Predictive Modeling Solutions for Small Business Insurance

> Robert J. Walling, FCAS, MAAA October 6, 2008 CAS Predictive Modeling Seminar San Diego, CA



# Presentation Outline

- Current BOP Market Dynamics
- Rating Plan Enhancements
- Underwriting Scorecards

# **Current BOP Market Dynamics**



# Current BOP Market

- Soft, Softer, Softest
- Impact of Agency & MGA Captives
- By-Peril Rating
- Enhanced Territory Definitions
- Expanded Eligibility
- Detailed Class Factors
- Expanded Amount of Insurance
- U/W Scorecards vs. Schedule Rating

## BOP Predictive Modeling – Here to Stay

- Five Leading BOP Insurers Using Predictive Modeling 2000-2006:
  - Beat Industry Loss Ratio by 3.5 6.6 Points
  - Outperformed Industry 5 of 7 years, Up to 15 Points
  - All Grew Faster Than Industry
  - One Group by 5% per year!
- Superior Growth and Operating Results
- Sustained Competitive Advantage
- Cream Skimming, Adverse Selection

# **Rating Plan Enhancements**



# Class Refinement

Eligible Occupancies	Classification Factors			
The following are the eligible classes of business. No other types of business may be insured under this program. See also the Ineligibility List in the main section of this manual.	Building Lessors	Building Occupants	Business Personal Property	Class Code
Air Conditioning Equipment Dealers	1.314	1.150	0.806	00072
Alterations – Clothing	1.278	1.333	1.512	71961
Animal Cemetery	NA	0.526	0.619	00056
Animal Cemetery – Lessors Risk	0.604	NA	0.619	00056
Animal Hospital	NA	0.526	0.619	00057

# Refined AOI Curves

Personal Property	Limit Of Insurance Relativity			
Limit (000's)	Group A	Group B	Group C	
<\$50	1.678	1.142	1.330	
50	1.678	1.142	1.330	
75	1.525	1.115	1.223	
100	1.347	1.080	1.153	
125	1.224	1.053	1.101	

# New Rating Factors

Age of Building Credit Factors:					
Age	Original Construction	Significantly Renovated			
0 5	0.900	0.900			
6 10	0.950	0.950			
11 15	0.975	0.975			

Franchise Factor:	Property	Liability
	0.950	0.975

Mall Credit	Property	Liability
	0.975	0.950

# Multi-Policy Discounts

CATEGORIES	DISCOUNT applied to the Businessowners Policy
Commercial Automobile Policies Commercial Automobile Policies (excluding Garage Liability and Dealers Blanket).	
Commercial Umbrella Policies Commercial, Econ-O-Pak and Habitational Umbrella policies.	
<ul> <li>Life, Health or Annuity Policies</li> <li>The following policies written on an owner, partner or corporate officer of the</li> <li>Life policy (nongroup) with a face amount of \$100,000 or more or Simplified Issue Life policy with a face value of \$50,000 or more; or</li> <li>Annuity policy with a combined cash value exceeding \$10,000 or more; or</li> <li>Disability Income policy with a monthly benefit of \$1,000 or more; or</li> <li>Long Term Care Policy.</li> </ul>	

# Industry Specific Rating Factors

a. Number of Units Factor. Based upon the number of residential units at the premises, multiply the applicable rates for General Liability for that premises by:

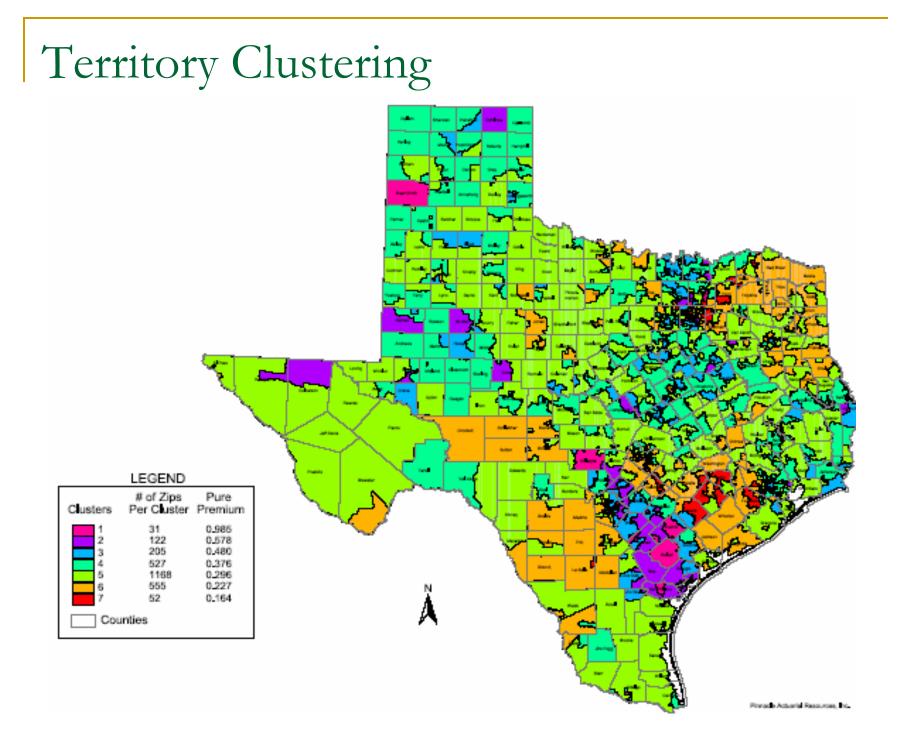
Ur	hits	5	Factor
1	-	10	1.000
11	-	20	0.987
21	-	30	0.968
31	-	50	0.940
51	-	75	0.910
Ov	eΓ	75	0.005

b. Number of Stories Factor. Based upon the number of stories of the building, multiply the applicable rates for General Liability for that premises by:

Number of Stories	Factor
1	0.850
2	0.950
3	1,000
4 or More	1.150

Condominium Factor

% Rented	Factor
0% - 49%	0.57
50% - 74%	0.79
75% & Over	1.00



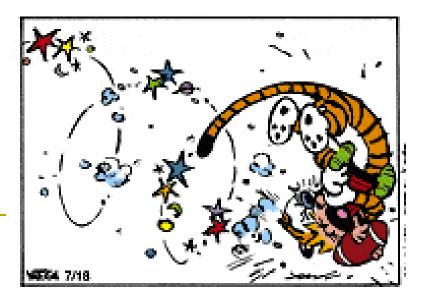
# **Underwriting Scorecards**



# Traditional Underwriting vs. Rating

Historically Distinct (and often conflicting)

- Underwriting Determined Eligibility
- Rating Determined Manual Premium
- Underwriting then Applied IRPM/Schedule Rating



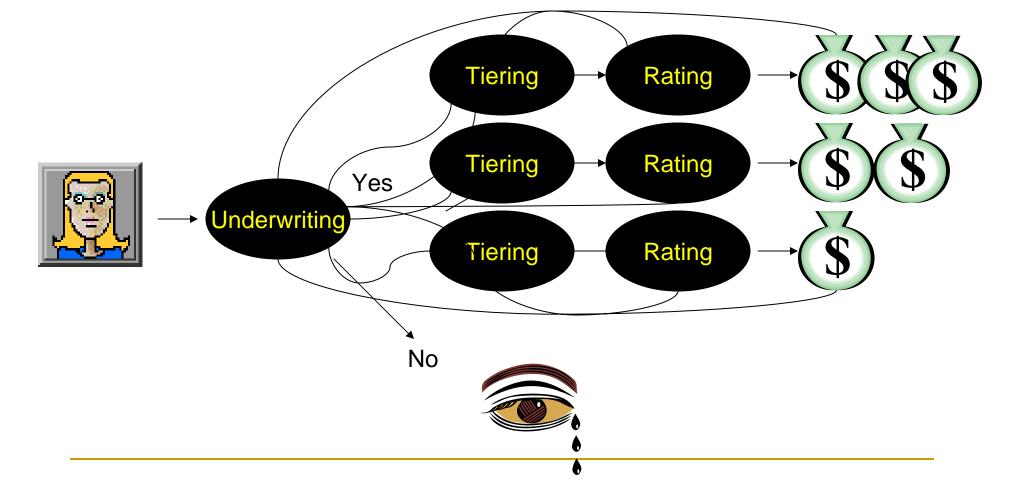
### Historical Risk Selection & Pricing Flow Yeş **IRPM**/ Rating Schedule Underwriting Overlaps No

# Underwriting vs. Rating Today

### Lines are blurred...

- Underwriting determines eligibility, often using modeled actuarial data
- Underwriting determines rating tier, often with actuarially determined tiers
- Actuarial determines tier relativities and rates

# Current Risk Selection and Pricing Flow



Underwriting Score

 Definition – A scaling of <u>multiple</u> predictive model factors into a <u>single metric</u> resulting in a single <u>premium modification</u> and/or an <u>eligibility threshold</u>.

# Underwriting Scorecard – Scaling

Credit Score				
Credit Score	Exposure	Indicated Relativity	On Balance Indicated	Score Points
A	359,376	1.000	0.988	32
Μ	153,873	1.081	1.068	9
NS	90,760	1.045	1.032	19
S	106,681	0.902	0.891	62
U	26,131	1.114	1.101	0

## Lots of Small Factors

#### Criteria and Point Allocation

For ALL Natures of Business, the following apply:

- Percent Building Occupied 95-100% = 4 pts; 90-65% = 2 pts; all else = 0 pts.
- Years in Business Over 10 = 16 pts; 5 to 10 = 8 pts; all else = 0 pts.
- Age of Building Less than 10 = 16 pts; 10 to 25 = 10 pts; 26-50 = 2 pts; over 50 = 0 pts.
- Alarms
   Local = 4 pts; Central Station (U.L. Appd) = 16 pts;
   Central Station (Other) = 8 pts; None = 0 pts.
- Building Appraisal Received owner occ. only Yes = 4 pts; No = 0 pts.
- EDP: Off-Site Backup Yes = 2 pts; No = 0 pts.
- Building Height (# stories) owner occ. only Less than 3 = 8 pts; 3 to 6 = 4 pts; all else = 0 pts.
- Parking Lot or Garage at premises owner occ. only Yes = 0 pts; No = 4 pts.



# Class-Specific Scoring

In addition to the above, the following objective criteria are used, depending on the nature of business of the occupancy.

**Habitational** 

- Owner/Manager on Premises
- Athletic Courts
- Clubhouse
- Exercise Room
- Playground
- Pool with Diving Board
- Woodstove
- Fireplace
- Restaurant on Premises

#### Office-All Other, Office-Medical

- Sole Occupancy
- Restaurant on Premises

#### Funeral Home

Sole Occupancy



#### Retail/Service/Wholesale

- Sole Occupancy
- Closing Time Before 9pm
- Chain or Franchise
- Theft Monitoring Devices
- Restaurant on Premises
- Off-Premises Repair/Installation < 10%</li>
- Delivery Operations
- Inventory Skidded

#### Restaurant

- Sole Occupancy
- Closing Time Before 9pm
- Chain or Franchise
- Delivery Operations
- Inventory Skidded

## Additional Internal Information

- Percent Occupied
- Years in Business
- Age of Building
- Alarms
- Computer Back Ups
- Building Height
- Swimming Pools
- Safety Program

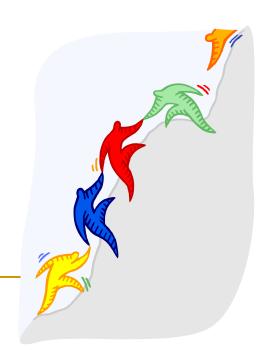
- Elevators
- Years of Same Mgt.
- Updated Systems
- Resp. for Parking Lot?
- Hours of Operation
- Deliveries?
- Franchisee?
- # of Employees/Leasing
- Type of Entity (Individual, Partnership, Corporation, LLC)
- Location of Building (Mall, Strip Mall, Attached to Habitational, Stand Alone)

### Not to mention – Billing history, account experience

# Additional External Information

### Credit Score

- Commercial
- Owner
- Lots of Operational Info
  - Niche Specific (CLUE of Habitational Tenants)
  - Adjacent Properties/Tenants
- Geographic Data
- Economic/Demographic Data
- Property Value Data
- Commercial CLUE



### Potential ZIP Code Level Demographics

### Data Available

- Population Density
- Traffic Density
- Population Growth
- Unemployment Rates
- Building Vacancy Rates
- Industry Mix
- Prosperity Indices

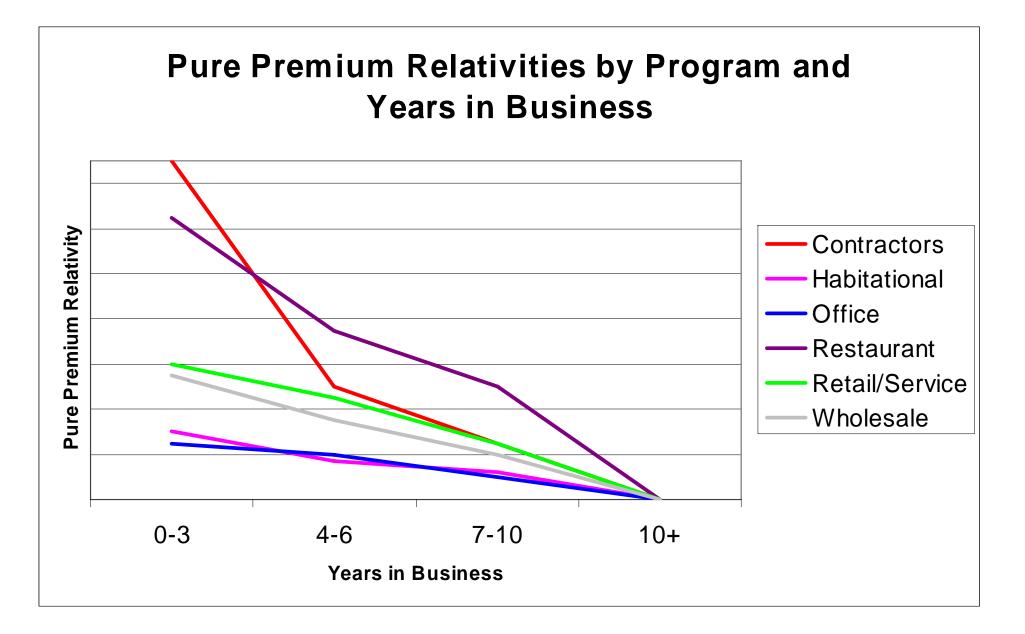
### Sources

- Publicly available from census sources
- Useful for addressing location specific issues

# Building of Underwriting Score

- Build predictive model with all rating variables and potential tiering variables (3 ways)
  - Complete
  - Tiering then rating
  - Rating then tiering
- Develop selections for underwriting variables
- Calculate underwriting score for each risk
- Calculate final rating relativities

## Interactions Matter



# Underwriting Scorecards with Interactions

Multivariate analysis allows the modeling of interactions and facilitates incorporation into scorecards

Years of			Sco	re Points	6	
Current						
Control	Contr.	Habit.	Off.	Rest.	Ret./Serv.	Wholes.
0-3	60	115	120	70	95	100
4-6	100	130	125	85	100	110
7-10	120	135	135	100	120	125
10+	150	150	150	150	150	150

# Underwriting Scorecard - Farmers

Risk Characteristic Pricing Element	Response	Point Value
	New in Business	5
	Less than 1 Year	4
	1-2 Years	3
Years in Business at this Location	2-3 Years	1
	3-4 Years	0
	4-5 Years	-1
	5-6 Years	-2
	6 Years or More	-3
Responsible for Parking Lot	Yes	2
Responsible for Parking Lot	No	0
	25 Years or More	4
Wiring Year	20-24 Years	0
winning real	11-19 Years	-2
	10 Years or Less	-4

# Underwriting Scorecard - Farmers

		1.50
Location of Business	Attached to Habitational Structure	10
	Stand-alone Building	3
	Strip Shopping Center	0
	Enclosed Mall	-3
Hours of Operation Open to Public	21-24 Hours	10
	16-20 Hours	5
	12-15 Hours	0
	Less than 12 Hours	-5
Percentage of Sales from Catering Services	Over 10%	10
	1-10%	5
	None	0
Total Percent of Sales from Liquor Sales	More than 20%	5
	1-20%	2
	None	0
Drive Thru	Yes	0
	No	0
Credit Score	All Responses	0

# Underwriting Scorecard - Farmers

#### **Debit or Credit Factors**

	Point Values			Debit or Credit Factors	
Over		70	points	1.15	
66	to	70	points	1.14	
61	to	65	points	1.13	
56	to	60	points	1.12	
51	to	55	points	1.11	
46	to	50	points	1.10	
41	to	45	points	1.09	
36	to	40	points	1.08	
31	to	35	points	1.07	

### Travelers BOP Scorecard Master Pac Tier Rating Factors

	·			
Pricing Track	Pricing Factor		Pricing Track	Pricing Factor
1	.52		21	1.14
2	.55		. 22	1.16
3	.58		23	1.20
4	.61		24	1,25
5	.64		25	1.30
6	.67		26	1.35
7	.70	•	27	1.40
8	.73		28	1.45
9	.76		29	1.50
10	.79		30	1.60
aj e da <b>11</b> .	.82	•	31	1.70
12	.85		32	1,80
13	.88		33	1.90
-14	,91		34	2.00
15	.94		35	2.10
16	.97		36	2,25
17	1.00		37	2.40
18	1.03		38	2.55
19	1.06		39	2.00
20	1.10		40	2.85

NOTICE THE LIFT!

## Scorecard Advantages

- Regulatory
  - Underwriting Guidelines
- Preserve Competitive Advantage
  To File on Net to File?
  - To File or Not to File?
- Small & Class Specific Factors
- Response to Counter-Intuitive Results (e.g. ACV, named perils)
- Similarity to Credit Scoring (Intuitive)
- Ability for Underwriter/Agent Feedback

## Intuitive Look & Feel

A Pricing Track Factor will then be assigned based on the total points as follows:

	Pricing Track		
Point Range	Factor		
0 - 99	1.00		
100 - 199	.92		
200 - 299	.84		
300 - 399	.76		
400 - 499	.68		
500 - 599	.60		
600 - 700	.52		

Other intuitive scaling approaches are also quite common.

### Benefits of Using GLM for BOP Scorecard

- Improves Predictive Accuracy of Net Pricing
- Increases Underwriting Effectiveness
- Increases Use of "Who" Characteristics
- Creates Adverse Selection for Competitors
- Reflects Interactions
- Fast, Cost-Effective Tool for U/W Decisions
  - Demonstrated Success Personal and Commercial Lines
- Expand Your Markets
- Smarter Soft Market Reaction
- Provides Feedback to Underwriter, Agent & Insured

## For More Information



#### Monograph

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### **About the Author**



Robert J. Walling, III FCAS, MAAA

Mr. Walling is a Principal and Consultant in Pinnacle's Bloomington, Ill. office. He is a Fellow of the Casualty Actuarial Society (CAS) and a member of the American Academy of Actuaries.

### Underwriting Power Tools for Small Business Insurance

By Robert J. Walling, III, FCAS, MAAA

Commercial lines insurers are moving faster than ever to develop sophisticated underwriting tools for their small business insurance programs.

One of the most popular innovations is an underwriting scorecard that quantifies the impact of a variety of factors into the rating process. By providing greater pricing accuracy, scorecards offer advantages including tier almost five-and-a-half times the lowest tier, which was impossible before. This new approach also allows more accurate assessment of the loss potential of each risk.



 www.pinnacleactuaries.com/pages/publications/files/Pinnacle Monograph-PowerTools.pdf Closing Thoughts

It is a capital mistake to theorize before one has data. Insensibly one begins to twist facts to suit theories, instead of theories to suit facts.

- Sir Arthur Conan Doyle

You can use all the quantitative data you can get, but you still have to distrust it and use your own intelligence and judgment.

- Alvin Toffler