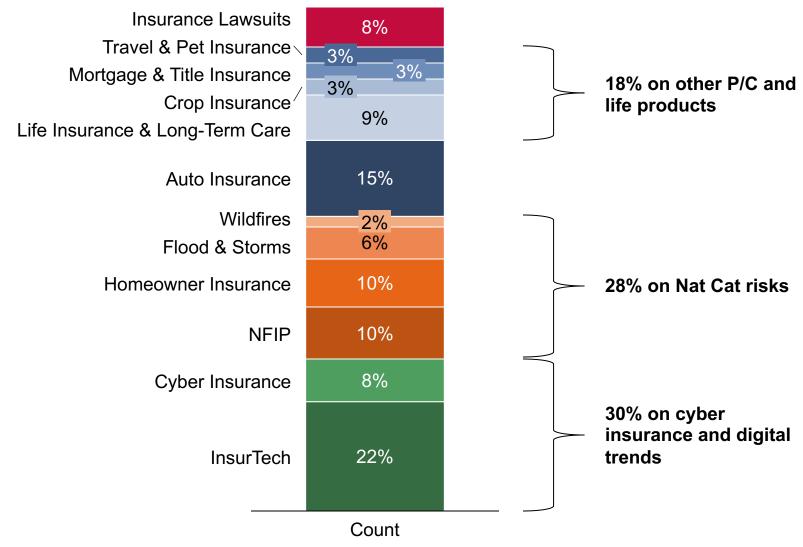


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I.I.I. Mission Statement

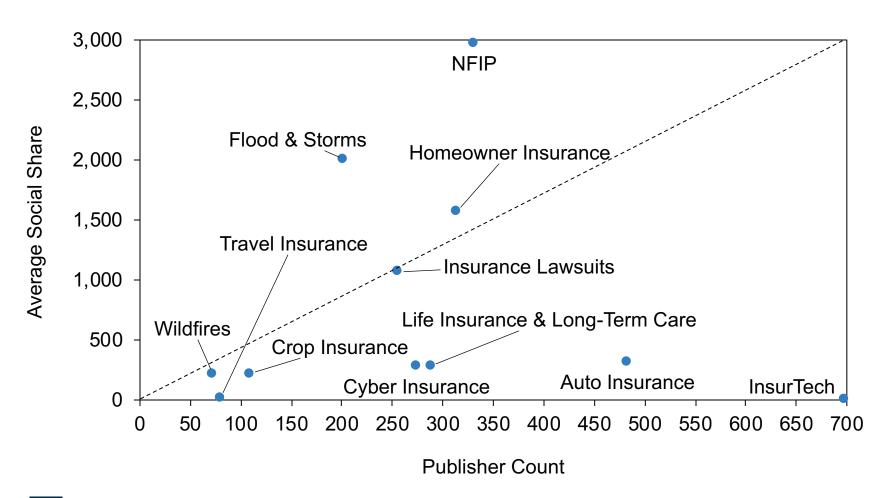


Over The Past 18 Months, However, Insurance Coverage Has Focused On...



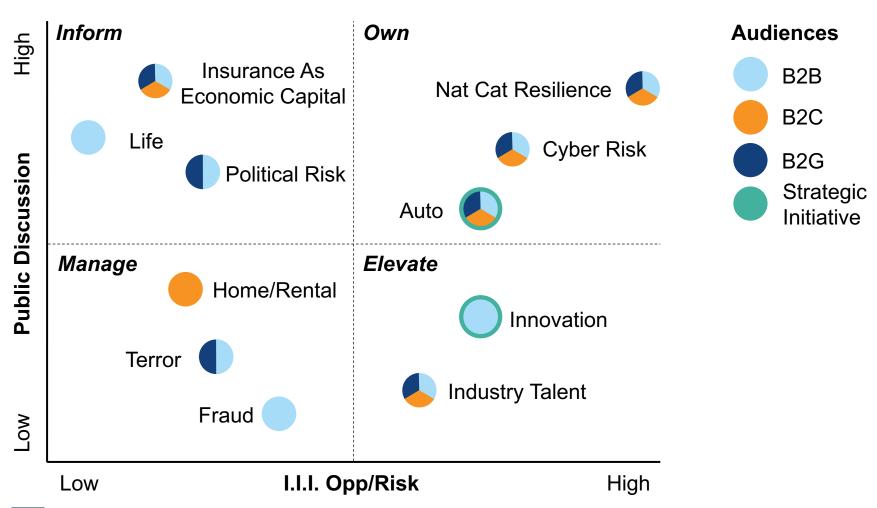
Social Media Focuses More On NatCat Than Cyber, Auto and InsurTech

Traditional Media Coverage vs Social Shares





2019 I.I.I. Issue Focus Areas





Disruptive Forces in the World – The New Nor

Catastrophes



Economics

Geopolitical

Technology



Catastrophes



Flooding events spurred 73% of federal disaster declarations



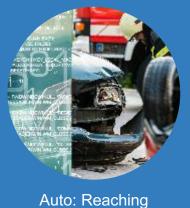
Thunderstorm related losses 2nd highest ever in U.S.



\$14B insured wildfire losses; California estimated ~\$11B



N.A. hurricane season record-breaking insured & economic losses; disasters affected >25 million Americans



Cyber: Risk continuing to increase

epidemic proportions



Economics



Strengthening Fundamentals:

All OECD economies growing – 1st in 10 yrs.



Tepid monetary policies; keeping interest rates at historical lows — moving slow...



Fiscal policies, i.e. tax reform and deregulation surfacing.



Geopolitical



Rise in Nationalism: Brexit, U.S. – Populist vote in Europe tripled since 2000*.



Political gridlock in Congress, with 2018 election lurking.



"Major conflict threat greatest since WWII" – US Intelligence Report to Congress



^{*} Source: Harvard University, Tony Blair Institute

Technology



Robotics
Artificial Intelligence



"The Fourth Industrial Revolution" Cyber meets Physical



Big Data
Internet of Things
Social Economy

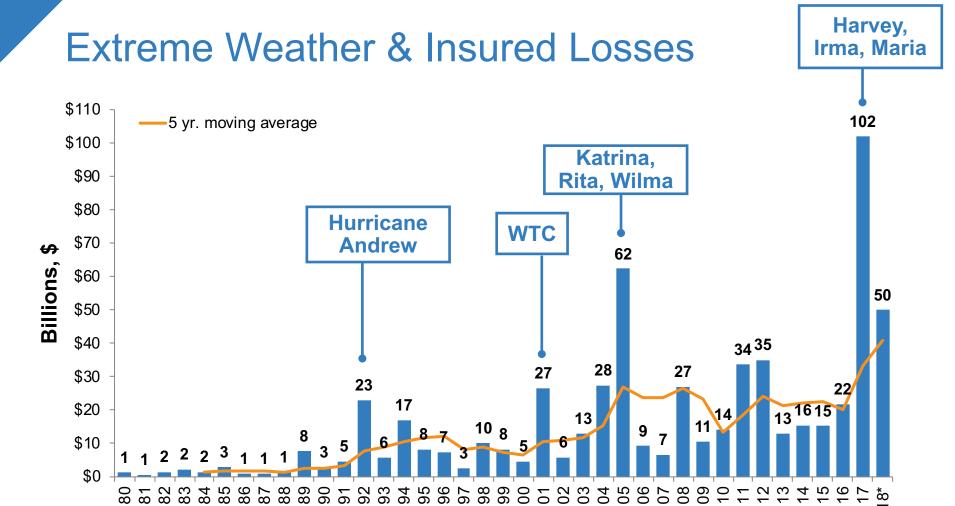


Insurance Leading Throughout History





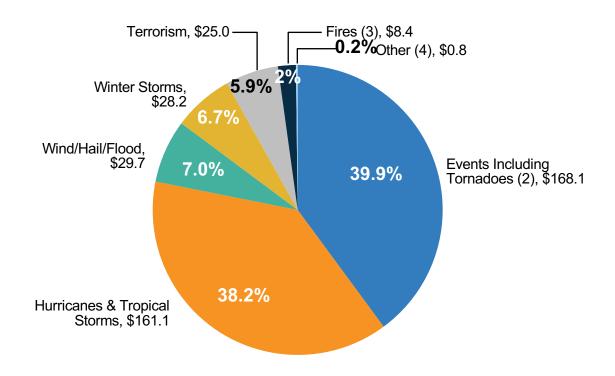
Insurance Industry Economic Trends



2018 – Third worst year for U.S. Insured Catastrophe Losses. Average Insured Loss per Year for 1980-2018 is \$15.5 B.



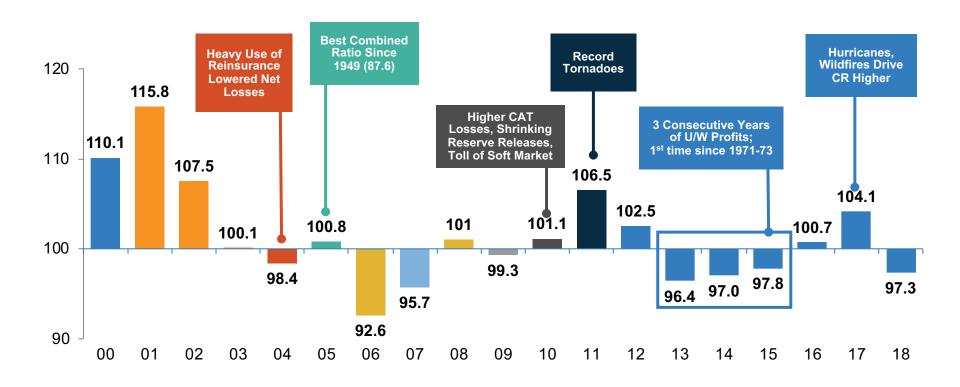
Inflation Adjusted U.S. Catastrophe Losses by Cause of Loss, 1997–2016¹





^{1.} Adjusted for inflation through 2016 by ISO using the GDP implicit price deflator. Excludes catastrophes causing direct losses less than \$25 million in 1997 dollars. Does not include flood damage covered by the federally administered National Flood Insurance Program; 2. Includes other wind, hail, and/or flood losses associated with catastrophes involving tornadoes; 3. Includes wildland fires; 4. Includes losses from civil disorders, water damage, utility service disruptions, and any workers compensation catastrophes generating losses in excess of PCS's threshold after adjusting for inflation.

P/C Insurance Industry Combined Ratio, 2000-2018*





^{*} Excludes Mortgage & Financial Guaranty insurers 2008-2014. Including M&FG, 2008=105.1, 2009=100.7, 2010=102.4, 2011=108.1; 2012=103.2; 2013=96.1; 2014= 97.0.

P/C industry Net Income After Taxes



Catastrophes Drove Earnings Down in 2017, Continuing a Four-Year Slide in Inflation-Adjusted Profits



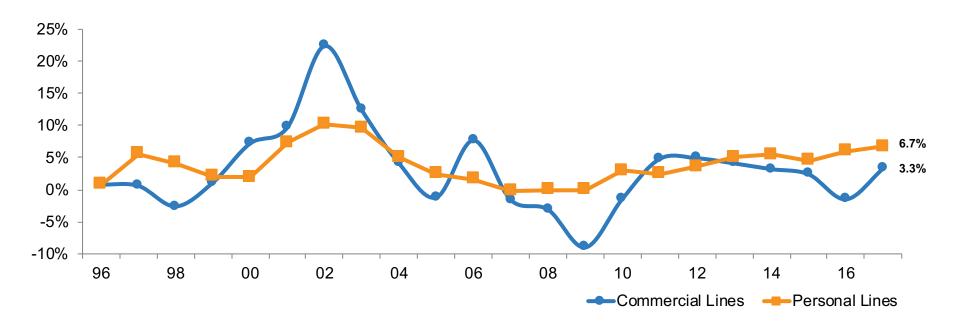
Direct Premium Growth, Annual Change



Direct Premiums Continue to Track Economic Growth



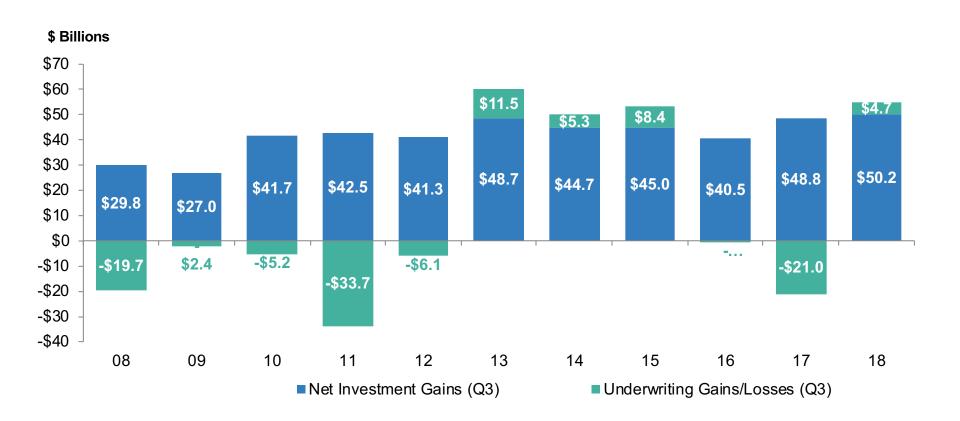
Commercial & Personal Lines NPW Growth: 1996-2017



Commercial Lines is Prone to Much More Cyclical Volatility Than Personal Lines

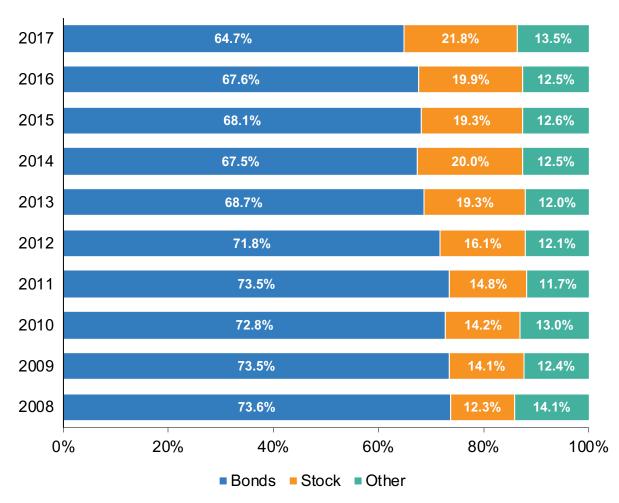


Key Sources of P/C Insurer Profits





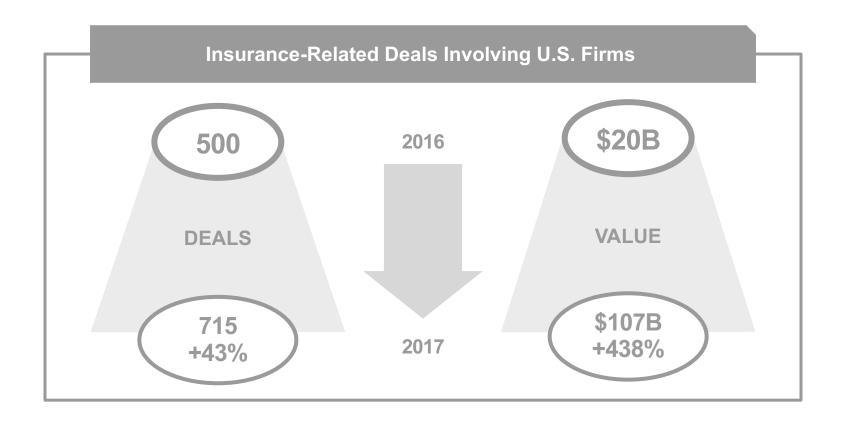
The Changing Mix of Invested Assets, P/C Industry, 2008-2017



- ▼ From 2008 to 2017, P/C portfolios shifted out of bonds (74% of invested assets in 2008 to 65% in 2017) into common stock (up from 12% to 22%).
- The U.S. economy now hovers near full employment, and inflation and interest rates are rising slowly. It would not be surprising to see the decade-long shift out of bonds begin to reverse.



Consolidation / M&A





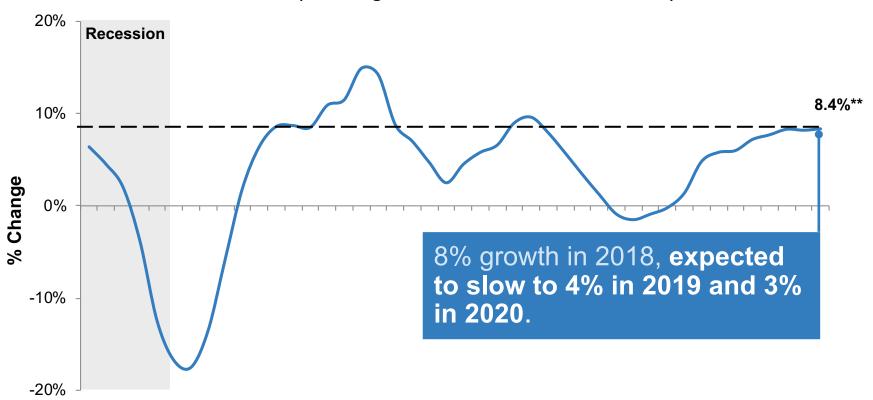
Source: Conning Data

21



Commercial property premiums* grow as private non-residential fixed investment does

Business Investment Growth (% Change From Same Quarter, Prior Year)



08:Q1 08:Q4 09:Q3 10:Q2 11:Q1 11:Q4 12:Q3 13:Q2 14:Q1 14:Q4 15:Q3 16:Q2 17:Q1 17:Q4 18:Q3

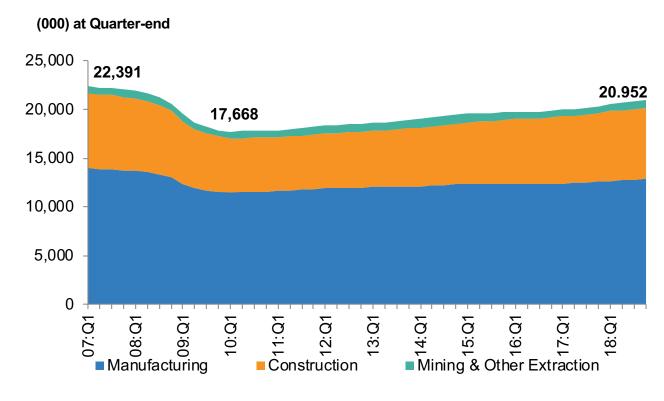


^{*}Commercial property direct premiums written (fire, allied lines, CMP, inland marine, burglary and theft); business fixed investment (structures, equipment, and software). **Preliminary.

Data are seasonally adjusted annual rates.

Sources: https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/PNFI#0; National Bureau of Economic Research (recession dates); Insurance Information Institute.

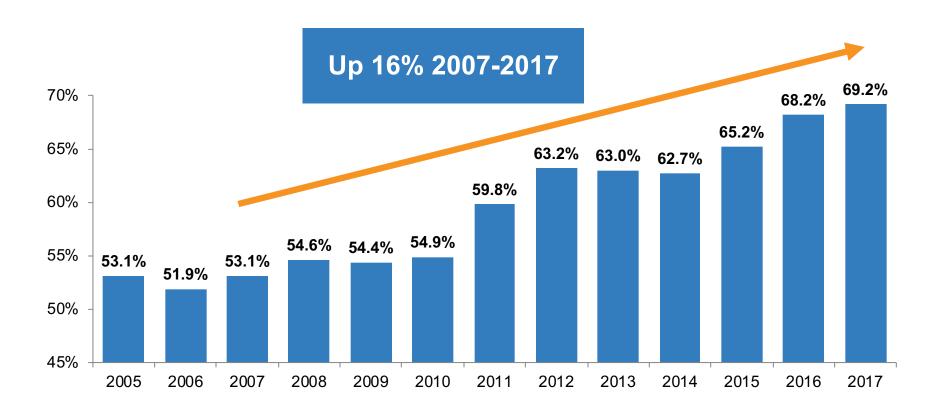
As Hiring Goes, Exposures Follow



- Of these industries, construction is enjoying the fastest growth. This is expected to continue for at least the short-term
- At the end of 2018:Q4, employment in these three industries that are the heart of workers composition exposure, at 21.0 million, was not quite back to the level reached before the Great Recession



Commercial Auto Losses On The Rise







Rising Accident Costs

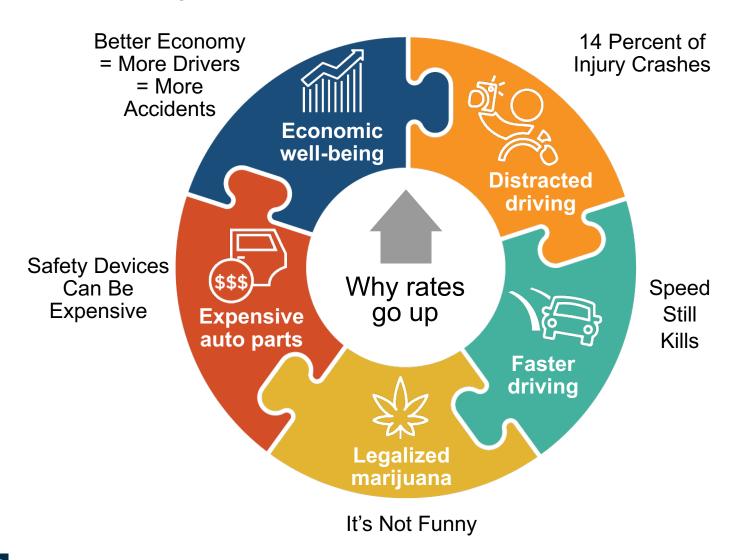
All Coverages Affected

Increase in Loss Costs, 2016:Q3–2018:Q3



From 2016 to 2018, the cost of accidents has risen dramatically. By contrast, consumer prices overall rose 6.6 percent from 2016 to 2018.

Road Safety





Insurance Industry and Innovation

Insurance Disruption: Technology / Digitalization

Fundamental Changes

- Future of Auto
- Future of Reduced Risk Pools

Opportunities

- Automation / Efficiencies
- New Product Lines (Cyber)
- Emerging Technologies

Challenges

- Consumer Trust Demonstrate the Societal Value
- ▲ Big Data vs. Individual Privacy

New Market Entrants "Uber of Insurance"?

- Lemonade
 - Offered in CA, GA, IL, NJ, NV, NY, OH, PA, TX

Regulatory Opportunities/Threats

- ▲ Barrier to Entry
- US vs. Other Less Regulated Regions
- ▲ Trust Pull-back the Sandbox Approach

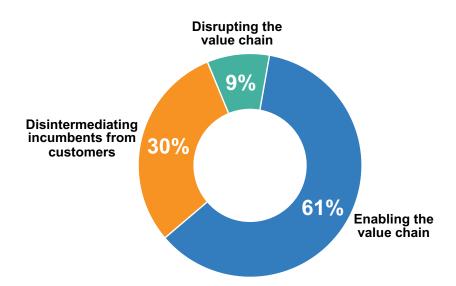


InsurTech Disruption: Threat or Opportunity?

Automation efficiencies can have powerful impact on industry

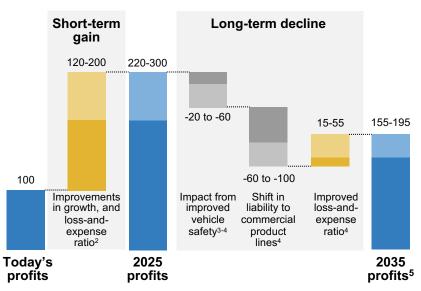
Focus of InsurTech in the insurance value chain¹, %

Only nine percent of InsurTechs aim to oust incumbents



Future profits as a % of today's profits

Digitizing the business, auto insurance example



¹Insurtechs are insurance businesses, usually startups, that use technologically innovative apps, processes, or business models; 2016 data based on some 500 commercially well-known cases. ²Assumes a 3 to 5 percentage point improvement in loss ratio, a 2 to 4 percentage point improvement in operating expenses, and a 6 to 8 percentage point improvement in direct sales conversions. ³Includes growth in investment income as well premiums. Investment income modeled as a flat percentage of premium in each year. ⁴Includes impact of semi- and fully autonomous vehicles. ⁵Assumes a 25 percent reduction in premiums as a result of telematics and sensors and a 50 percent risk transfer to commercial product liability. Source: Panorama by McKinsey; Digital and Auto Insurers Value at Stake Analysis, McKinsey, 2016.



Four Main Effects on Insurance in the Fourth Industrial Revolution



1. Customer Expectations

- ▲ Amazon raises the bar
- Al and robotics



2. Product Enhancement

- More personalized and/or digitallyenhanced
- Value focus on risk mitigation and resilience



3. Collaborative innovation

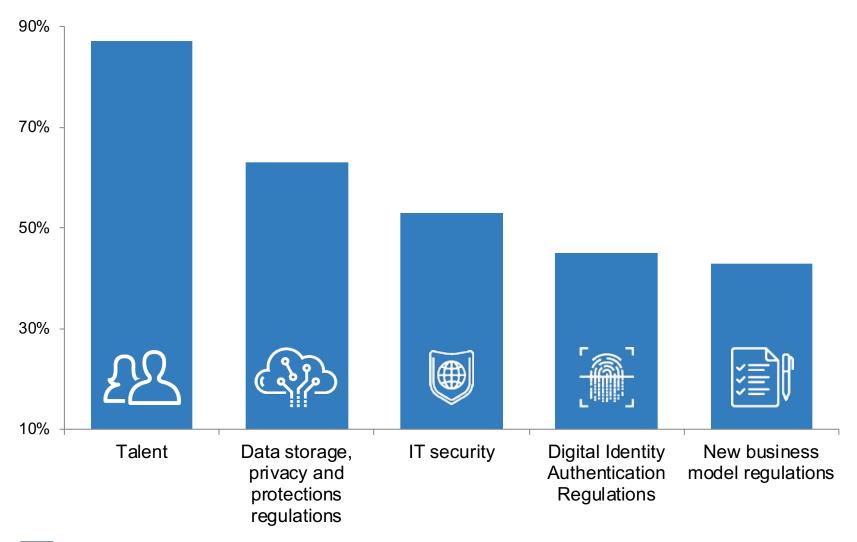
■ Speed of innovation requires new forms of collaboration to keep up



4. Organizational forms

 ■ Talent, culture, and organizational forms will have to be rethought

Challenges the Insurance Industry Faces in Innovation





Transparent Communications Will Be Critical...

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

Drones Are Watching: Railroad Irks Workers With Unmanned Aircraft

Workers say drones are a distraction; the railroad says the program will coach employees in correcting behaviors that could cause serious injury

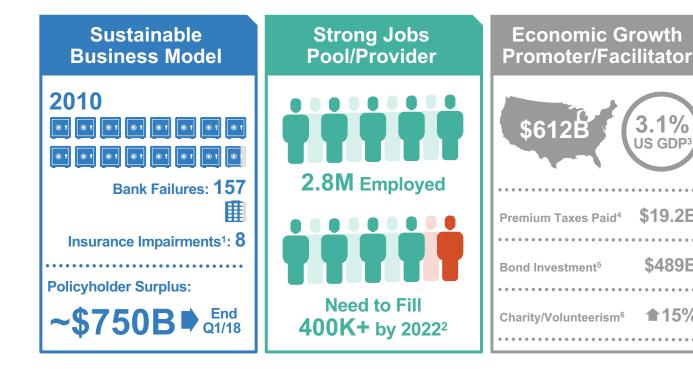


Union Pacific Corp. has been flying drones to look for safety-rule violations in rail



Insurance Leadership in Economics

Insurance & Economic Leadership





\$489B

How Insurance Drives Economic Growth

Safety/ Security



1. Insurers are financial first responders



2. Insurers are risk mitigators

Economic/ Financial Stability



3. Insurers are capital protectors



5. Insurance sustains the supply chain



4. Insurance is a partner in social policy



6. Insurers are capital infusers

Development



7. Insurers are community builders



8. Insurance enables infrastructure improvements



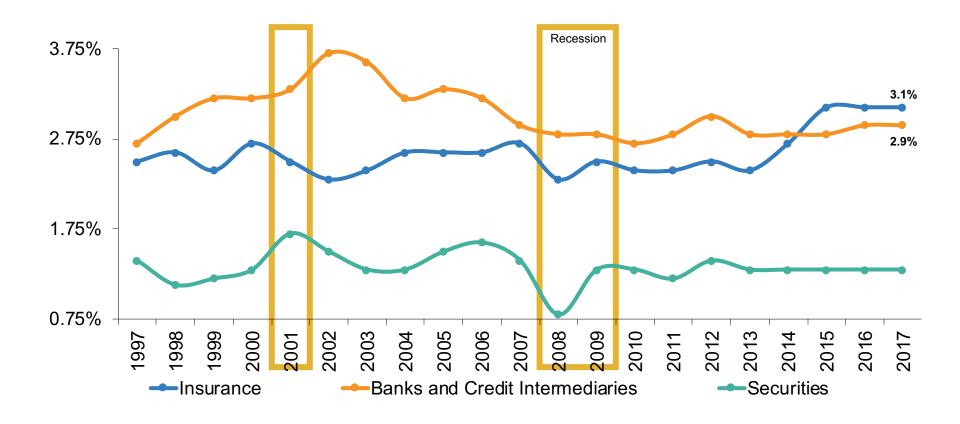
9. Insurers are innovation catalysts



10.Insurers are credit facilitators



Since 2015, the Insurance Industry's Contribution to GDP Exceeds That of Banks





Insurers: Vanguards of Resilience

What do these images have in common?





It wasn't the first time...







"Those who cannot remember the past are condemned to repeat it."

George Santayana, The Life of Reason, 1905



Extreme Events: A Troubling Trend

Rank	Date	Event	Cause	Insured Loss (1) (\$ millions)
1	Aug. 2005	Hurricane Katrina	Hurricane	\$41,100
<u>2</u>	<u>Sep. 2017</u>	Hurricane Maria (2)	<u>Hurricane</u>	<u>25,000-30,000</u>
<u>3</u>	Sep. 2017	Hurricane Irma (2)	<u>Hurricane</u>	20,000-25,000
4	Sep. 2001	September 11 Events	Terrorism	18,779
5	Oct. 2011	Hurricane Sandy	Hurricane	18,750
<u>6</u>	Aug. 2017	Hurricane Harvey (2)	<u>Hurricane</u>	<u> 16,000-19,000</u>
7	Aug. 1992	Hurricane Andrew	Hurricane	15,500
8	Jan. 1994	Northridge, CA earthquake	Earthquake	12,500
9	Sep. 2008	Hurricane Ike	Hurricane	12,500
10	Oct. 2005	Hurricane Wilma	Hurricane	10,300

Three of 10 Worst US Catastrophes Occurred in 2017.

⁽²⁾ Insurance Information Institute estimate based on data from catastrophe risk modelers, the Property Claims Services unit of Verisk Analytics, et al.



Source: Insurance Information Institute, catastrophe risk modelers, The Property Claim Services® (PCS®) unit of ISO®, a Verisk Analytics® company, et al.

⁽¹⁾ Dollars when occurred.

Uninformed Consumers → Uninsured

Closing the Coverage Gap is Key Step to Resilient Society

- 2005-2015: \$1.3 Trillion in Uninsured Losses
- 70 Percent of Catastrophe Losses Are Uninsured





Insurers Studying Solutions to Extreme Weather

I.I.I., Actuaries, and IBHS offering resilience know-how to consumers on how to insure and protect themselves



Proposed I.I.I. white paper



▼ The American
 Academy of
 Actuaries Climate
 Index

STORM SURGE KILLS; CAN'T BE OUTRUN



Storm surge is serious threat during coastal storms and is often the source of significant damage and loss of life. With the right preparation and quick action, you can keep your family safe and reduce costly water damage.

CONTINUE READING →

5 WAYS TO KEEP FLOOD WATERS OUT OF YOUR BUSINESS



Avoid costly interruptions by preparing your business for possible flooding.

CONTINUE DEADING

REDUCE FLOOD DAMAGE TO HOMES



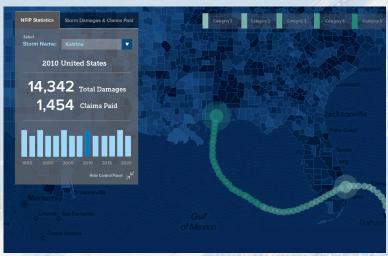
Flooding and flash flooding are a leading cause of weather-related fatalities. Many property owners are caught off guard by the risk that flooding posed as storms come ashore. This misunderstanding of flood risk leads to deaths and injuries. Homes are washed away, and businesses are heavily damaged by flood

✓ Insurance Institute for Business & Home Safety (IBHS) resources



I.I.I. Resilience Project





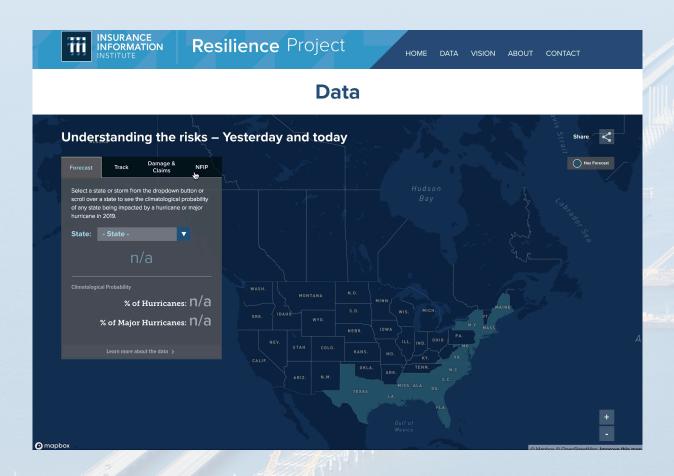
- How prepared is each state for the natural and man-made disasters they are likely to see?
- I.I.I. and Aon to share their findings with the industry policy-makers and the general public

Forecasting Powered By:





Phase 1: Data Visualization Tool



Data transformed to show the power of resilience.











Thank you!

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