

Developing a Successful Product

What is the appropriate level of governance?

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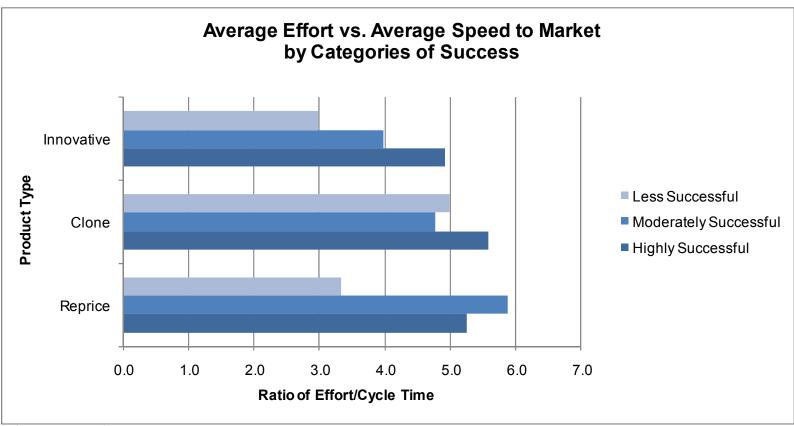
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Speed to market is generally not a predictor of product success



Source: Deloitte Survey

So what factors contribute to product success?

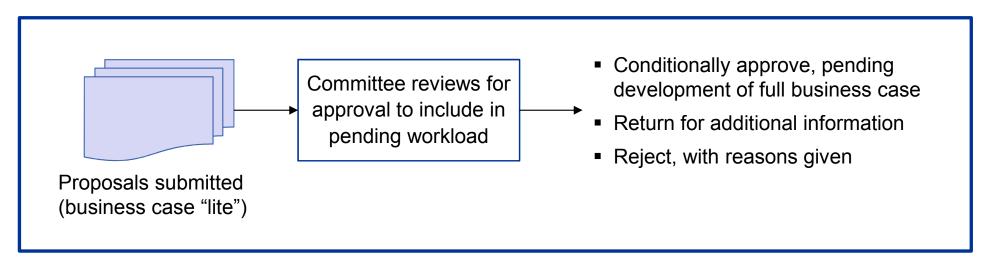
- Research & Development
- Business Case
- Process Flow and Roles
- Project Plan
- Post-Launch Evaluation

Maintain discipline and accountability throughout all stages with the appropriate level of active governance Establishing a product steering committee is one approach to governance

- Primary role is to charter, review, approve and prioritize initiatives
- Initiatives include new product development and implementation, product enhancements, major product maintenance and compliance
- Ensure adequate budget for routine maintenance and compliance
- Use of a committee approach provides several benefits:
 - Initiatives are properly reviewed prior to inclusion in the pending workload
 - Structured process for the review
 - Forum for communication about key initiatives early in the process
 - Discipline in alignment with the business strategy

Key responsibilities for steering committee

Process for review of product proposals



Review and approval encompasses several key considerations:

- Appropriate fact base was properly developed
- Fit with existing and expansion strategies
- Viable fit for technology platforms
- Resources are properly allocated

- No negative impact on in-flight initiatives
- Additions or revisions to the pending workload must not alter the business plan commitments
- Ability to leverage new product or product enhancement across multiple business units

Contributors Roles & Responsibilities
Day to day project management
Business case development
Issue elevation
 Decisions when delegated by governance body

Research & Development

Lessons learned from successful companies

- Perform primary and secondary research on distribution
- Even for companies that use third-party distribution, perform customer focused research
- Have a disciplined approach to understanding competitors' products and capabilities at a deep level
- Have a rigorous process for scoring and prioritizing ideas

Governing body holds team accountable for R&D process

Key aspects of the R&D process viewed through the lens of the product strategy

Product Strategy

Market

- Size and profitability of key markets
- Adjacent markets
- Competitive intensity in target markets

Customer

- Gain insights through:
 - -Focus groups
 - -Prototypes
 - -Consumer Market Research
 - -Blogs

Competitors

- Product features
- Profitability of competitors
- Available tools and monitoring mechanisms

Distribution

- Gain insights through:
 - -Producer Councils
 - -Producer Conferences
 - -Primary/Secondary Research
 - -Blogs

Business Case

Lessons learned from successful companies

- Have a clearly articulated, broadly understood and accepted product strategy
- Have the discipline to make sure that an idea fits the strategy
- Demonstrate a disciplined examination of ideas, with active involvement of executive leadership with a clearly defined process
- Involve the distribution channel
- Leverage the insights provided by all key stakeholders, including operations and systems, during the development of the business case

Populate the business case based on R&D

1. External Market Analysis	
Market Structure	 Conduct a Market Opportunity Assessment
Competitive Environment	 Develop competitor profiles
Environmental Scan	 Identify and analyze emerging issues
Customer Needs Analysis	 Conduct a customer needs assessment
Distribution Channel Analysis	 Suitability, cost-benefit and risk by distribution channel
2. Internal Analysis	
Strategic Focus	 Assess fit with business strategies
Desirability Analysis	 Assess risk characteristics
Product Features	 Summarize features
Distribution Requirements	 Describe channel selections
Capability Requirements	 Summarize capabilities and needed investments

Populate the business case based on R&D

3. Strategic Risk Assessment	
Fit in Product Portfolio	 Conduct a Market Opportunity Assessment
4. Product Design	
Scope	 Refine based on output of External Analysis, Internal Analysis, and Strategic Risk Assessment
5. Economic Model	
Profitability	 Determine revenue and expenses
6. Implementation Strategy	
Approach	 Outline implementation needs and post- implementation monitoring

Living document that changes as the product evolves

Governing body assesses due diligence around validation of models

- Validate the models used in developing new products
 - Produce 3-5 year pro-formas
 - Consider separate metrics for new and renewal business
- Confirm the accuracy and peer review of vendor models
- Clearly communicate expectations to management
 - What is the capital need?
 - What is the profit measure?
 - How long before target returns are expected?

Governing body assesses due diligence around risks

What risks are the most significant for this product?

- Data Quality
- Operational Risk
- Market Risk
- Regulatory Risk

How can these risks be mitigated or managed?



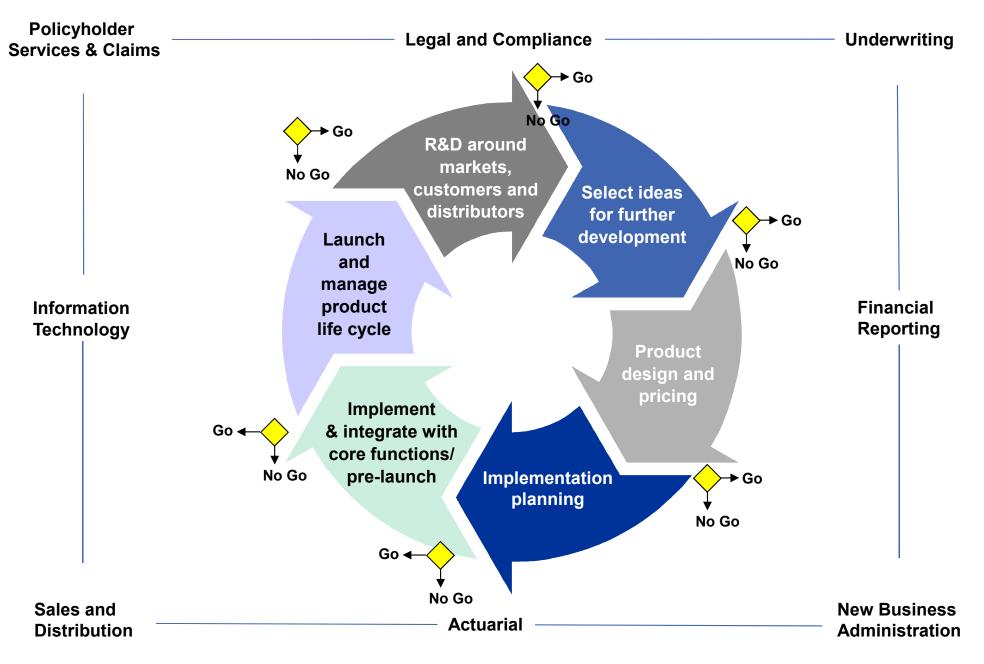
- Use of a pilot prior to full launch
- Ability to share risk with external parties
- Other approaches?

Process Flow and Roles

Lessons learned from successful companies

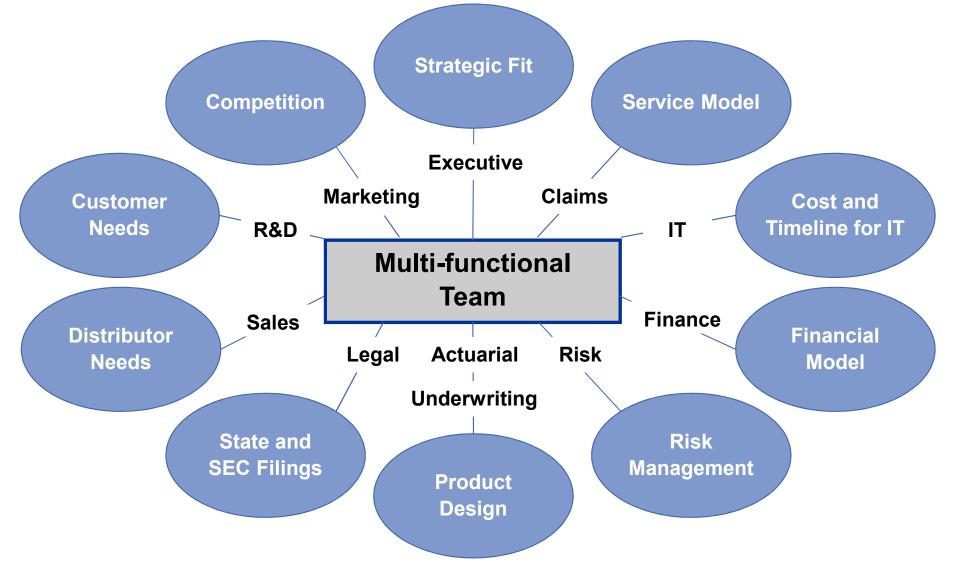
- Have a well documented, repeatable process that includes all those involved in the total end-to-end process
- Introduce products on a regular cycle as opposed to on an ad-hoc basis
- Establish roles and accountability
- Build and sustain producer commitment to the new product, from research through launch
- Focus on establishing a reputation with producers for delivering quality, error free products on time rather than a focus on speed to market

Governing body monitors the execution of the end-to-end process



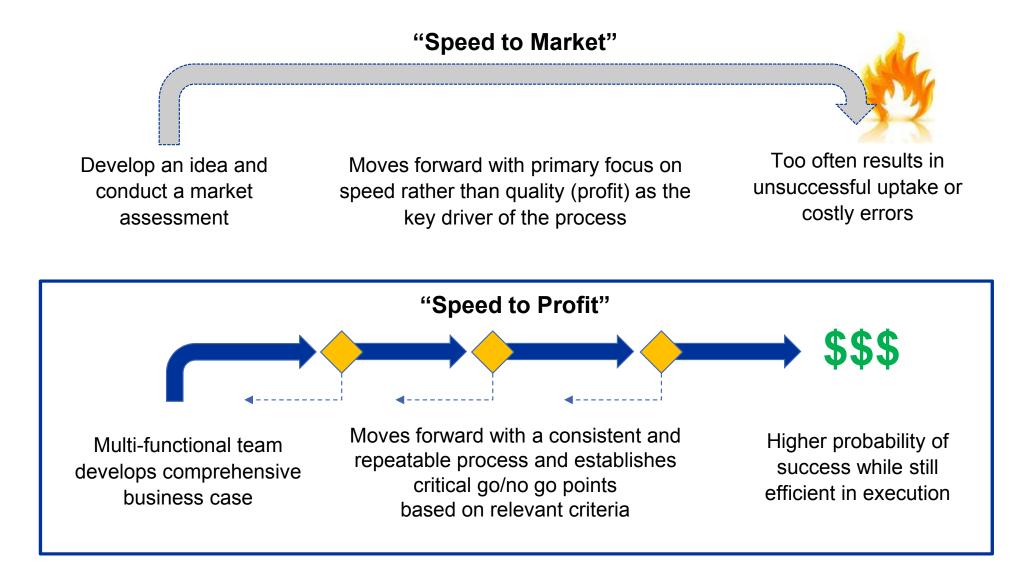
Integrate and collaborate across functions

Invite the right parties to the table at the beginning



Governing body establishes key decision points

Holds the team accountable for key decision points as the fact base develops



Project Plan

Lessons learned from successful companies

- For each task put the accountable party (name names)
- Include dependencies
- Build in time for the actuarial models, which will depend upon new to industry (innovative), new to company, revision
- Include deliverables for each phase
- Have a disciplined approach during implementation

ILLUSTRATIVE

Task Name	Task Owner	Duration	Start	Finish	Dependencies	Wk 1	Wk 2	Wk 3	Wk 4	Wk 5	Wk
Phase I: Gather data, develop business case		25 days	1/1	1/25							
Gather stakeholder feedback	Owner A	1 day	1/1	1/1							
Working sessions	Team	2 days	1/2	1/3	Task 1.1						
Gather data for business case	Owner A	10 days	1/4	1/13	Task 1.5			Pr	ogres	s Upo	date
Draft business case	Owner B	10 days	1/14	1/23	Tasks 2.1-5						
Review draft business case with stakeholders	Team	2 days	1/24	1/25							
Phase II: Business case refinement		20 days	1/26	2/15							
Assign owners for follow up areas	Owner A	1 day	1/26	1/26	Task 2.3						



Milestone / Deliverable

Draft Business Case

Maintain discipline through implementation

- Once a product is in the market, the focus shifts to active product management
- Focus will be on operational excellence while maintaining a high level of customer intimacy
- Product team will work closely with internal and external partners to:
 - Deliver the product through the sales and servicing model
 - Gain insight on the customer segments and promotion / advertising support
 - Obtain product performance reporting and analytics
 - Provide ongoing system support

Post-Launch Evaluation

Lessons learned from successful companies

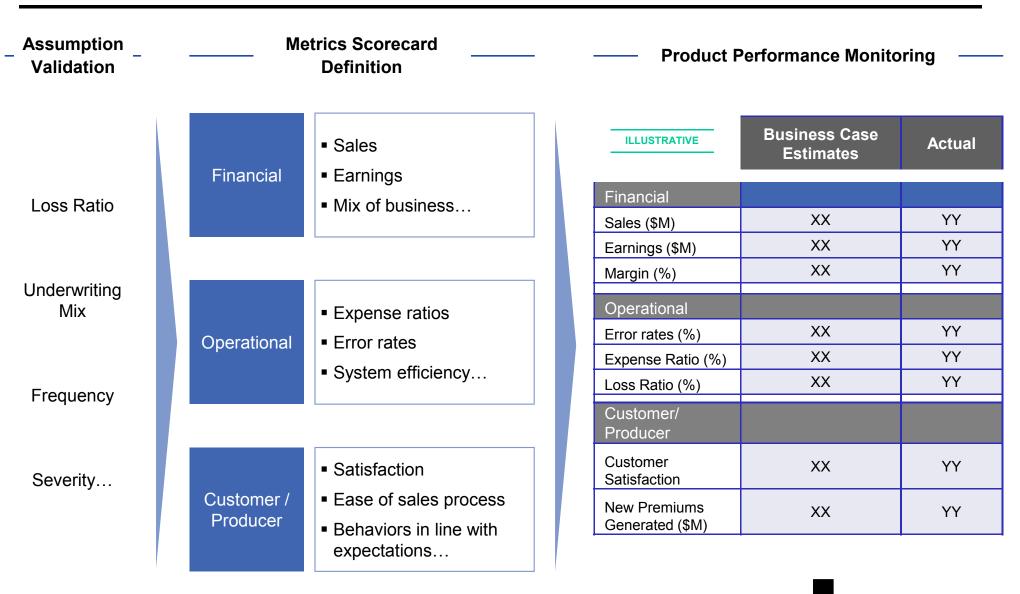
- Perform a Post-Project Team Survey
- Develop a Post-Launch metrics scorecard
- Tie metrics back to original Business Case and execution plan
- Actively manage the lifecycle of a product

Post-Project Survey

- The survey should focus on the process as well as the Product Manager
- Meet to discuss the survey results and discuss lessons learned

Samp	le Process Scorecard					
Metrics	to evaluate the performance and efficiency of the process	ILLUSTRATIVE				
Ideation	 Number of ideas captured per quarter & per year (including % breakdown of sources, e.g. product group, members) Number of ideas approved for Product Development per year / Number ideas captured per year 					
New Product Development	 Number products in development, number of products launched per year Wasted development spend per year (cancelled projects) Development cycle time % on time launches % products >20% over budget at time of launch 					
Product Mgmt.	 Number of products retired per year Number of existing products to enter process at Ideation Phase per year (e.g., enhancement, ex 	tension, etc)				

Post-Launch Metrics Scorecard



Feedback & suggestions to the various stakeholders of the Product Development team



Success in execution requires careful monitoring of the product post-launch



- What is the appropriate frequency for touch points?
- Who should be involved in the monitoring process?
- Which metrics are critical for measuring financial success?
- Which metrics are critical for measuring competitive success?
- What are the triggers for action?
- What is the feedback from producers?
- Was the launch campaign appropriate?

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