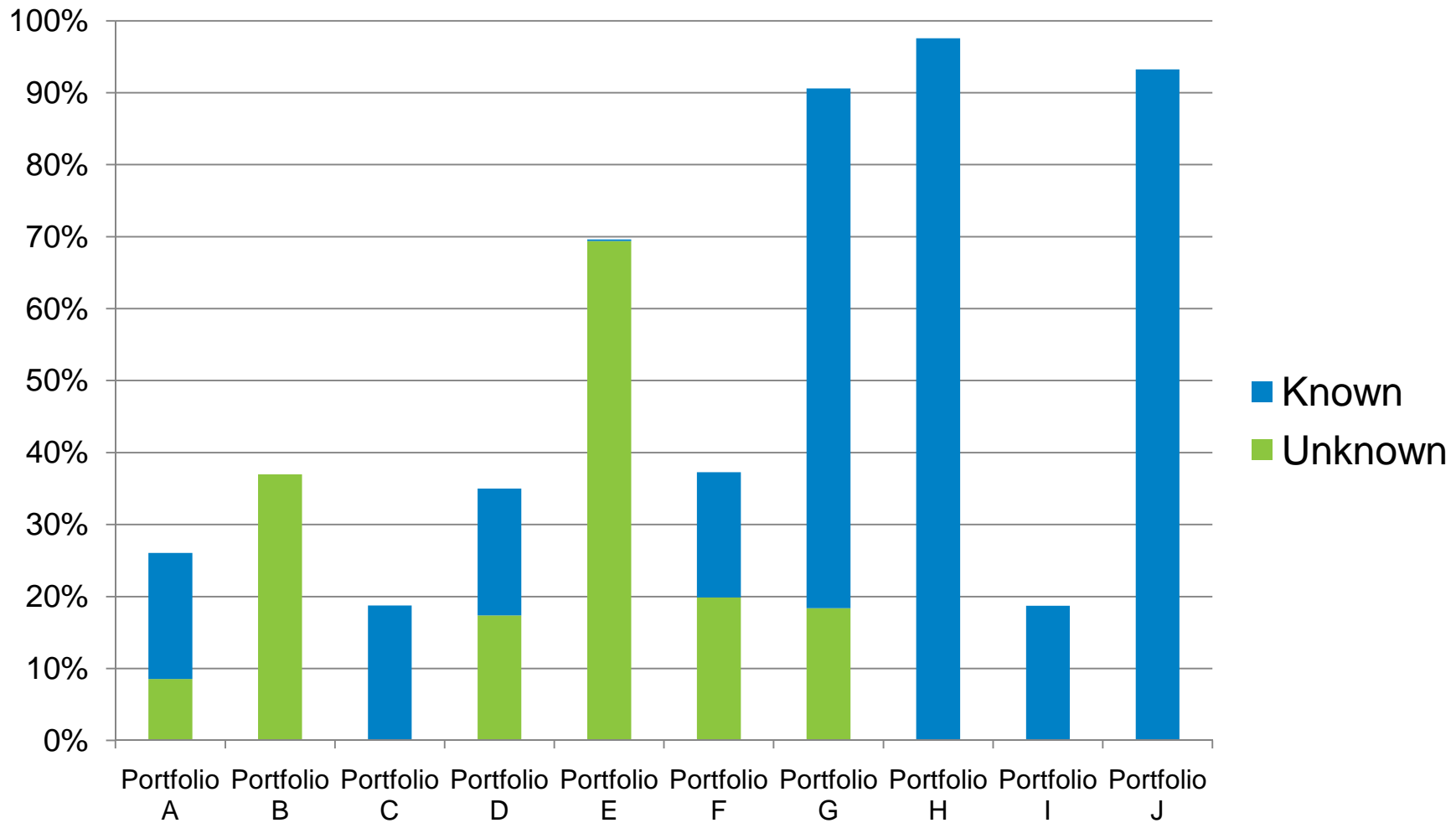
# Percentage of Locations Where Occupancy was Augmented by the Property-Specific Data Source



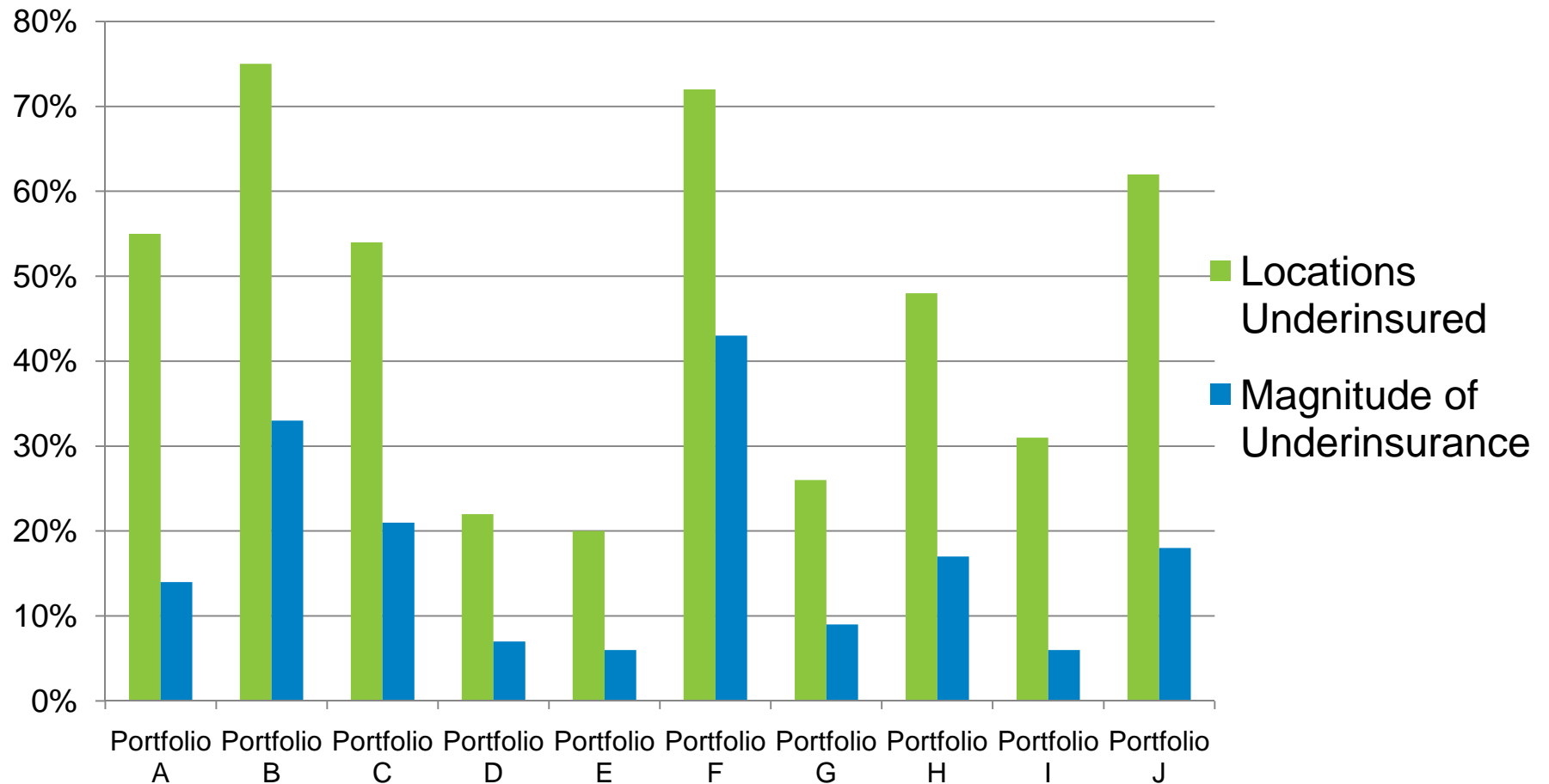
# Percentage of Locations Where Number of Stories was Augmented by the Property-Specific Data Source



# Percentage of Locations Where Year Built was Augmented by the Property-Specific Data Source



# Percentage and Magnitude of Underinsured Locations Compared with ISO Property Valuation Solutions

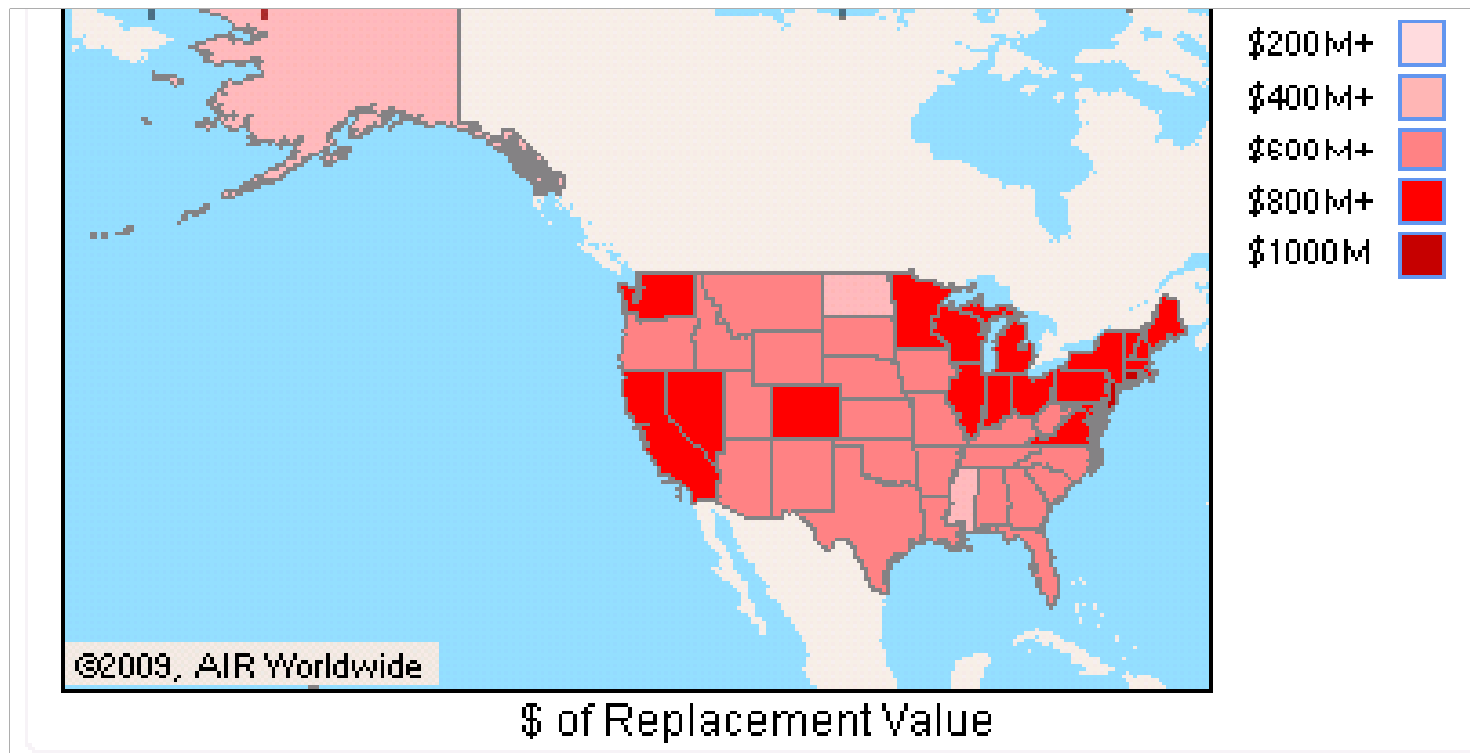




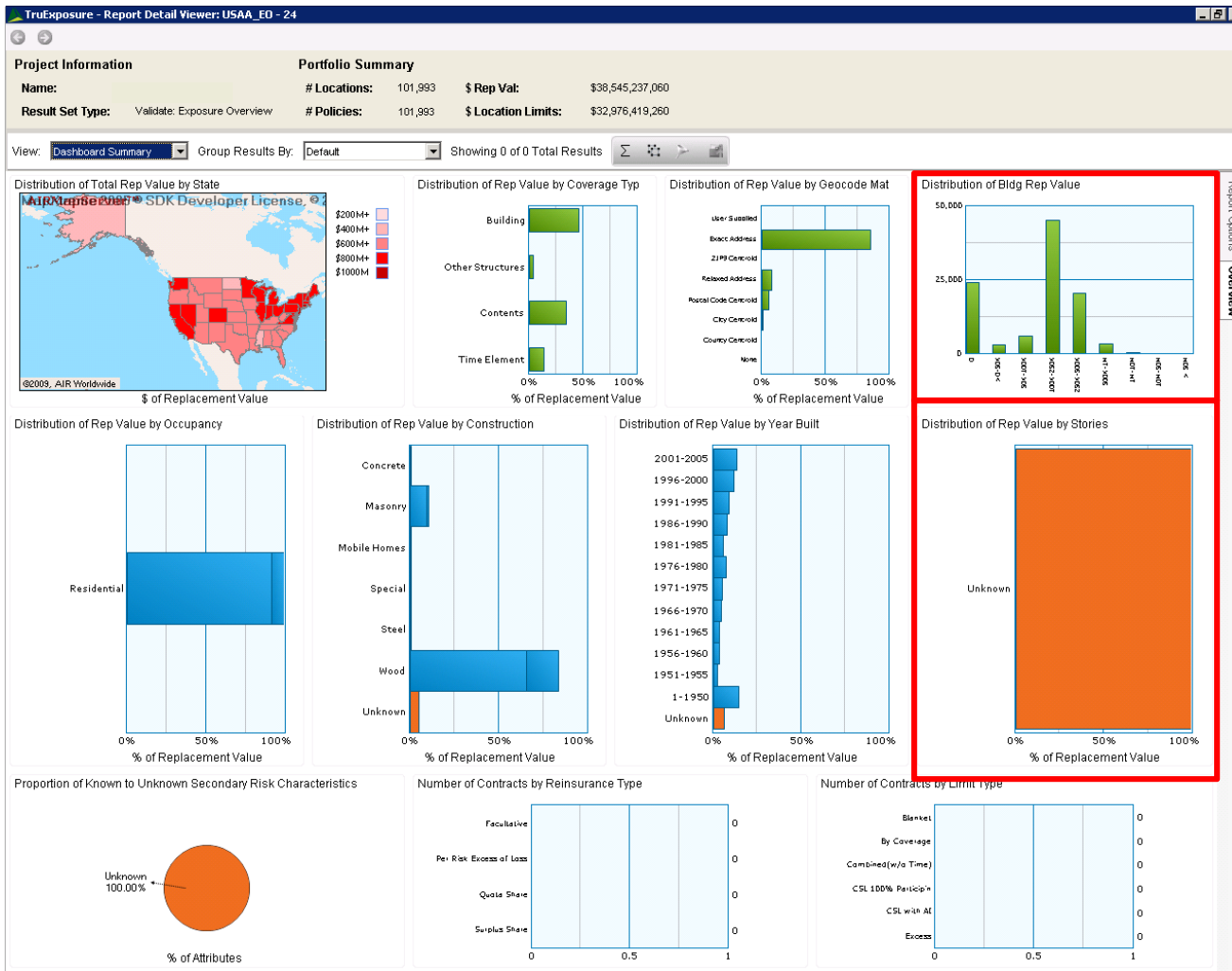
# Data Quality and Enhancement Case Study One: U.S. Wide Residential Book Coded for Earthquake

## Portfolio Summary

<b># Locations:</b>	101,993	<b>\$ Rep Val:</b>	\$38,545,237,060
<b># Policies:</b>	101,993	<b>\$ Location Limits:</b>	\$32,976,419,260

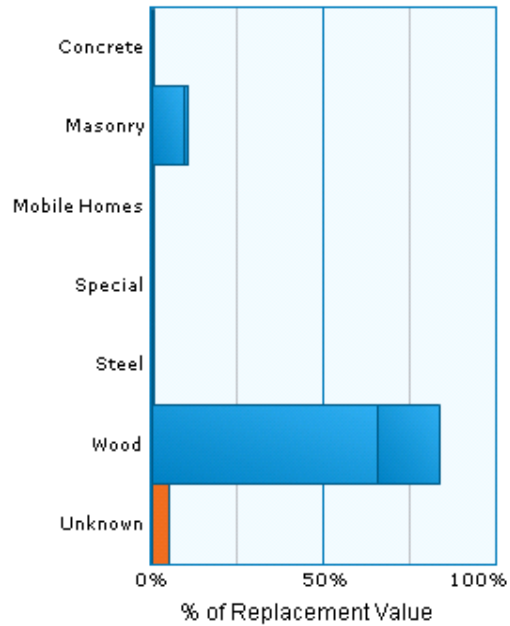


# An Exposure Data Analysis Highlights Some Potential Areas of Concern

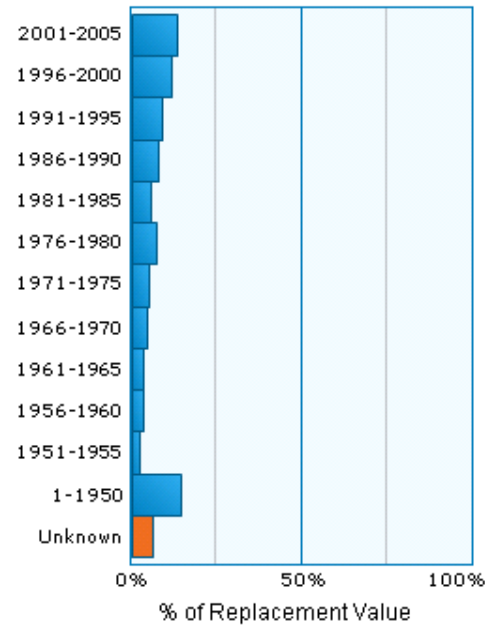


# The Portfolio Contains No Information on Number of Stories

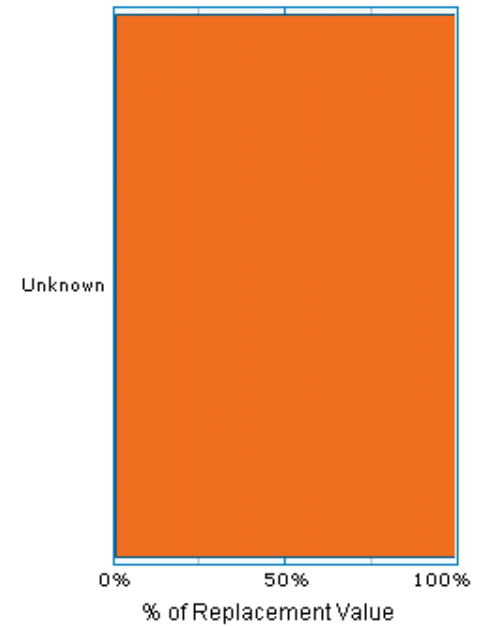
Distribution of Rep Value by Construction



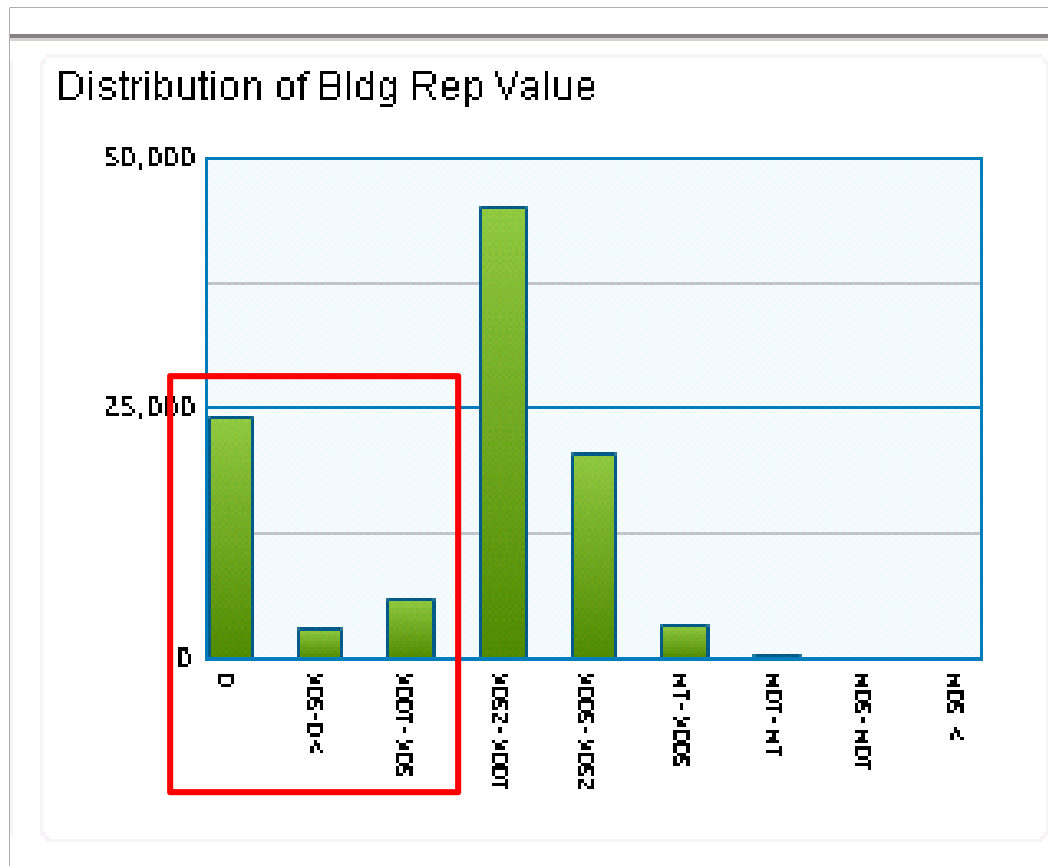
Distribution of Rep Value by Year Built



Distribution of Rep Value by Stories

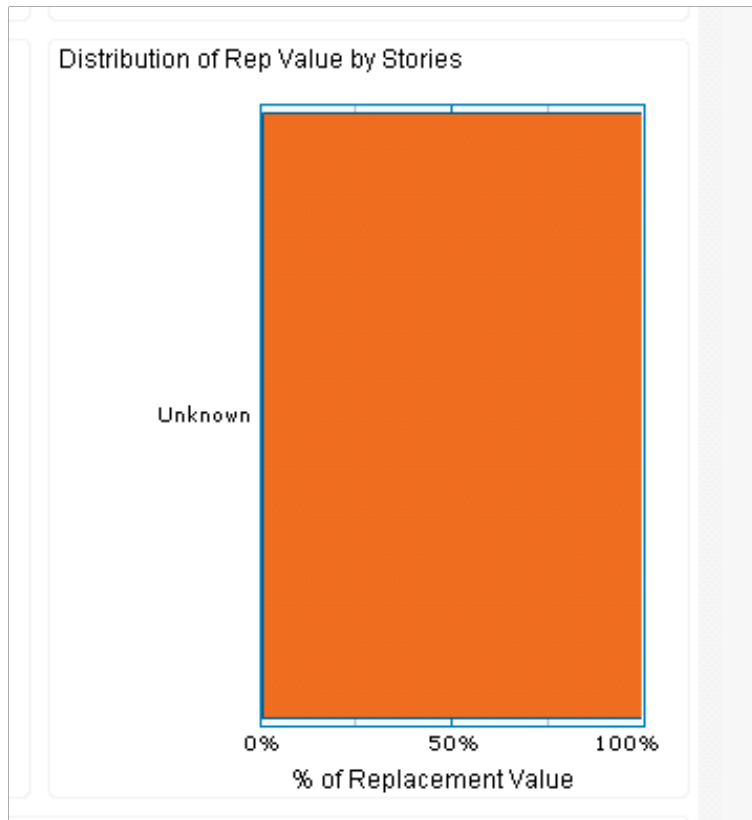


# The Replacement Values for These Policies May Deserve Further Investigation

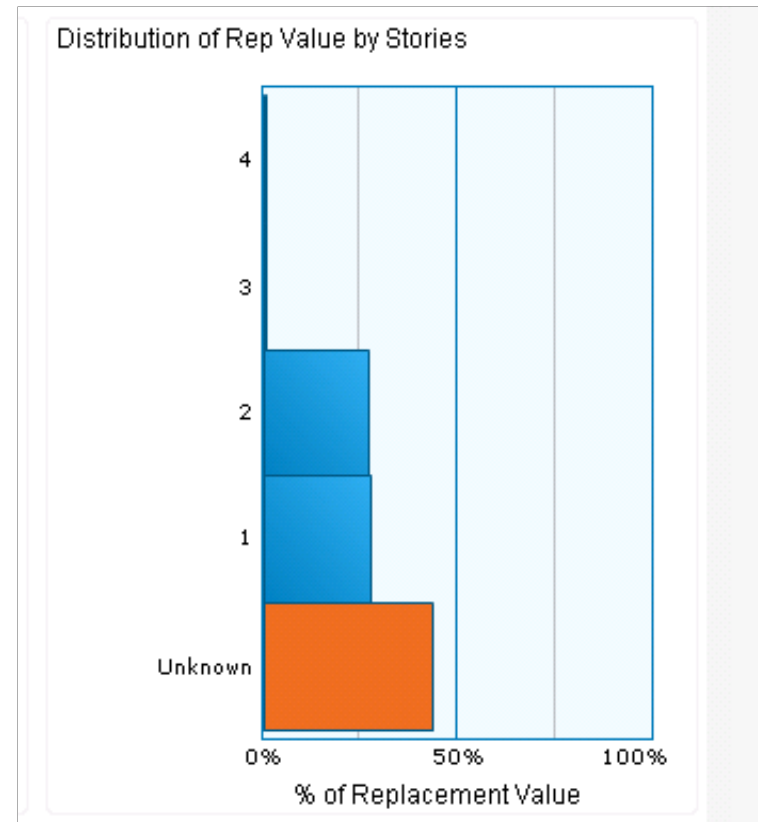


# Augmentation Provides Number of Stories for More Than 50 Percent of the Locations

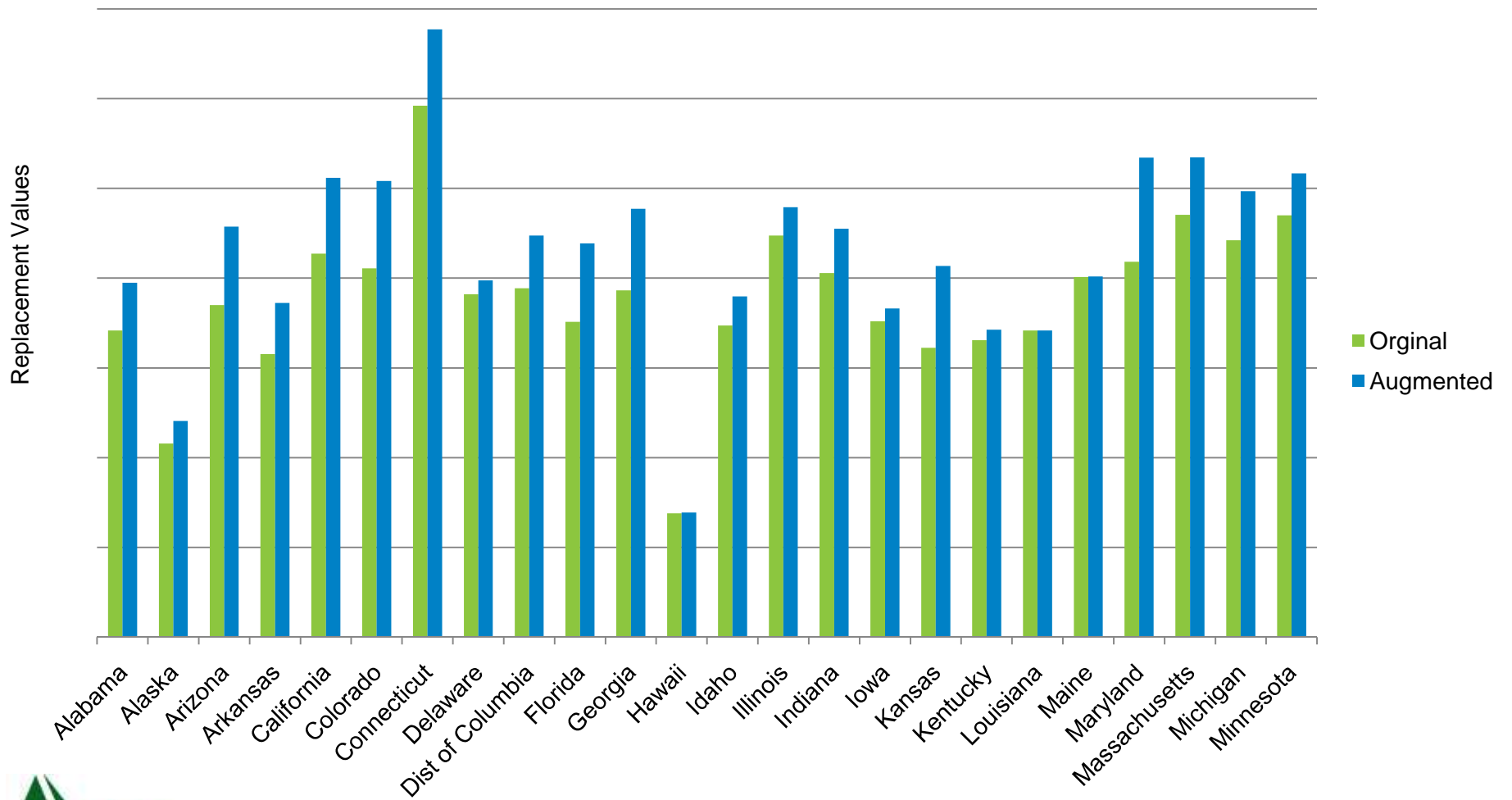
Pre Augmentation



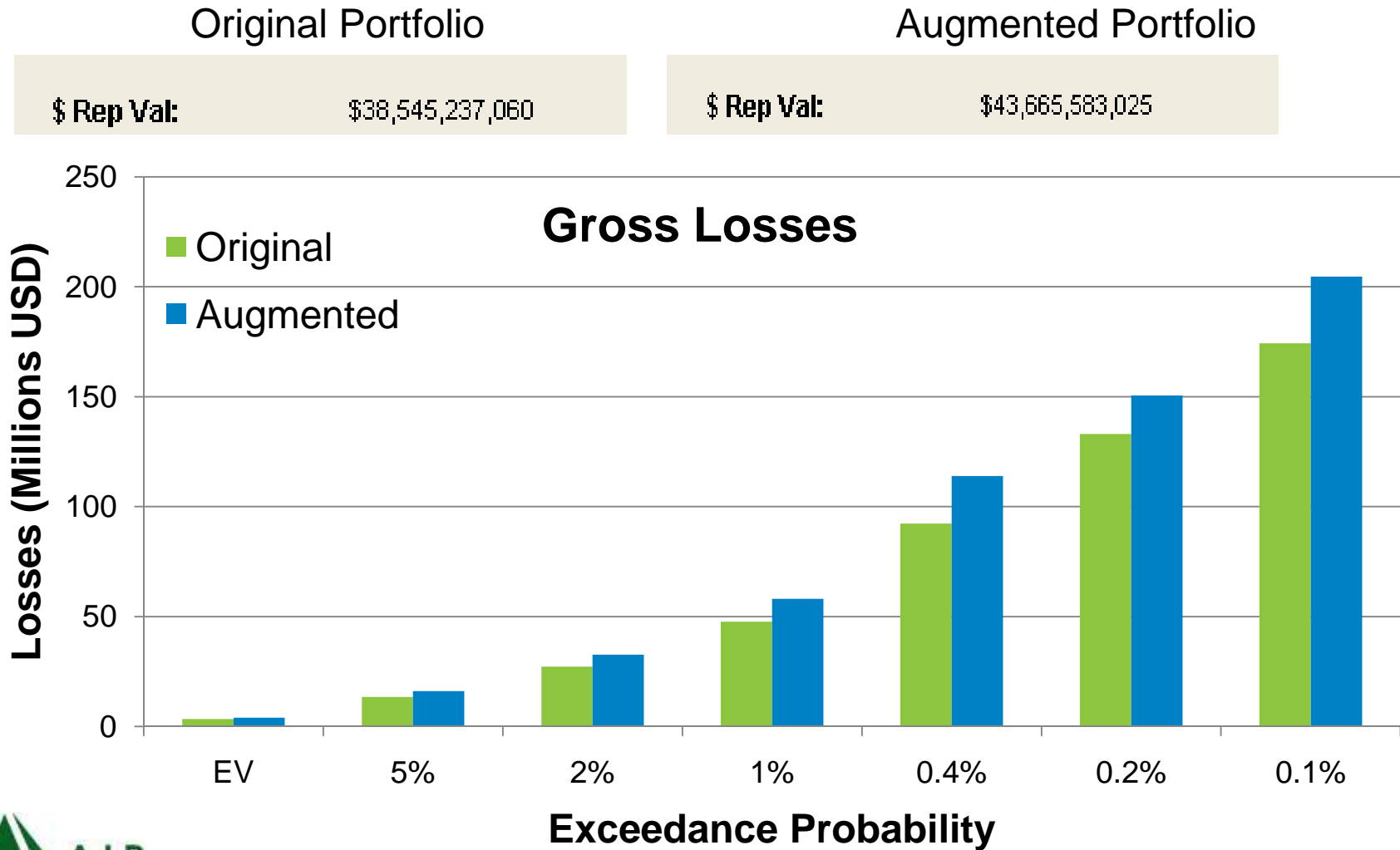
Post Augmentation



# Augmenting Replacement Values Reveals Potential Underinsurance by State



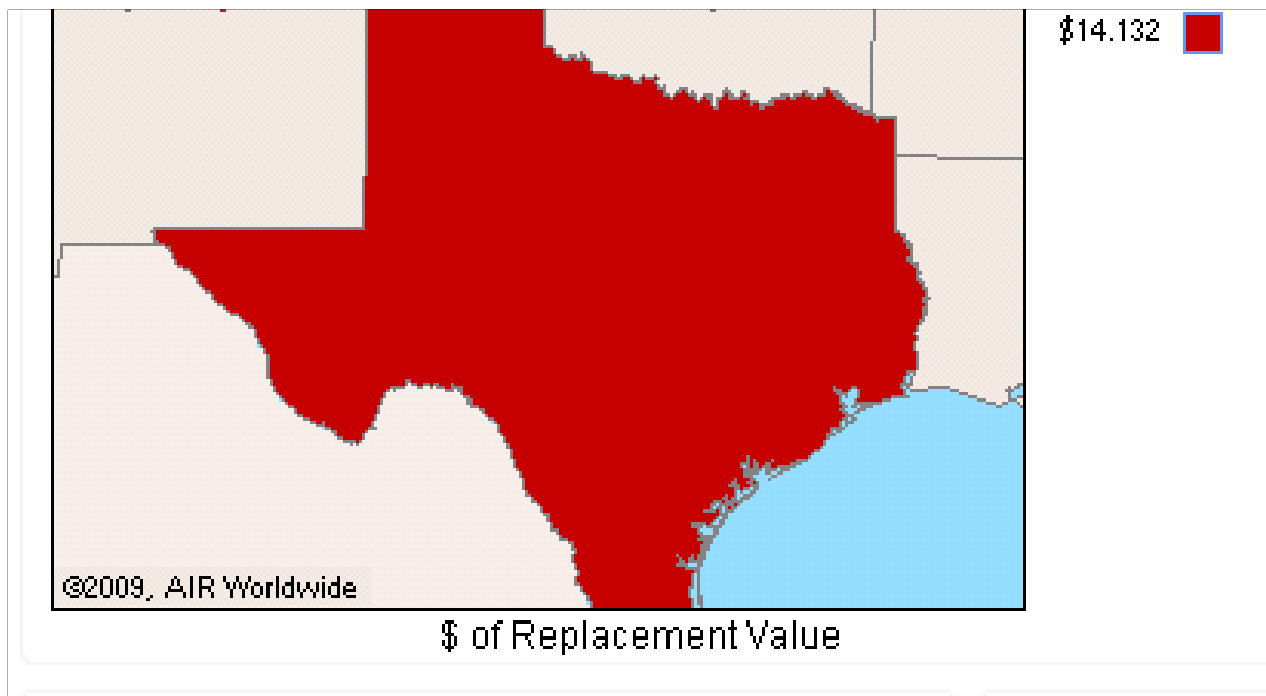
# Updating Property Characteristics and Replacement Values Increases Gross Losses



# Data Quality and Enhancement Case Study Two: Texas Commercial Hurricane Book

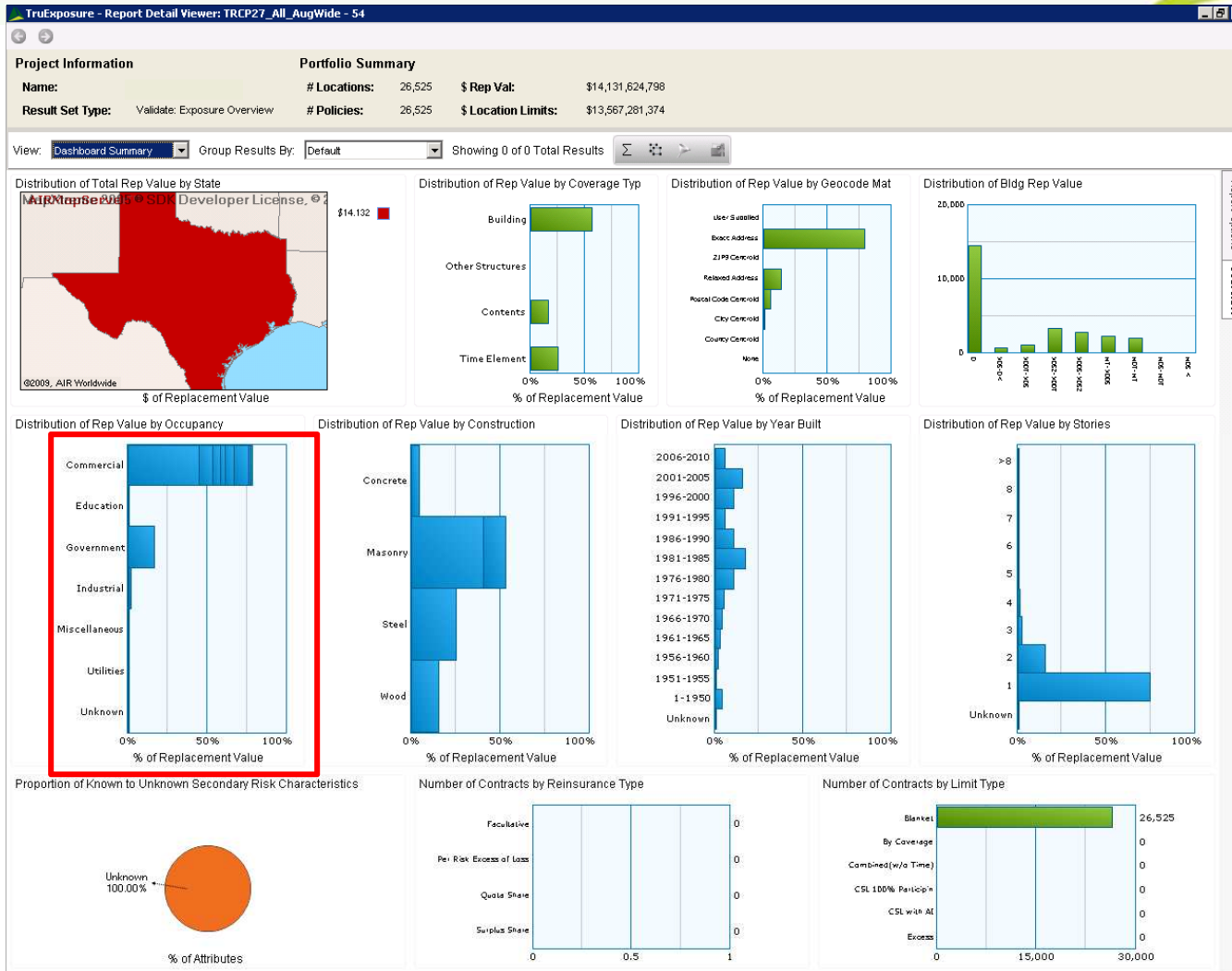
## Portfolio Summary

<b># Locations:</b>	26,525	<b>\$ Rep Val:</b>	\$14,131,624,798
<b># Policies:</b>	26,525	<b>\$ Location Limits:</b>	\$13,567,281,374



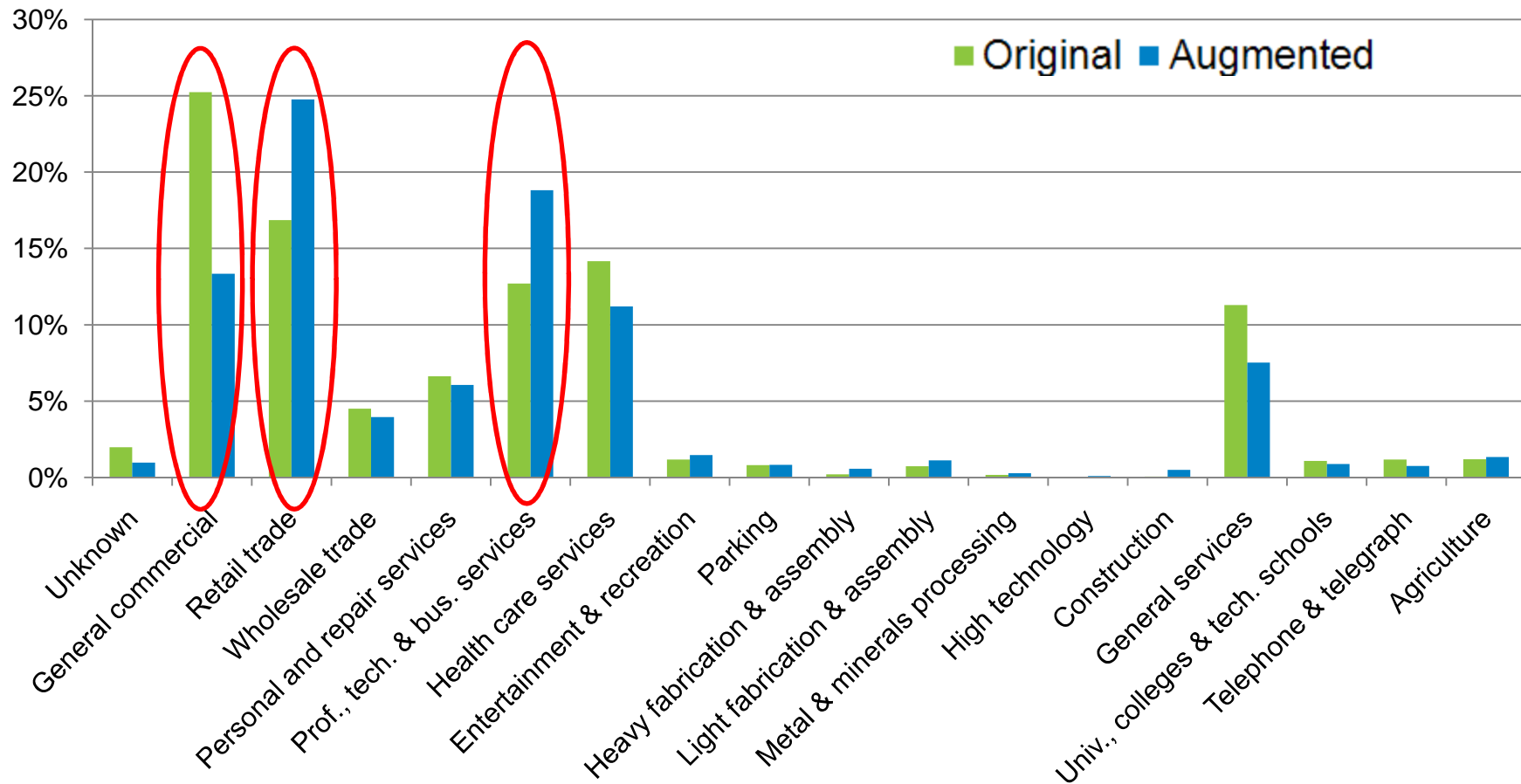


# An Exposure Data Analysis Shows a Prevalence of Known Occupancy Values

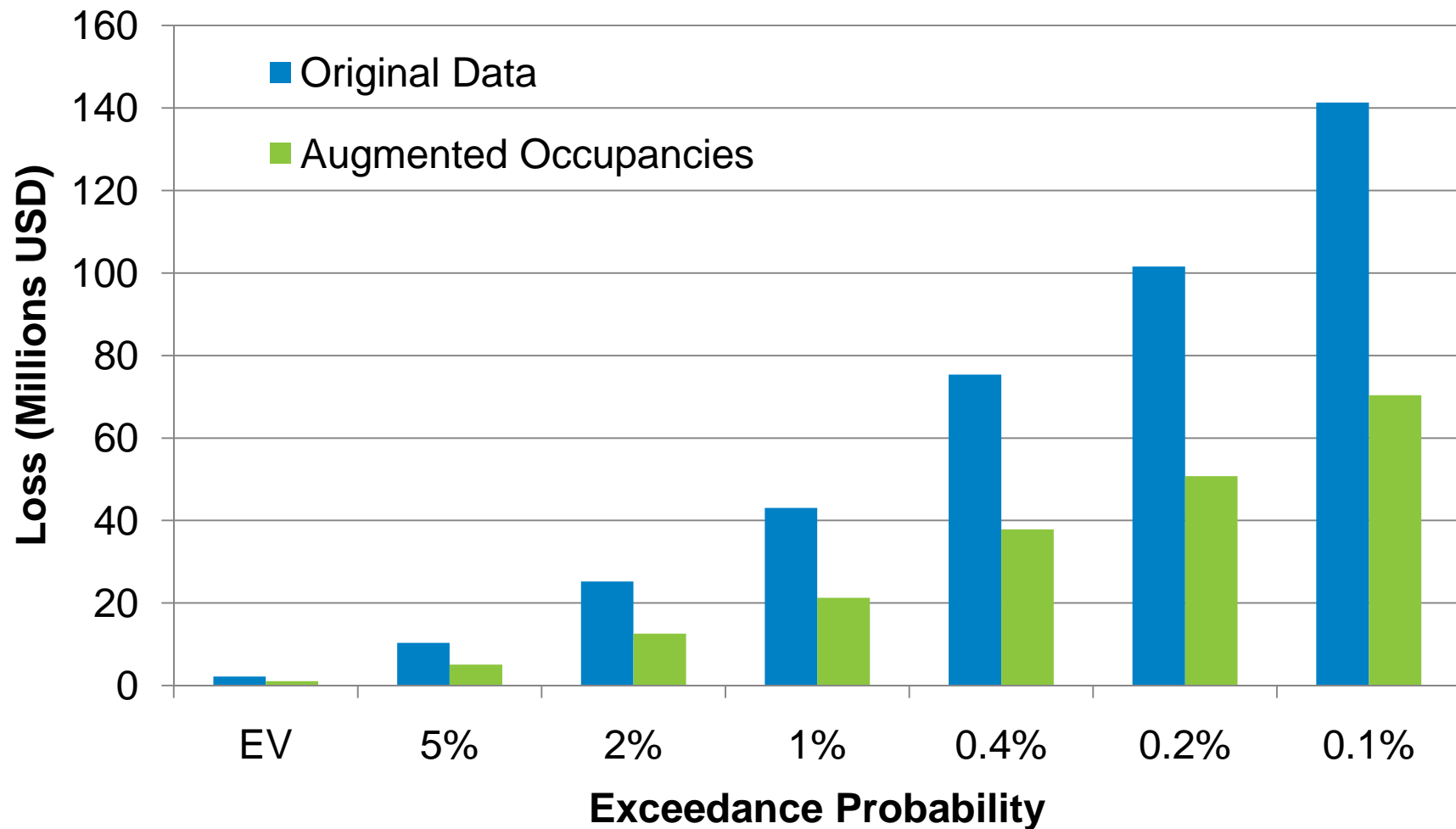


# Further Digging Uncovers that Many Occupancies are Simply Coded 'General Commercial'

## Occupancy Classes



# Updating Occupancy Types Decreases Gross Losses



## Exposure Data Quality is Still Concern, but New Solutions Can Help Companies Assess and Enhance Data

- Exposure data quality varies widely among insurer portfolios
  - There are still many missing values from exposure data files and even if data is “known” it may not be correct
  - Replacement cost estimates are a particular concern as they are difficult to maintain over time
- Objective, third party data sources can help companies enhance questionable data quality before catastrophe analysis
  - When exposure data is enhanced, we see both increased and decreased modeled losses