

2016 CAS Spring Meeting, Session C5

China's P&C Insurance Market Current Advancements and Future Challenges

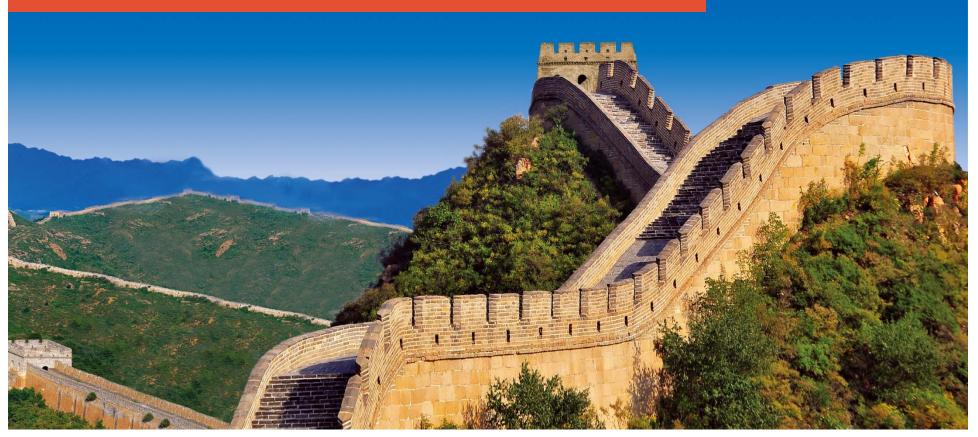
Peter Wu, FCAS, ASA, MAAA, Deloitte Consulting (Moderator)

Chungfang Xue, ACAA, CIRC Sen Chen, FCAS, FCAA, CPIC Yuanli Zhu, FCAS, Ping-An Insurance Company Seattle, Washington

May, 2016



China P&C Insurance Market and Regulation



Chunfang Xue China Insurance Regulatory Commission

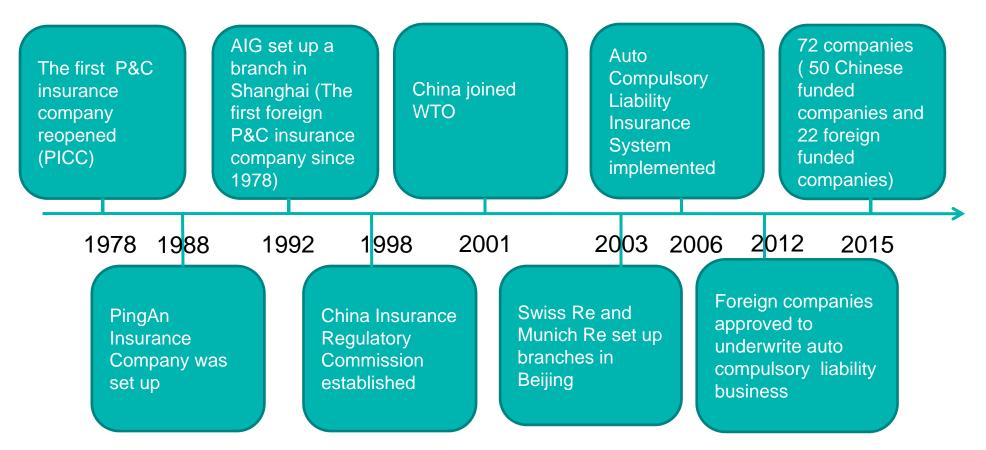
> CAS Spring Meeting Mav 15-18th 2016. Seattle



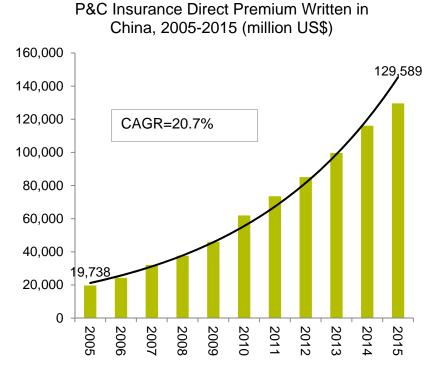


- Overview of China P&C Insurance Market
- China Regulation System for P&C Insurance Market
- Opportunities and Challenges



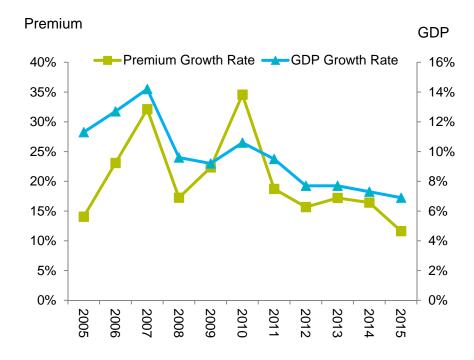






Note: Currency rate 1 US\$=6.5 RMB Yuan

P&C Insurance Direct Premium Written Growth VS. GDP Growth in China, 2005-2015 (Percent change from prior year)





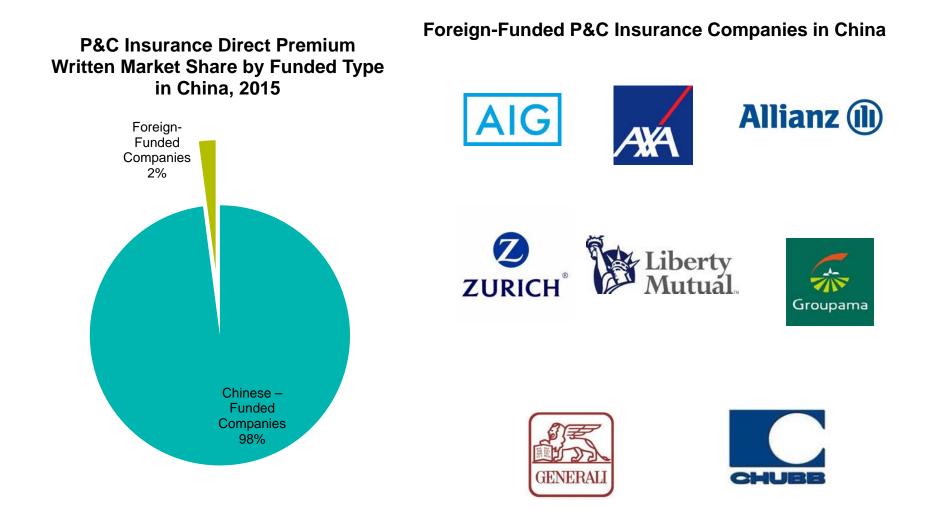
TOP 10 WRITERS OF PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE BY DIRECT PREMIUMS WRITTEN IN CHINA, 2015

Rank	Group/company	Direct premiums written	Market share
1	PICC P&C	43, 232, 308	33.4%
2	PingAn P&C	25, 175, 518	19.4%
3	Pacific P&C	14, 529, 053	11.2%
4	China Life P&C	7, 749, 105	6.0%
5	China United Insurance	6, 056, 908	4.7%
6	Continent Insurance	4, 090, 576	3.2%
7	Sunshine P&C	3, 971, 786	3.1%
8	TaiPing P&C	2, 402, 306	1.9%
9	TianAn Insurance	2, 014, 843	1.6%
10	Sinosafe Insurance	1, 320, 120	1.0%
	total	110, 542, 522	85.3%

(US\$ 000)

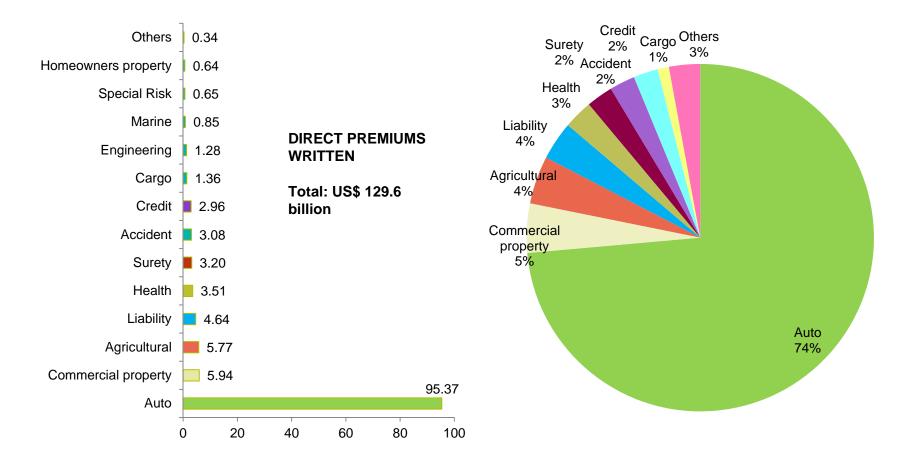
Note:Currency rate 1 US = 6.5 RMB Yuan





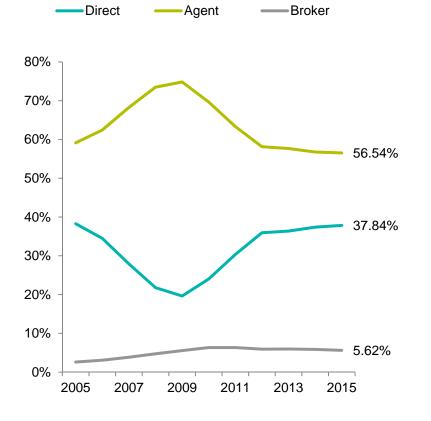


PREMIUM WRITTEN BY LINE, PROPERY/CASUALTY INSURANCE, CHINA, 2015 (US\$ billions)

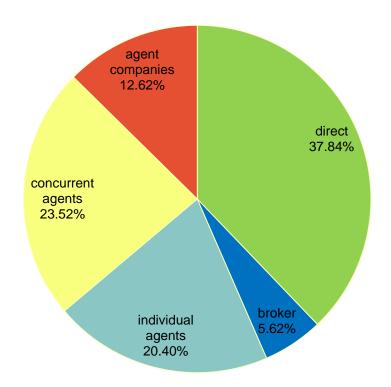




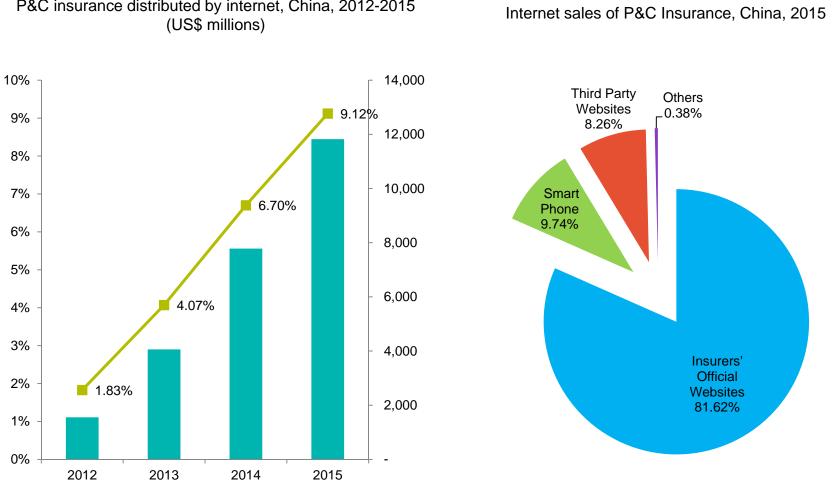
Market share by distribution channel (% of total P&C direct written premium)



Distribution Channel, China P&C Insurance, 2015



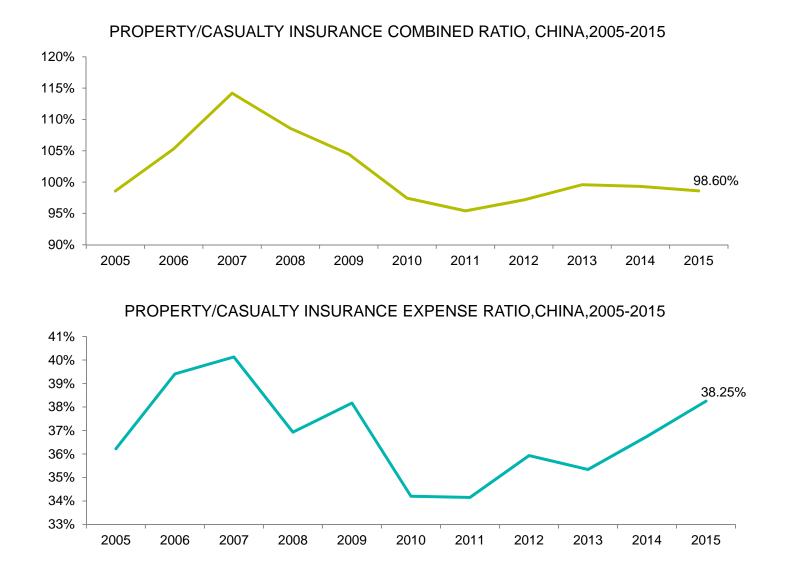




P&C insurance distributed by internet, China, 2012-2015

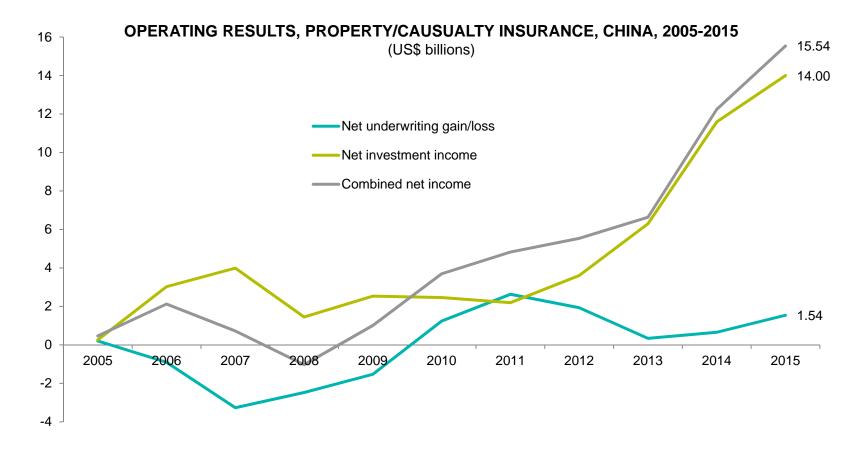
Note: Currency rate 1 US\$= 6.5 RMB Yuan





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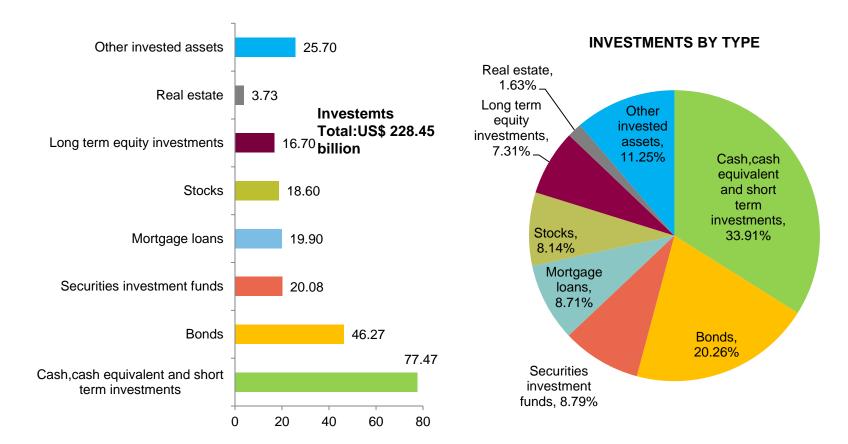


Note: 1. Currency rate 1US\$=6.5RMB Yuan

2. Combined net income =Net underwriting gain/loss + Net investment income



INVESTMENTS, PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURERS, CHINA, 2015 (US\$ billions, end of year)





Introduction of China Insurance Regulatory Commission(CIRC)

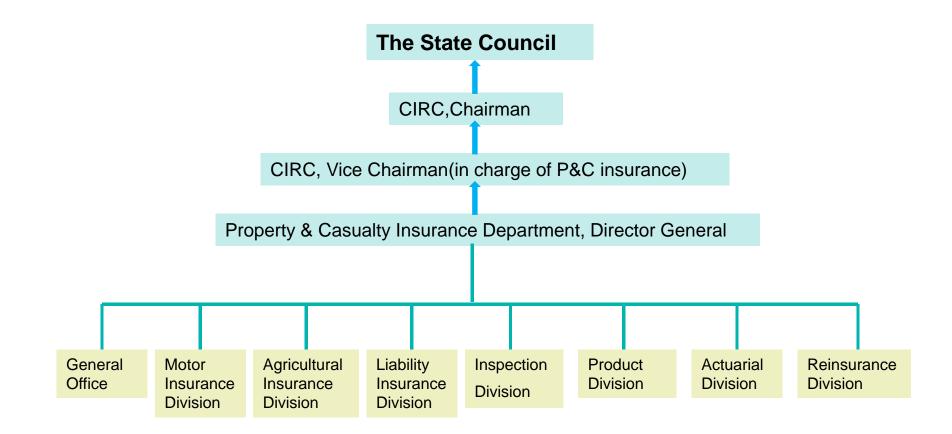
- CIRC established in 1998 (a ministerial institution directly under the State Council)
- Head office in Beijing (with 16 departments)
- 36 branches and 5 sub-branches (directly affiliated to CIRC)
- As of the end of April 2016, CIRC had 2,908 employees (398 at head office and 2510 at local branches)



Regulation Objectives of CIRC

- Protect the rights and interests of policyholders
- Prevent and resolve systemic risks of insurance market
- Promote sustainable and healthy development of insurance market





Organizational Structure of P&C Insurance Department, CIRC



Three-Pillar Regulatory Framework

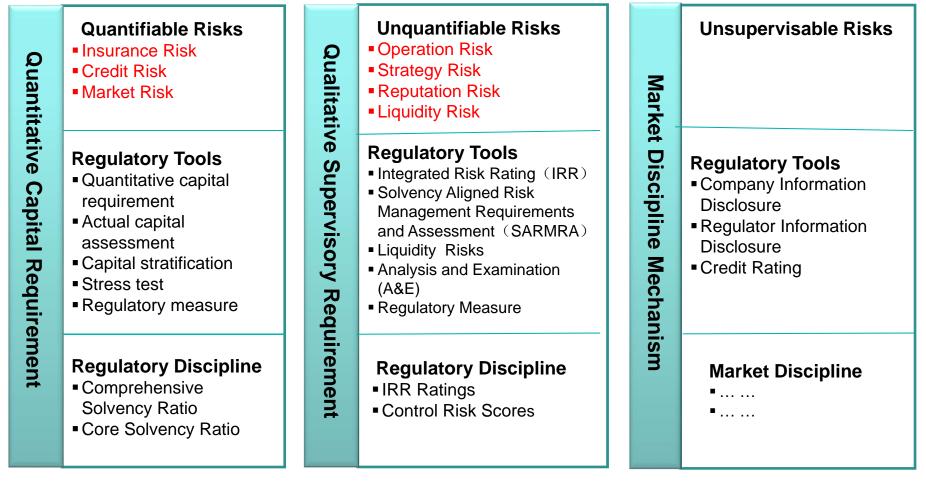
Pillar 1-Solvency Regulation

Pillar 2-Corporate Governance

Pillar 3-Market Conduct Supervision



China Risk Oriented Solvency System (C-ROSS) Framework



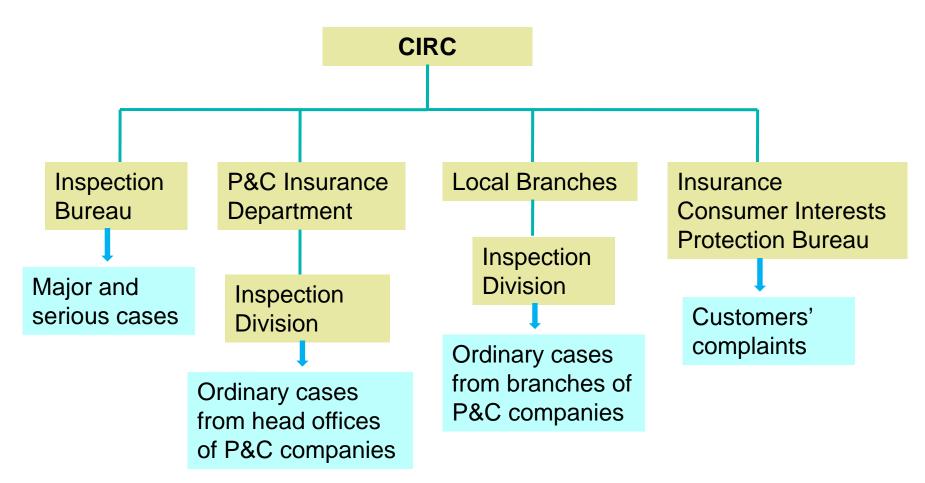


Corporate Governance

- Examining and approving directors and senior executives of insurance companies (blacklist system)
- Connected transaction regulation
- Attend the meeting of the board of directors

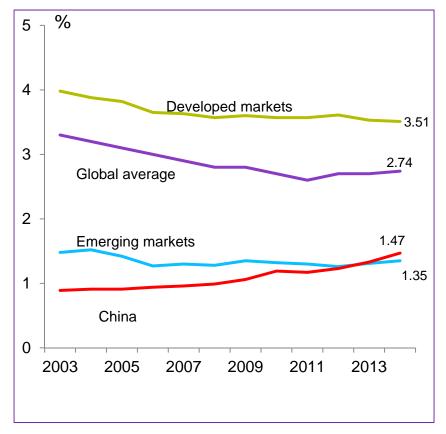


Market Conduct Supervision

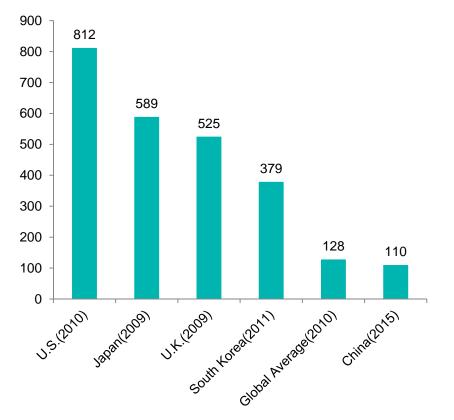




Non-life insurance penetration (non-life insurance premium/GDP), 2003-2014

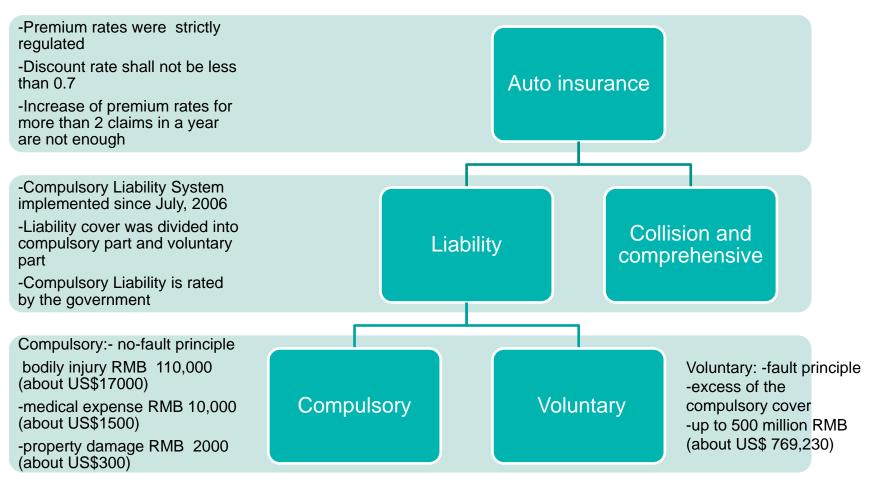


Car Parc (Cars per thousand people)





Introduction of auto insurance in China



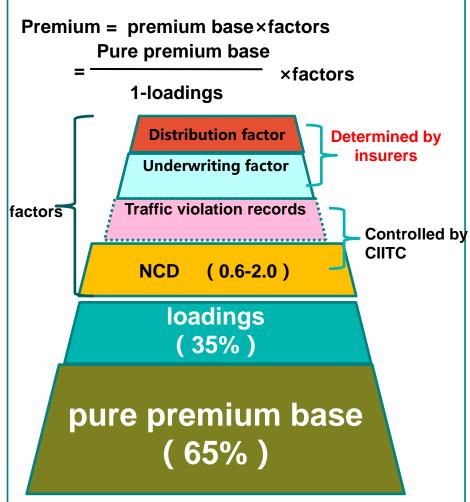


Reform of China Auto Insurance Market (only for voluntary liability, collision and comprehensive)

- The pilots in Beijing, Shenzhen and Xiamen before the reform
- The reform implemented since July 2015
- Deregulation of premium rates
- A gradual and prudent approach
- Long-term and far-reaching impact on the industry



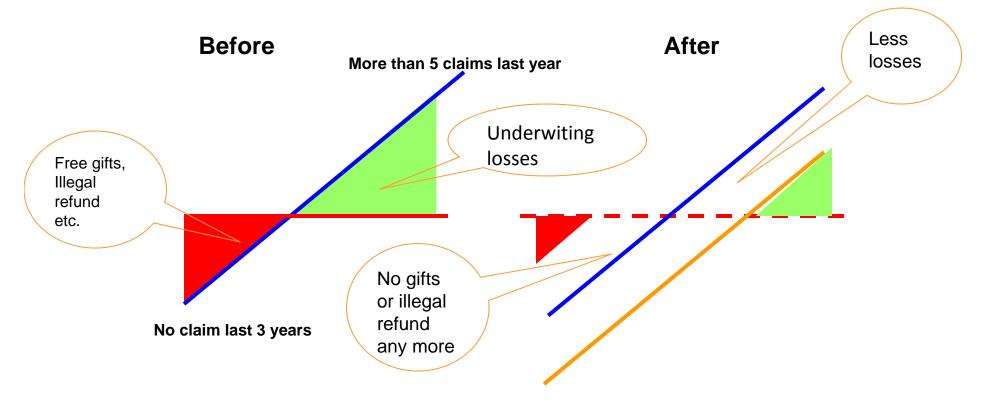
Premium rates framework of China auto insurance reform



- Pure premium base calculated by the Insurance Association of China (IAC) using the industry data
- NCD range changes from (0.8-1.2) to (0.6-2.0)
- Traffic violation records may be used in the future
- CIITC is Chinese Insurance Information Technology Co., Ltd which is the insurance industry's first big data platform
- Underwriting factor and distribution factor are independent pricing for the insurers
- Underwriting factor and distribution factor are limited in the range of 0.85-1.15
- The lowest discount rate may be 0.6 ×0.85 ×0.85 = 0.4335 much less than 0.7



Effects on Insurers from auto insurance reform in China





In the short run: demand has risen sharply for auto insurance pricing actuaries

- In the medium and long run: Mergers and Acquisitions Performed market, management and financial due diligence on target companies
- Consulting firms may be the biggest winner!

