

# SYSTEMIC RISK AND PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

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# SYSTEMIC RISK AND PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY

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CAS 2012 RPM Seminar

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[www.data-mines.com](http://www.data-mines.com)

# Objectives

- ▣ Define systemic risk
- ▣ Discuss potential impact of systemic risk on Professional Liability
- ▣ Present a new tool that can be used to model two specific systemic risks
- ▣ Discuss history of systemic risk in Professional Liability lines
  - Underwriting cycle
  - D&O exposure in financial crises

# Systemic Risk

- ▣ Risk to an entire system or sector
  - Conceived as a risk involving financial institutions, but other systems, such as the electric grid, can also suffer systemic risk
  - Wang (2010). Under this definition, the underwriting cycle in property and casualty insurance is an example of systemic risk.
  - Hiemestra focuses more on financial institutions and their role in the financial crisis, defines systemic risk as “the probability that a large number of firms, especially financial firms, could fail during a given time period”. (ERMII May 2010 Systemic Risk Workshop)
  - Risk that spills over into and has a significant effect the general economy

# Does Insurance Present Systemic Risk

## Weiss List of Systemic Risk Factors

- ❑ Size: A very large company may pose a systemic risk if its bankruptcy can have a significant impact on the economy, i.e., it is “too big to fail”.
- ❑ Substitutability: If one product or company can substitute for another (i.e., catastrophe bonds for catastrophe reinsurance) there is substitutability. The absence of substitutability can be an indicator of systemic risk
- ❑ Interconnectedness or contagion occurs when a stress to one company causes a domino effect on other companies that share components of each others liabilities.
  - The LMX London reinsurance spiral where the same loss to a primary insurer cycled through many reinsurers because each had a share is an example.
- ❑ Concentration occurs when one or a few companies control a large percentage of an important product.
  - It can also involve geographic or type of product concentration.
  - When a large percentage of mortgages and mortgage derived securities were concentrated in the subprime sector, the entire financial system became vulnerable to a failure of this product.

# Weiss List of Systemic Factors

- ▣ Liquidity - the availability a market in a security even in a distress situation.
  - A problem with the financial crisis is illiquidity of mortgages and derivatives
- ▣ Infrastructure: The financial institution or sector is a critical component of the functioning of the larger economy.
- ▣ Leverage: In finance refers to the asset to capital ratio. In property and casualty insurance it often refers to the liability to capital ratio.
  - The use of leverage multiplies the impact of declines in assets or increases in liabilities.
  - The higher the leverage the higher the risk.

# Weiss Conclusions about Systemic Risk

- ▣ Weiss concluded that the insurance industry is not a generator of systemic risk.
  - No one insurance company that is large enough to cause a crisis
  - Insurance has relatively low barriers to entry and other products can substitute for insurance
  - Insurance companies are not extremely interconnected to other parts of the economy
  - Insurance companies do not show significant concentration
  - Relatively modest leverage compared to banks



# Insurance and Systemic Risk

- ▣ Weiss believes insurers are vulnerable as recipients of systemic risk
  - In asset portfolios
  - For life insurers, some of their products, can (and did) suffer significant declines in a financial crisis

# Modeling Systemic Risk

- ▣ JRMS survey identified the following two emerging systemic risk issues
  - Risk of severe inflation/hyperinflation
  - Risk of severe deflation/depression
- ▣ Using these inputs NAAC (North American Actuarial Council) funded a severe inflation/deflation research project

# Paper Completed in 2011

- ▣ The Effect of Deflation or High Inflation on the Insurance Industry-
  - Kevin C. Ahlgrim, ASA, MAAA, Ph.D.
  - Stephen P. D'Arcy, FCAS, MAAA, Ph.D.
- ▣ <http://www.casact.org/research/NAACCRG/>

# The Web Site With Paper and Model



The screenshot displays the website for the Casualty Actuarial Society. At the top left is the CAS logo, a circular emblem with 'CAS' in the center, 'CASUALTY ACTUARIAL SOCIETY' around the perimeter, and '1914' at the bottom. To the right of the logo is the text 'CASUALTY ACTUARIAL SOCIETY'. A banner image shows four people in business attire sitting around a table, engaged in a meeting. Below the banner is a navigation menu on the left with the following items: My CAS, My Information, My Transactions, My Committees, Member Directory, CE Compliance Status, Welcome, About CAS, Join/Renew, Volunteer, Committee Directory, Admissions/Exams, Be An Actuary, and Career Center. On the right side of the page, there is a 'RESEARCH PROJECTS IN FINANCE' section. It features a 'SITE SEARCH' box with a 'Google Custom Search' input field and a 'GO' button. The main heading for the research project is 'THE EFFECT OF DEFLATION OR HIGH INFLATION ON THE INSURANCE INDUSTRY'. The text below the heading states: 'The North American Actuarial Council Collaborative Research Group (NAAC CRG) is pleased to make available a research report examining issues in measuring inflation, the effect of inflation or deflation on the insurance industry, and risk mitigation strategies. Also included is a model that can be used to develop inflation/deflation projections under a regime switching approach. The report was authored by Kevin Ahlgrim and Stephen D'Arcy.' Below this text, it says 'The report, model, and model user guide can be accessed below:' followed by a bulleted list of links: 'The Effect of Deflation or High Inflation on the Insurance Industry Final Report', 'Model (Excel 2003) (.xls)', 'Model (Excel 2010) (.xlsm)', 'Model User Guide', and 'Original RFP'.

**CASUALTY ACTUARIAL SOCIETY**

**RESEARCH PROJECTS IN FINANCE**

**THE EFFECT OF DEFLATION OR HIGH INFLATION ON THE INSURANCE INDUSTRY**

The North American Actuarial Council Collaborative Research Group (NAAC CRG) is pleased to make available a research report examining issues in measuring inflation, the effect of inflation or deflation on the insurance industry, and risk mitigation strategies. Also included is a model that can be used to develop inflation/deflation projections under a regime switching approach. The report was authored by Kevin Ahlgrim and Stephen D'Arcy.

The report, model, and model user guide can be accessed below:

- [The Effect of Deflation or High Inflation on the Insurance Industry Final Report](#)
- [Model \(Excel 2003\) \(.xls\)](#)
- [Model \(Excel 2010\) \(.xlsm\)](#)
- [Model User Guide](#)
- [Original RFP](#)

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# Topics in Paper

- ▣ Provides some background on inflation.
- ▣ Reviews historical inflation rates.
- ▣ Examines the effect of inflation or deflation on the property-liability and life insurance industries.
- ▣ Proposes risk mitigation strategies for insurers to cope with either deflation or high inflation rates.
- ▣ Describes a publicly available model that can be used to develop inflation/deflation projections under a regime switching format that can readily be adjusted to reflect current financial uncertainty.

# The Model

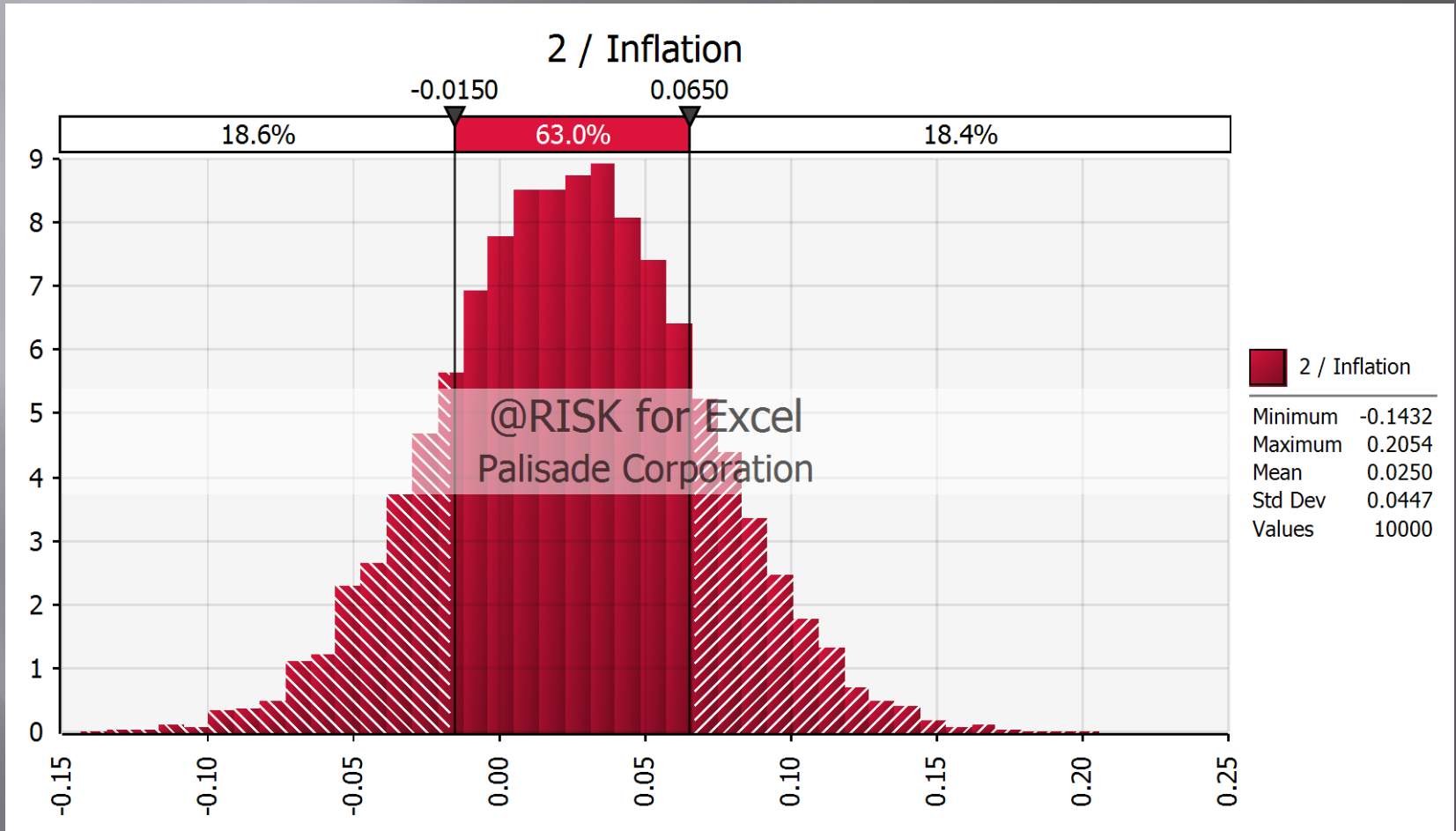
- ▣ Comes with a manual
- ▣ Manual describes the model
- ▣ Mean reverting process

$$dq_t = k(\theta - q_t)dt + \sigma dB_t$$

# Parameters

<i>Variable</i>	<i>Value</i>
$k$	1.0
$\theta$	3.00%
$\sigma$	4.00%
<i>Initial inflation</i>	1.00%

# Models Inflation over Multiple Years





# Volatility Parameter

Projection Year	Std. Dev. of Inflation ( $k = 1.0$ )	Std. Dev. of Inflation ( $k = 0.5$ )	Std. Dev. of Inflation ( $k = 0.1$ )
1	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%
2	4.00	4.47	5.38
3	4.00	4.58	6.28
4	4.00	4.61	6.93
5	4.00	4.62	7.41
6	4.00	4.62	7.77
7	4.00	4.62	8.06
8	4.00	4.62	8.28
9	4.00	4.62	8.46
10	4.00	4.62	8.60
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮

# Regime Switching

- ▣ How did we model a change in inflationary regimes?
  - From stable or moderate inflation to high inflation or hyperinflation
  - From stable or moderate inflation to deflation or depression

# Model Uses 3 Regimes

		Normal	High	Deflation
Now	Normal	90.0%	7.5%	2.5%
	High	11.0%	88.0%	1.0%
	Deflation	5.0%	5.0%	90.0%

# Now Lets Demonstrate the Model

- ▣ We switch to Excel Model and show how it is used

# Deflation

- ▣ Example Japan in 1990s
- ▣ U.S. in 1930s

# Inflation

- ▣ Examples:
- ▣ High Inflation – U.S. in the 1970s
- ▣ Hyperinflation
  - Inflation rate  $> 100\%$
  - Argentina
  - Brazil

# Effect of Deflation on Insurance

- ▣ Profitability was mixed during 1930s depression
- ▣ Premium goes down
- ▣ Investment returns low

# Effect of Severe Inflation on Insurance

- ▣ Underwriting profit margin and insurance investment returns were negatively correlated with the inflation rate during the period 1951-1976.
- ▣ Inflation and the underwriting profit margin were not significantly correlated over period 1977-2006
- ▣ Investment returns and the year-to-year change in underwriting profit margin were both significantly negatively correlated with inflation over that period.
- ▣ Lowe and Warren (2010) describe the negative impact of inflation on property-liability insurers' claim costs, loss reserves and asset portfolios.
  - Actuaries may be slow to react to changes in inflation rate



# Effect of Severe Inflation on Insurance (2)

- ▣ May experience adverse loss development
- ▣ Insurance investment returns were significantly negatively correlated with inflation during the period 1933-1981 and 1977-2006
- ▣ In addition, stock returns were significantly negatively correlated with inflation during the period 1933-1981 although not during the period 1977-2006
- ▣ What is impact of investment returns below insurance inflation rate?

# Measures of Inflation

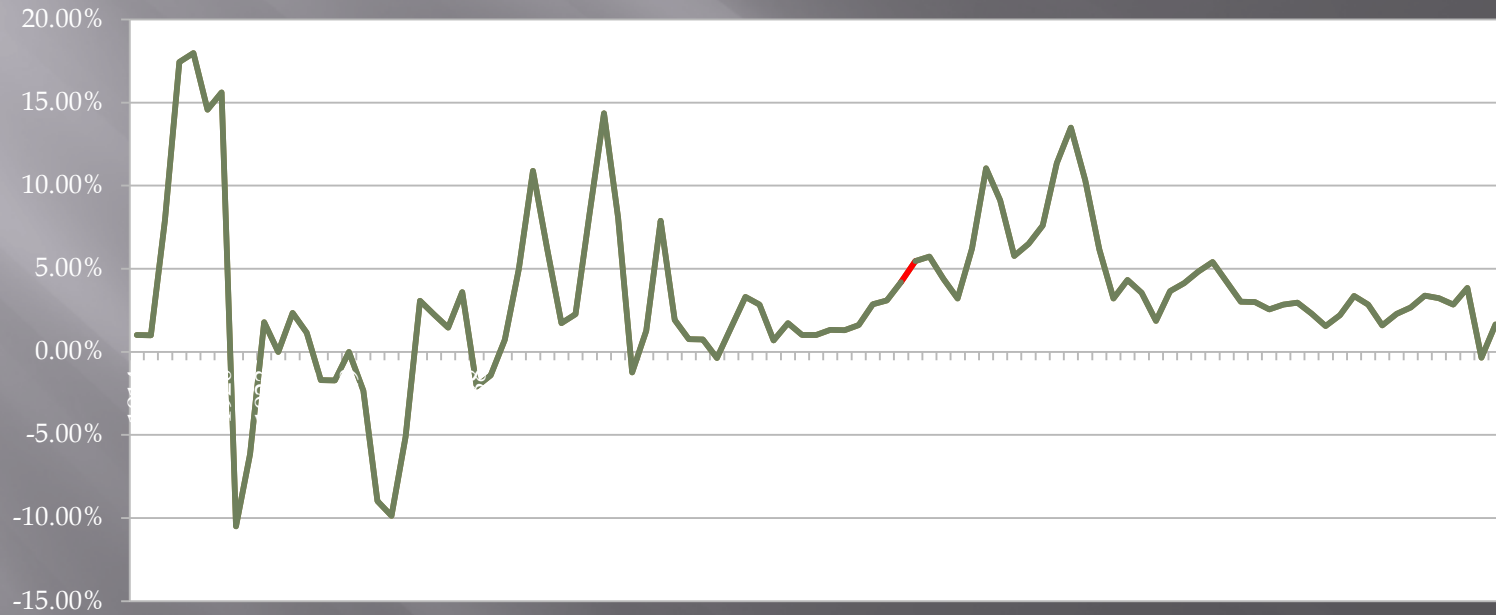
- ▣ CPI
- ▣ Rating Bureau
- ▣ Company Specific data
- ▣ Alternative measures – John Williams

# CPI Inflation

▣ From Ahlgrim, D'Arcy paper

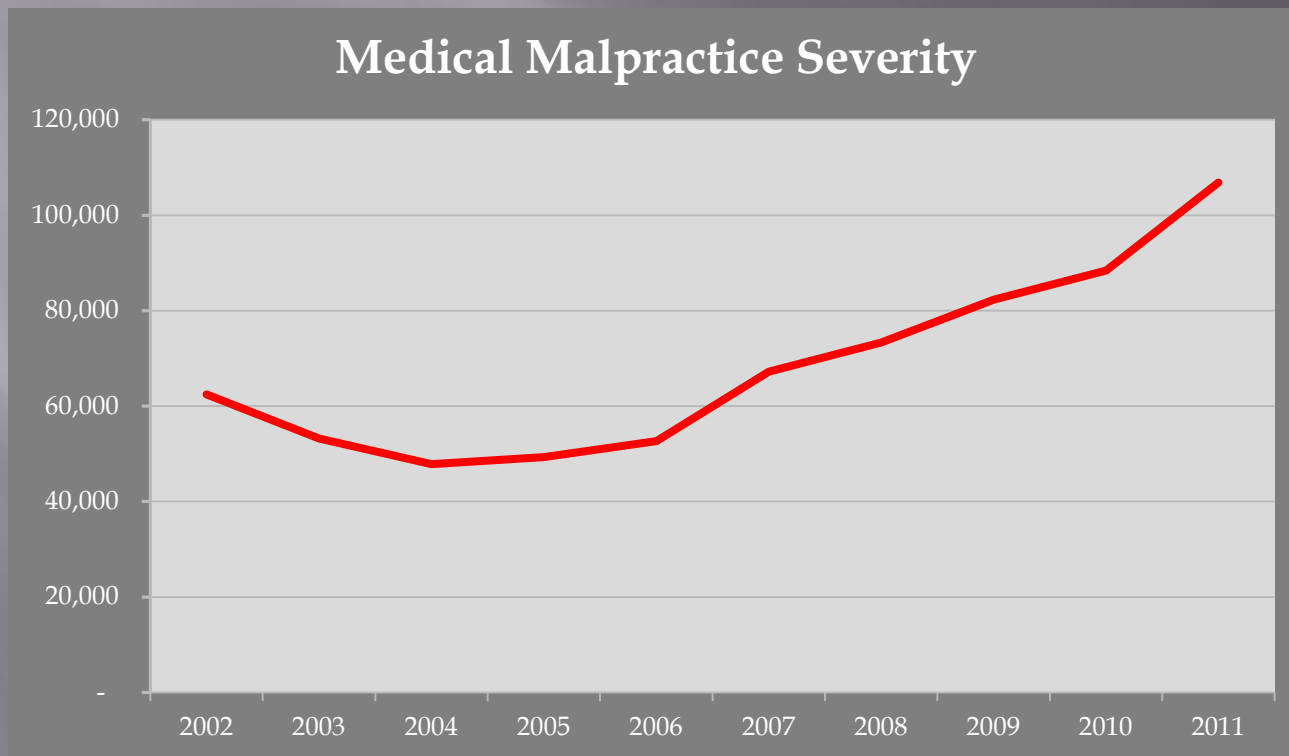
▣

Figure 1: US Annual Inflation Rate (1914-2010)



# Medical Malpractice Trend

- ▣ Based on data in 2011 Bests Aggregates and Averages
- ▣ Severity trend averaged 6%-7% in last 10 years

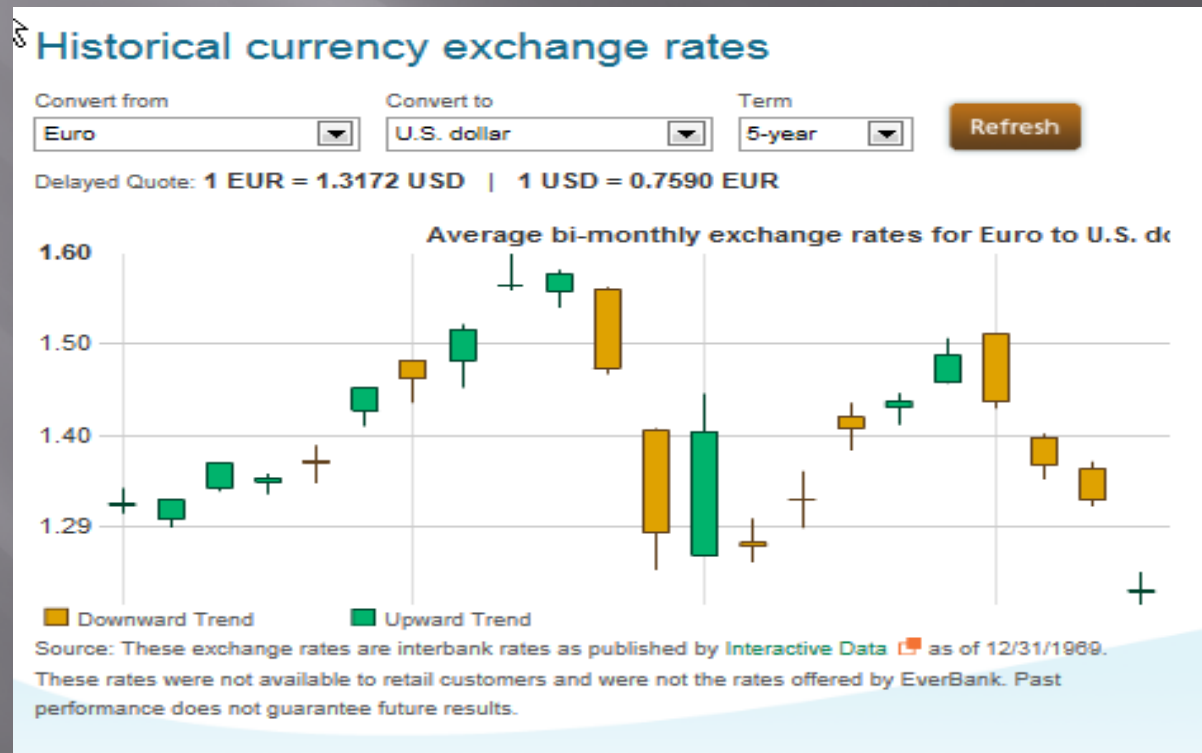


# Risk Mitigation

- ▣ Ahlgrim, D'Arcy recommend contingency planning
- ▣ Consider impact of deflation/ depression
- ▣ Consider impact in inflation/hyperinflation

# Currency Fluctuation

- Exchange rate graphs from [www.everbank.com](http://www.everbank.com)
- Will the Euro survive or will some countries have to leave it?



# Currency Fluctuation

- ▣ Bernanke will warn legislators Wednesday of possible "contagion" from European difficulties (testimony date is Wednesday March 21, 2012)
- ▣ Change from earlier stance: The testimony appears to represent a change from February when he told a congressional panel: "Our basic conclusion is that direct exposure of U.S. banks to European sovereign debt is quite limited, particularly on the periphery."

*~Economy Watch*

# Sources of Trend predictions

- ▣ Web sites and newsletters make economic and social predictions
- ▣ Fincncialsense.com
- ▣ Trends Research Institute quarterly newsletter



# Sources of Information on Addressing Trend in Actuarial Work

- ▣ 1991 Discussion Paper Program on Inflation Implications on P/C Insurance
- ▣ Butsic paper “The Effect of Inflation on Losses and Premium for Property-Liability Insurers” was on syllabus in past
  - Discusses accident date versus payment date impact of inflation and how to incorporate this

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