

C-16: Property Risk and Cats Playing Together

CARe Seminar, June 3-4, 2019 Bermuda

**Brian Mullen, American Family (moderator)** 

Don Yahalom, Verisk / ISO Jonathan Hayes, Guy Carpenter

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## C-16: Property Risk and Cats Playing Together - Description



This session will introduce property risk rating, starting with dipping your toe into property per risk through an examination of developing and using first loss scales.

The session will then show how experienced practitioners can use advanced per risk tools to price ground-up and excess coverages. An emphasis will be made on illustrating merging attritional, minor, and major cat results to avoid the underlap and overlap issues, as well as adjusting first loss scales based on varying underlying COPE parameters. Pricing of complex layered per risk exposures, including large policy and layer deductibles frequently encountered in the US or International reinsurance marketplaces, will be illustrated.

The broker perspective will be given to highlight market realities when preparing data, identifying potential errors, testing various exposure and experience analyses, and assessing various peril treatments.

## C-16 Property Risk and Cats Playing Together - Agenda



Introduction

[Brian-5]

Property Exposure Rating Overview

[Brian-20]

- 1st loss scales history and definition
- Developing curves first principles and various market scales
- Ground-up and layer price Excel example including frequency
- Reinsurer perspective

A Deeper Dive

[Don-25]

- Overall cat / non-cat loss trends
- Exposure Rating Overview: A x B x C = D [AOI x Base loss costs x Curve = Layered Loss Costs]
- Ground-up pricing for attritional and cat peril integration (reduce underlap/overlap)
- Impact of COPE differences on excess scalars
- Pricing complex layered risks

More Real-life Issues and Applications

[Jonathan-15]

- Market / broker anecdotes messy market, relationship importance, information/winners curse
- Data issues and investigating errors risk/cat
- Blending exposure/experience results, survival ratios, premium allocation
- Macro large loss trends emerging issues
- Blending risk/cat each peril separate treatment HU/EQ

Q&A

[5 minutes]

To the extent there is time, will pause for questions after each of the main sections. Otherwise, will have questions at the end.

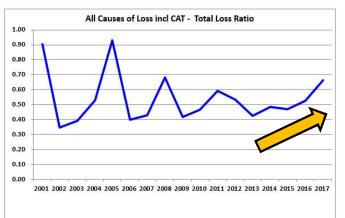
# Property Per Risk and Cat A Deeper Dive

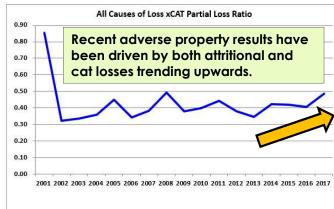
Loss Trends, Ground-up Pricing For Attritional and Cat Perils

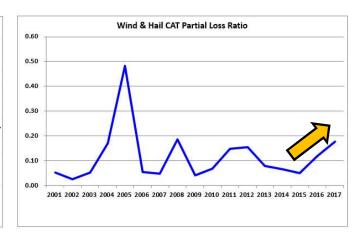


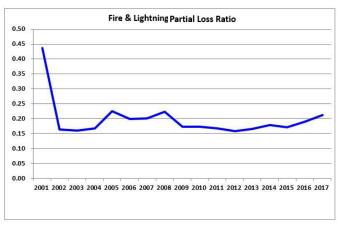
## **Property Risk and Cat Perils Overview – Ground Up Loss Trends**

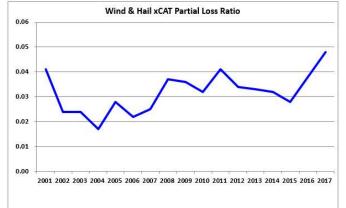


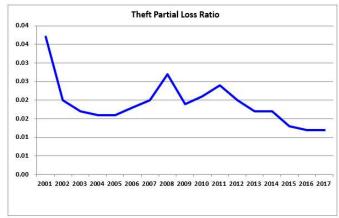












Source: SOLM 2018v2 – using on-level factors from MarketWatch 2018

Note: Fire & Lightning Includes Fire, Lightning and Wildfire
Wind and Hail Includes Hurricane, Tornado from Hurricane, Tropical Storm, Tornado, Hail
Theft includes Theft
All Other includes the remaining causes of loss

### **Ground-Up and Excess Property Per Risk Pricing Basics**



To insure any property it is important to first determine the ground-up pricing. Should consider the amount of insurance as well as the construction, occupancy, protection and exposure (COPE) of the building, etc.

All perils, such as fire and wind including those run through cat models, should be carefully considered so as to avoid underlap or overlap of results.

The losses should then be layered using first loss scales that are built on the same definition basis as the ground-up pricing [AOI x Base Loss Costs x Curve = Excess Layer].



#### Illustrative

Building/Occupancy	%
Corporate Center Building	80%
Bakery/Cafe	5%
Bar/Restaurant	10%
Wireless Provider	5%

Peril Totals	Expected Ground-up Loss Costs
Fire	37,567
Wind	11,230
Special Cause of Loss	6,988
Total Ground-Up Loss	55,785
Layer \$10M xs \$10M	8,314



ISO's database contains over 50 million individual policies, 5 million individual claims, 235 billion estimated ground-up losses, from 230 CP class codes.

From this information we estimate ground-up loss costs and excess layering for 38 occupancy groups separated into commercial, manufacturing, and residential categories. Including for each of 7 various coverage and peril components.

#### Commercial:

- agricultural-greenhouses
- · air/airplane hangars
- auto repair
- billboards
- churches
- · emergency services
- entertainment and recreation
- gasoline stations
- · government services
- hospitals and nursing homes
- · hotels and motels-other
- hotels and motels—with restaurant
- · offices and banks
- other mercantiles—other
- ther mercantiles—retail/wholesale
- parking
- personal and pair services
- restaurants and bars
- schools

#### Manufacturing:

- agricultural—grain elevators
- buildings under construction
- chemical manufacturing
- food processing—other
- food processing—severe
- general industry/metal manufacturing
- · heavy manufacturing—other
- heavy manufacturing—wood
- light manufacturing—other
- · light manufacturing—printing
- severe manufacturing/petroleum
- storage

#### **Highly Protected Risks:**

- highly protected risks—low
- highly protected risks-medium
- highly protected risks—heavy

#### Residential:

- apartments/condos over 10 units
- apartments/condos under 10 units
- dwelling
- · group institutional housing

ISO Rapid Valuator includes the following coverages and peril components:

- buildings—BG1 (fire)
- buildings—BG2 (wind)
- buildings—special causes of loss
- contents-BG1 (fire)
- contents—BG2 (wind)
- · contents—special causes of loss

• business interruption (time element)

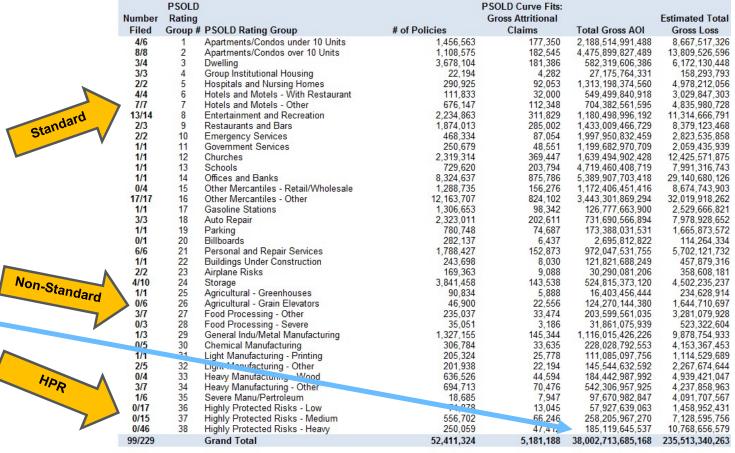
### Ground-up and Excess Information by Occupancy for Ground-Up and Excess Pricing



9

ISO is typically known for producing filed loss costs for various standard occupancies such as apartments, offices, and general mercantile, up to \$10M AOI. However, an extensive amount of information exists in nonstandard (non-filed) lines such as severe manufacturing and HPR categories. Including much of it from quite large AOIs and large policy sizes.

Importantly for first loss scales, the claims and AOIs are linked to enable quite robust PSOLD curve fits.



Note: IRV 15 years # of policies and counts net of deductibles for E&S Customization (from 230 ISO CSPs)
PSOLD - 24 years for ground-up curve fits (excluding minor cat); includes countrywide override

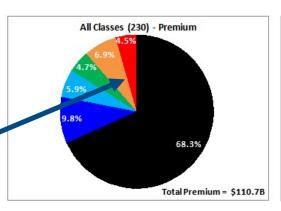
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### Large Policy Analysis by Occupancy Group



Underlying the ground-up pricing and curves is significant amount of information for larger policies. About 11% of total premium is related to policies greater than 100 million AOI, with about 16% of the non-filed categories being from these largest policies. About 26% of the total premium collected and analyze is in the Non-filed (E&S) categories.

About 18% of the premium is for 136 manufacturing occupancies, including 78 HPR, are related to policy sizes larger than 100M is.

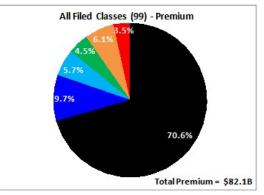


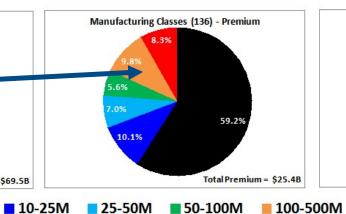
Commercial Classes (72) - Premium

71.9%

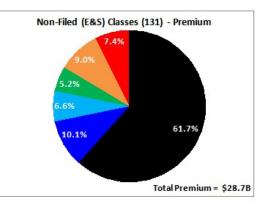
■ 0-10M

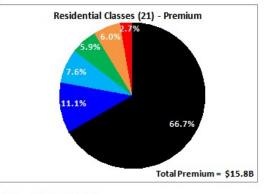
Total Premium = \$69.5B





## Illustrative





Note: Data underlying IRV / PSOLD ground-up and excess loss costs; all 230 ISO CSP Occupancies, 38 IRV/PSOLD Rating Groups - Filed / Non-filed (E&S)

Policy Years 2000-2015 - Net of deductibles, Undeveloped, Untrended, Stat data; Manufacturing including 78 HPR categories

■ >500M



ISO is typically known for producing loss costs for up to \$10M AOI. However, we have over 400,000 gross claims linked to AOIs larger than 10,000,000. With this information, including the underlying occupancy, coverage, and peril details, we produce over 7 million PSOLD first loss scales. We have different scales for each of the 60 AOI bands up to 1Billion, 38 occupancy groups, 7 coverage component, etc.

Our all-industry validation, indicates that our results are credible up to about 200-250M AOI.

	PSOLE Cumulative Clain	
Amount of Insurance (US\$)	Net of Deductible	Gross of Deductible
Ground-Up	2,951,769	5,181,188
1,000,000	782,069	1,751,576
5,000,000	223,449	638,413
10,000,000	128,204	405,675
 25,000,000	57,089	199,913
50,000,000	33,055	117,412
75,000,000	24,470	85,064
100,000,000	19,892	68,186
150,000,000	13,075	56,093
200,000,000	9,856	31,890

The above claim counts are total number of claims regardless of size, linked to the underlying AOI AII policies and claims from 1991 to 2014; AOI's and claims are trended to 2017 for 2016 PSOLD AII occupancies, states, non-cat perils combined (excluding both minor and major cat)

Gross of deductible counts for ground-up curves use ISO's underlying deductible distributions



## **Individual Exposures Insured – Statement of Values**

	200	55%					1.007	5.1	-	- 100				(F)	and the same of th	Gross
			4.5					•	-				Sprinkler		•	
Orig			Building	Contents	Total B&C	Time Element	Deductible	State/Nominal	Zip	CSP Class	Coverage		System	BG1		Actual
Sort	Country - Region	Description/Record Index	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	(\$)	Region	Code	Code	(Bldgs/Cont)	PPC	Type	Construction	BG2 Symbol	Premium
1	United States	Office	40,000,000	5,000,000	45,000,000	10,000,000	1,000	Alabama		0702	Both	10	Part	Joisted Masonry	Ordinary	100,000
2	United States	Distillery	18,000,000	500,000	18,500,000	200,000		Arizona		2459	Both	10	Full	Frame	Semi Wind Re	40,000
3	United States	Hotel - with restaurant	3,381,573	797,940	4,179,513	100,000	25,000	Countrywide		0744	Both	5	Part	Fire Resistive	Superior Win	10,000
4	United States	Office	40,000,000	5,000,000	45,000,000	10,000,000		Nevada		0702	Both	10		Frame	Ordinary	100,000
5	United States	Distillery	18,000,000	500,000	18,500,000	200,000		Nevada		2459	Both	10	Full	Frame	Semi Wind Re	40,000
6	United States	Hotel - with restaurant	3,381,573	797,940	4,179,513	100,000	25,000	South Carolina		0744	Both	1		Fire Resistive	Superior Win	10,000
7	United States	Office	40,000,000	5,000,000	45,000,000	10,000,000	1,000	Alabama	35207	0702	Both	10	Part	Joisted Masonry	Ordinary	100,000
8	United States	Distillery	18,000,000	500,000	18,500,000	200,000		Rhode Island	02801	2459	Both	10	Full	Frame	Semi Wind Re	40,000
9	United States	Hotel - with restaurant	3,381,573	797,940	4,179,513	100,000	25,000	South Carolina		0744	Both	1		Fire Resistive	Superior Win	10,000
10	United States	Office	110,000,000		110,000,000		75,000	Florida		0702	Both	1	Part	Joisted Masonry	Ordinary	100,000

All pricing starts with either a statement of individual insured values, or a banded profile. Sometimes this information will be provided by a cat model submission.

This information will include various amounts of insurance, location and occupancy indicators, as well as often various COPE information and deductibles. Actual premium charged on an exposure level is also quite useful for analysis and establishing e.g. IELRs.



To help determine accurate pricing, should understand what is covered, or what is excluded, in the policy.

Various attritional rating factors and cat results should be included to match the coverage provided.





## Integration of Property Per Risk and Cat Results - Inputs, Perils, Results



**IRV Results** 

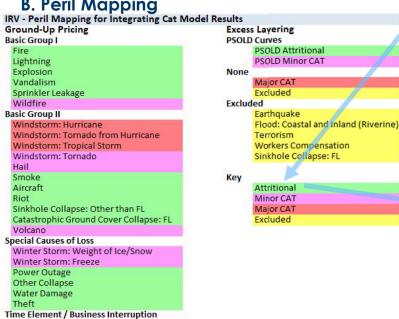
## **A** Inputs

Λ.	IIIPUIS															Gross			Gross	Net Losses-GU
									81		10		Sprinkler		,			IRV Total	ELR (IRV	
Orig			Building	Contents	Total B&C	Time Element	Deductible	State/Nominal	Zip	CSP Class	Coverage		System	BG1		Actual	Account	Gross Loss	<b>GULC/ Actual</b>	PSOLD: Net
Sort	Country - Region	Description/Record Index	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	(\$)	Region	Code	Code	(Bldgs/Cont)	PPC	Туре	Construction	BG2 Symbol	Premium	GULC Scalar	Costs	Prem)	Attritional
1	United States	Office	40,000,000	5,000,000	45,000,000	10,000,000	1,000	Alabama		0702	Both	10	Part	Joisted Masonny	Ordinary	100,000		60,714	60.7%	49,299
2	United States	Distillery	18,000,000	500,000	18,500,000	200,000		Arizona		2459	Both	10	Full	Frame	Semi Wind Re	40,000		18,316	45.8%	15,931
3	United States	Hotel - with restaurant	3,381,573	797,940	4,179,513	100,000	25,000	Countrywide		0744	Both	5	Part	Fire Resistive	Superior Wind	10,000		7,409	74.1%	7,018
4	United States	Office	40,000,000	5,000,000	45,000,000	10,000,000		Nevada		0702	Both	10		Frame	Ordinary	100,000		30,183	30.2%	30,183
5	United States	Distillery	18,000,000	500,000	18,500,000	200,000		Nevada		2459	Both	10	Full	Frame	Semi Wind Re	40,000		13,354	33.4%	13,354
6	United States	Hotel - with restaurant	3,381,573	797,940	4,179,513	100,000	25,000	South Carolina		0744	Both	1		Fire Resistive	Superior Wind	10,000		5,240	52.4%	4,930
7	United States	Office	40,000,000	5,000,000	45,000,000	10,000,000	1,000	Alabama	35207	0702	Both	10	Part	Joisted Masonry	Ordinary	100,000		86,967		74,024
8	United States	Distillery	18,000,000	500,000	18,500,000	200,000		Rhode Island	02801	2459	Both	10	Full	Frame	Semi Wind Re	40,000		15,435	38.6%	12,048
9	United States	Hotel - with restaurant	3,381,573	797,940	4,179,513	100,000	25,000	South Carolina		0744	Both	1		Fire Resistive	Superior Wind	10,000		5,240	52.4%	4,930
10	United States	Office	110,000,000		110,000,000		75,000	Florida		0702	Both	T	Part	Joisted Iviasonn	Urdinary	100,000		21,061	21.1%	19,180

Statement of Value Inputs

#### **B. Peril Mapping**

TE: Attritional TE: Minor CAT TE: Major CAT



Integrating property cat model and attritional results requires an understanding of the coverages and perils that are covered in each, so as to avoid underlap or overlap issues. The mapping to the left shows the normal perils covered under a Property Per Risk contract, or excluded as covered by Cat contracts.

Illustrative

Using a typical statement of values, you will want to calculate the attritional loss results as the main goal, but also produce comparative Hurricane and minor cat values (Tornado/Hail, Freeze, etc.). The much more granular cat model results should be relied upon, but a class based approach can provide a handy quick comparison that can also be rolled up for portfolio purposes to compare to the cat models for validation.

#### C. Results

IRV Summary - Total and Detail Loss Costs

Company / Program v6.5; LC 2019-1H; new CAT alloc state defaults BG2, SCL. TE

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IRV v6.5 (Portal 2019-1H, PSOLD2017)

							IRV Minor					
		# of		Actual	<b>IRV Total Gross</b>	IRV Attritional	Cat	Total LC	Prem /	GULC /		Per Risk Avg
State/Nominal Region -	↑ AOI Band 🗝	Exposures	Total B+C+TE	Premium	Loss Costs (xHU)	Expected Loss	Expected	HU ITE	AOI	AOI	ELR	AOI
∘ Alabama	16: 50.0M-75.	2	110,000,000	200,000	147,681	123,323	24,358	11,192	0.182	0.134	73.8%	55,000,000
<ul> <li>Arizona</li> </ul>	09: 15.0M-20.	1	18,700,000	40,000	18,316	15,931	2,385	-	0.214	0.098	45.8%	18,700,000
· Countrywide	05: 4.0M-5.0N	1	4,279,513	10,000	7,409	7,018	390	1,232	0.234	0.173	74.1%	4,279,513
∘ Florida	18: 100.0M-1	1	110,000,000	100,000	21,061	19,180	1,882	18,463	0.091	0.019	21.1%	110,000,000
∘ Nevada	09: 15.0M-20.	1	18,700,000	40,000	13,354	13,354	0	-	0.214	0.071	33.4%	18,700,000
	16: 50.0M-75.	1	55,000,000	100,000	30,183	30,183	0	-	0.182	0.055	30.2%	55,000,000
Rhode Island	09: 15.0M-20.	1	18,700,000	40,000	15,435	12,048	3,386	6,600	0.214	0.083	38.6%	18,700,000
<ul> <li>South Carolina</li> </ul>	05: 4.0M-5.0N	2	8,559,025	20,000	10,479	9,861	618	726	0.234	0.122	52.4%	4,279,513
Grand Tota	al	10	343,938,538	550,000	263,917	230,898	33,019	38,214	0.160	0.077	48.0%	34,393,854

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### **Hurricane State Research – Coastal/Non-Coastal Zip Codes (Sample)**



### Illustrative

© Insurance Services Office, Inc., 2019 IRV v6.5 (Portal 2019-1H, PSOLD2017)

#### **IRV Summary - Total and Detail Loss Costs**

New Portal DB HU States tets / Coastal vs. Non-Coastal Portal DB 2019-1H

	•					IRV Total Gross		IRV Minor		IRV Total				GULC	
			# of		Actual	Loss Costs	IRV Attritional	Cat Expected	Total LC HU	Gross Loss		GULC (iHU) /	Per Risk Avg	(xHU) /	
State/Nominal Region -	Coastal/Non-Coa	CAT Territory	Exposures	Total B+C+TE	Premium	(iHU)	Expected Loss	Loss	iTE	Costs (xHU)	Prem / AOI	AOI ELR	AOI	AOI	HU/Attr %
∘ Alabama	Coastal	<sup>®</sup> Beach	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	8,042,723	2,748,779	428,842	4,865,102	3,177,621	0.213	0.450 211.7%	47,058,824	0.178	177.0%
	<ul> <li>Non-Coastal</li> </ul>	Inland	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,293,190	2,729,513	403,673	160,005	3,133,185	0.213	0.184 86.7%	47,058,824	0.175	5.9%
Connecticut	∘ Coastal	Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,007,035	1,577,977	171,263	257,794	1,749,241	0.213	0.112 52.8%	47,058,824	0.098	16.3%
	<ul> <li>Non-Coastal</li> </ul>	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,843,830	1,572,705	167,504	103,621	1,740,209	0.213	0.103 48.5%	47,058,824	0.097	6.6%
□ Delaware	Coastal	Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,867,618	1,431,184	47,921	388,512	1,479,106	0.213	0.104 49.1%	47,058,824	0.083	27.1%
	<ul> <li>Non-Coastal</li> </ul>	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,537,146	1,422,103	46,359	68,684	1,468,462	0.213	0.086 40.5%	47,058,824	0.082	4.8%
<ul> <li>District of Columbia</li> </ul>	Coastal	Entire State	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,097,137	1,925,616	145,61	25,905	2,071,231	0.213	0.117 55.2%	47,058,824	0.116	1.3%
∘ Florida	Coastal	Monroe - Other	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	6,481,263	935,456	144,143	5,401,658	1,079,604	0.213	0.362 170.6%	47,058,824	0.060	577.4%
	Non-Coastal	Inland Zone 4	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,533,066	935,044	143,1 6	454,887	1,078,179	0.213	0.086 40.3%	47,058,824	0.060	48.6%
∘ Georgia	Coastal	Beach	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,121,621	1,931,269	198, 76	991,376	2,130,245	0.213	0.175 82.1%	47,058,824	0.119	51.3%
	<ul> <li>Non-Coastal</li> </ul>	Inland	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,300,486	1,963,077	230 ,49	106,961	۵, '93,526	0.213	0.129 60.5%	47,058,824	0.123	5.4%

From a statement of values, the HU losses are developed on a zip-code level using the a cat model. This exhibit, across an array of 38 occupancies, shows the relative magnitude of the HU losses compared to the other standard perils. And very importantly, how different the results are when comparing coastal and non-coastal zip-codes.

As illustration, for Alabama the results range from 160k to 4,865k for the most exposed zip-codes, while Florida ranges from 454k to 5,401k. It is important to note that while the user should use and rely on the much more granular cat model results including individual building characteristics and actual distance from the coast, these class based values can provide a very handy quick comparison.





## **Hurricane States – Coastal/Non-Coastal Zip Code Analysis**



## Illustrative

**IRV Summary - Total and Detail Loss Costs** 

New Portal DB HU States tets / Coastal vs. Non-Coastal Portal DB 2019-1H

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Almost all of the hurricane prone states show, not surprisingly, significant coastal vs noncoastal results.

These differences will be amplified by using full detail cat modeling results.

This exhibit also shows relative consistency in attritional and minor cat losses within the state.

	' マケ					<b>IRV Total Gross</b>		IRV Minor	\	IRV Total				GULC	
	<b>V</b>		# of		Actual	Loss Costs	IRV Attritional		Total LC HU	Gross Loss		GULC (iHU) /	Per Risk Avg		
tate/Nominal Region -1	Coastal/Non-Co: Y	CAT Territory		Total B+C+TE	Premium	(iHU)	Expected Loss	Loss	iTE	Costs (xHU)	Prem / AOI	AOI ELR	AOI	AOI	HU/Att
Alabama	• Coastal	Beach	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	8,042,723	2,748,779	428,842	4,865,102	3,177,621	0.213	0.450 211.7%	47,058,824	0.178	177
Alabailla	Non-Coastal	Inland	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,293,190	2,729,513	403,673	160,005	3,133,185	0.213	0.184 86.7%		0.175	1//
Connecticut	· Coastal	Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,007,035	1,577,977	171,263	257,794	1,749,241	0.213	0.112 52.8%		0.098	16
Connecticut	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,843,830	1,572,705	167,504	103,621	1,740,209	0.213	0.103 48.5%		0.097	- 6
Delaware	∘ Coastal	Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,867,618	1,431,184	47,921	388,512	1,479,106	0.213	0.103 48.3%		0.083	2
Delaware	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,537,146	1,422,103	46,359	68,684	1,468,462	0.213	0.086 40.5%		0.083	_
District of Columbia	® Coastal	Entire State	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,097,137	1,925,616	145,616	25,905	2,071,231	0.213	0.117 55.2%		0.082	1
Florida	® Coastal	Monroe - Other	38				935,456	144,148	5,401,658	1,079,604	0.213	0.362 170.6%	47,058,824	0.060	57
riorida	Non-Coastal		38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	6,481,263			454.887			0.086 40.3%	47,058,824	0.060	4
		∘ Inland Zone 4	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,533,066	935,044	143,136	991.376	1,078,179	0.213			0.060	5
Georgia	∘ Coastal ∘ Non-Coastal	<ul><li>Beach</li><li>Inland</li></ul>	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,121,621	1,931,269	198,976	106.961	2,130,245	0.213	0.175 82.1% 0.129 60.5%		0.119	5
Hawaii	Coastal	Entire State	38	1,788,235,294 1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,300,486 2,068,942	1,963,077 1,858,027	230,449	210.915	2,193,526 1.858.027	0.213 0.213		47,058,824 47,058,824	0.123	1
AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED		Beach	38		3,800,000				4.865.102					0.104	
Louisiana	Coastal			1,788,235,294	3,800,000	8,042,723	2,580,843	596,778	The second secon	3,177,621	0.213				
	Non-Coastal	<sup>®</sup> Inland	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,293,190	2,566,767	566,418	160,005	3,133,185	0.213	0.184 86.7%		0.175	
Maine	* Coastal	Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,784,814	3,651,031	33,032	100,751	3,684,063	0.213			0.206	
	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,718,229	3,651,741	33,162	33,326	3,684,903	0.213	0.208 97.8%	47,058,824	0.206	
Maryland	• Coastal	Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,589,382	1,162,967	104,555	321,860	1,267,522	0.213			0.071	2
	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,284,815	1,159,238	102,543	23,035	1,261,781	0.213	0.072 33.8%	47,058,824	0.071	
Massachusetts	* Coastal	Territory III	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,898,861	2,229,120	118,795	550,946	2,347,915	0.213		47,058,824	0.131	2
	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,454,056	2,229,822	118,933	105,301	2,348,755	0.213	0.137 64.6%	47,058,824	0.131	
Mississippi	Coastal	Beach	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	8,042,723	2,572,211	605,410	4,865,102	3,177,621	0.213			0.178	
	<ul> <li>Non-Coastal</li> </ul>	Inland	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,293,190	2,560,436	572,750	160,005	3,133,185	0.213	0.184 86.7%		0.175	
New Hampshire	■ Coastal	<ul> <li>Territory II</li> </ul>	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,722,235	1,540,288	44,579	137,368	1,584,867	0.213	0.096 45.3%		0.089	
	<ul> <li>Non-Coastal</li> </ul>	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,615,742	1,535,741	43,385	36,617	1,579,125	0.213	0.090 42.5%	47,058,824	0.088	
New Jersey	Coastal	Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,795,161	2,241,481	166,779	386,901	2,408,260	0.213	0.156 73.6%		0.135	1
	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,476,944	2,240,401	165,408	71,135	2,405,809	0.213	0.139 65.2%		0.135	
New York	Coastal	■Territory III	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,473,802	2,109,938	167,685	196,179	2,277,622	0.213	0.138 65.1%		0.127	
	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,300,657	2,107,852	166,060	26,745	2,273,912	0.213	0.129 60.5%	47,058,824	0.127	
North Carolina	Coastal	Territory III	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	4,979,126	1,635,443	183,492	3,160,191	1,818,935	0.213	0.278 131.0%	47,058,824	0.102	19
	Non-Coastal	■ Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,990,921	1,588,366	146,699	255,856	1,735,065	0.213	0.111 52.4%	47,058,824	0.097	1
Pennsylvania	<b>® Coastal</b>	■ Entire State	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,407,504	2,293,232	97,819	16,453	2,391,051	0.213	0.135 63.4%	47,058,824	0.134	
	Non-Coastal	Entire State	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,113,831	2,001,141	96,237	16,453	2,097,378	0.213	0.118 55.6%	47,058,824	0.117	
Rhode Island	∘ Coastal	■ Territory II	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,732,519	2,041,104	190,669	500,746	2,231,773	0.213	0.153 71.9%	47,058,824	0.125	2
	<ul> <li>Non-Coastal</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Territory I</li></ul>	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,395,114	2,041,600	191,433	162,081	2,233,032	0.213	0.134 63.0%	47,058,824	0.125	
South Carolina	∘ Coastal	∘ Seacoast	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	4,272,571	2,405,441	156,228	1,710,902	2,561,669	0.213	0.239 112.4%	47,058,824	0.143	7
	Non-Coastal	Inland	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,881,795	2,402,225	154,442	325,128	2,556,667	0.213	0.161 75.8%	47,058,824	0.143	1
Texas	∘ Coastal	Seacoast 2	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	5,274,954	2,440,819	585,696	2,248,439	3,026,515	0.213			0.169	9
	Non-Coastal		38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,895,825	2,277,866	481,800	136,158	2,759,666	0.213	0.162 76.2%		0.154	
Vermont		e Entire State	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,253,383	3,211,564	25,365	16,453	3,236,929	0.213			0.181	
	Non-Coastal	e Entire State	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	3,253,383	3,211,564	25,365	16,453	3,236,929	0.213	0.182 85.6%		0.181	
Virginia	• Coastal	Territory III	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	1,949,904	1,525,150	97,232	327,522	1,622,383	0.213			0.091	2
<b>.</b>	Non-Coastal	Territory I	38	1,788,235,294	3,800,000	2,165,521	2,018,683	89,637	57,201	2,108,321	0.213	0.121 57.0%	47,058,824	0.118	
Grand Tota			1.596	75,105,882,353	159,600,000	130,546,933	88,264,829	8,256,271		96,521,100	0.212			0.129	3

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### **Attritional / Minor / Major Cats-HU Analysis**



#### A. Hurricane State Rollups (22 States) - Coastal / Non-coastal

© Insurance Services Office, Inc., 2019 IRV v6.5 (Portal 2019-1H, PSOLD2017)



Portal DB 2019-1H

**IRV Summary - Total and Detail Loss Costs** 

New Portal DB HU States tets / Coastal vs. Non-Coastal

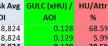
				Actual	
Coastal/Non-Coastal	7	# of Exposures	Total B+C+TE	Premium	
Coastal		836	39,341,176,471	83,600,000	
Non-Coastal		760	35,764,705,882	76,000,000	
Grand To	otal	1,596	75,105,882,353	159,600,000	1

Gross Loss	IRV Attritional
Costs (iHU)	Expected Loss
81,906,001	46,048,944
48,640,932	42,215,885
130,546,933	88,264,829
Check	130,546,933

Minor Cat		Gross Loss
ected Loss	Total LC HU iTE	Costs (xHU)
4,310,880	31,546,177	50,359,824
3,945,391	2,479,656	46,161,277
8,256,271	34,025,833	96,521,100

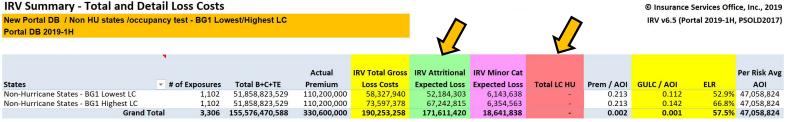
Prem ,

	GOLC (IHU) /		Per KISK AVE
AOI	AOI	ELR	AOI
0.213	0.208	98.0%	47,058,824
0.213	0.136	64.0%	47,058,824
0.212	0.174	81.8%	47,058,824



68.5% 5.9% 38.5% 0.129

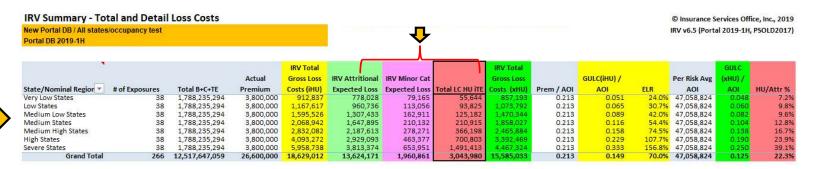
## B. Non-Hurricane State Rollups (29 States) – Low / High BG1



Ехре

Rolling up the results across the HU and non-HU states illustrates the large differences in attritional, minor, and major (HU) cat results.

### C. State Ranking Rollups (7 Groupings) – Very Low to Severe States by Peril



# Property Per Risk and Cat A Deeper Dive

**Excess Layering** 

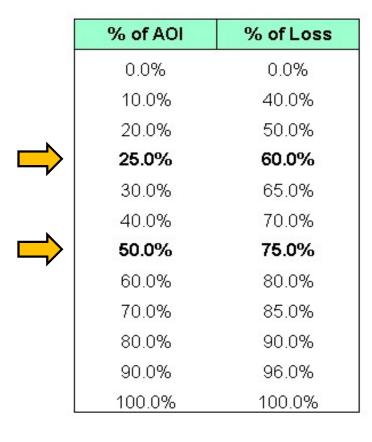




## **First Loss Scale Illustration**

**Linking Amount of Insurance to Loss Size for Layering** 

I	Ш	U	S	tr	ď	t	iv	e
		$\mathbf{\circ}$	~		$\sim$			$\sim$



**AOI = \$20,000,000 (insured value)** 

What is the charge for \$5M excess of \$5M?

- Layer attachment point: \$5M / \$20M = 25%; per scale, 60% of losses are less than or equal to 25% of AOI. Therefore, 60% of the total ground-up loss costs pays for losses related to the first \$5M of building value
- Layer limit: \$10M / \$20M =50%; per scale, 75% of the ground-up losses pays the losses for the first \$10M of building value
- Layer charge: would want to collect 15% (75.0%-60.0%) of the total ground-up expected loss costs for the \$5M excess of \$5M layer.

Therefore, if the total expected losses for this building was \$40,000, then the amount for the excess layer would be \$6,000 (15% x \$40,000)



## A Survey of Property Size of Loss Curves

Many different curves, with varying levels of credibility and transparency, have been used over the decades.

#### The Issues:

- Plausible curves need to rely on link between losses and their exposed amounts of insurance
- Curves vary substantially by Amount of Insurance, occupancy, peril, territory, etc.
- How are submission profiles produced and how are the curves applied AOI, TIV, MPL, PML,...
- Lloyd's Scales (World War II-unknown)
- Salzman Scales (1960 personal property)
- Ludwig Tables (mid 1980s one company HO and small CP)
- Various Reinsurer Based Scales
  - Swiss Re, Munich Re, Skandia, Frankona, Cologne Re, Employers Re, brokers,...
- MBBEFD Approximations (1990s S. Bernegger)
  - Modeling loss severity with distributions from Physics (aka Swiss Re Y1 to Y4,...)
- Extreme Value Theory (1990s- G. Ramachandran)
  - Factors affecting Fire Loss Multiple regression models
- ISO PSOLD
  - First issued late 1990s
  - Based on 25 years of collected premium and loss information that is linked to original AOI, etc.
  - Uses over 50M individual policies, 235B ground-up losses, 38T AOI, 230 ISO class codes, 60 AOI bands up to 1B and 5M individual claims
  - Now contains over 7M curves, including component curves by coverage / peril

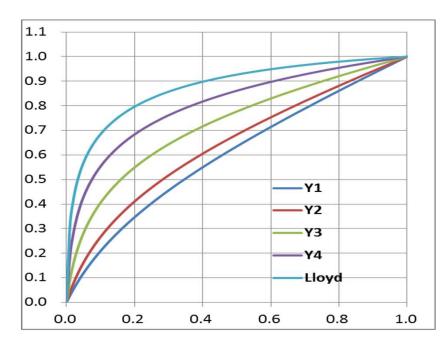
Source: CS2 International Property – June 2013

Perspectives from America: The Missing link: Rating property exposure globally – May 2012 by John Buchanan

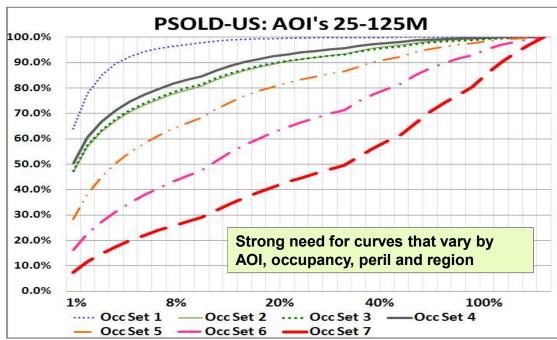


# First Loss Scales Comparisons - Illustrative Scales should vary by AOI, Occupancy, etc.

#### Illustrative







PSOLD uses over 5M individual linked losses and exposures to generate curves for 60 AOI bands, 38 occupancies, 4 sets of perils, 50 states, gross/net of deductible, etc.

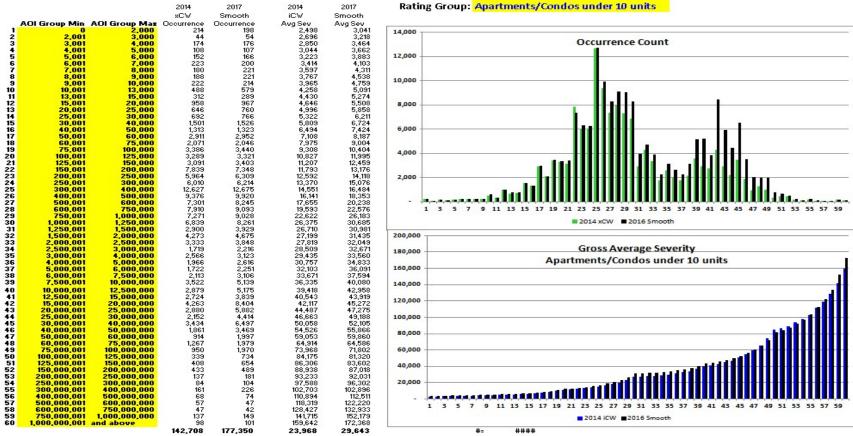
# Sample PSOLD Curve Volumes and Average Severities by AOI Band



# 2014 vs. 2017 – Apts/Condos <10 Units

#### Illustrative

Fitted average severities vary by AOI band. In this low hazard category, they range from 10k to 100k between AOI bands of 100,000 to 250M.



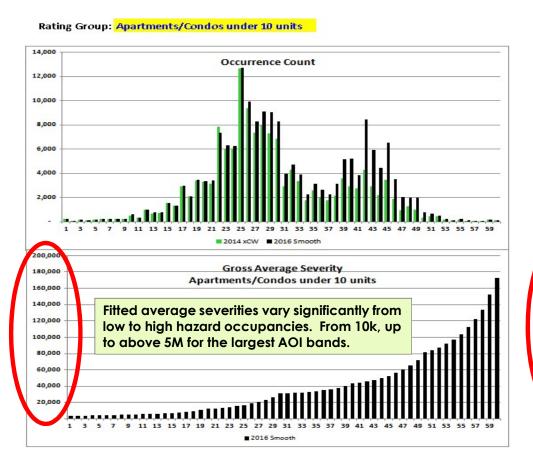
Note: PSOLD CP 2017 = PSOLD 2016 with smoothing (released with IRV v5-1/2018)

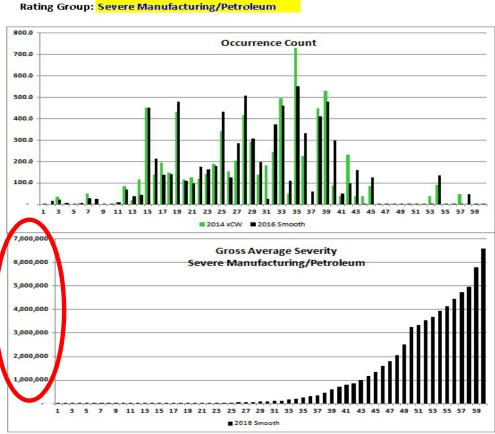
## **PSOLD 2017 – Sample Counts and Curve Comparison**



## Apts<10 units vs. Severe Manufacturing

#### Illustrative





Note: Values shown may not match options selected SERVE | ADD VALUE | INNOVATE

## PSOLD Components – Gross All Occupancies (including smoothed curves)

Illustrative

PSOLD 2017 Excess Claims Frequency per \$1B Premium by Peril - All Occupancies - Gross

Curve fits vary significantly by coverage and peril component. For example, there are far fewer large SCL contents claims than there are across all perils.

	Att All Perils	Att All Perils	Att All Perils	Att All Perils	Att BG1	Att BG1	Att BG1	Att BG1
	B+C+TE	Buildings	Contents	B+C	B+C+TE	Buildings	Contents	B+C
Layer Width XS Retention	Excess Claims	Excess Claims	Excess Claims	Excess Claims	Excess Claims	Excess Claims	Excess Claims	Excess Claims
Total Occurrence Count	5,181,247	2,693,416	1,922,312	5,188,674	1,983,599	1,093,199	521,963	1,804,090
5,000 XS 10,000	2.392	1.857	1.881	2.276	3.107	2.379	2.570	2.953
10,000 XS 15,000	1.174	0.872	0.905	1.114	1.470	1.076	1.201	1.388
25,000 XS 25,000	0.478	0.349	0.348	0.447	0.575	0.417	0.432	0.536
30,000 XS 50,000	0.133	0.103	0.067	0.117	0.137	0.111	0.069	0.123
20,000 XS 80,000	0.066	0.051	0.022	0.053	0.062	0.049	0.024	0.054
50,000 XS 100,000	0.048	0.037	0.012	0.037	0.044	0.033	0.016	0.039
50,000 XS 150,000	0.024	0.018	0.003	0.018	0.022	0.015	0.006	0.019
50,000 XS 200,000	0.014	0.011	0.001	0.010	0.013	0.008	0.003	0.011
150.000 XS 250.000	0.008	0.007	0.001	0.006	0.008	0.005	0.002	0.007
100,000 XS 400,000	0.002	0.002	0.000	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.000	0.002
500,000 XS 500,000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.001

		Att							
		BG2	BG2	BG2	BG2	SCL	SCL	SCL	SCL
		B+C+TE	Buildings	Contents	B+C	B+C+TE	Buildings	Contents	B+C
ayer Width XS	Retention	Excess Claims							
Total Occurr	rence Count	1,125,114	690,842	228,561	1,031,397	2,739,098	947,110	1,209,420	2,510,137
5,000 X	S 10,000	1.766	0.944	2.983	1.705	1.000	1.130	0.725	0.950
10,000 X	S 15,000	1.004	0.542	1.802	0.983	0.536	0.645	0.403	0.501
25,000 X	S 25,000	0.572	0.327	0.939	0.584	0.263	0.336	0.167	0.244
30,000 X	S 50,000	0.283	0.162	0.285	0.274	0.097	0.105	0.047	0.086
20,000 X	S 80,000	0.165	0.092	0.098	0.147	0.042	0.041	0.021	0.033
50,000 X	S 100,000	0.128	0.070	0.057	0.110	0.027	0.024	0.014	0.019
50,000 X	S 150,000	0.070	0.036	0.017	0.056	0.010	0.008	0.006	0.005
50,000 X	S 200,000	0.041	0.022	0.007	0.033	0.005	0.003	0.003	0.002
150,000 X	S 250,000	0.024	0.013	0.003	0.019	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001
100,000 X		0.005	0.003	0.001	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
500.000 X		0.002	0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
							7.00000	471555	

Note: Total Gross AOI = \$38.0T, Total Gross Loss \$235.5B

## **Relationship of COPE Ground-Up and Excess Factors**



For ground-up pricing, selecting different protections (PPC) and constructions (Frame vs. Fire Resistive) has a significant impact on the ground-up loss costs. The ground-up factor range is about 3.0 between the best (PPC=1, Fire Resistive) and worst (PPC=10-unprotected, Frame). That is, ground-up pricing for a 50M building may range from 50k to 150k just due to those components of COPE.

An interesting pricing and engineering question arises as to how do those significant ground-up pricing factors translate into scalars for excess pricing. In other words, if a building is poorly constructed and not well protected, how much additionally are the ground-up losses going to also translate proportionately to higher excess losses. An attempt may then be made to scale up the first loss scales to account for a higher proportion of large (or total) losses due to poor construction and/or no protection.

### Illustrative

						PP	C						
BG1 Construction	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	8B	9	10	Blank PPC=5	Total Weighted Construction Scala
Frame	1.09	1.11	1.14	1.15	1.16	1.20	1.26	1.33	1.36	1.47	1.72	1.16	1.290
Joisted Masonry	1.02	1.05	1.07	1.08	1.09	1.12	1.18	1.24	1.27	1.35	1.56	1.09	1.159
Non-Combustible	0.97	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.06	1.12	1.17	1.19	1.26	1.43	1.03	1.050
Masonry Non-Combustible	0.89	0.91	0.93	0.94	0.95	0.97	1.02	1.07	1.09	1.13	1.28	0.95	0.873
Modified Fire Resistive	0.89	0.91	0.93	0.94	0.94	0.97	1.02	1.06	1.08	1.12	1.26	0.94	0.867
Fire Resistive	0.87	0.89	0.90	0.91	0.92	0.94	0.99	1.03	1.05	1.08	1.21	0.92	0.813
Blank: Non-Combustible	0.97	1.00	1.01	1.02	1.03	1.06	1.12	1.17	1.19	1.26	1.43	1.00	

Min PPC, Construction	0.73
Max PPC, Construction	2.23
Range Max/Min	3.04



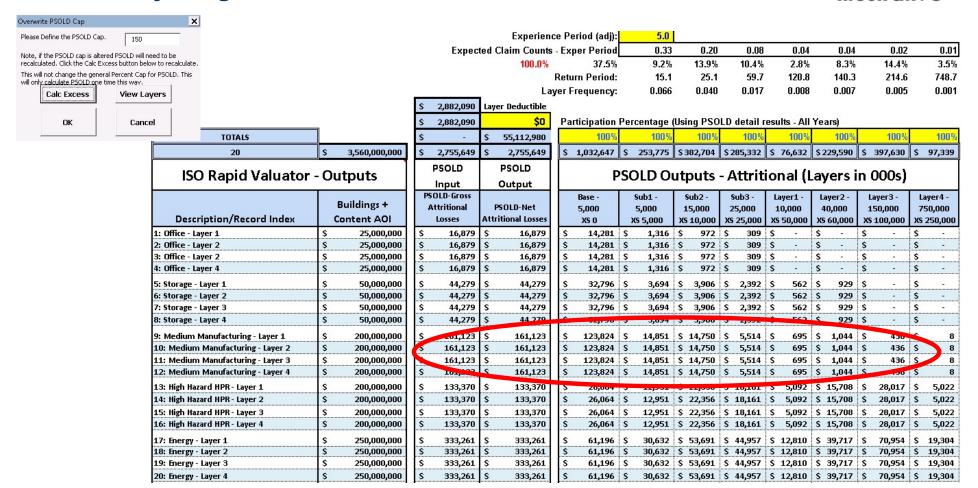
# Layering Example 5 Risks / 4 Layers Each with Ground-up Loss Estimates Illustrative

			Total AOI:	890,000,000	3,560,000,000	Deductible:	0	Total Gross LS:	720,523	2,882,090
							PSOLD:	PSOLD:	PSOLD:	IRV Total
Orig	the second		Building	Contents	Total B&C	Time Element	Syndication	Syndication	Syndication %	Gross Loss
Sort	Country - Region	Description/Record Index	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	Entry Point	Exit Point	Share	Costs
1	United States	Office - Layer 1	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	-	50,000,000	20.0%	18,513
2	United States	Office - Layer 2	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	18,513
3	United States	Office - Layer 2	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	100,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	18,513
4	United States	Office - Layer 4	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	250,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	18,513
5	United States	Storage - Layer 1	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000		50,000,000	20.0%	47,521
6	United States	Storage - Layer 2	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	47,521
7	United States	Storage - Layer 3	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	100,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	47,521
8	United States	Storage - Layer 4	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	250,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	47,521
9	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 1	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	-	50,000,000	20.0%	170,303
10	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 2	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	170,303
11	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 3	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	170,303
12	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 4	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	170,303
13	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 1	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000		50,000,000	20.0%	142,550
14	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 2	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	142,550
15	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 3	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	142,550
16	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 4	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	142,550
17	United States	Energy - Layer 1	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000		50,000,000	20.0%	341,635
18	United States	Energy - Layer 2	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	341,635
19	United States	Energy - Layer 3	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	100,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	341,635
20	United States	Energy - Layer 4	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	341,635



## **PSOLD Layering – Before Shares / Deductibles**

#### Illustrative





# **PSOLD Layering – After Shares / Before Deductibles**

## Illustrative

				•				8	-	101111									
		\$	2,882,090	Tot IRV value		- 14													
		\$	2,882,090	Att + Minor		Layer De	ductible:	\$0	Pa	articipation	Percentage	(Using PS(	OLD detail	results - All	Years)				
TOTALS		\$	12	Major Cat			Check:	\$ 2,755,649		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		100%		100%
20	\$ 3,560,000,000	\$	2,755,649	\$ 126,441	Net after sl	hares, partic, d	eductibles:	\$ 137,782	\$	51,580	\$ 12,663	\$19,090	\$14,229	\$ 3,821	\$11,446	\$ 1	9,821	\$ !	5,133
722 2 1 1 2 1	_		SOLD	PSOLD			30.773.383.4757.563.0815	PSOLD								10 20			
ISO Rapid Valuator	- Outputs		Input	Input				Output		P	SOLDO	utputs	- Attrit	ional (I	_ayers	n U	OOs)		
27	900	_	OLD-Gross	PSOLD-Gross				Output	4	Base -	Sub1 -	Sub2 -	Sub3 -	Layer1 -	Layer2 -	Lav	yer3 -	Lav	er4 -
	Buildings +	At	tritional	Minor Cat			Percent	PSOLD-Net		5,000	5,000	15,000	25,000	10,000	40,000	330050	0,000	2000	0,000
Description/Record Index	Content AOI		Losses	Losses	Entry Point	Exit Point	Share	Attritional Losses		XS O	XS 5,000	XS 10,000	XS 25,000	XS 50,000	XS 60,000	XS 1	.00,000	2 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	50,000
1: Office - Layer 1	\$ 25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634		\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 3,376	\$	2,856	\$ 263	\$ 194	\$ 62	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1-0	\$	
2: Office - Layer 2	\$ 25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
3: Office - Layer 2	\$ 25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
4: Office - Layer 4	\$ 25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
5: Storage - Layer 1	\$ 50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243		\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 8,558	\$	6,559	\$ 739	\$ 781	\$ 478	\$ -	s -	\$	-	\$	-
6: Storage - Layer 2	\$ 50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 298	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112	\$ 186	\$	-	\$	-
7: Storage - Layer 3	\$ 50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
8: Storage - Layer 4	\$ 50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
9: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 1	\$ 200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,180		¢	20.0%	\$ 31,788	\$	24,765	\$ 2,970	\$ 2,950	\$ 1,103	S -	J		-	\$	-
10: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 2	\$ 200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,180	50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 348	\$	-	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139	\$ 209	\$	-	•	-
11: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 3	\$ 200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,100	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 87	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	87	\$	
12: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 4	\$ 200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,180	2 _ 0 000 000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 2	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$			2
13: High Hazard HPR - Layer 1	\$ 200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180		\$ 50,000,000	20.070	÷ 15,000	-	E 242	¢ 2500			<b>9</b> -	\$ -	\$	(-0)	\$	
14: High Hazard HPR - Layer 2	\$ 200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 4,160	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,018	\$ 3,142	\$	-	\$	-
15: High Hazard HPR - Layer 3	\$ 200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 5,603	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$	5,603	\$	-
16: High Hazard HPR - Layer 4	\$ 200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 1,004	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,004
17: Energy - Layer 1	\$ 250,000,000	\$	333,261			\$ 50,000,000	20.0%		\$	12,187	\$ 6,100	\$ 10,693	\$ 8,953	\$ -	<b>s</b> -	\$	-	\$	-
18: Energy - Layer 2	\$ 250,000,000	\$	333,261	÷			20.0%		\$	-	S -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,551	\$ 7,910		-	\$	-
19: Energy - Layer 3	\$ 250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 14,131	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	14,131	\$	-
20: Energy - Layer 4	\$ 250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 4,127	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,127

SERVE | ADD VALUE | INNOVATE



# PSOLD Layering – After Shares / After \$10M Policy Deductible Illustrative

			_					-										
		\$ 2,882,090	Tot IRV value						63 24									
		\$ 2,882,090	Att + Minor		Layer De	ductible:	\$0	Pa	articipation	Percentage	(Using PS(	)LD detail	results - All	Years	s)			
TOTALS		\$ -	Major Cat		28	Che.k.	\$ 1,470,783		0%	0%	100%	100%	100%		100%		100%	TUE OF
20	\$ 3,560,000,000	\$ 2,755,649	\$ 126,441	Net after sl	hares, partic, d	educti. les:	\$ 73,539	\$	51,580	\$ 12,663	\$19,090	\$14,229	\$ 3,821	\$11,	,446	\$ 19,	821	\$ 5,133
100 P 111/1		PSOLD	PSOLD				POLD					A		Ŷ		100000		
ISO Rapid Valuator	- Outputs	Input	Input				Output	T	V	SOLDO	utputs	- Attrit	ionali	24/		00	us)	
		PSOLD-Gross	PSOLD-Gross				i i		Base -	Sub1 -	Sub2 -	Sub3 -	Layer1 -	Laye	er2 -	Layer	3 -	Layer4 -
450	Buildings +	Attritional	Minor Cat			Percent	PSOLD-Net		5,000	5,000	15,000	25,000	10,000	40,0	000	150,0	100	750,000
Description/Record Index	Content AOI	Losses	Losses	Entry Point	Exit Point	Share	Attritional Losses		XS O	XS 5,000	XS 10,000	XS 25,000	XS 50,000	XS 60	0,000	XS 100	,000	XS 250,000
1: Office - Layer 1	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879	\$ 1,634		\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 256	\$	2,856	\$ 263	\$ 194	\$ 62	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$ -
2: Office - Layer 2	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- [	\$	- :	\$ -
3: Office - Layer 2	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- [	\$	- !	\$ -
4: Office - Layer 4	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	s -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$ -
5: Storage - Layer 1	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243		\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 1,260	s	6,559	\$ 739	\$ 781	\$ 478	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$ -
6: Storage - Layer 2	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 298	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112	\$	186	\$	- !	\$ -
7: Storage - Layer 3	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$ -
8: Storage - Layer 4	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$-
9: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 1	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180		\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 4,053	\$	24,765	\$ 2,970	\$ 2,950	\$ 1,103	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$ -
10: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 2	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 348	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139	\$	209	\$	- !	\$ -
11: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 3	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 87	\$		s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	87	\$ -
12: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 4	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 2	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$2
13: High Hazard HPR - Layer 1	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180		\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 8,103	\$	5,213	\$ 2,590	\$ 4,471	\$ 3,632	<b>\$</b> -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$ -
14: High Hazard HPR - Layer 2	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 50,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 4,160	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,018	\$ 3	3,142	\$	- :	\$ -
15: High Hazard HPR - Layer 3	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 5,603	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5	5,603	\$ -
16: High Hazard HPR - Layer 4	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 1,004	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- !	\$ 1,004
17: Energy - Layer 1	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261			\$ 50,000,000	20.0%		\$	12,187			\$ 8,953	<b>\$</b> -	\$	-	\$	- !	-
18: Energy - Layer 2	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261			\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 10,461	\$	-		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,551	\$ 7	7,910	\$	- :	\$ -
19: Energy - Layer 3	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 100,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 14,131	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 14	1,131	\$ -
20: Energy - Layer 4	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 250,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 4,127	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ 4,127

SERVE | ADD VALUE | INNOVATE



## Layering Example 5 Risks / 4 Layers – Including \$10M per Layer Deductible

### Illustrative

		14	Total AOI:	890,000,000	3,560,000,000	Deductible:	10,000,000	Total Gross LS:	720,523	2,882,090	66,854
					100000000000000000000000000000000000000		PSOLD:	PSOLD:	PSOLD:	IRV Total	
Orig			Building	Contents	Total B&C	Time Element	Syndication	Syndication	Syndication %	Gross Loss	PSOLD: Net
Sort	Country - Region	Description/Record Index	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	AOI (\$)	Entry Point	Exit Point	Share	Costs	Attritional
1	United States	Office - Layer 1	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	20.0%	18,513	256
2	United States	Office - Layer 2	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	60,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	18,513	4
3	United States	Office - Layer 2	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	110,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	18,513	2 <del>.</del>
4	United States	Office - Layer 4	20,000,000	5,000,000	25,000,000	5,000,000	260,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	18,513	27
5	United States	Storage - Layer 1	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	20.0%	47,521	1,260
6	United States	Storage - Layer 2	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	60,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	47,521	186
7	United States	Storage - Layer 3	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	110,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	47,521	4
8	United States	Storage - Layer 4	30,000,000	20,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	260,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	47,521	-
9	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 1	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	20.0%	170,303	4,053
10	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 2	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	60,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	170,303	209
11	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 3	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	110,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	170,303	66
12	United States	Medium Manufacturing - Layer 4	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	260,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	170,303	1
13	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 1	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	20.0%	142,550	8,103
14	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 2	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	60,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	142,550	3,142
15	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 3	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	110,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	142,550	4,977
16	United States	High Hazard HPR - Layer 4	150,000,000	50,000,000	200,000,000	50,000,000	260,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	142,550	823
17	United States	Energy - Layer 1	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	20.0%	341,635	19,646
18	United States	Energy - Layer 2	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	60,000,000	100,000,000	20.0%	341,635	7,910
19	United States	Energy - Layer 3	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	110,000,000	250,000,000	20.0%	341,635	12,552
20	United States	Energy - Layer 4	200,000,000	50,000,000	250,000,000	50,000,000	260,000,000	500,000,000	20.0%	341,635	3,670



# **PSOLD Layering – After Shares / After \$10M Per Layer Deductible**

## Illustrative

			\$	2,882,090	Tot IRV value																					
			\$	2,882,090	Att + Minor		Layer De	ductible:	\$1	0,000,000	Pa	rticipat	ion F	ercentag	e (Us	ing PS	SOLD	detail r	esults	- All	Year	s)				
TOTALS	1		\$	-	Major Cat			Check:	\$	1,337,075		1/	J%	101	0%	100	1%	100%		<b>₽</b>		100%		100%		100%
20	s	3,560,000,000	s	2,755,649	\$ 126,441	Net after sl	nares, partic, d	leductibles:	Ś	66,854	Ś			\$ .	3	19,09	0 \$	14,229	Ś	-	\$11	.446	\$ 17	7,596	\$ 4	494
		201 99 2276		PSOLD	PSOLD		100		1	PSOLD		<del>/</del>		2.0000000000000000000000000000000000000					_							
ISO Rapid Valuator	C	Outputs		Input	Input					Output	Ι,		P	SOLD	Out	put	s - /	Attriti	þna	al (L	y.	ers i	n 00	)0s)		
		110	P	SOLD-Gross	PSOLD-Gross				,	Jucpuc	Н	Base -		Sub1 -	_/	Sub2 -		Sub3 -	Laye	r1 -	av	ег2 -	Laye	er3 -	Laye	r4 -
		Buildings +		Attritional	Minor Cat			Percent	P	SOLD-Net	1/	5.000		5.000		15,000		25,000	10,0			,000	150		750,	
Description/Record Index	(	Content AOI		Losses	Losses	Entry Point	Exit Point	Share	Attri	tional Losses	1/	XS O		XS 5,000	×	10,00		s 25,000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	233576		0,000		5 6 6 6 6	XS 25	0.0000000
1: Office - Layer 1	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$	256	ş		-	s -	\$	19	4 \$	62	\$	-	\$	1-9	\$	- 1	\$	
2: Office - Layer 2	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 60,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$	-	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
3: Office - Layer 2	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 110,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$	-	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
4: Office - Layer 4	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 260,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$	-	\$		-	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5: Storage - Layer 1	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$	1,260	\$		- [	s -	\$	78	1 \$	478	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
6: Storage - Layer 2	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 60,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$	186	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	186	\$	-	\$	-
7: Storage - Layer 3	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 110,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$	-	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
8: Storage - Layer 4	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 260,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$	-	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
9: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 1	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$	4,053	\$		- [	<b>s</b> -	\$	,95	0 \$	1,10	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
10: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 2	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 60,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$	209	\$		-	\$ -	\$	37	\$	-	\$	-	\$	209	\$	-	\$	-
11: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 3	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 110,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$	66	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	66	\$	-
12: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 4	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 260,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$	1	\$		-	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	1
13: High Hazard HPR - Layer 1	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$	8,103	\$		-	\$ -	\$	4,47	1 \$	3,632	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
14: High Hazard HPR - Layer 2	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 60,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$	3,142	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,142	\$	-	\$	-
15: High Hazard HPR - Layer 3	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 110,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$	4,977			-	\$ -	ş	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,977	\$	-
16: High Hazard HPR - Layer 4	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 260,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$	823	\$		-	\$ -		_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	823
17: Energy - Layer 1	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$	19,646	\$		-	s -	s	10,69	3 \$	8,953	5	-	1	-	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>
18: Energy - Layer 2	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 60,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$	7,910	\$		-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		-		7,910	\$	-	\$	-
19: Energy - Layer 3	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 110,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$	12,552	\$		- [	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1	L2,552	\$	-
20: Energy - Layer 4	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 260,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$	3,670	\$		-	\$	s	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- ]	\$	-	\$ 3	,670

SERVE | ADD VALUE | INNOVATE



# **PSOLD Layering – After Shares / After \$25M Per Layer Deductible**

## Illustrative

		\$ 2,882,090	Tot IRV value																
		\$ 2,882,090	Att + Minor		Layer De	ductible:	\$25,000,000	Pa	rticipatio	on Per	centage	Using PS	OLD detail	results - Al	Years)				
TOTALS		s -	Major Cat			Check:	\$ 780,275		100	0%	190%	100	% 100%	490%	10	0%	100%	/6	100%
20	\$ 3,560,000,000	\$ 2,755,649	\$ 126,441	Net after sl	nares, partic, d	eductibles:	\$ 39,014	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$14,229	\$ -	\$ 6,56	3	\$ 14,593	\$ :	3,629
		PSOLD	PSOLD	1	ta e		PSOLD						"						
ISO Rapid Valuator	- Outputs	Input	Input				Output			PSC	DLD O	uthuts	- Attrit	i <mark>i</mark> bnal (	ayer	s in	ı 000s)	1	
		PSOLD-Gross	PSOLD-Gross				Output	-	B se -		Sub1 -	Sub t -	Sub3 -	Layer1 -	Layer2		Layer3 -	Lan	er4 -
	Buildings +	Attritional	Minor Cat			Percent	PSOLD-Net		.000		5,000	15,000	25,000	10,000	40,000		150,000		0,000
Description/Record Index	Content AOI	Losses	Losses	Entry Point	Exit Point	Share	Attritional Losses		xs o		s 5,000	XS 10,000	10.500	XS 50,000			XS 100,000		50,000
1: Office - Layer 1	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 62	\$	-		-	s -	S 62	s -	s -	5		s	-
2: Office - Layer 2	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879			\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ -	5	<b>5</b> -	s	-
3: Office - Layer 2	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 125,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	s	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	š -	\$	-
4: Office - Layer 4	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 16,879	\$ 1,634	\$ 275,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ -	Ş	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	S	ŝ -	\$	-
5: Storage - Layer 1	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 478		-	\$	-	s -	\$ 47	s -	s -	5	š -	s	-
6: Storage - Layer 2	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 75,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 56		-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ !	56 \$	ŝ -	\$	-
7: Storage - Layer 3	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 125,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ -		-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	ŝ -	\$	
8: Storage - Layer 4	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 44,279	\$ 3,243	\$ 275,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ -		-	\$	-	\$ -	s -	\$ -	s -	\$	<b>š</b> -	\$	-
9: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 1	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 1,103	1	7-	\$		s -	\$ 1,10	s -	s -	S	\$ -	\$	-
10: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 2	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 75,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 93	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ :	93 \$	š -	\$	-
11: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 3	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 125,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 44	S	-	\$	-	\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ 44	\$	-
12: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 4	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 161,123	\$ 9,180	\$ 275,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	š -	\$	1
13: High Hazard HPR - Layer 1	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 3,632	\$	-	\$		\$ -	\$ 3,632	\$ -	\$ -	5	ŝ -	\$	-
14: High Hazard HPR - Layer 2	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 75,000,000	\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 1,822	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,8	22 \$	š -	\$	-
15: High Hazard HPR - Layer 3	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 125,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 4,131	\$	-	\$	-	\$	\$ -	\$ -	<u> </u>	S	\$ 4,131	\$	-
16: High Hazard HPR - Layer 4	\$ 200,000,000	\$ 133,370	\$ 9,180	\$ 275,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 578	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$	<b>;</b> -	\$	578
17: Energy - Layer 1	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 25,000,000	\$ 50,000,000	20.0%	\$ 8,953	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 8,953	s -	\$ -	ę	ŝ -	\$	-
18: Energy - Layer 2	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261	\$ 8,374		\$100,000,000	20.0%	\$ 4,593	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,5	93 \$		\$	-
19: Energy - Layer 3	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 125,000,000	\$250,000,000	20.0%	\$ 10,418	\$		\$	-	<b>5</b> -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$	\$ 10,418	\$	-
20: Energy - Layer 4	\$ 250,000,000	\$ 333,261	\$ 8,374	\$ 275,000,000	\$500,000,000	20.0%	\$ 3,051	\$	-	\$		\$ -	s -	<b>s</b> -	\$ -	\$	š -	\$	3,051
•	•	•	•	•			•	•											



# **Layering Example – Lloyds – Before Shares / Deductibles**

## Illustrative

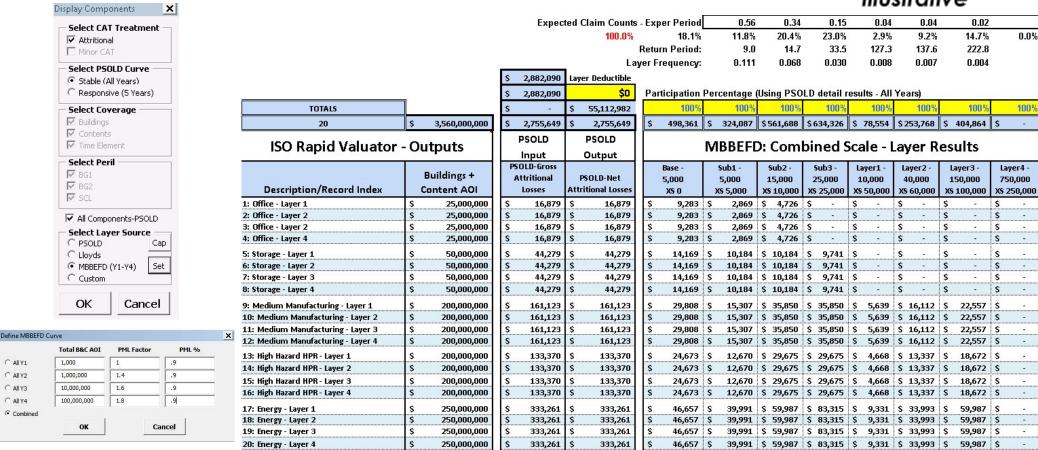


			\$	2,882,090	La	yer Deductible													
			\$	2,882,090		\$0	P	articipation	Pe	rcentage (	Using PSC	LD detail	res	ults - All	Years)				
TOTALS			\$	-	\$	55,112,980		100%		100%	100%	100%		100%	100%		100%		100%
20	\$	3,560,000,000	\$	2,755,649	\$	2,755,649	\$	862,541	\$	297,010	\$ 443,960	\$352,980	s	103,727	\$218,366	\$	477,064	\$	-
ISO Rapid Valuator - Outputs				PSOLD PSOLD Lloy								oyds Scale - Layer Results							
Description/Record Index		SOLD-Gross Attritional Losses	Att	PSOLD-Net tritional Losses		Base - 5,000 XS 0		Sub1 - 5,000 XS 5,000	Sub2 - 15,000 XS 10,000	Sub3 - 25,000 XS 25,000	:	Layer1 - 10,000 \$ 50,000	Layer2 - 40,000 XS 60,000	1	ayer3 - .50,000 : 100,000	75	ayer4 - 50,000 250,000		
1: Office - Layer 1	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$	16,879	\$	11,056	\$	2,363	\$ 3,460	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- ]
2: Office - Layer 2	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$	16,879	\$	11,056	\$	2,363	\$ 3,460	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
3: Office - Layer 2	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$	16,879	\$		<b></b>	2,363	\$ 3,460	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
4: Office - Layer 4	\$	25,000,000	\$	16,879	\$	16,879	\$	11,056	\$	2,363	\$ 3,460	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
5: Storage - Layer 1	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$	44,279	\$	23,911	\$	5,092	\$ 7,616	\$ 7,660	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
6: Storage - Layer 2	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$	44,279	\$	23,911	\$	5,092	\$ 7,616	\$ 7,660	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
7: Storage - Layer 3	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$	44,279	\$	23,911	\$	5,092	\$ 7,616	\$ 7,660	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
8: Storage - Layer 4	\$	50,000,000	\$	44,279	\$	44,279	\$	23,911	\$	5,092	\$ 7,616	\$ 7,660	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
9: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 1	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$	161,123	\$	47,612	\$	20,865	\$ 23,121	\$ 23,121	\$	5,800	\$ 12,729	\$	27,874	\$	
10: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 2	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$	161,123	\$	47,612	\$	20,865	\$ 23,121	\$ 23,121	\$	5,800	\$ 12,729	\$	27,874	\$	-
11: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 3	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$	161,123	\$	47,612	\$	20,865	\$ 23,121	\$ 23,121	\$	5,800	\$ 12,729	\$	27,874	\$	-
12: Medium Manufacturing - Layer 4	\$	200,000,000	\$	161,123	\$	161,123	\$	47,612	\$	20,865	\$ 23,121	\$ 23,121	\$	5,800	\$ 12,729	\$	27,874	\$	- į
13: High Hazard HPR - Layer 1	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$	133,370	\$	39,411	\$	17,271	\$ 19,139	\$ 19,139	\$	4,801	\$ 10,536	\$	23,073	\$	-
14: High Hazard HPR - Layer 2	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$	133,370	\$	39,411	\$	17,271	\$ 19,139	\$ 19,139	\$	4,801	\$ 10,536	\$	23,073	\$	-
15: High Hazard HPR - Layer 3	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$	133,370	\$	39,411	\$	17,271	\$ 19,139	\$ 19,139	\$	4,801	\$ 10,536	\$	23,073	\$	-
16: High Hazard HPR - Layer 4	\$	200,000,000	\$	133,370	\$	133,370	\$	39,411	\$	17,271	\$ 19,139	\$ 19,139	\$	4,801	\$ 10,536	\$	23,073	\$	-
17: Energy - Layer 1	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$	333,261	\$	93,646	\$	28,660	\$ 57,654	\$ 38,325	\$	15,330	\$ 31,327	\$	68,319	\$	-
18: Energy - Layer 2	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$	333,261	\$	93,646	\$	28,660	\$ 57,654	\$ 38,325	\$	15,330	\$ 31,327	\$	68,319	\$	-
19: Energy - Layer 3	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$	333,261	\$	93,646	\$	28,660	\$ 57,654	\$ 38,325	\$	15,330	\$ 31,327	\$	68,319	\$	- ]
20: Energy - Layer 4	\$	250,000,000	\$	333,261	\$	333,261	\$	93,646	\$	28,660	\$ 57,654	\$ 38,325	\$	15,330	\$ 31,327	\$	68,319	\$	-

SERVE | ADD VALUE | INNOVATE



## Layering Example – MBBEFD Combined (including PML Usage Concepts) Illustrative



Note: Values shown may not match options selected

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C All Y1

C All Y2

C All Y3

C All V4

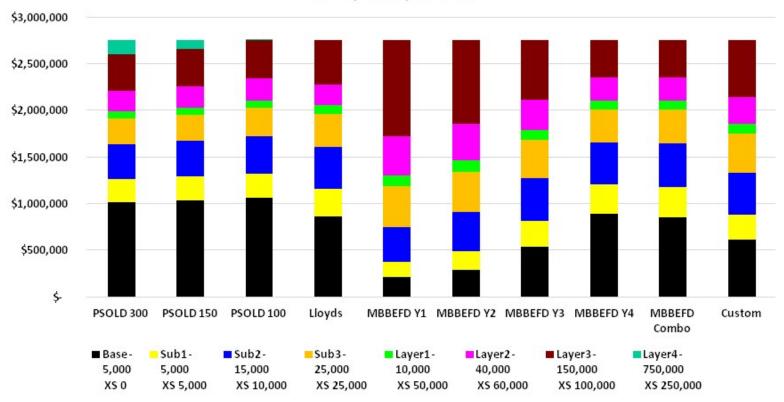
Combined



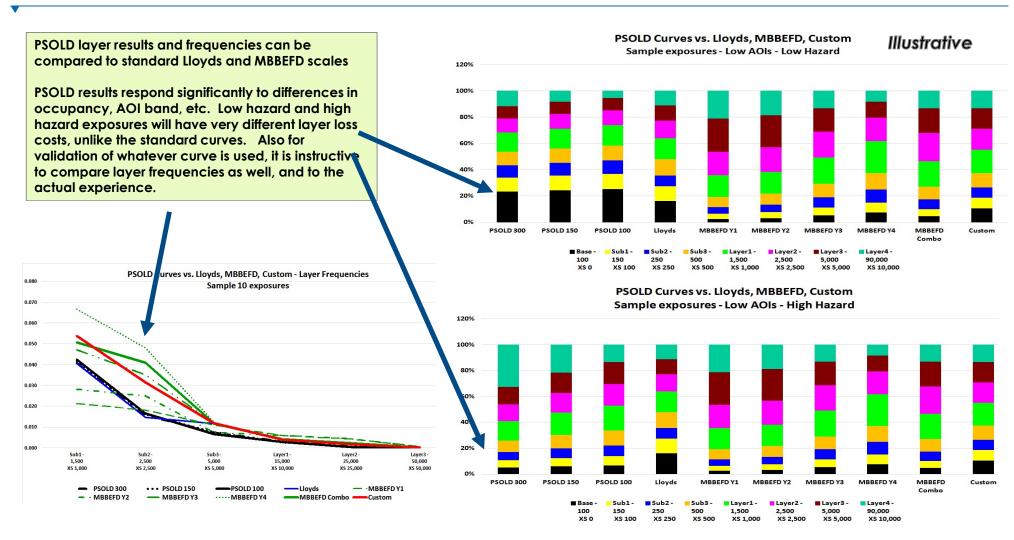
# **PSOLD vs. Alt Scales Lloyd's, MBBEFD**

### Illustrative

# PSOLD Curves vs. Lloyds, MBBEFD, Custom Sample exposures









# IRV / PSOLD 2017 Component Pricing – 5 Risks / 4 Layers - gross Coverages / Perils including Business Interruption (TE) (7)

Illustrative

	Coveraç	ge & Peri	i Compo	nent Su	mmary i	(Attrition	iai Oniy,	- Stable	: (All Yea	ars)
IBV Component		5,000	5,000	15,000	25,000	10,000	40,000	150,000	750,000	

IRV Component Loss Costs		Total All Layers	5,000 XS 0	,	5,000 XS 5,000	)	15,000 & 10,000	25,000 (\$ 25,000	10,000 S 50,000	40,000 \$ 60,000	10.00	150,000 100,000	1000	50,000 250,000	1.70	Layer	No	Layer
BG1 - Buildings	\$1	L,035,430	\$ 480,296	\$	114,897	\$	160,386	\$ 110,593	\$ 25,658	\$ 63,158	\$	72,743	\$	7,699	\$	<del>.</del>	\$	
BG1 - Contents	\$	488,090	\$ 217,449	\$	67,182	\$	88,088	\$ 68,675	\$ 19,319	\$ 27,377	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
BG2 - Buildings	\$	102,205	\$ 42,546	\$	5,152	\$	8,922	\$ 10,329	\$ 3,374	\$ 10,686	\$	18,925	\$	2,272	\$	-	\$	-
BG2 - Contents	\$	52,335	\$ 30,588	\$	5,849	\$	8,551	\$ 5,189	\$ 1,003	\$ 1,154	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
SCL - Buildings	\$	227,029	\$ 107,593	\$	16,119	\$	30,336	\$ 28,631	\$ 7,337	\$ 17,783	\$	17,883	\$	1,347	\$	( <del>-</del> ()	\$	(-1)
SCL - Contents	\$	205,224	\$ 104,027	\$	13,954	\$	27,647	\$ 32,840	\$ 10,801	\$ 15,955	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Time Bement	\$	645,337	\$ 274,192	\$	89,728	\$	135,504	\$ 92,499	\$ 22,694	\$ 30,721	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Buildings - BG1+BG2+SCL	\$1,364,663	\$ 630,435	\$ 136,168	\$ 199,643	\$ 149,553	\$ 36,368	\$ 91,620	\$ 109,551	\$ 11,318	s -	\$ -
Contents - BG1+BG2+SCL	\$ 745,649	\$ 352,065	\$ 86,985	\$ 124,286	\$ 106,703	\$ 31,124	\$ 44,486	5 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
BG1 - Buildings+Contents	\$1,523,520	\$ 697,745	\$ 182,080	\$ 248,474	\$ 179,268	\$ 44,977	\$ 90,53	5 \$ 72,743	\$ 7,699	\$ -	\$ -
BG2 - Buildings+Contents	\$ 154,539	\$ 73,134	\$ 11,001	\$ 17,473	\$ 15,518	\$ 4,377	\$ 11,839	9 \$ 18,925	\$ 2,272	\$ -	\$ -
SCL - Buildings+Contents	\$ 432,252	\$ 211,621	\$ 30,073	\$ 57,982	\$ 61,471	\$ 18,138	\$ 33,73	\$ 17,883	\$ 1,347	\$ -	\$ -

B+C+TE+All Perils-Components	\$2,755,649 \$1,256,691	\$ 312,881 \$ 459,433 \$ 348,755 \$ 90,186 \$ 166,833 \$ 109,551 \$ 11,318 \$	- \$ -
B+C+TE+All Perils-PSOLD	\$2,755,649 \$1,032,647	\$ 253,775 \$ 382,704 \$ 285,332 \$ 76,632 \$ 229,590 \$ 397,630 \$ 97,339 \$	- \$ -
Difference	\$ 0 \$ 224,045	\$ 59,106 \$ 76,730 \$ 63,423 \$ 13,554 \$ (62,757) \$ (288,079) \$ (86,022) \$	- \$ -

Note: Parallel display option: keeps layered values in original syndicated columns.

Note: Values shown may not match options selected

## **Importance of AOI Definition**



# A Survey of Property Amount of Insurance Definitions Illustrative

It is very important to understand what amount of insurance is being supplied either in a statement of values or in a banded profile. Many different definitions have been used in the industry. A true \$100M AOI or TSI, may show up in a schedule as \$25M or lower depending upon the definition used.

If the value supplied is not what you expect in your ground-up pricing or layering or in application of your first loss scale, then the formulation of your results via AxBxC may be significantly misstated.

#### 6.1 What Is Meant by Amount of Insurance

The exposure value is meant to represent the upper bound of the risk transferred, or the largest payment that the insurer or reinsurer would be required to make in response to a covered loss. However, the concept of AOI can represent many different amounts. The manner in which the exposure value is represented also often depends on how it is being used and on what questions are being investigated.

The order of the reference list, starting with AOI and TIV and ending with NLE is the rough reverse size order that may be encountered with these terms. For example, Figure 5 shows how illustrative PML and MFL values may be estimated from a building's overall value or limit. In this illustrative example, if a building's value is \$100M, through various COPE estimates and loss mitigation factors, the estimated MFL is 25% of the building value, while the PML is 13%. In this example, the MFL also incorporates the potential failure of a key loss reduction system such as automatic fire sprinkler system.

6.2 Varying Terminology: AOI, TIV, MPL, MFL, PML, SOV

A short-hand summary of the various definitions used for AOIs is shown in Figure 4.

Figure 4 - Reference List for AOI Definitions

Acronym	Short For:	Meaning
AOI TSI	Amount of Insurance Total Sum Insured	The amount of insurance (AOI) purchased, the policy limit, the total sum insured (TSI), or total insured value (TIV) (but TIV could have two meanings as below). Includes direct loss such as buildings and business personal property (contents), as well as indirect loss such as business interruption (also called time element). Different policy limits are typically purchased for buildings, contents, and business interruption.
TIV	Total Insured Values Or Total Insurable Values	Total Insured Values can be defined as the total AOI or policy limit. Or Total Insurable Values can be a reduction to the full AOI values and relates to the MPL and other estimated values. Statistically, buildings and contents are unlikely to suffer a total loss. The MFL, PML, EML, and NLE are all percentages less than the MPL. Estimating these values will depend on many variables specific to the risk including combustibility of the building, various COPE attributes and may include complex engineering scenarios with extensive exposure and loss simulations.
MPL	Maximum Possible Loss	The MPL is the maximum amount of loss possible. From a direct loss perspective, the MPL of a building and the business personal property (contents) within the building is 100% of the total values at risk which are measurable. From an indirect loss perspective, the MPL of business income can only be estimated because there is no definitive measure of the period of restoration (POR) following a worst-case, business closing loss. The MPL may be larger than the AOI or policy limits issued.
MFL	Maximum Foreseeable Loss	The MFL is the worst loss that is likely to occur if a key loss reduction system fails such as automatic fire alarms and sprinklers, watchman services, public fire suppression, etc.
PML	Probable Maximum Loss	The PML is an estimate of the largest loss the risk is likely to suffer when critical protection systems are functioning as expected and takes into account any relevant COPE attributes.
EML	Estimated Maximum Loss	The EML can and usually will ignore any particularly unlikely events or "remote coincidences" even if they are possible.
NLE	Normal Loss Expectancy	The NLE may assume that all active and passive protection systems and features are fully operating as expected under normal conditions.

Source: GIRO IFoA / CAS International Research Working Party - August 2017 (reprint)

IFoA / CAS International Research Working Party - August 2017 (reprint)

2

# Appendix

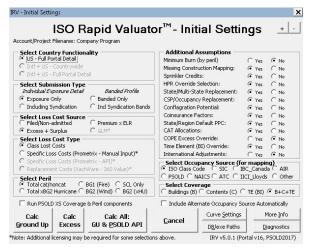


## **Deeper Analysis into Ground-up Pricing Basics - COPE**

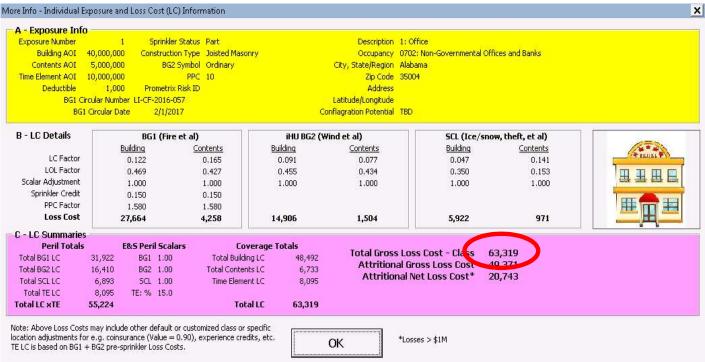


Ground-up pricing involves using AOIs from statement of values, and incorporating many other factors and COPE adjustments. Estimates in total, or by coverage/peril component can be estimated.

If using component curves, the individual coverage and peril loss costs including time element can be run together as one unit, or separately and then combined via relevant statistics and simulation.



#### Illustrative

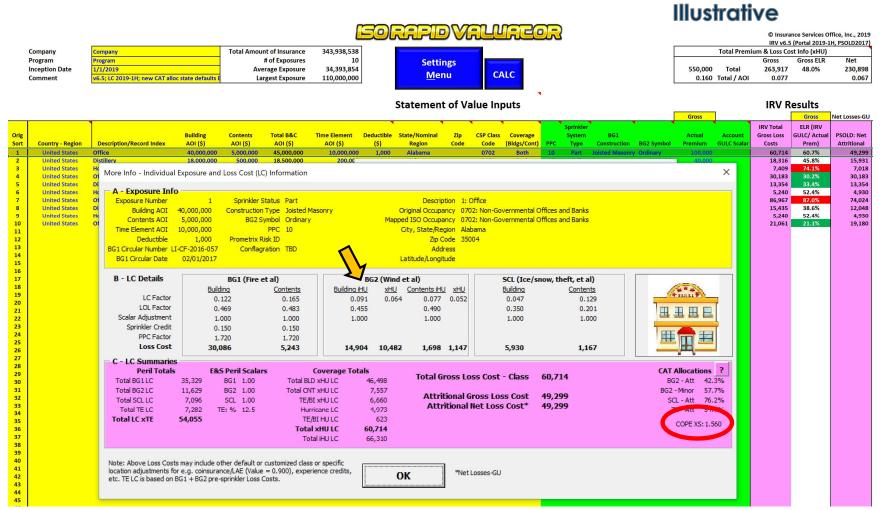


Note: Values shown may not match options selected

vea.

## Sample ground-up results including / excluding HU and COPE Excess Scalar

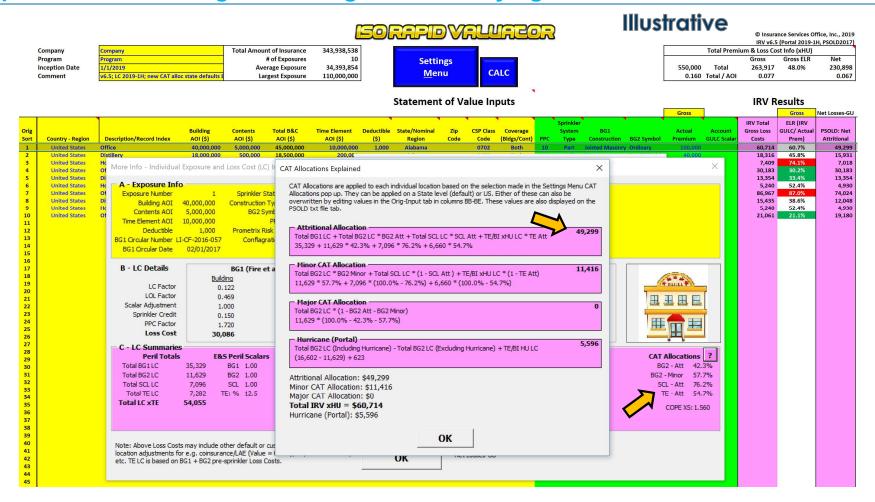




Note: Values shown may not match options selected

## Sample results including / excluding HU – underlying cat allocation factors





Note: Values shown may not match options selected

## PSOLD 2017 Curve Fit Compare – Original vs. Smooth Curves



## Illinois Billboards – All years – All Perils – Ground Up

#### Illustrative

PSOLD-All Yrs	Stability	Billboards -	Illinois										No. of Contract
<b>AOI Group Min</b>	<b>AOI Group Max</b>	W(1)	W(2)	W(3)	W(4)	W(5)	W(6)	W(7)	W(8)	W(9)	W(10)	W(11)	Occs.
0	2,000	0.525219	0.390553	0.080733	0.003363	0.000132	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	3.3
2,001	3,000	0.498510	0.398020	0.096088	0.007103	0.000278	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	3.5
3,001	4,000	0.452433	0.410902	0.122579	0.013554	0.000531	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	19.3
4,001	5,000	0.417644	0.420628	0.142581	0.018425	0.000722	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	12.2
5,001	6,000	0.375239	0.432484	0.166960	0.024362	0.000955	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	17.6
7,500,001	10,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.428863	0.145610	0.061953	0.031103	0.008461	0.003976	0.000929	0.000000	0.000000	0.3
10,000,001	12,500,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145777	0.066422	0.034140	0.008978	0.004489	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.1
12,500,001	15,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145777	0.066422	0.033980	0.009084	0.004542	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.1
15,000,001	20,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145777	0.066422	0.033574	0.009355	0.004677	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.3
100,000,001	125,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	_
125,000,001	150,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-
150,000,001	200,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145776	0.063220	0.026168	0.016782	0.007859	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
200,000,001	250,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-
250,000,001	300,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-
300,000,001	400,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	12
400,000,001	500,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-
500,000,001	600,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-
600,000,001	750,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-
750,000,001	1,000,000,000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-
1,000,000,001	and above	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	-

PSOLD-All Yrs	Stability	Billboards -	Illinois										
<b>AOI Group Min</b>	<b>AOI Group Max</b>	W(1)	W(2)	W(3)	W(4)	W(5)	W(6)	W(7)	W(8)	W(9)	W(10)	W(11)	Occs.
0	2,000	0.525219	0.390553	0.080733	0.003363	0.000132	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	3.3
2,001	3,000	0.498510	0.398020	0.096088	0.007103	0.000278	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	3.5
3,001	4,000	0.452433	0.410902	0.122579	0.013554	0.000531	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	19.3
4,001	5,000	0.417644	0.420628	0.142581	0.018425	0.000722	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	12.2
5,001	6,000	0.375239	0.432484	0.166960	0.024362	0.000955	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	17.6
7,500,001	10,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.428863	0.145610	0.061953	0.031103	0.008461	0.003976	0.000929	0.000000	0.000000	0.3
10,000,001	12,500,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145777	0.066422	0.034140	0.008978	0.004489	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.1
12,500,001	15,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145777	0.066422	0.033980	0.009084	0.004542	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.1
15,000,001	20,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145777	0.066422	0.033574	0.009355	0.004677	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.3
100,000,001	125,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145776	0.065355	0.025809	0.015360	0.007504	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
125,000,001	150,000,000	0.000000	0.000004	0.419978	0.145776	0.064288	0.025988	0.016071	0.007682	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
150,000,001	200,000,000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145776	0.063220	0.026168	0.016782	0.007859	0.001113	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
200,000,001	250,000,000	0.000000	200222	0.414044	0.161906	0.068077	0.028347	0.017334	0.008384	0.001510	0.000066	0.000000	0.0
250,000,001	300,000,000	0.000000	0.28 1562	0.408110	0.178035	0.072933	0.030527	0.017886	0.008909	0.001907	0.000131	0.000000	0.0
300,000,001	400,000,000	0.000000	0.262791	0.402176	0.194165	0.077789	0.032706	0.018438	0.009434	0.002304	0.000197	0.000000	0.0
400,000,001	500,000,000	0.000000	0.225250	0.590309	0.226424	0.087502	0.037066	0.019542	0.010484	0.003097	0.000328	0.000000	0.0
500,000,001	600,000,000	0.000000	0.187708	0.378441	0.258683	0.097214	0.041425	0.020646	0.011533	0.003891	0.000459	0.000000	0.0
600,000,001	750,000,000	0.000000	0.150166	0.363574	0.290942	0.106926	0.045784	0.021751	0.012583	0.004685	0.000590	0.000000	0.0
750,000,001	1,000,000,000	0.000000	0.093854	0.240772	0.339330	0.121495	0.052323	0.023407	0.014157	0.005875	0.000786	0.000000	0.0
1,000,000,001	and above	0.000000	0.000000	0.319104	0.419978	0.145776	0.063220	0.026168	0.016782	0.007859	0.001113	0.000001	0.0

Note: Upper AOI extrapolation uses 1-column jog Values shown may not match options selected

# IRV 6.5 - Default CAT allocations by Peril for discussion



#### Default State CAT Allocation (Attritional vs Minor vs Major Catastrophe)

Using Portal ALCCL - incl/excl HU, PCS (19 AIR States), and PSOLD attritional Minor CAT curve fits

22			Override?	FALSE	100%	100%	SOLD attriti		100%	100%
19		IRV v6.5	Including H				Excluding H	urricane -		
1	BG2		BG2	BG2	SCL	TE	BG2	BG2	SCL	TE
Hurricane States (AIR)	Major - HU		Att	Minor	Att	Att	Att	Minor	Att	Att
Alabama	30.7%	COUNTRYWIDE	32.8%	36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%
Connecticut	0.0%	ALASKA	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Delaware	79.2%	ALABAMA	8.8%	12.0%	76.2%	54.7%	42.3%	57.7%	76.2%	54.7%
Dist. Of Columbia	0.0%	ARKANSAS	43.5%	56.5%	79.9%	72.1%	43.5%	56.5%	79.9%	72.1%
Florida	0.0%	ARIZONA	37.9%	62.1%	86.6%	97.4%	37.9%	62.1%	86.6%	97.4%
Georgia	0.0%	CALIFORNIA	82.8%	17.2%	93.6%	96.7%	82.8%	17.2%	93.6%	96.7%
Maine	0.0%	COLORADO	45.7%	54.3%	72.1%	85.5%	45.7%	54.3%	72.1%	85.5%
Maryland	51.6%	CONNECTICUT	26.7%	21.7%	61.8%	92.4%	55.2%	44.8%	61.8%	92.4%
Massachusetts	23.9%	District Of Columbia	39.7%	36.4%	87.6%	62.6%	52.2%	47.8%	87.6%	62.6%
New Hampshire	34.7%	DELAWARE	54.8%	10.5%	86.6%	99.5%	84.0%	16.0%	86.6%	99.5%
New Jersey	96.8%	FLORIDA	0.9%	2.3%	86.2%	32.6%	28.6%	71.4%	86.2%	32.6%
New York	33.6%	GEORGIA	31.1%	35.3%	76.5%	87.4%	46.8%	53.2%	76.5%	87.4%
North Carolina	80.0%	HAWAII	20.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Pennsylvania Phada Island	0.0%	IDAHO	45.2% 100.0%	54.8% 0.0%	58.3% 100.0%	95.9% 100.0%	45.2% 100.0%	54.8% 0.0%	58.3% 100.0%	95.9% 100.0%
Rhode Island South Carolina	0.0%	ILLINOIS	58.5%	41.5%	73.1%	87.2%	58.5%	41.5%	73.1%	87.2%
Texas	0.0%	INDIANA	54.4%	45.6%	73.3%	85.1%	54.4%	45.6%	73.1%	85.1%
Vermont	0.0%	KANSAS	43.2%	56.8%	76.0%	53.0%	43.2%	56.8%	76.0%	53.0%
Virginia	0.0%	KENTUCKY	68.7%	31.3%	71.5%	74.4%	68.7%	31.3%	71.5%	74.4%
Viigilia	65.0%	LOUISIANA	11.4%	23.6%	70.9%	21.8%	32.6%	67.4%	70.9%	21.8%
Louisiana	52,4%	MASSACHUSETTS	39.6%	8.0%	69.5%	87.7%	83,3%	16.7%	69.5%	87.7%
Mississippi	34.6%	MARYLAND	40.6%	24.8%	72.4%	95.5%	62.1%	37.9%	72.4%	95.5%
Hawaii	54.7%	MAINE	37.7%	7.6%	90.0%	98.7%	83.2%	16.8%	90.0%	98.7%
	0.0%	MICHIGAN	64.5%	35.5%	85.6%	85.6%	64.5%	35.5%	85.6%	85.6%
	0.0%	MINNESOTA	48.2%	51.8%	82.9%	94.9%	48.2%	51.8%	82.9%	94.9%
	0.0%	MISSOURI	51.5%	48.5%	70.1%	75.9%	51.5%	48.5%	70.1%	75.9%
	40.0%	MISSISSIPPI	15.9%	44.1%	69.3%	26.5%	26.5%	73.5%	69.3%	26.5%
	0.0%	MONTANA	49.4%	50.6%	93.7%	99.2%	49.4%	50.6%	93.7%	99.2%
	89.5%	NORTH CAROLINA	5.5%	5.0%	79.5%	92.9%	52.7%	47.3%	79.5%	92.9%
	0.0%	NORTH DAKOTA	92.2%	7.8%	94.7%	100.0%	92.2%	7.8%	94.7%	100.0%
	0.0%	NEBRASKA	44.0%	56.0%	82.5%	93.2%	44.0%	56.0%	82.5%	93.2%
	42.3%	NEW HAMPSHIRE	44.6%	13.1%	87.0%	99.6%	77.3%	22.7%	87.0%	99.6%
	47.1%	NEW JERSEY	21.7%	31.2%	80.8%	76.8%	41.0%	59.0%	80.8%	76.8%
	0.0%	NEW MEXICO	80.0%	20.0%	85.3%	99.9%	80.0%	20.0%	85.3%	99.9%
	0.0%	NEVADA	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
	37.7%	NEW YORK	34.1%	28.2%	74.5%	71.5%	54.8%	45.2%	74.5%	71.5%
	0.0%	OHIO	56.8%	43.2%	72.7%	96.2%	56.8%	43.2%	72.7%	96.2%
	0.0%	OKLAHOMA	40.8%	59.2%	63.8%	45.4%	40.8%	59.2%	63.8%	45.4%
	0.0%	OREGON	77.5%	22.5%	96.8%	99.4%	77.5%	22.5%	96.8%	99.4%
	12.2%	PENNSYLVANIA	55.1%	32.7%	80.1%	95.5%	62.7%	37.3%	80.1%	95.5%
	57.5%	RHODE ISLAND	14.7%	27.8%	64.2%	90.2%	34.6%	65.4%	64.2%	90.2%
	62.0%	SOUTH CAROLINA	23.2%	14.8%	83.3%	99.7%	61.0%	39.0%	83.3%	99.7%
	0.0%	SOUTH DAKOTA TENNESSEE	64.8% 43.5%	35.2% 56.5%	91.8% 71.7%	99.9% 80.4%	64.8% 43.5%	35.2% 56.5%	91.8% 71.7%	99.9% 80.4%
	31.8%	TEXAS	41.2%	27.0%	77.0%	68.2%	60.4%	39.6%	77.0%	68.2%
	0.0%	UTAH	89.9%	10.1%	98.9%	100.0%	89.9%	10.1%	98.9%	100.0%
	61.1%	VIRGINIA	25.3%	13.6%	73.7%	93.4%	65.1%	34.9%	73.7%	93.4%
	12.7%	VERMONT	77.0%	10.3%	92.7%	99.8%	88.2%	11.8%	92.7%	99.8%
	0.0%	WASHINGTON	75.5%	24.5%	96.5%	98.2%	75.5%	24.5%	96.5%	98.2%
	0.0%	WISCONSIN	64.8%	35.2%	81.2%	98.8%	64.8%	35.2%	81.2%	98.8%
	0.0%	WEST VIRGINIA	74.9%	25.1%	92.2%	99.1%	74.9%	25.1%	92.2%	99.1%
	0.0%	WYOMING	74.0%	26.0%	90.1%	100.0%	74.0%	26.0%	90.1%	100.0%
	30.7%	Very Low States	32.8%	36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%
	30.7%	Low States	32.8%	36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%
	30.7%	Medium Low States	32.8%	36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%
	30.7%	Medium States	32.8%	36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%
	30.7%	Medium High States		36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%
	30.7%	High States	32.8%	36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%
	30.7%	Severe States	32.8%	36.5%	75.6%	65.1%	47.3%	52.7%	75.6%	65.1%

## Illustrative

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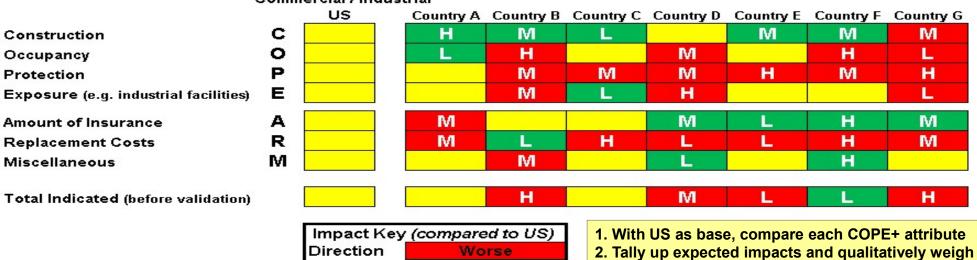
# **US to International Property Risk Excess Loss Factors COPE Assessment Matrix – Steps**

- 1.Start with a list of potential differences between the US and target countries
  - Standard in Property Underwriting is COPE Construction, Occupancy, Protection, and Exposure
  - To this list, we add ARM: Amounts of Insurance, Rebuilding costs, Miscellaneous (social, etc.)
- 2. Assess whether each item would favorably or unfavorably impact expected loss results compared to the US
  - expected to **reduce** (**positive**) or **increase** (**negative**) the excess losses, no impact or unknown
- 3. Attempt to evaluate magnitude of the impact of each item
  - Low, Medium, High, or unknown
- 4. Tally the expected cumulative effect of each of the COPE (ARM) items
  - Include direction and magnitude of all items
  - Could vary for example by groups of occupancies (e.g. Facilities)
- 5. Reconcile total impact assessment to historical excess loss layers vs. US
  - Review actual number of large claims to US, using exposure base such as \$B of subject premium
  - Review cross country comparisons
- 6.Can do the same for Ground-up Loss Costs as proxy outside the US



# **US to International Property Risk Excess Loss Factors PSOLD International: COPE Assessment Matrix (for illustration only)**

#### Commercial / Industrial



- Impact Key (compared to US)
  Direction

  Worse
  Better
  No difference

  Magnitude

  H = High
  M = Moderate
  L = Low
- 2. Tally up expected impacts and qualitatively weigh them by COPE+ attribute
- 3. See how compares to actual large loss experience
- 4. Use same procedure for Ground-up Loss Costs, but include Frequency component COPE+FARM

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