Seasonal Predictions for 2017 Hurricane Season

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Motivation

 Developing a dynamical model that has skill in predicting hurricanes is highly relevant to society.

Damage cost from U.S. Billion-dollar disaster events (1980–2013)

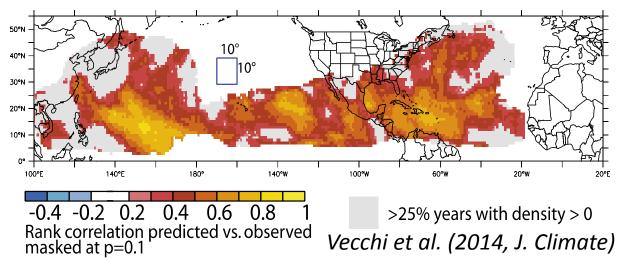
Disaster Type	Number of Events	Percent Frequency	CPI-adjusted Losses	Percent of Total Loss	Average Event Cost
			(\$ billions)		(\$ billions)
Drought	21	12.4	199	19.1	9.5
Flooding	19	11.2	86	8.3	4.5
Freeze	7	4.1	25	2.4	3.6
Severe Storm	65	38.2	143	13.7	2.2
Tropical Cyclone	34	20.0	530	50.9	15.6
Wildfire	12	7.1	26	2.5	2.2
Winter Storm	12	7.1	35	3.4	2.9

Smith and Matthes (2015, Natural Hazards)

GFDL FLOR: Forecast-oriented Low Ocean Resolution version of CM2.5

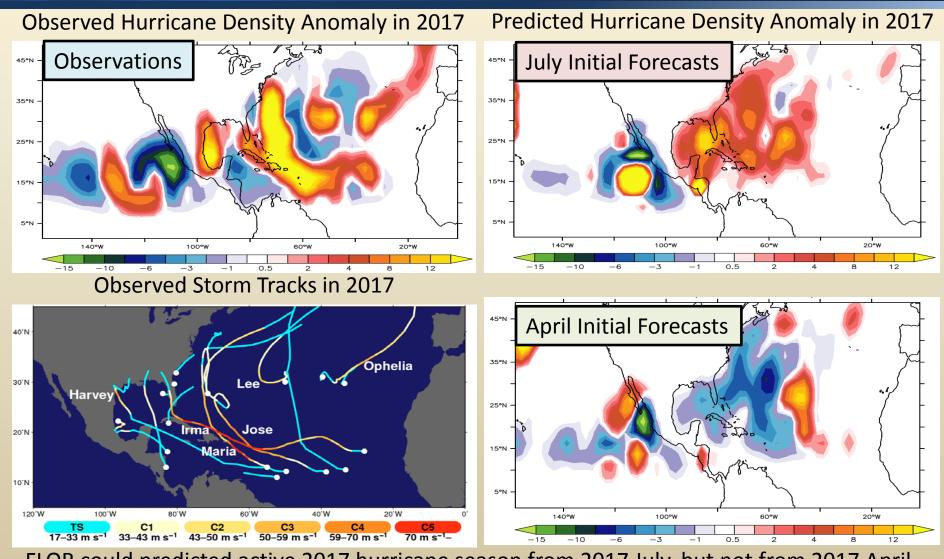
- FLOR: Fully dynamical model with 50km-mesh atmosphere and 1° ocean/sea ice models
- FLOR is a hurricane-permitting model
- We use FLOR for real-time seasonal predictions for experimental purpose.



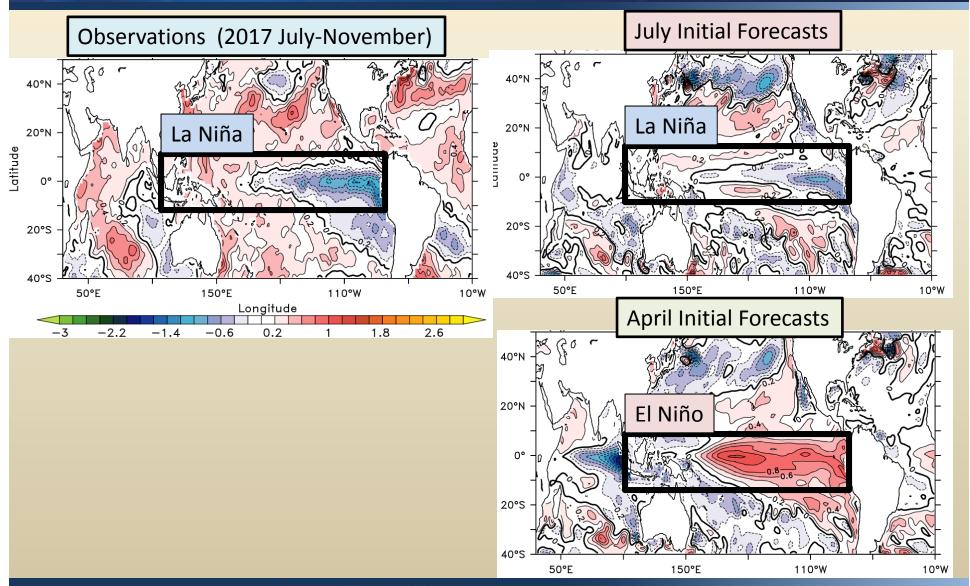




Real-Time Prediction for the 2017 Summer Season

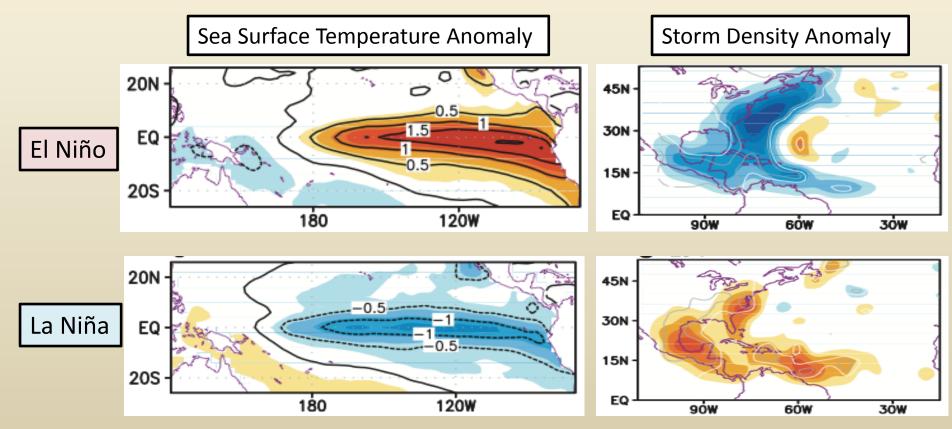


Observed and Predicted Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly



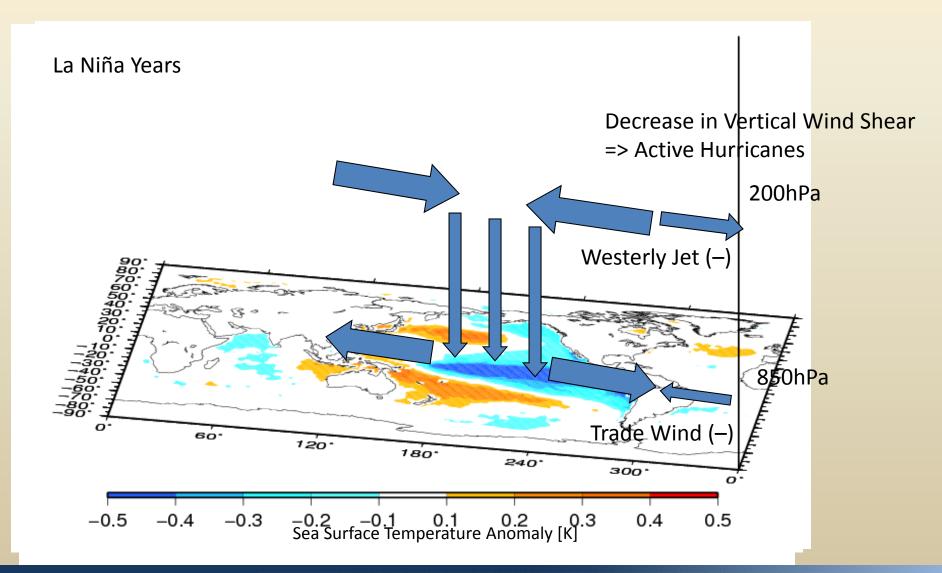
Impact of ENSO on North Atlantic Hurricanes

Based on observations (1956–2006) by Kim et al. (2009, Science)



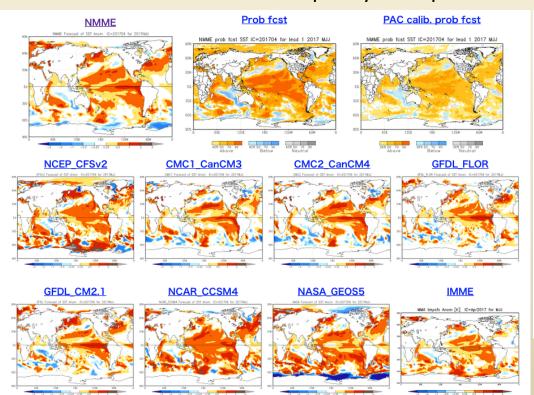
Empirical Relationship: El Niño -> Inactive Hurricane Season
La Niña -> Active Hurricane Season

Impact of ENSO on North Atlantic Hurricanes

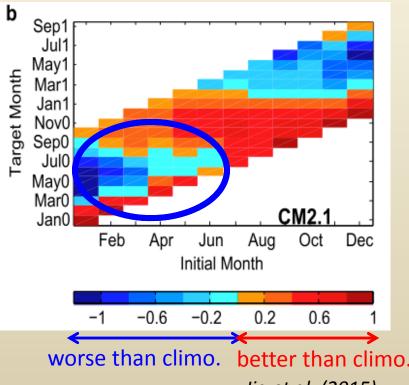


Challenging Predictions of ENSO from Spring Time

2017 Summer Prediction from April by Multiple Models



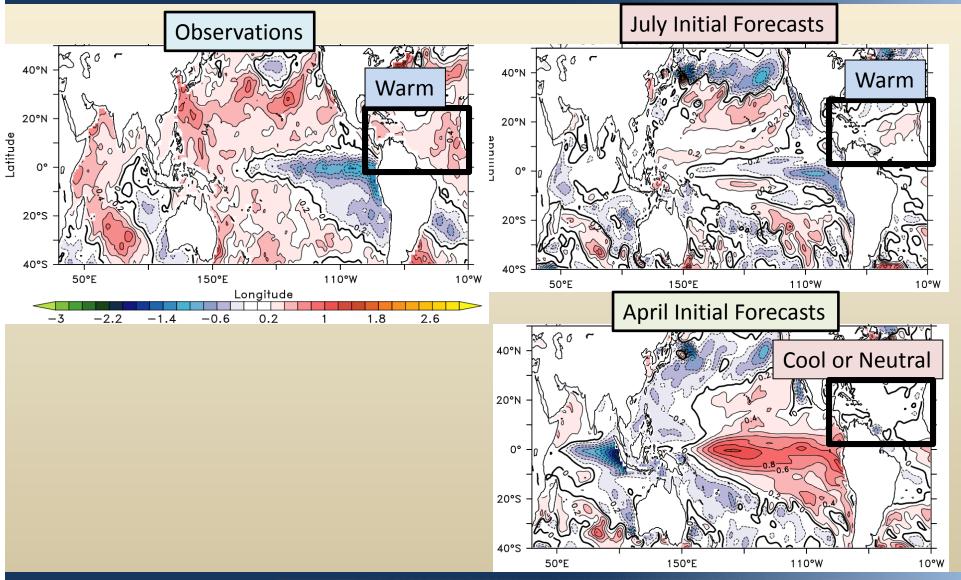
Prediction Skill for Niño-3.4 SST



Jia et al. (2015)

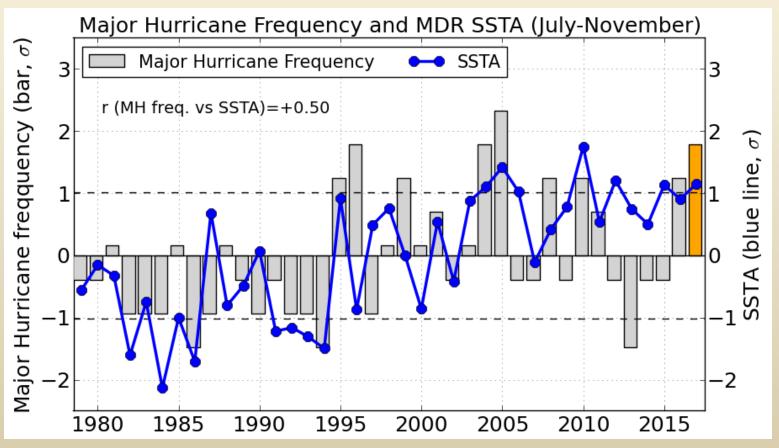
- The models from the prediction centers commonly miss-predicted El Niño conditions for the 2017 summer from the April initial predictions.
- There is a "spring barrier" for prediction of ENSO.

Observed and Predicted Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly



Observed and Predicted Sea Surface Temperature Anomaly

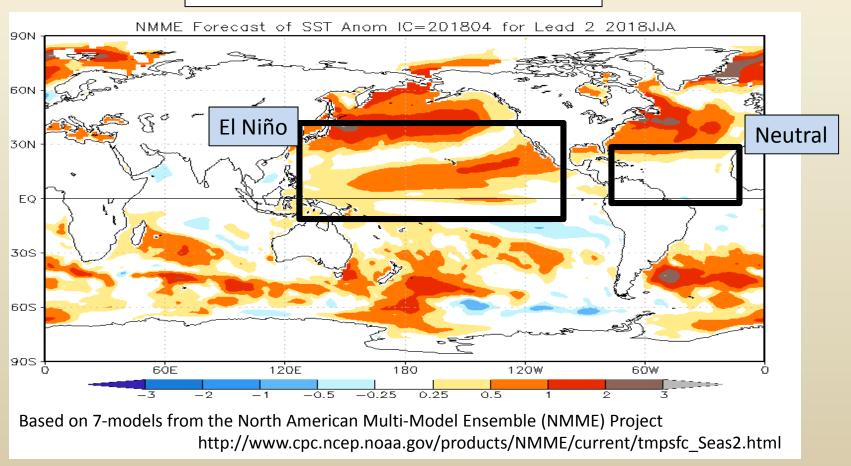
Based on observations (1979–2017)



- Frequency of major hurricanes is highly correlated with SST in the tropical Atlantic
- Monitoring and predicting tropical Atlantic SST is a key for successful prediction of hurricanes

The 2018 Summer Predicted by the 2018 April Initial Forecasts

2018 Summer SST Prediction from April 2018.



 Inactive or neutral hurricane season is expected for the 2018 summer over the North Atlantic.

Summary

- Dynamical seasonal prediction model succeeded in predicting active 2017 hurricane season from July initial predictions, but not from April initial predictions.
- April predictions falsely predicted El Niño and cooler tropical
 Atlantic, resulting in failure of seasonal hurricane predictions.
- Predictions of ENSO and tropical Atlantic SST are key factors for hurricane activity in the North Atlantic.
- Dynamical models are suffering from "spring barrier" for ENSO predictions from spring time.
- Inactive or neutral 2018 summer season is predicted by the stateof-the-art models from the April initial predictions associated with predicted El Niño development. However, we should keep in mind the low skill in predicting ENSO by the dynamical models.