**CAS Spring Meeting 2007** 

**The Business Case for Predictive Modeling** 

Frank Zizzamia, Director, Deloitte Consulting LLP

**June 2007** 

# Deloitte.

### NOTICE: THIS DOCUMENT IS PROPRIETARY AND CONFIDENTIAL

This document is protected under the copyright laws of the United States and other countries. This document contains information that is proprietary and confidential to Deloitte Consulting LLP and Deloitte Development LLC and shall not be disclosed to outside parties, duplicated, or used in whole or in part for any purpose other than to evaluate Deloitte Consulting LLP. Any use or disclosure in whole or in part of this information without the express written permission of Deloitte Consulting LLP is prohibited.

Copyright © 2007 Deloitte Development LLC. All rights reserved.



- Business Motivations for Predictive Modeling The Business Case
- A Sample Benefit Calculation
- How to Measure Benefits on a Go-Forward Basis



- Business Motivations for Predictive Modeling The Business Case
- A Sample Benefit Calculation
- How to Measure Benefits on a Go-Forward Basis



## It's a Business Initiative

## **What PM is NOT**

- A Black Box approach
- Stork delivery
- Replacement for underwriters
- Score used to communicate decision
- Score drives results
- A single variable magic bullet
- Actuarial and/or systems project
- Class plan underwriting

## What PM IS

- Scoring drivers are known / understood
- Collaborative with knowledge transfer
- Additional underwriting toolset
- U/W reason messages are developed
- Implementation drives results
- Relationship among variables is power
- Business initiative
- Efficient segmentation of policyholders



## **Predictive Modeling Lifecycle**



- Predictive Models must be effectively implemented to derive their benefit potential
- The financial benefits can be so significant that urgency should drive the pace of the project
- Create a benefit analysis and use the benefits to drive the project a complex process (PIF counts, LR management, retention, not written, etc)
- Competitive jockeying drives the project pace first adopter and fast follower advantages
- A best practice is to create a continuum of implementation solutions and phases
- Initial implementation should focus on extracting value from models before automation
- Tactical implementation can be achieved in 2-4 months
- Planning, planning, and then some more planning



## **Start with Planning**



- Steering Committee and Project Committee Structure
- Phased structure and focus on 80:20 Rule
- Development of End-State-Vision & Project Planning Document some key questions are:
  - How will predictive modeling guide decision making, pricing, etc?
  - How will predictive models impact existing business processes?
  - How will predictive models be blended into the field and agency management process?
  - What key performance measures must be achieved?
  - How will underwriters/raters/other personnel's compliance be measured?
  - What level of automation is desired for various business processes?



## **Report of Business Case Metrics Defined during Planning**

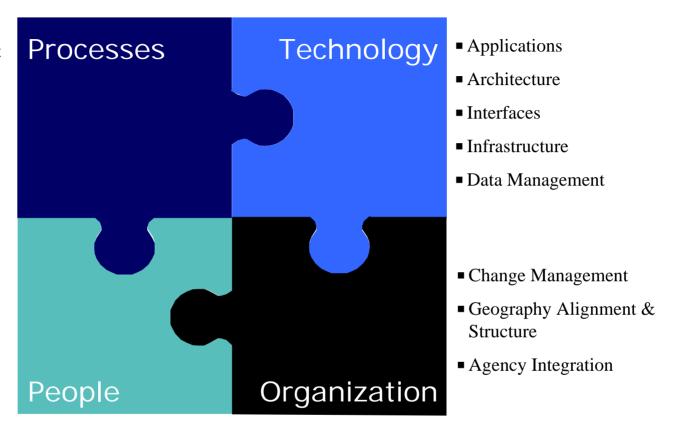


- Creation of management reports and metrics measurement processes including dashboards
- Communication of model usage, results tracking, and management metrics at all process points to all constituencies
- Loop back processes to manage compliance or deviation of model usage business plan



#### **Critical Success Factors**

- Product Management
- Marketing Initiatives
- Underwriting Processes
- Customer Service
- Internal and External Communication
- Roles and Responsibilities
- Performance Management
- Training



- Non-Critical Success Factors
  - Software & Hardware
  - Modeling methodologies and algorithms
  - Actuarial project components over design of modeling methodology



- Business Motivations for Predictive Modeling The Business Case
- A Sample Benefit Calculation
- How to Measure Benefits on a Go-Forward Basis



## **Identify the Business Application – Targeted Non-Renewals**

### **Business Application**

## **■ Targeted Non-Renewals**

- Cancel worst-of-the-worst

## **■** Improve Retention

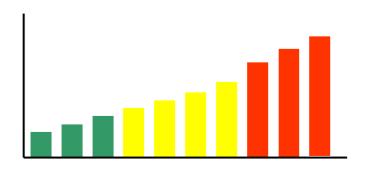
Retain the most profitable

## ■ Renewal Pricing

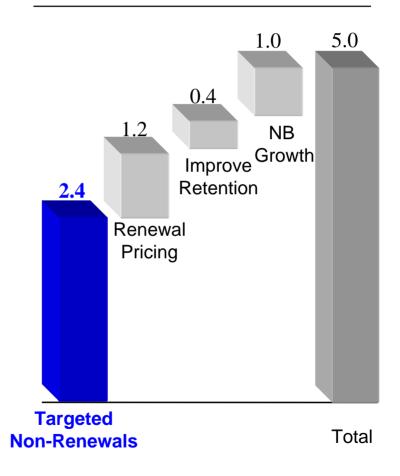
 Pricing actions determined by policy score rather than class

#### **■ New Business Growth**

– Use new insights to target the best business



#### **Business Case Estimated Benefit**



**Loss Ratio Savings** 



## **Benefit Calculation Assumptions – Targeted Non-Renewals**

- #1 Identify the existing & proposed non-renewal rate
- #2 Determine the historical and proposed non-renewal impact
- #3 Quantify the number of policies affected, existing loss ratio, etc.
- #4 Calculate the estimated net business value for targeted non-renewals
- #5 Develop a method for measuring the actual benefits on a go-forward basis



# **Sample Benefit Calculation - Targeted Non-Renewals**

		Current Non-Renewal		Proposed Non_Renewal		
Decile	Net Underwriting Profit / Loss	Non Renewal Rate	Business Impact	Non Renewal Rate	Business Impact	Business Case Benefit
1	\$3,450,000	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
2	\$2,820,000	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
3	\$2,190,000	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
4	\$1,875,000	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
5	\$1,245,000	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
6	(\$15,000)	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
7	(\$960,000)	2.0%	\$192,000	0.0%	\$0	(\$192,000)
8	(\$1,275,000)	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
9	(\$1,590,000)	0.0%	\$0	0.0%	\$0	\$0
10	(\$4,740,000)	0.0%	\$0	2.0%	\$948,000	\$948,000
Total	\$3,000,000	2.0%	\$192,000	2.0%	\$948,000	\$756,000



The business case benefits must also be calendarized so that actual benefits can be tracked against plan on a monthly and quarterly basis.



- Business Motivations for Predictive Modeling The Business Case
- A Sample Benefit Calculation
- How to Measure Benefits on a Go-Forward Basis

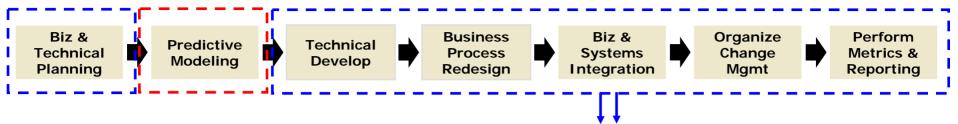


## **Measuring the Benefits – Targeted Non-Renewals**

- #1 How many underwriter initiated non-renewals are occurring?
- #2 What is the score or decile of each non-renewal?
- #3 What is the distribution of non-renewals by region, branch, underwriter, etc.
- Is the business process performing the business case defined actions required to achieve the estimated business benefit?



## **End-To-End Implementation – Making Models Come Alive**



- What systems modifications are required to accommodate the process?
- What will different people in different roles see throughout the process?
- How will predictive model results be disseminated throughout the organization?

#### Sas Deloitte & Touche

#### Underwriting Excellence™

An interactive graphical interface to monitor your insurance business by operation with drill-down capabilities

#### General Overview

Results Summary

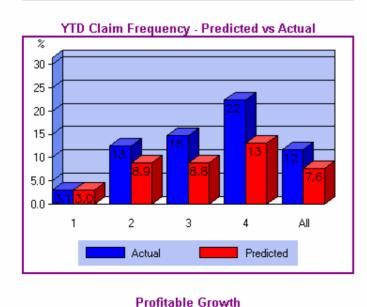
#### Executive

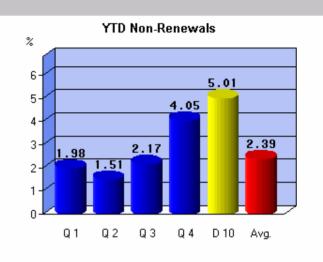
- Summary
- **Pricing Gap**
- Loss Ratio Comparison
- Book Distribution
- Overall Book: **Risk & Price**

#### Underwriting **Actuarial** Operations

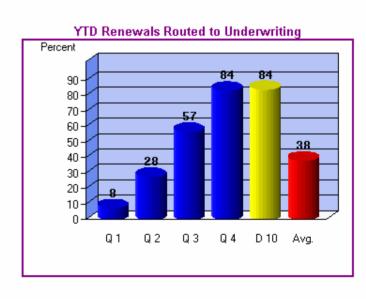
Sales







Home





Policies

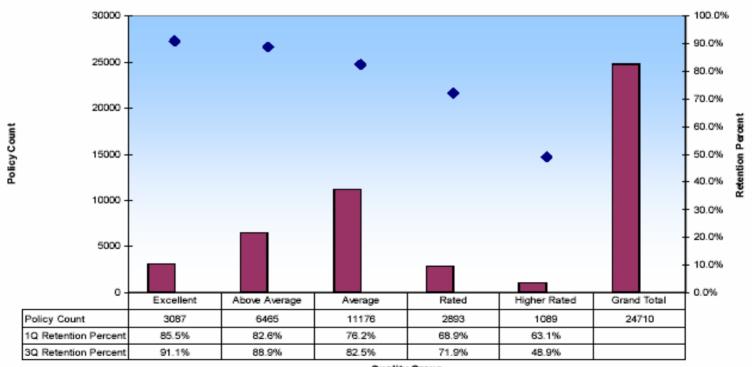
%

## **Measuring the Benefits – Best Practices**

Exhibit 4: Retention of Best Business Is Greater

## Retention of Best Business is Greater

#### Available to Renew by Quality Group BOP 3Q Expirations



Quality Group



## **In Summary**

- What is the business case dollars & cents justification for doing a predictive model?
- #2 How will the baseline benefit be determined?
- How will actual benefits be measured on an ongoing basis and compared to the baseline estimation?
- If the overall loss ratio is deteriorating have the estimated business benefits still been realized and if so how can they be measured?

# Deloitte.